S.CP.A.1: Set Theory 3

- 1 Which interval notation represents the set of all numbers from 2 through 7, inclusive?
 - 1) (2,7]
 - 2) (2,7)
 - 3) [2,7)
 - 4) [2,7]
- Which interval notation represents the set of all numbers greater than or equal to 5 and less than 12?
 - 1) [5, 12)
 - 2) (5,12]
 - 3) (5,12)
 - 4) [5,12]
- 3 Which interval notation represents the set of all real numbers greater than 2 and less than or equal to 20?
 - 1) (2,20)
 - 2) (2,20]
 - 3) [2,20)
 - 4) [2,20]
- 4 In interval notation, the set of all real numbers greater than -6 and less than or equal to 14 is represented by
 - 1) (-6,14)
 - 2) [-6,14)
 - 3) (-6,14]
 - 4) [-6,14]

- 5 Which interval notation describes the set $S = \{x \mid 1 \le x < 10\}$?
 - 1) [1,10]
 - 2) (1,10]
 - 3) [1,10)
 - 4) (1,10)
- 6 Which interval notation describes the set $S = \{x \mid -5 < x \le 6\}$?
 - 1) [-5,6]
 - 2) (-5,6]
 - 3) [-5,6)
 - 4) (-5,6)
- 7 Which interval notation represents $-3 \le x \le 3$?
 - 1) [-3,3]
 - 2) (-3,3]
 - 3) [-3,3)
 - 4) (-3,3)
- 8 The inequality $-2 \le x \le 3$ can be written as
 - 1) (-2,3)
 - 2) [-2,3)
 - 3) (-2,3]
 - 4) [-2,3]
- 9 Which notation is equivalent to the inequality

$$-3 < x \le 7$$
?

- 1) [-3,7]
- 2) (-3,7]
- 3) [-3,7)
- 4) (-3,7)

Regents Exam Questions S.CP.A.1: Set Theory 3 www.jmap.org

- 10 Which set of integers is included in (-1,3]?
 - 1) {0,1,2,3}
 - 2) {-1,0,1,2}
 - 3) {-1,0,1,2,3,4}
 - 4) $\{-2,-1,0,1,2,3\}$
- 11 The set of integers in [6, 10) can be written as
 - 1) {6,7,8,9,10}
 - 2) {7,8,9,10}
 - 3) {6,7,8,9}
 - 4) {7,8,9}
- 12 Which set-builder notation describes

$$\{-3,-2,-1,0,1,2\}$$
?

- 1) $\{x \mid -3 \le x < 2, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 2) $\{x \mid -3 < x \le 2, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 3) $\{x \mid -3 < x < 2, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 4) $\{x \mid -3 \le x \le 2, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 13 Which set builder notation describes

$$\{-2,-1,0,1,2,3\}$$
?

- 1) $\{x \mid -3 \le x \le 3, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 2) $\{x \mid -3 < x \le 4, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 3) $\{x \mid -2 < x < 3, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 4) $\{x \mid -2 \le x < 4, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 14 Written in set-builder notation, $S = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ is
 - 1) $\{x \mid 1 < x < 9, \text{ where } x \text{ is a prime number}\}$
 - 2) $\{x \mid 1 \le x \le 9, \text{ where } x \text{ is a prime number}\}$
 - 3) $\{x \mid 1 < x < 9, \text{ where } x \text{ is an odd integer}\}$
 - 4) $\{x \mid 1 \le x \le 9, \text{ where } x \text{ is an odd integer}\}$

- 15 The set $\{1,2,3,4\}$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $\{x \mid 1 < x < 4, \text{ where } x \text{ is a whole number}\}$
 - 2) $\{x \mid 0 < x < 4, \text{ where } x \text{ is a whole number}\}$
 - 3) $\{x \mid 0 < x \le 4, \text{ where } x \text{ is a whole number}\}$
 - 4) $\{x \mid 1 < x \le 4, \text{ where } x \text{ is a whole number}\}$
- 16 The set $\{11, 12\}$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $\{x \mid 11 < x < 12, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
 - 2) $\{x \mid 11 < x \le 12, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
 - 3) $\{x \mid 10 \le x < 12, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
 - 4) $\{x \mid 10 < x \le 12, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
- 17 Which notation describes $\{1,2,3\}$?
 - 1) $\{x \mid 1 \le x < 3, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
 - 2) $\{x \mid 0 < x \le 3, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
 - 3) $\{x \mid 1 < x < 3, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$
 - 4) $\{x \mid 0 \le x \le 3, \text{ where } x \text{ is an integer}\}$

S.CP.A.1: Set Theory 3

Answer Section

1	ANS:	4	REF:	fall0704ia
2	ANS:	1	REF:	061021ia
3	ANS:	2	REF:	011119ia
4	ANS:	3	REF:	081117ia
5	ANS:	3	REF:	061217ia
6	ANS:	2	REF:	061620ia
7	ANS:	1	REF:	061310ia
8	ANS:	4	REF:	011318ia
9	ANS:	2	REF:	061411ia
10	ANS:	1	REF:	081430ia
11	ANS:	3	REF:	061529ia
12	ANS:	4	REF:	081022ia
13	ANS:	4	REF:	011222ia
14	ANS:	4	REF:	081321ia
15	ANS:	3	REF:	010917ia
16	ANS:	4	REF:	060930ia
17	ANS:	2	REF:	061128ia