Regents Exam Questions G.SRT.D.10: Law of Sines - The Ambiguous Case 1 www.jmap.org

G.SRT.D.10: Law of Sines - The Ambiguous Case 1

- 1 How many distinct triangles can be formed if $m \angle A = 30$, side b = 12, and side a = 8? 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 2 How many distinct triangles can be formed if m∠A = 35, a = 10, and b = 13?
 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 3 What is the total number of distinct triangles that can be constructed if AC = 13, BC = 8, and $m \angle A = 36$? 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 4 If the measure of $\angle A = 40^{\circ}$, a = 5, and b = 6, how many different triangles can be constructed? 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 5 In $\triangle DEF$, d = 5, e = 8, and m $\angle D = 32$. How many distinct triangles can be drawn given these measurements? 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 6 In △XYZ, m∠X = 71, x = 6, and z = 2. How many distinct triangles can be created with these parameters?
 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0

- 7 Sam is designing a triangular piece for a metal sculpture. He tells Martha that two of the sides of the piece are 40 inches and 15 inches, and the angle opposite the 40-inch side measures 120°. Martha decides to sketch the piece that Sam described. How many different triangles can she sketch that match Sam's description?
 - 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 8 Sam needs to cut a triangle out of a sheet of paper. The only requirements that Sam must follow are that one of the angles must be 60°, the side opposite the 60° angle must be 40 centimeters, and one of the other sides must be 15 centimeters. How many different triangles can Sam make?
 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 0
- 9 An architect commissions a contractor to produce a triangular window. The architect describes the window as $\triangle ABC$, where m $\angle A = 50$, BC = 10 inches, and AB = 12 inches. How many distinct triangles can the contractor construct using these dimensions?
 - 1) 1 2) 2 3) more than 2 4) 0
- 10 A landscape designer is designing a triangular garden with two sides that are 4 feet and 6 feet, respectively. The angle opposite the 4-foot side is 30°. How many distinct triangular gardens can the designer make using these measurements?
- 11 In triangle *ABC*, determine the number of distinct triangles that can be formed if $m \angle A = 85$, side a = 8, and side c = 2. Justify your answer.

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12 In $\triangle ABC$, if AC = 12, BC = 11, and m $\angle A = 30$, angle *C* could be

an obtuse angle, only 2) an acute angle, only
 a right angle, only 4) either an obtuse angle or an acute angle

13 In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle A = 30$, a = 14, and b = 20. Which type of angle is $\angle B$?

It must be an acute angle.
 It must be a right angle.
 It must be an obtuse angle.
 It may be either an acute angle or an obtuse angle.

- 14 How many distinct triangles can be constructed if $m \angle A = 30$, side $a = \sqrt{34}$, and side b = 12?
 - 1) one acute triangle 2) one obtuse triangle
 - 3) two triangles 4) none
- 15 In $\triangle KLM$, KL = 20, LM = 13, and $m \angle K = 40$. The measure of $\angle M$?

1) must be between 0° and 90° 2) must equal 90° 3) must be between 90° and 180° 4) is ambiguous

- 16 In triangle *ABC*, if $m \angle A = 40$, BC = 10, and AB = 12, then $m \angle C$ can be
 - 1) an acute angle, only 2) a right angle, only

3) an obtuse angle, only 4) either an acute or an obtuse angle

Name:

- 17 If m∠A = 35, b = 3, and a = 4, how many different triangles can be constructed?
 1) No triangles can be constructed. 2) two triangles 3) one right triangle, only 4) one obtuse triangle, only
- 18 Given △ABC with a = 9, b = 10, and m∠B = 70, what type of triangle can be drawn?
 1) an acute triangle, only 2) an obtuse triangle, only 3) both an acute triangle and an obtuse triangle 4) neither an acute triangle nor an obtuse triangle
- 19 Main Street and Central Avenue intersect, making an angle measuring 34°. Angela lives at the intersection of the two roads, and Caitlin lives on Central Avenue 10 miles from the intersection. If Leticia lives 7 miles from Caitlin, which conclusion is valid?
 1) Leticia cannot live on Main Street. 2) Leticia can live at only one location on Main Street.
 3) Leticia can live at one of two locations on Main Street. 4) Leticia can live at one of three locations on Main Street.
- 20 In △*ABC*, m∠*A* = 74, *a* = 59.2, and *c* = 60.3. What are the two possible values for m∠*C*, to the *nearest tenth*?
 1) 73.7 and 106.3 2) 73.7 and 163.7 3) 78.3 and 101.7 4) 78.3 and 168.3
- 21 In $\triangle MNP$, m = 6 and n = 10. Two distinct triangles can be constructed if the measure of angle *M* is 1) 25 2) 40 2) 45 4) 50

1) 35 2) 40 3) 45 4) 50

G.SRT.D.10: Law of Sines - The Ambiguous Case 1 Answer Section

1 ANS: 2 в 101 12 8 $\frac{8}{\sin 30^\circ} = \frac{12}{\sin C}$ 30° 49° $C \approx 49^{\circ}$ 5.2 15.6 or C ≈ 131° (180° - 49°) 49°+30°<180° △ 131°+30°<180° △ REF: 080414b 2 ANS: 2 $\frac{10}{\sin 35} = \frac{13}{\sin B} \quad . \quad 35 + 48 < 180$ $B \approx 48,132$ 35 + 132 < 180 REF: 011113a2 3 ANS: 2 13 13 8 13 8 $rac{10}{\sin 36^\circ} = rac{15}{\sin B}$ 36° 730 36° 107 ° $B \approx 73^{\circ}$ 12.9 A 8.1 Е A B or $B \approx 107^{\circ} (180^{\circ} - 73^{\circ})$ 73°+36°<180° ∆ 107°+36°<180° ∆ REF: 080519b 4 ANS: 2 $\frac{5}{\sin 40} = \frac{6}{\sin B}$ 50.5 + 40 < 180129.5 + 40 < 180 B = 50.5 or 129.5 REF: 061011b

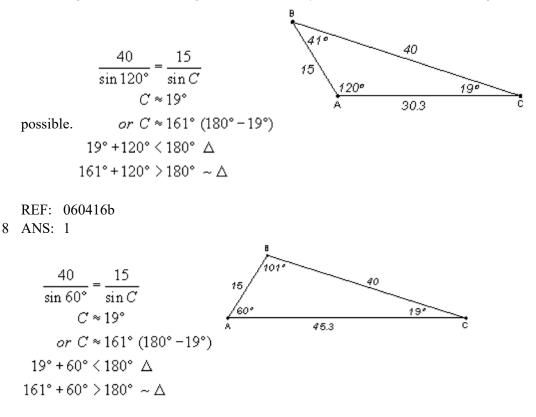
5 ANS: 2 $\frac{5}{\sin 32} = \frac{8}{\sin E}$ 57.98 + 32 < 180 $E \approx 57.98$ (180 - 57.98) + 32 < 180 REF: 011419a2 6 ANS: 1 6 2

$$\frac{6}{\sin 71} = \frac{2}{\sin Z}. \quad 18 + 71 < 180$$
$$Z \approx 18.4 \quad 162 + 71 > 180$$

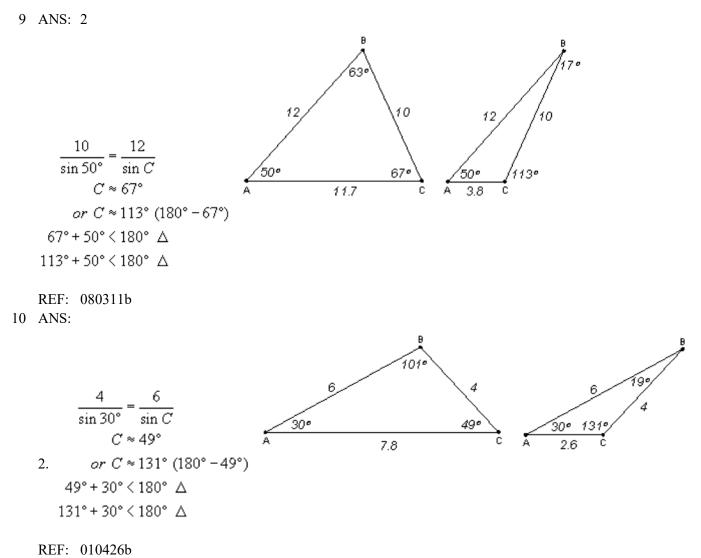
REF: 081620a2

7 ANS: 1

The triangle has an obtuse angle of 120°, and may not have a second obtuse angle. Check if one triangle is

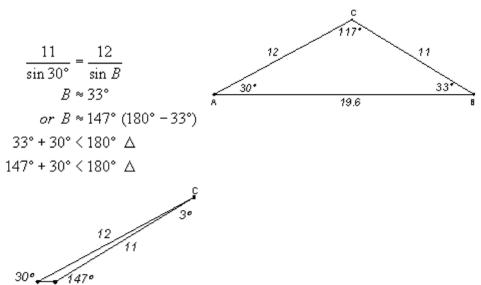


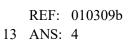
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 $\frac{8}{\sin 85} = \frac{2}{\sin C}$ $85 + 14.4 < 180 \quad 1 \text{ triangle}$ $C = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2\sin 85}{8}\right)$ $85 + 165.6 \ge 180$ $C \approx 14.4$

REF: 061529a2





1.2

 $\frac{14}{\sin 30^{\circ}} = \frac{20}{\sin B}$ 20 *B* ≈ 45.6° 30* 45.6 27.1 А or $B \approx 134.4^{\circ} (180^{\circ} - 45.6^{\circ})$ 45.6° + 30° < 180° ∆ 134.4° + 30° < 180° ∆ 15.6 14 20, 134 7.5 в

REF: 010720b

14 ANS: 4

$$\frac{\sqrt{34}}{\sin 30} = \frac{12}{\sin B}$$

$$B = \sin^{-1} \frac{12 \sin 30}{\sqrt{34}}$$

$$\approx \sin^{-1} \frac{6}{5.8}$$
REF: 011523a2
15 ANS: 4

$$\frac{13}{\sin 40} = \frac{20}{\sin M} \cdot 81 + 40 < 180. (180 - 81) + 40 < 180$$

$$M \approx 81$$
REF: 061327a2
16 ANS: 4

$$\frac{10}{\sin 40} = \frac{12}{\sin C} \qquad 50.5 + 40 < 180$$

$$C = \sin^{-1} \frac{12 \sin 40}{10} \qquad 129.5 + 40 < 180$$

$$c = \sin^{-1} \frac{12 \sin 40}{10} \qquad 129.5 + 40 < 180$$

$$\approx 50.5$$
REF: 061617a2
17 ANS: 4 REF: 011018b
18 ANS: 1

$$\frac{9}{\sin A} = \frac{10}{\sin 70} \cdot 58^{\circ} + 70^{\circ} \text{ is possible.} \quad 122^{\circ} + 70^{\circ} \text{ is not possible.}$$

$$A \approx 58$$
REF: 011210a2

19 ANS: 3

