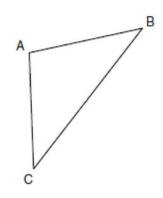
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G.SRT.B.5: Isosceles Triangle Theorem 1

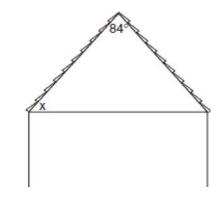
1 In the diagram of $\triangle ABC$ below, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$. The measure of $\angle B$ is 40°.



What is the measure of $\angle A$?

- 1) 40°
- 2) 50°
- 3) 70°
- 4) 100°

- Name: _____
- 2 The accompanying diagram shows the roof of a house that is in the shape of an isosceles triangle. The vertex angle formed at the peak of the roof is 84°.

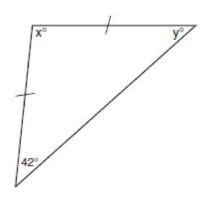


What is the measure of *x*?

- 1) 138°
- 2) 96°
- 3) 84°
- 4) 48°

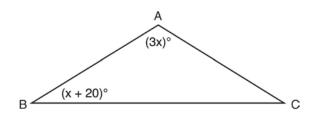
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3 Tina wants to sew a piece of fabric into a scarf in the shape of an isosceles triangle, as shown in the accompanying diagram.



What are the values of *x* and *y*?

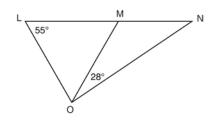
- 1) x = 42 and y = 96
- 2) x = 69 and y = 69
- 3) x = 90 and y = 48
- 4) x = 96 and y = 42
- 4 In the diagram below of $\triangle ABC$, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$, $m \angle A = 3x$, and $m \angle B = x + 20$.



What is the value of *x*?

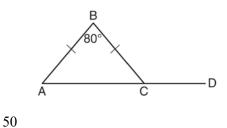
- 1) 10
- 2) 28
- 3) 32
- 4) 40

5 In the diagram below, $\triangle LMO$ is isosceles with LO = MO.



If $m \angle L = 55$ and $m \angle NOM = 28$, what is $m \angle N$? 1) 27

- 1) 27 2) 28
- 2) 20
 3) 42
- 4) 70
- 6 In the diagram below of isosceles $\triangle ABC$, the measure of vertex angle *B* is 80°. If \overline{AC} extends to point *D*, what is m $\angle BCD$?



- 1) 50 2) 80
- 3) 100
- 4) 130

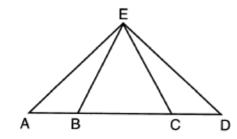
7 In $\triangle JKL$, $\overline{JL} \cong \overline{KL}$. If $m \angle J = 58$, then $m \angle L$ is 1) 61

- 2) 64
- 3) 116
- 4) 122

Name:

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- 8 In $\triangle FGH$, m $\angle F = m \angle H$, GF = x + 40, HF = 3x - 20, and GH = 2x + 20. The length of \overline{GH} is
 - 1) 20
 - 2) 40
 - 3) 60
 - 4) 80
- 9 The vertex angle of an isosceles triangle measures 15 degrees more than one of its base angles. How many degrees are there in a base angle of the triangle?
 - 1) 50
 - 2) 55
 - 3) 65
 - 4) 70
- 10 In the diagram below of $\triangle AED$ and \overline{ABCD} , $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{DE}$.



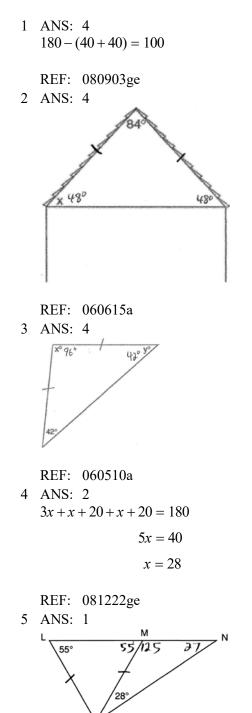
Which statement is always true?

- 1) $EB \cong EC$
- 2) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DB}$
- 3) $\angle EBA \cong \angle ECD$
- 4) $\angle EAC \cong \angle EDB$

- 11 In $\triangle ABC$, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$. An altitude is drawn from *B* to \overline{AC} and intersects \overline{AC} at *D*. Which conclusion is *not* always true? 1) $\angle ABD \cong \angle CBD$ 2) $\angle BDA \cong \angle BDC$
 - 3) $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BD}$
 - 4) $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{DC}$
- 12 In isosceles triangle ABC, AB = BC. Which statement will always be true?
 - 1) $m \angle B = m \angle A$
 - 2) $m \angle A > m \angle B$
 - 3) $m \angle A = m \angle C$
 - 4) $m \angle C < m \angle B$
- 13 If the vertex angles of two isosceles triangles are congruent, then the triangles must be
 - 1) acute
 - 2) congruent
 - 3) right
 - 4) similar
- 14 In isosceles triangle DOG, the measure of the vertex angle is three times the measure of one of the base angles. Which statement about $\triangle DOG$ is true?
 - 1) $\triangle DOG$ is a scalene triangle.
 - 2) $\triangle DOG$ is an acute triangle.
 - 3) $\triangle DOG$ is a right triangle.
 - 4) $\triangle DOG$ is a obtuse triangle.

Name:

G.SRT.B.5: Isosceles Triangle Theorem 1 Answer Section



REF: 061211ge

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6 ANS: 4 $180 - \frac{180 - 80}{2} = 130$ REF: 011508ge 7 ANS: 2 180 - 2(58) = 64REF: 081510ge 8 ANS: 3 x + 40 = 2x + 20 GH = 2(20) + 20 = 6020 = xREF: 081416ge 9 ANS: 2 x + x + x + 15 = 1803x + 15 = 1803x = 165*x* = 15 REF: 061407ge 10 ANS: 4 Isosceles triangle theorem. REF: 062207geo 11 ANS: 3 REF: 011007ge 12 ANS: 3 REF: 061004ge 13 ANS: 4 REF: 061124ge 14 ANS: 4 $A = 3x \quad 3x + x + x = 180$ B = x - 5x = 180The vertex angle is $3(36) = 108^{\circ}$. C = x - x = 36REF: 060107a