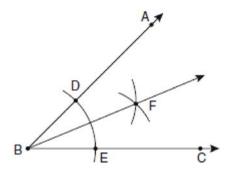
G.CO.D.12: Constructions 1

1 The diagram below shows the construction of the bisector of $\angle ABC$.



Which statement is *not* true?

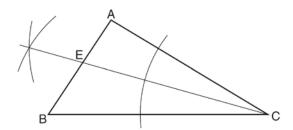
1)
$$m\angle EBF = \frac{1}{2} \, m\angle ABC$$

2)
$$m\angle DBF = \frac{1}{2} m\angle ABC$$

3)
$$m\angle EBF = m\angle ABC$$

4)
$$m\angle DBF = m\angle EBF$$

2 A student used a compass and a straightedge to construct \overline{CE} in $\triangle ABC$ as shown below.



Which statement must always be true for this construction?

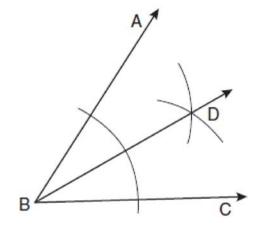
1)
$$\angle CEA \cong \angle CEB$$

2)
$$\angle ACE \cong \angle BCE$$

3)
$$\overline{AE} \cong \overline{BE}$$

4)
$$\overline{EC} \cong \overline{AC}$$

- 3 Based on the construction below, which statement must be true?



1)
$$m\angle ABD = \frac{1}{2} \, m\angle CBD$$

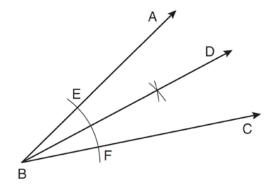
2)
$$m\angle ABD = m\angle CBD$$

3)
$$m\angle ABD = m\angle ABC$$

4)
$$\text{m}\angle CBD = \frac{1}{2} \text{m}\angle ABD$$

Regents Exam Questions G.CO.D.12: Constructions 1 www.jmap.org

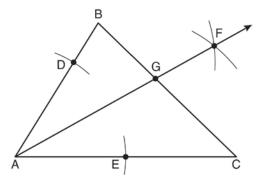
4 A straightedge and compass were used to create the construction below. Arc *EF* was drawn from point *B*, and arcs with equal radii were drawn from *E* and *F*.



Which statement is *false*?

- 1) $m\angle ABD = m\angle DBC$
- 2) $\frac{1}{2}$ (m $\angle ABC$) = m $\angle ABD$
- 3) $2(m\angle DBC) = m\angle ABC$
- 4) $2(m\angle ABC) = m\angle CBD$

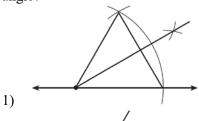
5 As shown in the diagram below of $\triangle ABC$, a compass is used to find points D and E, equidistant from point A. Next, the compass is used to find point F, equidistant from points D and E. Finally, a straightedge is used to draw \overrightarrow{AF} . Then, point G, the intersection of \overrightarrow{AF} and side \overrightarrow{BC} of $\triangle ABC$, is labeled.

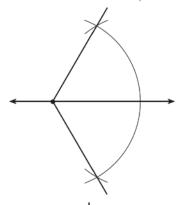


Which statement must be true?

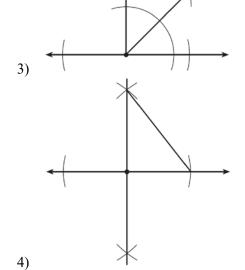
- 1) \overrightarrow{AF} bisects side \overline{BC}
- 2) \overrightarrow{AF} bisects $\angle BAC$
- 3) $\overrightarrow{AF} \perp \overrightarrow{BC}$
- 4) $\triangle ABG \sim \triangle ACG$

6 Which diagram shows the construction of a 45° angle?

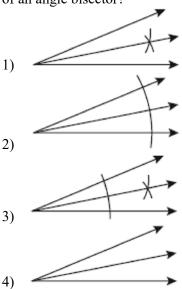




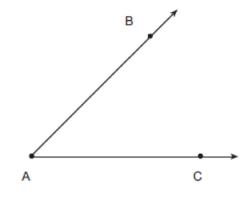
2)



7 Which illustration shows the correct construction of an angle bisector?



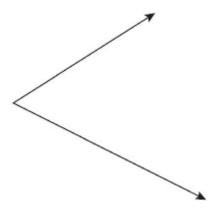
8 Using only a ruler and compass, construct the bisector of angle *BAC* in the accompanying diagram.



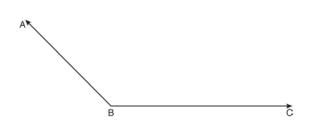
Regents Exam Questions G.CO.D.12: Constructions 1 www.jmap.org

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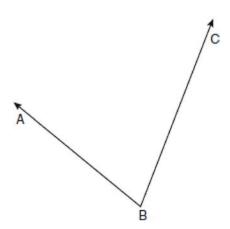
9 Using a compass and straightedge, construct the bisector of the angle shown below. [Leave all construction marks.]



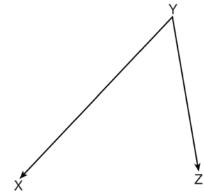
On the diagram below, use a compass and straightedge to construct the bisector of $\angle ABC$. [Leave all construction marks.]



10 Using a compass and straightedge, construct the angle bisector of $\angle ABC$ shown below. [Leave all construction marks.]

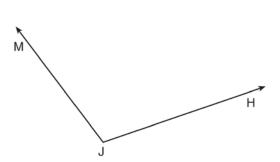


12 On the diagram below, use a compass and straightedge to construct the bisector of $\angle XYZ$. [Leave all construction marks.]

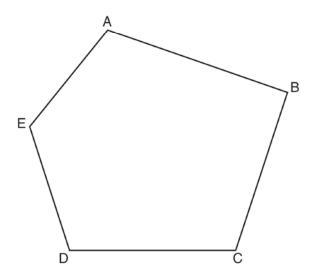


Regents Exam Questions G.CO.D.12: Constructions 1 www.jmap.org

13 Using a compass and straightedge, construct the bisector of $\angle MJH$. [Leave all construction marks.]

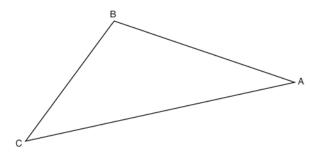


14 Using a compass and a straightedge, construct the bisector of ∠CDE. [Leave all construction marks.]

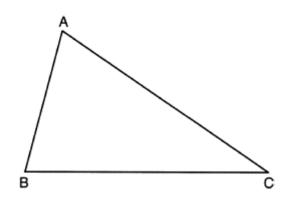


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15 Using a compass and straightedge, construct the bisector of ∠*CBA*. [Leave all construction marks.]



16 Using a compass and straightedge, construct the angle bisector of $\angle ABC$. [Leave all construction marks.]

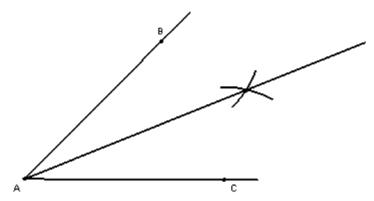


Using a compass and straightedge, construct an equilateral triangle with \overline{AB} as a side. Using this triangle, construct a 30° angle with its vertex at A. [Leave all construction marks.]

G.CO.D.12: Constructions 1 **Answer Section**

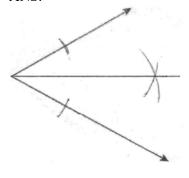
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6	ANS:	3		011402ge
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8 ANS:



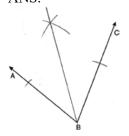
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9 ANS:



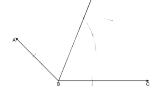
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11 ANS:



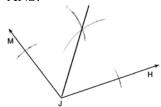
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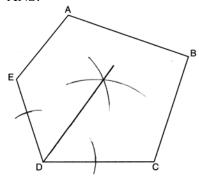
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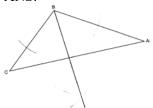
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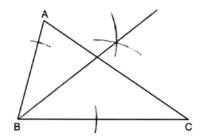
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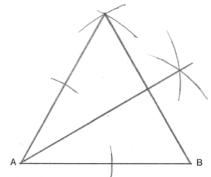
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16 ANS:



REF: 012325geo

17 ANS:



REF: 061437ge