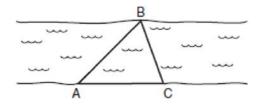
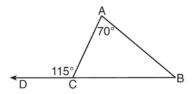
G.CO.C.10: Angle Side Relationship

1 On the banks of a river, surveyors marked locations A, B, and C. The measure of $\angle ACB = 70^{\circ}$ and the measure of $\angle ABC = 65^{\circ}$.



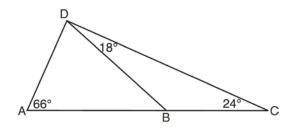
Which expression shows the relationship between the lengths of the sides of this triangle?

- 1) AB < BC < AC 2) BC < AB < AC
- 3) BC < AC < AB 4) AC < AB < BC
- 2 As shown in the diagram below of $\triangle ABC$, \overline{BC} is extended through D, $m\angle A = 70$, and $m\angle ACD = 115$.



Which statement is true?

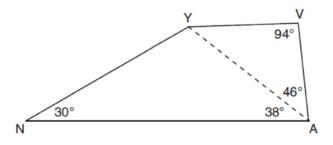
- 1) AC > AB 2) AB > BC 3) BC < AC
- 4) AC < AB
- 3 As shown in the diagram of $\triangle ACD$ below, B is a point on \overline{AC} and \overline{DB} is drawn.



If $m\angle A = 66$, $m\angle CDB = 18$, and $m\angle C = 24$, what is the longest side of $\triangle ABD$?

1) \overline{AB} 2) \overline{DC} 3) \overline{AD} 4) \overline{BD}

4 In the diagram of quadrilateral NAVY below, $m\angle YNA = 30^{\circ}$, $m\angle YAN = 38^{\circ}$, $m\angle AVY = 94^{\circ}$, and $m\angle VAY = 46^{\circ}$.



Which segment has the shortest length?

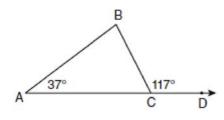
- 1) \overline{AY} 2) \overline{NY} 3) \overline{VA} 4) \overline{VY}
- 5 In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle B <$ m $\angle A <$ m $\angle C$. Which statement is *false*?
 - 1) AC > BC 2) BC > AC 3) AC < AB
 - 4) BC < AB
- 6 In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle A = 60$, m $\angle B = 80$, and m $\angle C = 40$. Which inequality is true?
 - 1) AB > BC 2) AC > BC 3) AC < BA
 - 4) BC < BA
- 7 In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle A = 95$, m $\angle B = 50$, and m $\angle C = 35$. Which expression correctly relates the lengths of the sides of this triangle?
 - 1) AB < BC < CA 2) AB < AC < BC
 - 3) AC < BC < AB 4) BC < AC < AB
- 8 In $\triangle RST$, m $\angle R = 58$ and m $\angle S = 73$. Which inequality is true?
 - 1) RT < TS < RS 2) RS < RT < TS
 - 3) RT < RS < TS 4) RS < TS < RT
- 9 In scalene triangle ABC, $m\angle B = 45$ and $m\angle C = 55$. What is the order of the sides in length, from longest to shortest?

10 In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle A = 65$ and m $\angle B$ is greater than m $\angle A$. The lengths of the sides of $\triangle ABC$ in order from smallest to largest are

$$\frac{1)}{AB} \xrightarrow{AB}, \overline{BC}, \overline{AC} \xrightarrow{2)} \overline{BC}, \overline{AB}, \overline{AC} \xrightarrow{3)} \overline{AC}, \overline{BC},$$

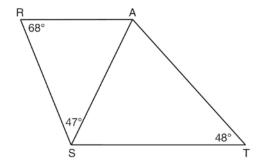
- 11 For which measures of the sides of $\triangle ABC$ is angle *B* the largest angle of the triangle?
 - 1) AB = 2, BC = 6, AC = 7
 - 2) AB = 6, BC = 12, AC = 8
 - 3) AB = 16, BC = 9, AC = 10
 - 4) AB = 18, BC = 14, AC = 5
- 12 In $\triangle ABC$, side \overline{BC} is extended through C to D. If $m\angle A = 30^\circ$ and $m\angle ACD = 110^\circ$, what is the longest side of $\triangle ABC$?
 - 1) \overline{AC} 2) \overline{BC} 3) \overline{AB} 4) \overline{CD}
- 13 In $\triangle CAT$, m $\angle C = 65$, m $\angle A = 40$, and B is a point on side \overline{CA} , such that $\overline{TB} \perp \overline{CA}$. Which line segment is shortest?
 - 1) \overline{CT} 2) \overline{BC} 3) \overline{TB} 4) \overline{AT}
- 14 In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A \cong \angle B$ and $\angle C$ is an obtuse angle. Which statement is true?
 - 1) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{AB}$ and \overline{BC} is the longest side.
 - 2) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BC}$ and \overline{AB} is the longest side.
 - 3) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{AB}$ and \overline{BC} is the shortest side.
 - 4) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BC}$ and \overline{AB} is the shortest side.
- 15 In $\triangle ABC$, AB = 7, BC = 8, and AC = 9. Which list has the angles of $\triangle ABC$ in order from smallest to largest?
 - 1) $\angle A, \angle B, \angle C$ 2) $\angle B, \angle A, \angle C$
 - 3) $\angle C, \angle B, \angle A$ 4) $\angle C, \angle A, \angle B$
- 16 In $\triangle PQR$, PQ = 8, QR = 12, and RP = 13. Which statement about the angles of $\triangle PQR$ must be true?
 - 1) $m\angle Q > m\angle P > m\angle R$
 - 2) $m\angle Q > m\angle R > m\angle P$
 - 3) $m\angle R > m\angle P > m\angle Q$
 - 4) $m\angle P > m\angle R > m\angle Q$

- 17 In $\triangle ABC$, AB = 4, BC = 7, and AC = 10. Which statement is true?
 - 1) $m\angle B > m\angle C > m\angle A$
 - 2) $m\angle B > m\angle A > m\angle C$
 - 3) $m\angle C > m\angle B > m\angle A$
 - 4) $m\angle C > m\angle A > m\angle B$
- In the diagram below of $\triangle ABC$ with side \overline{AC} extended through D, m $\angle A = 37$ and m $\angle BCD = 117$. Which side of $\triangle ABC$ is the longest side? Justify your answer.



(Not drawn to scale)

19 As shown in the diagram below, \overline{AS} is a diagonal of trapezoid STAR, $\overline{RA} \parallel \overline{ST}$, $m \angle ATS = 48$, $m \angle RSA = 47$, and $m \angle ARS = 68$.



Determine and state the longest side of $\triangle SAT$.

20 In $\triangle ABC$, m $\angle A = x^2 + 12$, m $\angle B = 11x + 5$, and m $\angle C = 13x - 17$. Determine the longest side of $\triangle ABC$.

G.CO.C.10: Angle Side Relationship

Answer Section

1 ANS: 3

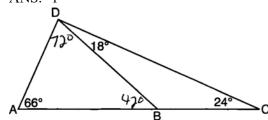
If $\angle ACB = 70^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABC = 65^{\circ}$ then $\angle CAB = 45^{\circ}$ because 70 + 65 + 45 = 180. The longest side is opposite the largest angle and the shortest side is opposite the smallest angle. BC < AC < AB

REF: 060629a

2 ANS: 4

REF: 011607ge

3 ANS: 1



REF: 081219ge

4 ANS: 3

 $\angle N$ is the smallest angle in $\triangle NYA$, so side \overline{AY} is the shortest side of $\triangle NYA$. $\angle VYA$ is the smallest angle in $\triangle VYA$, so side \overline{VA} is the shortest side of both triangles.

REF: 011919geo

5 ANS: 1 REF: 081524ge 6 ANS: 2 REF: 061321ge

7 ANS: 2

Longest side of a triangle is opposite the largest angle. Shortest side is opposite the smallest angle.

REF: 060911ge

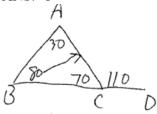
8 ANS: 4 REF: 011222ge

9 ANS: 4 $m\angle A = 80$

REF: 011115ge

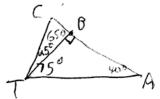
10 ANS: 1 REF: 061523ge 11 ANS: 1 REF: 011416ge

12 ANS: 1



REF: 082310geo

13 ANS: 2



REF: 081422ge

14 ANS: 2 REF: 081306ge

15 ANS: 4

Longest side of a triangle is opposite the largest angle. Shortest side is opposite the smallest angle.

REF: 081011ge

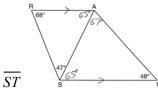
16 ANS: 1 REF: 061010ge 17 ANS: 2 REF: 011510ge

18 ANS:

 \overline{AC} . m $\angle BCA = 63$ and m $\angle ABC = 80$. \overline{AC} is the longest side as it is opposite the largest angle.

REF: 080934ge

19 ANS:



REF: 061430ge

20 ANS:

 $x^2 + 12 + 11x + 5 + 13x - 17 = 180$. $m\angle A = 6^2 + 12 = 48$. $\angle B$ is the largest angle, so \overline{AC} in the longest side.

$$x^2 + 24x - 180 = 0$$
 $m\angle B = 11(6) + 5 = 71$

$$(x+30)(x-6) = 0$$
 $m\angle C = 13(6) - 7 = 61$

x = 6

REF: 011337ge