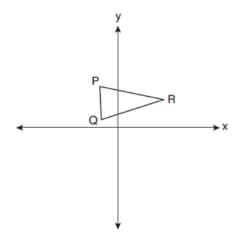
## **G.CO.A.5:** Compositions of Transformations 1

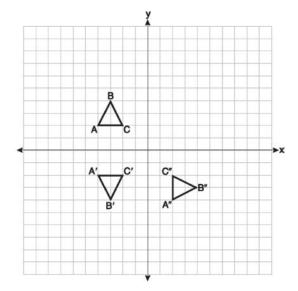
1 Triangle *PQR* is shown on the set of axes below.



Which quadrant will contain point R'', the image of point R, after a 90° clockwise rotation centered at (0,0) followed by a reflection over the x-axis?

- 1) I
- 2) II
- 3) III
- 4) IV

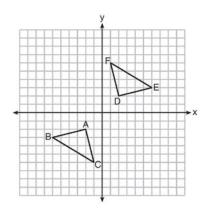
2 On the set of axes below, triangle *ABC* is graphed. Triangles *A'B'C'* and *A''B''C''*, the images of triangle *ABC*, are graphed after a sequence of rigid motions.



Identify which sequence of rigid motions maps  $\triangle ABC$  onto  $\triangle A'B'C'$  and then maps  $\triangle A'B'C'$  onto  $\triangle A''B''C''$ .

- 1) a rotation followed by another rotation
- 2) a translation followed by a reflection
- 3) a reflection followed by a translation
- 4) a reflection followed by a rotation

3 Triangle ABC and triangle DEF are graphed on the set of axes below.

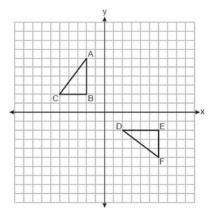


Which sequence of transformations maps triangle ABC onto triangle DEF?

- a reflection over the x-axis followed by a reflection over the *y*-axis
- a 180° rotation about the origin followed by a reflection over the line y = x
- a 90° clockwise rotation about the origin followed by a reflection over the *y*-axis
- a translation 8 units to the right and 1 unit up followed by a 90° counterclockwise rotation about the origin



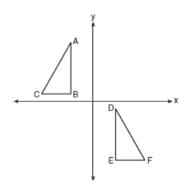
4 On the set of axes below, congruent triangles ABC and DEF are drawn.



Which sequence of transformations maps  $\triangle ABC$ onto  $\triangle DEF$ ?

- A counterclockwise rotation of 90 degrees about the origin, followed by a translation 8 units to the right.
- A counterclockwise rotation of 90 degrees about the origin, followed by a reflection over the y-axis.
- A counterclockwise rotation of 90 degrees about the origin, followed by a translation 4 units down.
- A clockwise rotation of 90 degrees about the origin, followed by a reflection over the x-axis.

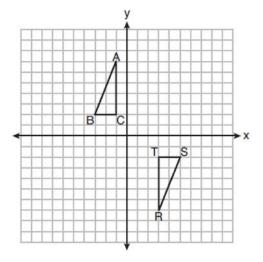
5 In the diagram below,  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$ .



Which sequence of transformations maps  $\triangle ABC$  onto  $\triangle DEF$ ?

- 1) a reflection over the *x*-axis followed by a translation
- 2) a reflection over the *y*-axis followed by a translation
- 3) a rotation of 180° about the origin followed by a translation
- 4) a counterclockwise rotation of 90° about the origin followed by a translation

6 Triangles *ABC* and *RST* are graphed on the set of axes below.



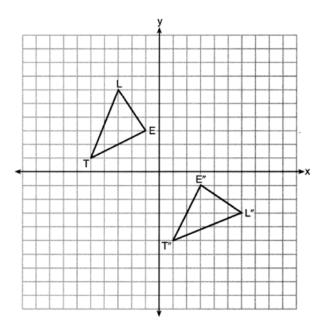
Which sequence of rigid motions will prove  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle RST$ ?

- 1) a line reflection over y = x
- 2) a rotation of  $180^{\circ}$  centered at (1,0)
- 3) a line reflection over the *x*-axis followed by a translation of 6 units right
- 4) a line reflection over the *x*-axis followed by a line reflection over y = 1

## Regents Exam Questions

G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 1 www.jmap.org

7 On the set of axes below,  $\triangle LET$  and  $\triangle L"E"T"$  are graphed in the coordinate plane where  $\triangle LET \cong \triangle L"E"T"$ .

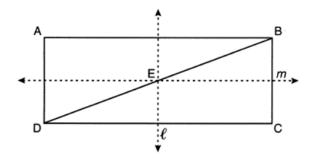


Which sequence of rigid motions maps  $\triangle LET$  onto  $\triangle L$  "E"T"?

- 1) a reflection over the *y*-axis followed by a reflection over the *x*-axis
- 2) a rotation of 180° about the origin
- 3) a rotation of 90° counterclockwise about the origin followed by a reflection over the *y*-axis
- 4) a reflection over the *x*-axis followed by a rotation of 90° clockwise about the origin

Name:

8 In the diagram below, ABCD is a rectangle, and diagonal  $\overline{BD}$  is drawn. Line  $\ell$ , a vertical line of symmetry, and line m, a horizontal line of symmetry, intersect at point E.



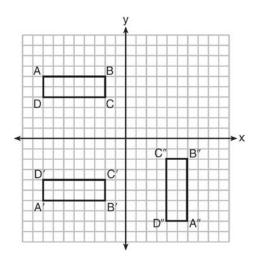
Which sequence of transformations will map  $\triangle ABD$  onto  $\triangle CDB$ ?

- 1) a reflection over line  $\ell$  followed by a 180° rotation about point E
- 2) a reflection over line  $\ell$  followed by a reflection over line m
- 3) a  $180^{\circ}$  rotation about point B
- 4) a reflection over DB

Name:

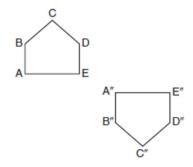
congruent to A"B"C"D"E".

9 A sequence of transformations maps rectangle *ABCD* onto rectangle *A"B"C"D"*, as shown in the diagram below.

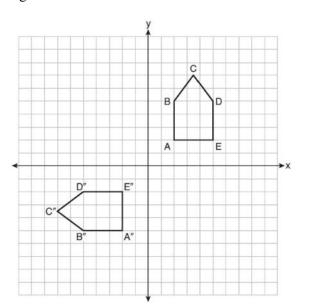


Which sequence of transformations maps ABCD onto A'B'C'D' and then maps A'B'C'D' onto A''B''C''D''?

- 1) a reflection followed by a rotation
- 2) a reflection followed by a translation
- 3) a translation followed by a rotation
- 4) a translation followed by a reflection
- 10 Identify which sequence of transformations could map pentagon *ABCDE* onto pentagon *A"B"C"D"E"*, as shown below.



- 1) dilation followed by a rotation
- 2) translation followed by a rotation
- 3) line reflection followed by a translation
- 4) line reflection followed by a line reflection



Which describes a sequence of rigid motions that maps *ABCDE* onto *A"B"C"D"E"*?

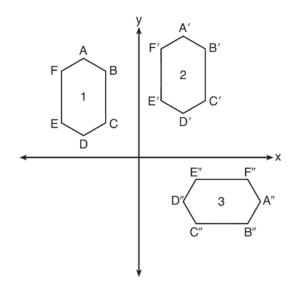
- 1) a rotation of 90° counterclockwise about the origin followed by a reflection over the *x*-axis
- 2) a rotation of 90° counterclockwise about the origin followed by a translation down 7 units
- 3) a reflection over the *y*-axis followed by a reflection over the *x*-axis
- 4) a reflection over the *x*-axis followed by a rotation of  $90^{\circ}$  counterclockwise about the origin

**Regents Exam Questions** 

G.CO.A.5: Compositions of Transformations 1

www.jmap.org

12 In the diagram below, congruent figures 1, 2, and 3 are drawn.

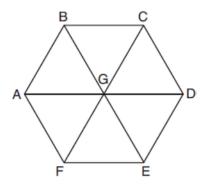


Which sequence of transformations maps figure 1 onto figure 2 and then figure 2 onto figure 3?

- a reflection followed by a translation
- a rotation followed by a translation
- 3) a translation followed by a reflection
- a translation followed by a rotation

Name:

13 In regular hexagon ABCDEF shown below,  $\overline{AD}$ ,  $\overline{BE}$ , and  $\overline{CF}$  all intersect at G.



When  $\triangle ABG$  is reflected over  $\overline{BG}$  and then rotated 180° about point G,  $\triangle ABG$  is mapped onto

- $\triangle FEG$ 1)
- $\triangle AFG$ 2)
- $\triangle CBG$ 3)
- $\triangle DEG$

## **G.CO.A.5:** Compositions of Transformations 1 Answer Section

1	ANS:	1	REF:	012022geo
2	ANS:	4	REF:	061901geo
3	ANS:	1	REF:	011608geo
4	ANS:	1	REF:	062308geo
5	ANS:	2	REF:	061701geo
6	ANS:	2	REF:	081909geo

7 ANS: 3

1) and 2) are wrong because the orientation of  $\triangle LET$  has changed, implying one reflection has occurred. The sequence in 4) moves  $\triangle LET$  back to Quadrant II.

REF: 062218geo

8	ANS:	2	REF:	082220geo
9	ANS:	1	REF:	081507geo
10	ANS:	3	REF:	011710geo
11	ANS:	2	REF:	012017geo
12	ANS:	4	REF:	061504geo
13	ANS:	1	REF:	081804geo