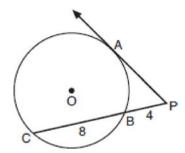
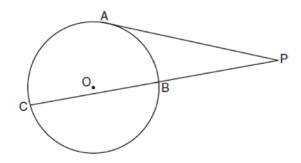
G.C.A.2: Chords, Secants and Tangents 8

1 In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{PA} is tangent to circle O at A, \overrightarrow{PBC} is a secant, PB = 4, and BC = 8.



What is the length of \overline{PA} ?

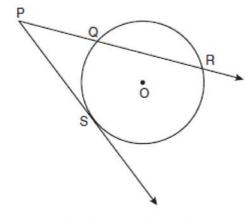
- 1) $4\sqrt{6}$
- 2) $4\sqrt{2}$
- 3) $4\sqrt{3}$
- 4) 4
- 2 In the diagram below, tangent \overline{PA} and secant \overline{PBC} are drawn to circle O from external point P.



If PB = 4 and BC = 5, what is the length of \overline{PA} ?

- 1) 20
- 2) 9
- 3) 8
- 4) 6

3 In the diagram below, \overline{PS} is a tangent to circle O at point S, \overline{PQR} is a secant, PS = x, PQ = 3, and PR = x + 18.

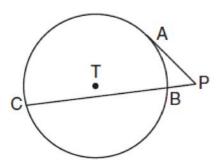


(Not drawn to scale)

What is the length of \overline{PS} ?

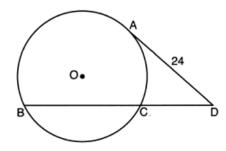
- 1) 6
- 2) 9
- 3) 3
- 4) 27

4 In the diagram shown below, \overline{PA} is tangent to circle T at A, and secant \overline{PBC} is drawn where point B is on circle T.



If PB = 3 and BC = 15, what is the length of \overline{PA} ?

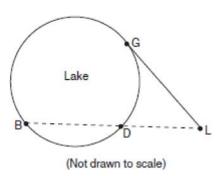
- 1) $3\sqrt{5}$
- 2) $3\sqrt{6}$
- 3) 3
- 4) 9
- 5 Circle O is drawn below with secant \overline{BCD} . The length of tangent \overline{AD} is 24.



If the ratio of DC:CB is 4:5, what is the length of \overline{CB} ?

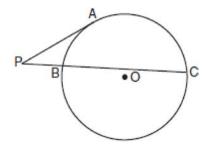
- 1) 36
- 2) 20
- 3) 16
- 4) 4

6 In the accompanying diagram, cabins *B* and *G* are located on the shore of a circular lake, and cabin *L* is located near the lake. Point *D* is a dock on the lake shore and is collinear with cabins *B* and *L*. The road between cabins *G* and *L* is 8 miles long and is tangent to the lake. The path between cabin *L* and dock *D* is 4 miles long.

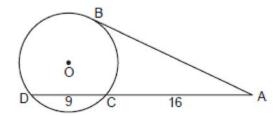


What is the length, in miles, of \overline{BD} ?

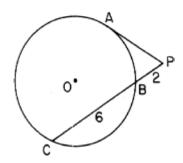
- 1) 24
- 2) 12
- 3) 8
- 4) 4
- 7 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{PA} is tangent to circle O at A, secant \overline{PBC} is drawn, PB = 4, and BC = 12. Find PA.



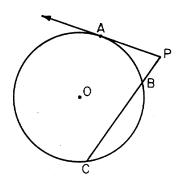
8 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AB} is tangent to circle O at B. If AC = 16 and CD = 9, what is the length of \overline{AB} ?



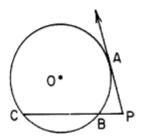
9 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, \overline{PA} is a tangent and \overline{PBC} is a secant. If PB = 2 and BC = 6, find PA.



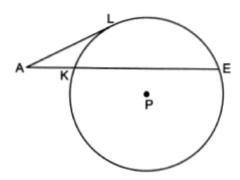
10 In the accompanying figure, \overrightarrow{PA} is tangent to circle O at A, and \overrightarrow{PBC} is a secant. If PC = 16 and BC = 12, find PA.



In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{PA} is tangent to circle O at A and \overrightarrow{PBC} is a secant. If CB = 9 and PB = 3, find the length of \overrightarrow{PA} .

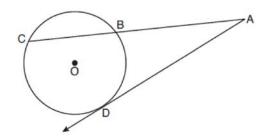


12 In circle *P* below, tangent \overline{AL} and secant \overline{AKE} are drawn.



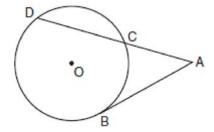
If AK = 12 and KE = 36, determine and state the length of \overline{AL} .

13 In the diagram below of circle O, secant \overline{ABC} and tangent \overline{AD} are drawn.

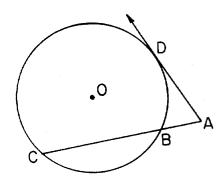


If CA = 12.5 and CB = 4.5, determine and state the length of \overline{DA} .

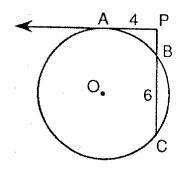
14 In the accompanying diagram, tangent \overline{AB} and secant \overline{ACD} are drawn to circle O from point A, AB = 6, and AC = 4. Find AD.



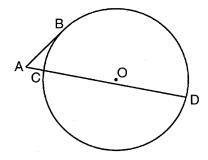
15 In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{AD} is tangent to circle O at D and \overrightarrow{ABC} is a secant. If AD = 4 and AC = 8, find AB.



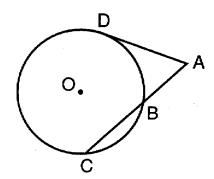
In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{PA} is tangent to circle O and \overrightarrow{PBC} is a secant. If PA = 4 and BC = 6, find PB.



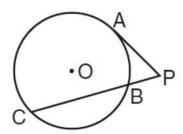
17 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AB} is tangent to circle O at B and \overline{ACD} is a secant. If AB = 9 and AD = 27, find AC.



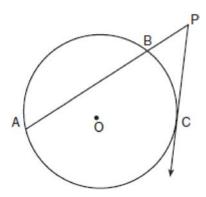
In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AD} is tangent to circle O at D and \overline{ABC} is a secant. If AD = 6 and AC = 9, find AB.



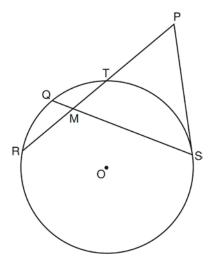
In the accompanying diagram, tangent \overline{PA} and secant \overline{PBC} are drawn to circle O from external point P. If PA = 8 and PB = 4, find the length of \overline{BC} .



20 In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{PC} is tangent to circle O, \overrightarrow{PBA} is a secant, PC = 6, and PB = 3. Find AB.



21 In the diagram below of circle O, chords \overline{RT} and \overline{QS} intersect at M. Secant \overline{PTR} and tangent \overline{PS} are drawn to circle O. The length of \overline{RM} is two more than the length of \overline{TM} , QM = 2, SM = 12, and PT = 8.



Find the length of \overline{RT} . Find the length of \overline{PS} .

G.C.A.2: Chords, Secants and Tangents 8 Answer Section

1 ANS: 3

If a tangent and a secant intersect outside a circle, the tangent squared will equal the product of the secant and its

$$x^2 = 4(8+4)$$

external segment. $x^2 = 48$

$$x = 4\sqrt{3}$$

REF: 080719b

$$x^2 = (4+5) \times 4$$

$$x^2 = 36$$

$$x = 6$$

REF: 011008ge

$$x^2 = 3(x+18)$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 54 = 0$$

$$(x-9)(x+6)=0$$

$$x = 9$$

REF: fall0817ge

4 ANS: 2

$$x^2 = 3 \cdot 18$$

$$x = \sqrt{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 6}$$

$$x = 3\sqrt{6}$$

REF: 081712geo

5 ANS: 2

$$24^2 = 4x \cdot 9x \ 5 \cdot 4 = 20$$

$$576 = 36x^2$$

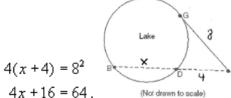
$$16 = x^2$$

$$4 = x$$

REF: 012312geo

6 ANS: 2

If a tangent and a secant intersect outside a circle, the tangent squared will equal the product of the secant and its



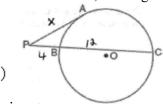
external segment.
$$4x + 16 = 64$$
.

$$x = 12$$

REF: 080103b

7 ANS:

8. If a tangent and a secant intersect outside a circle, the tangent squared will equal the product of the secant and



$$x^2 = 4(12 + 4)$$

its external segment.
$$x^2 = 64$$

$$x = 8$$

REF: 010623b

8 ANS:

20. If a tangent and a secant intersect outside a circle, the tangent squared will equal the product of the secant and

$$x^2 = 16(16 + 9)$$

its external segment. $x^2 = 400$

$$x = 20$$

REF: 010821b

9 ANS:

REF: 068805siii

10 ANS:

8

REF: 068914siii

11 ANS:

6

REF: 089011siii

12 ANS:

$$x^2 = 12 \cdot 48$$

$$x = 24$$

REF: 062428geo

13 ANS:

$$x^2 = 8 \times 12.5$$

$$x = 10$$

REF: 012028geo

14 ANS:

9

REF: 010416siii

15 ANS:

2

REF: 068607siii

16 ANS:

2

REF: 019408siii

17 ANS:

3

REF: 019701siii

18 ANS:

4

REF: 089715siii

19 ANS:

12

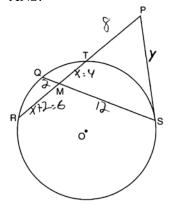
REF: 010314siii

20 ANS:

9

REF: 060314siii

21 ANS:



$$x(x+2) = 12 \cdot 2$$
. $\overline{RT} = 6 + 4 = 10$. $y \cdot y = 18 \cdot 8$

$$x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$$

$$y^2 = 144$$

$$(x+6)(x-4)=0$$

$$x = 4$$

REF: 061237ge