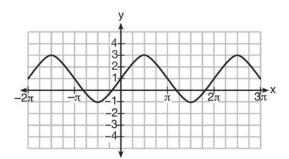
F.IF.C.7: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 3

- 1 What are the amplitude and the period of the graph represented by the equation $y = -3\cos\frac{\theta}{3}$?
 - 1) amplitude: -3; period: $\frac{\pi}{3}$
 - 2) amplitude: -3; period: 6π
 - 3) amplitude: 3; period: $\frac{\pi}{3}$
 - 4) amplitude: 3; period: 6π
- 2 Which statement is *incorrect* for the graph of the function $y = -3\cos\left[\frac{\pi}{2}(x-4)\right] + 7^2$

unction
$$y = -3\cos\left[\frac{1}{3}(x-4)\right] +$$

- 1) The period is 6.
- 2) The amplitude is 3.
- 3) The range is [4,10].
- 4) The midline is y = -4.
- 3 Tides are a periodic rise and fall of ocean water. On a typical day at a seaport, to predict the time of the next high tide, the most important value to have would be the
 - 1) time between consecutive low tides
 - 2) time when the tide height is 20 feet
 - 3) average depth of water over a 24-hour period
 - 4) difference between the water heights at low and high tide

- 4 The average monthly temperature of a city can be modeled by a cosine graph. Melissa has been living in Phoenix, Arizona, where the average annual temperature is 75°F. She would like to move, and live in a location where the average annual temperature is 62°F. When examining the graphs of the average monthly temperatures for various locations, Melissa should focus on the
 - 1) amplitude
 - 2) horizontal shift
 - 3) period
 - 4) midline
- 5 A sine function is graphed below.

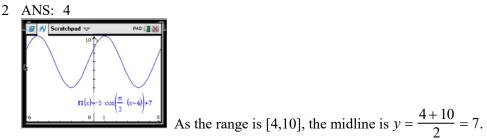


Determine and state the amplitude and period of this function.

6 The volume of air in a person's lungs, as the person breathes in and out, can be modeled by a sine graph. A scientist is studying the differences in this volume for people at rest compared to people told to take a deep breath. When examining the graphs, should the scientist focus on the amplitude, period, or midline? Explain your choice.

F.IF.C.7: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 3 Answer Section

1 ANS: 4 REF: 011627a2



REF: fall1506aii

3 ANS: 1

The time of the next high tide will be the midpoint of consecutive low tides.

REF: 011907aii
4 ANS: 4 REF: 081912aii
5 ANS: 2, 2π

REF: 061633a2

6 ANS:

Amplitude, because the height of the graph shows the volume of the air.

REF: 081625aii