THREE-YEAR SEQUENCE FOR HIGH SCHOOL MATHEMATICS

COURSE II

Thursday, August 16, 2001 — 8:30 to 11:30 a.m., only

Notice . . .

Scientific calculators must be available to all students taking this examination.

The last page of the booklet is the answer sheet. Fold the last page along the perforations and, slowly and carefully, tear off the answer sheet. Then fill in the heading of the answer sheet.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the statement printed at the end of the answer sheet, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. The answer sheet cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

DO NOT OPEN THIS EXAMINATION BOOKLET UNTIL THE SIGNAL IS GIVEN.

Part I

Answer 30 questions from this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Write your answers in the spaces provided on the separate answer sheet. Where applicable, answers may be left in terms of $\neq$ or in radical form.　　　[60]

1 In the accompanying diagram of $\triangle ABC$, $\overline{CB} \cong \overline{CA}$, $\overline{BA}$ is extended to D, and m$\angle B$ = 42. Find m$\angle CAD$.

2 In the accompanying diagram, line a is parallel to line b, and line t is a transversal. If m$\angle 1$ = 97 and m$\angle 2$ = 44, find m$\angle 3$.

3 In equilateral triangle ABC, AB = 14. Find the perimeter of the triangle that joins the midpoints of the sides of triangle ABC.

4 For the binary operation $a \ast b = 3a - 2b^2$, find the value of $4 \ast 5$.

5 Solve for x: 　$\dfrac{x}{3} + \dfrac{x}{18} = \dfrac{7}{6}$

6 A committee of four teachers is to be chosen from ten teachers. What is the total number of different committees that can be formed?

7 What is the distance between points $(-3,2)$ and $(5,-6)$, expressed to the *nearest tenth*?

8 In a plane, what is the total number of points 3 units from the line whose equation is $x = 4$ and 3 units from point $(4,-2)$?

9 The midpoint of $\overline{AB}$ has coordinates $(-3,2)$, and the coordinates of point A are $(1,4)$. What are the coordinates of point B?

10 Factor completely:　$3x^3y - 12xy$

11 The area of a square is 9. If this square and an equilaterial triangle have equal perimeters, find the length of one side of the triangle.

Directions (12–35):　For *each* question chosen, write on the separate answer sheet the *numeral* preceding the word or expression that best completes the statement or answers the question.

12 What is the value of $(C \circledast O) \circledast (L \circledast D)$ in the system defined below?

$\circledast$	C	O	L	D
C	C	D	O	L
O	D	D	C	O
L	O	C	L	D
D	O	O	C	L

(1) C　　　　　　　　(3) L
(2) O　　　　　　　　(4) D

13 What is the total number of different seven-letter arrangements that can be formed using the letters in the word "COCONUT"?

(1) $_7P_7$ (3) 7!

(2) $\dfrac{7!}{4!}$ (4) $\dfrac{7!}{2!\,2!}$

14 Which transformation moves point (x,y) to point $(4x,4y)$?

(1) dilation   (3) rotation
(2) reflection   (4) translation

15 In $\triangle NAP$, m$\angle N = 45$ and m$\angle A = 70$. Which statement best describes $\triangle NAP$?

(1) $\overline{NA}$ is the longest side.
(2) $\overline{NP}$ is the longest side.
(3) $\overline{AP}$ is the longest side.
(4) $\overline{AP}$ and $\overline{NP}$ are the longest sides and are congruent.

16 Expressed in simplest form, $\dfrac{x^2 - 64}{x^2 - 16x + 64}$, $x \neq 8$, is equivalent to

(1) 1   (3) $\dfrac{x-8}{x+8}$

(2) −1   (4) $\dfrac{x+8}{x-8}$

17 Which statement is true?

(1) A quadrilateral is always a parallelogram.
(2) A square is always a parallelogram.
(3) A parallelogram is never a rhombus.
(4) A trapezoid never has two congruent sides.

18 Which set of numbers can *not* be the measures of the three sides of a triangle?

(1) {2,3,4}   (3) {5,7,12}
(2) {3,4,6}   (4) {5,8,12}

19 In the accompanying diagram of right triangle CAR, m$\angle A = 90$, m$\angle C = 59$, and $CR = 15$. If AR is represented by c, which equation can be used to find c?
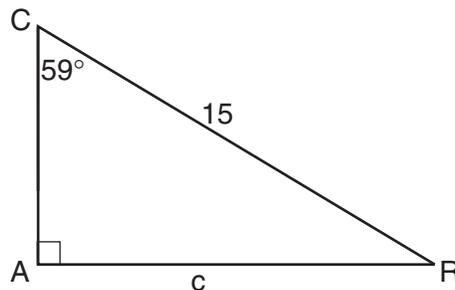
(1) $\sin 59° = \dfrac{c}{15}$ (3) $\tan 59° = \dfrac{c}{15}$

(2) $\cos 59° = \dfrac{c}{15}$ (4) $\sin 31° = \dfrac{c}{15}$

20 What is the inverse of the statement "If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, the corresponding angles are equal"?

(1) If the corresponding angles of two lines cut by a transversal are equal, the lines are parallel.
(2) If two nonparallel lines are cut by a transversal, the corresponding angles are not equal.
(3) If the corresponding angles of two lines cut by a transversal are not equal, the lines are not parallel.
(4) Corresponding angles of parallel lines are equal.

21 Which statement is *not* valid for proving that two triangles are congruent?

(1) SAS $\cong$ SAS   (3) ASA $\cong$ ASA
(2) SSA $\cong$ SSA   (4) AAS $\cong$ AAS

22 The coordinates of the endpoints of the base of an isosceles triangle are (4,3) and (10,3). The coordinates of the vertex of this triangle could be

(1) (3,7)   (3) (4,−4)
(2) (4,7)   (4) (7,−4)

23 Which equation represents a circle whose center is $(-2,1)$ and whose radius is 5?

(1) $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 25$
(2) $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 10$
(3) $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 25$
(4) $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 10$

24 Which biconditional statement demonstrates DeMorgan's Law?

(1) $\sim(p \wedge q) \leftrightarrow (\sim p \vee \sim q)$
(2) $(\sim p \wedge \sim q) \leftrightarrow (p \vee q)$
(3) $\sim(p \vee q) \leftrightarrow (\sim p \vee \sim q)$
(4) $(p \wedge \sim q) \leftrightarrow \sim(p \vee q)$

25 What is the positive value of n if the slope of the line joining $(6,n)$ and $(7,n^2)$ is 20?

(1) 49 (3) 5
(2) 13 (4) 4

26 If two angles of one triangle are congruent, respectively, to two angles of another triangle, then these triangles must be

(1) isosceles (3) congruent
(2) similar (4) equilateral

27 What is the y-intercept of the graph of the parabola whose equation is $y = x^2 - 2x - 8$?

(1) $(4,0)$ (3) $(-8,0)$
(2) $(0,4)$ (4) $(0,-8)$

28 What are the coordinates of the turning point of the parabola whose equation is $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$?

(1) $(2,-1)$ (3) $(-2,14)$
(2) $(2,3)$ (4) $(-2,-9)$

29 The length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle is $\sqrt{15}$ and the length of one leg is 3. What is the length of the other leg?

(1) 6 (3) $\sqrt{6}$
(2) 9 (4) $3\sqrt{2}$

30 What is the image of $(1,-3)$ when reflected in the y-axis?

(1) $(-1,3)$ (3) $(-3,-1)$
(2) $(3,-1)$ (4) $(-1,-3)$

31 Given the true statement: "If you want to help preserve the environment, you conserve fuel." Which statement must also be true?

(1) If you conserve fuel, you want to help preserve the environment.
(2) If you do not conserve fuel, you do not want to help preserve the environment.
(3) If you want to help preserve the environment, you do not conserve fuel.
(4) If you do not want to help preserve the environment, you do not conserve fuel.

32 The graph of the equation $2y = 3x + 6$ is perpendicular to the graph of the line represented by the equation

(1) $y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 2$ (3) $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 2$

(2) $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$ (4) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 2$

33 What are the values of x in the equation $x^2 + 4x - 1 = 0$?

(1) $-4 \pm \sqrt{5}$ (3) $-2 \pm \sqrt{5}$

(2) $-4 \pm \sqrt{3}$ (4) $-2 \pm \sqrt{3}$

34 Which statement describes the graphs of the equations $x = -1$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 4$?

(1) They do not intersect.
(2) They intersect in the second quadrant, only.
(3) They intersect in the third quadrant, only.
(4) They intersect in the second and in the third quadrants.

35 The sides of a triangle have lengths 3, 4, and 5. What is the length of the *shortest* side of a similar triangle that has a perimeter of 36?

(1) 12 (3) 3
(2) 9 (4) 15

Answers to the following questions are to be written on paper provided by the school.

Part II

  Answer three questions from this part. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Calculations that may be obtained by mental arithmetic or the calculator do not need to be shown.   [30]

36 Solve the following system of equations graphically or algebraically and check:
$$y = -2x^2 - 4x + 2$$
$$2x = y - 2$$ [8,2]

37 *a* Perform the indicated operation and express the result as a single fraction in simplest form:
$$\frac{a}{a-b} - \frac{b^2}{a^2 - ab}$$ [4]

   b Express the quotient in simplest form:
$$\frac{x^2 - 12x + 36}{x - 6} \div \frac{x^2 - 36}{6}$$ [2]

   c Solve for *x*: $\dfrac{x^2 - 2}{2x - 1} = \dfrac{2x + 2}{5}$ [4]

38 Triangle *ABC* has vertices *A*(–2,1), *B*(5,5), and *C*(–1,–7).
   a Show that $\triangle ABC$ is isosceles.   [4]
   b Find the length of the altitude drawn from *A* to $\overline{BC}$.   [4]
   c Using the results obtained in parts *a* and *b*, find, to the *nearest degree*, the measure of a base angle of this triangle.   [2]

39 The length of one base of a trapezoid is 3 centimeters longer than the length of the other base. The altitude of the trapezoid is twice the length of the shorter base. If the area of the trapezoid is 40 square centimeters, find the length of the longer base to the *nearest tenth of a centimeter.*   [10]

40 Theresa has five mysteries, four adventure stories, and three historical novels. She can choose eight books for her summer reading.
   a What is the total number of different eight-book selections that Theresa can choose?   [2]
   b What is the probability that an eight-book selection will contain three mysteries, two adventure stories, and three historical novels?   [4]
   c What is the probability that an eight-book selection will contain no adventure stories?   [2]
   d What is the probability that an eight-book selection will contain no mysteries?   [2]

GO RIGHT ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Answers to the following questions are to be written on paper provided by the school.
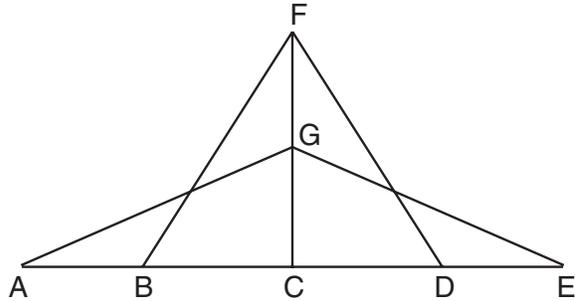
Part III

Answer one question from this part. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Calculations that may be obtained by mental arithmetic or the calculator do not need to be shown. [10]

41 Given: If I do not rollerblade, then I go to the gym.
If I ride my bike and I go to the gym, then I am tired.
I am not tired.
I ride my bike.

Let R represent: "I rollerblade."
Let G represent: "I go to the gym."
Let B represent: "I ride my bike."
Let T represent: "I am tired."

Prove: I rollerblade. [10]

42 Given: $\triangle BFD$, $\triangle AGE$, $\overline{ABCDE}$,
$\angle FBC \cong \angle FDC$, $\overline{CGF}$ bisects $\angle BFD$,
$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{ED}$, and $\angle CGA \cong \angle CGE$.

Prove: $\triangle ACG \cong \triangle ECG$ [10]

The University of the State of New York

<small>REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION</small>

SEQUENTIAL MATH – COURSE II

Thursday, August 16, 2001 — 8:30 to 11:30 a.m., only

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Part I Score	. . . .
Part II Score	. . . .
Part III Score	. . . .
Total Score	. . . .
Rater's Initials:	. . . .

ANSWER SHEET

Student . . . .   Sex: ☐ Male ☐ Female   Grade . . . .

Teacher . . . .   School . . . .

Your answers to Part I should be recorded on this answer sheet.

Part I

Answer 30 questions from this part.

1	11	21	31 . . . .
2	12	22	32 . . . .
3	13	23	33 . . . .
4	14	24	34 . . . .
5	15	25	35 . . . .
6	16	26	
7	17	27	
8	18	28	
9	19	29	
10	20	30	

Your answers for Part II and Part III should be placed on paper provided by the school.

The declaration below should be signed when you have completed the examination.

I do hereby affirm, at the close of this examination, that I had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that I have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination.

—————————————————————
Signature

Math.–Course II–Aug. '01   [7]

[8]

FOR TEACHERS ONLY

The University of the State of New York

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

THREE-YEAR SEQUENCE FOR HIGH SCHOOL MATHEMATICS
COURSE II

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SCORING KEY

Use only *red* ink or *red* pencil in rating Regents papers. Do not attempt to *correct* the student's work by making insertions or changes of any kind. Use checkmarks to indicate student errors.

Unless otherwise specified, mathematically correct variations in the answers will be allowed. Units need not be given when the wording of the questions allows such omissions.

Part I

Allow a total of 60 credits, 2 credits for each of 30 of the following. [If more than 30 are answered, only the first 30 answered should be considered.] Allow no partial credit. For questions 12–35, allow credit if the student has written the correct answer instead of the numeral 1, 2, 3, or 4.

(1) 138	(11) 4	(21) 2	(31) 2
(2) 53	(12) 3	(22) 4	(32) 1
(3) 21	(13) 4	(23) 3	(33) 3
(4) –38	(14) 1	(24) 1	(34) 4
(5) 3	(15) 2	(25) 3	(35) 2
(6) 210	(16) 4	(26) 2	
(7) 11.3	(17) 2	(27) 4	
(8) 2	(18) 3	(28) 1	
(9) (–7,0)	(19) 1	(29) 3	
(10) $3xy(x-2)(x+2)$	(20) 2	(30) 4	

Part II

Please refer to the Department's publication *Guide for Rating Regents Examinations in Mathematics,* 1996 Edition. Care should be exercised in making deductions as to whether the error is purely a mechanical one or due to a violation of some principle. A mechanical error generally should receive a deduction of 10 percent, while an error due to a violation of some cardinal principle should receive a deduction ranging from 30 percent to 50 percent, depending on the relative importance of the principle in the solution of the problem.

(36) (0,2), (–3,–4) [8]
Check [2]

(37) *a* $\dfrac{a+b}{a}$ [4]

 b $\dfrac{6}{x+6}$ [2]

 c –2, 4 [4]

(38) *b* $\sqrt{20}$ [4]

 c 34 [2]

(39) 6.8 [10]

(40) *a* 495 [2]

 b $\dfrac{60}{495}$ [4]

 c $\dfrac{1}{495}$ [2]

 d 0 [2]