

SPANISH EDITION
MATHEMATICS A
MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 2003
1:15 TO 4:15 p.m., only

The University of the State of New York

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

MATEMÁTICAS A

Lunes, 27 de enero, 2003 – de 1:15 a 4:15 p.m., solamente

Escriba su nombre en letras de molde:

Escriba el nombre de su escuela en letras de molde:

Escriba su nombre y el nombre de su escuela en los recuadros de arriba en letras de molde. Después, pase a la última página de este folleto, que es la hoja de respuestas para la Parte I. Doble la última página a lo largo de las perforaciones y, lenta y cuidadosamente, desprenda la hoja de respuestas. Despues rellene el encabezamiento de su hoja de respuestas.

No se permite papel de borrador para ninguna parte de este examen, pero usted puede usar los espacios en blanco en este folleto como papel de borrador. Una hoja perforada de papel de borrador cuadriculado está provista al final de este folleto para cualquier pregunta para la cual sea útil una gráfica aunque no se requiere. Cualquier trabajo que se realice en esta hoja de papel de borrador cuadriculado *no* será calificado. Todo el trabajo debe realizarse con bolígrafo, menos las gráficas y los dibujos, los cuales deben realizarse con lápiz.

Este examen contiene cuatro partes, con un total de 35 preguntas. Usted debe contestar todas las preguntas de este examen. Escriba sus respuestas para las preguntas de selección múltiple de la Parte I en la hoja separada de respuestas. Escriba sus respuestas a las preguntas de las Partes II, III, y IV en este mismo folleto. Indique claramente los pasos necesarios que usted seguirá incluyendo las sustituciones apropiadas de fórmulas, diagramas, gráficas, tablas, etc.

Cuando usted haya terminado el examen, debe firmar la declaración impresa al final de la hoja de respuestas, indicando que usted no tenía ningún conocimiento ilegal de las preguntas o de las respuestas antes del examen y que usted no ha dado ni ha recibido ayuda para contestar ninguna de las preguntas durante el examen. Su hoja de respuestas no puede ser aceptada si usted no firma esta declaración.

Aviso...

Un mínimo de una calculadora científica, una regla, y un compás tienen que estar disponibles para su uso mientras que se examina.

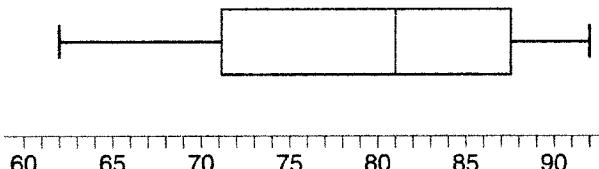
NO ABRA ESTE FOLLETO DE EXAMEN HASTA QUE SE DÉ LA SEÑAL.

Parte I

Conteste todas las preguntas de esta parte. Cada respuesta correcta recibirá 2 puntos. No se permitirá crédito parcial. Apunte sus respuestas en los espacios provistos en la hoja separada de respuestas. [40]

- 1 El diagrama acompañante demuestra un diagrama de caja y línea de las notas de los estudiantes en el examen de mitad del curso de Matemáticas A.

Utilice este espacio para cálculos.



¿Qué es la nota mediana?

- 2 El triángulo $A'B'C'$ es la imagen de ΔABC bajo una dilación tal que $A'B' = 3AB$. Los triángulos ABC y $A'B'C'$ son

- (1) congruentes pero no similares
 - (2) similares pero no congruentes
 - (3) ambos congruentes y similares
 - (4) ni congruentes ni similares

- 3 ¿Cuál es el inverso de la declaración “Si Mike hizo sus deberes, entonces aprobará el examen”?

- (1) Si Mike aprueba el examen, entonces hizo sus deberes.
 - (2) Si Mike no aprueba el examen, entonces no hizo sus deberes.
 - (3) Si Mike no aprueba el examen, entonces solamente hizo la mitad de sus deberes.
 - (4) Si Mike no hizo sus deberes, entonces no aprobará el examen.

- 4 ¿En cuál lista están los números en orden de menor a mayor?

- (1) $3.2, \pi, 3\frac{1}{3}, \sqrt{3}$ (3) $\sqrt{3}, \pi, 3.2, 3\frac{1}{3}$
 (2) $\sqrt{3}, 3.2, \pi, 3\frac{1}{3}$ (4) $3.2, 3\frac{1}{3}, \sqrt{3}, \pi$

- 5 El diagrama acompañante demuestra una transformación.

Utilice este espacio para cálculos.

Figura 1

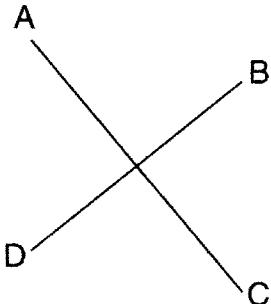
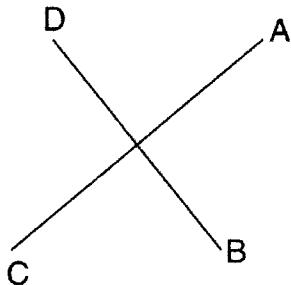


Figura 2



¿Cuál transformación llevada a cabo en la figura 1 resultó en la figura 2?

- 6 El producto de $3x^5$ y $2x^4$ es

- 7 Hay 12 personas en un equipo de básquetbol, y el entrenador necesita escoger a 5 para que entren a un partido. ¿En cuántas distintas maneras posibles puede escoger el entrenador a un equipo de 5 si cada persona tiene la misma posibilidad de ser seleccionada?

- (1) ${}_{12}P_5$ (3) ${}_{12}C_5$
 (2) sP_{12} (4) ${}_5C_{12}$

- 8 Dada la declaración verdadera: "Si una persona tiene el derecho a votar, entonces esa persona es ciudadano(a)." ¿cuál declaración también debe ser verdadera?

- (1) Kayla no es ciudadana; entonces no tiene el derecho a votar.
 - (2) Juan es ciudadano; entonces, tiene el derecho a votar.
 - (3) Marie no tiene derecho a votar; entonces, no es ciudadana.
 - (4) Morgan nunca ha votado; entonces, no es ciudadano.

Utilice este espacio para cálculos.

- 9 La línea P y la línea C yacen en un plano coordenado y tienen inclinaciones iguales. Ninguna línea cruza el segundo o tercer cuadrante. Las líneas P y C deben

- (1) formar un ángulo de 45° (3) ser horizontales
(2) ser perpendiculares (4) ser verticales

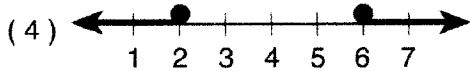
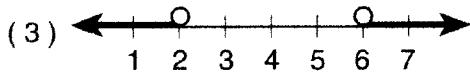
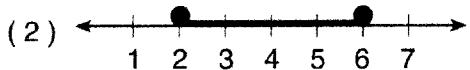
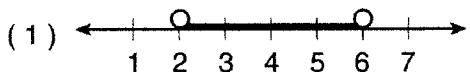
- 10 La ecuación $P = 2L + 2W$ es equivalente a

- (1) $L = \frac{P - 2W}{2}$ (3) $2L = \frac{P}{2W}$
(2) $L = \frac{P + 2W}{2}$ (4) $L = P - W$

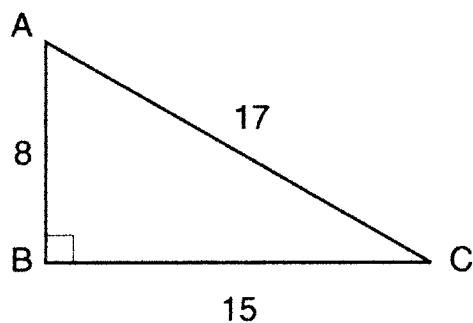
- 11 La suma de $\sqrt{75}$ y $\sqrt{3}$ es

- (1) 15 (3) $6\sqrt{3}$
(2) 18 (4) $\sqrt{78}$

- 12 ¿Cuál gráfico representa el conjunto de solución para $2x - 4 \leq 8$ y $x + 5 \geq 7$?



Utilice este espacio para cálculos.



¿Cuál es el tan $\angle C$?

- (1) $\frac{8}{15}$ (3) $\frac{8}{17}$
 (2) $\frac{17}{15}$ (4) $\frac{15}{17}$

- 17 El lugar geométrico de puntos equidistantes de dos lados de un triángulo agudo escaleno es

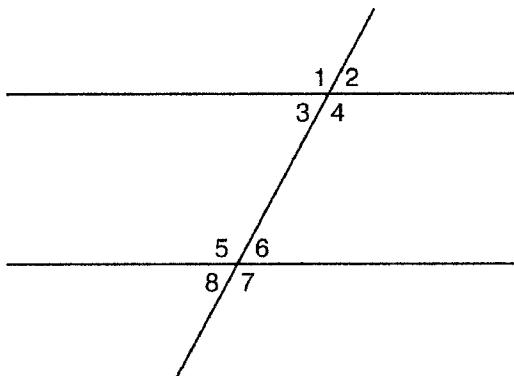
Utilice este espacio para cálculos.

18. ¿Cuáles son los factores de $x^2 - 10x - 24$?

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) $(x - 4)(x + 6)$ | (3) $(x - 12)(x + 2)$ |
| (2) $(x - 4)(x - 6)$ | (4) $(x + 12)(x - 2)$ |

19. ¿Cuál es el valor de $\frac{6.3 \times 10^8}{3 \times 10^4}$ en notación científica?

- 20 En la figura acompañante, ¿cuál es un par de ángulos alternantes interiores?



Parte II

Conteste todas las preguntas de esta parte. Cada respuesta correcta recibirá 2 puntos. Indique claramente los pasos necesarios, incluyendo las sustituciones apropiadas de fórmulas, diagramas, gráficas, tablas, etc. Para todas las preguntas de esta parte, una respuesta numérica correcta sin mostrar el trabajo necesario sólo recibirá 1 punto. [10]

- 21 Si Laquisha puede entrar a la escuela por cualquiera de tres puertas y la escuela tiene dos escaleras para llegar a la segunda planta, ¿en cuántas maneras diferentes puede Laquisha llegar a un cuarto de la segunda planta? Justifique su respuesta al dibujar un diagrama ramificado o al listar un espacio modelo.

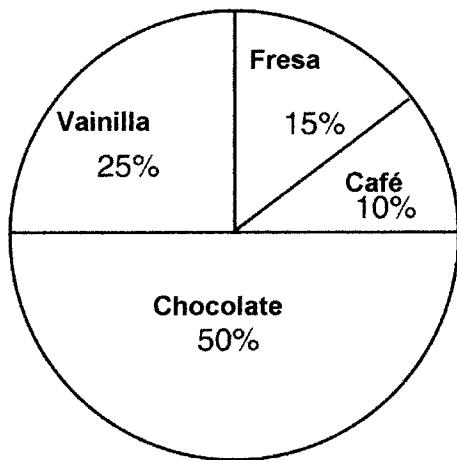
- 22 La población del mundo fue de 4.2 billones (4.2 mil millones) de personas en 1982. La población en 1999 llegó a 6 billones (6 mil millones). Busque el porcentaje de cambio de 1982 a 1999.

- 23 Seis miembros de un equipo *varsity* de tenis de una escuela desfilarán en un desfile. ¿Cuántas maneras diferentes pueden ponerse en fila si Ángela, la capitana del equipo, siempre encabeza la fila?

- 24 Un tanque para peces (un acuario) con una base rectangular tiene un volumen de 3,360 pulgadas cúbicas. La longitud y la anchura del tanque son 14 pulgadas y 12 pulgadas, respectivamente. Busque la altura, en pulgadas, del tanque.

- 25 La clase del Sr. Smith votó sobre su sabor favorito de helado, y los resultados se exponen en el diagrama acompañante. Si hay 20 estudiantes en la clase del Sr. Smith, ¿cuántos estudiantes escogieron helado de sabor café como su sabor favorito?

Sabores Favoritos de Helado



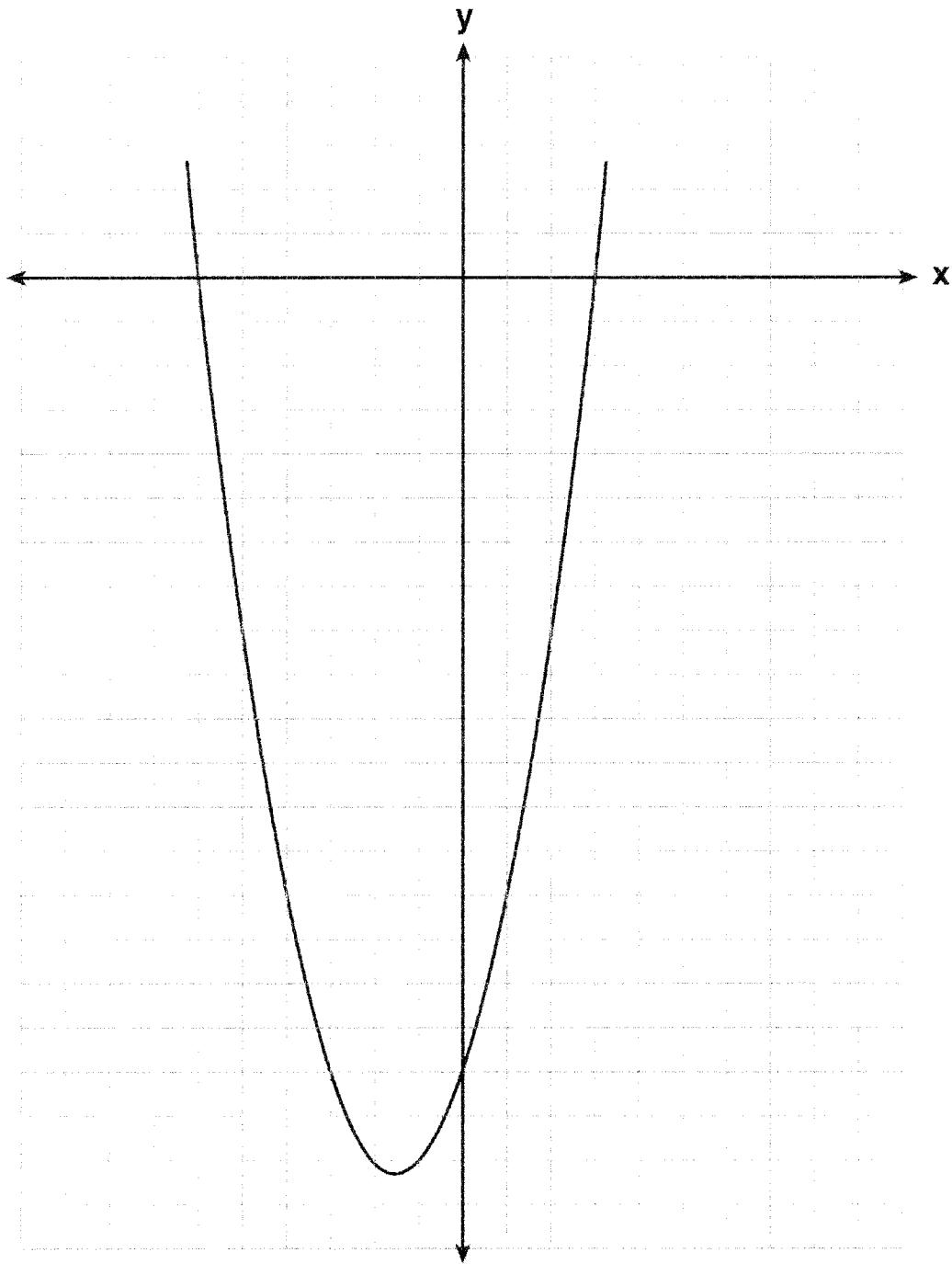
Parte III

Conteste todas las preguntas de esta parte. Cada respuesta correcta recibirá 3 puntos. Indique claramente los pasos necesarios, incluso sustituciones apropiadas de fórmulas, diagramas, gráficas, tablas, etc. Para todas las preguntas de esta parte, una respuesta numérica correcta sin el trabajo necesario demostrado sólo recibirá 1 punto.[15]

- 26 Tres hermanos tienen edades que son números enteros pares y consecutivos. El producto de las edades del primero y el tercero es 20 más que dos veces la edad del segundo hermano. Busque la edad de *cada* uno de los tres hermanos.

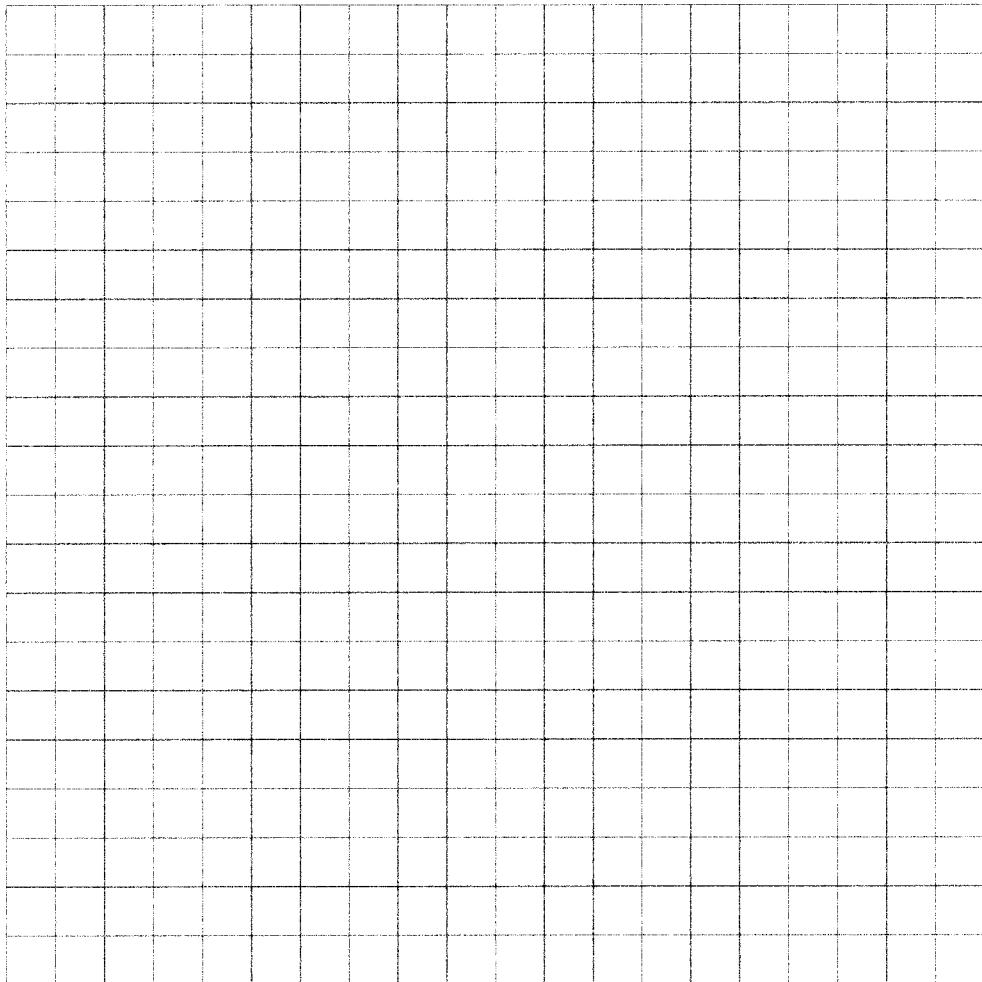
- 27 Arielle tiene una colección de saltamontes y grillos. Tiene 561 insectos en total. El número de saltamontes es dos veces el número de grillos. Busque el número de *cada* tipo de insecto que tiene.

- 28 El gráfico de una ecuación cuadrática está expuesto en el diagrama acompañante. La escala en los ejes es una escala de unidades. Escriba una ecuación de este gráfico en la forma estándard.

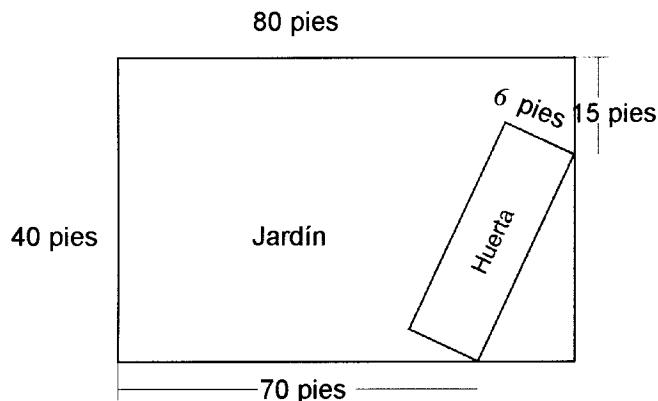


- 29 Actualmente, Tyrone tiene \$60 y su hermana tiene \$135. Ambos reciben una pensión de \$5 cada semana. Tyrone decide ahorrar su pensión completa, pero su hermana gasta toda su pensión cada semana, más \$10 adicionales cada semana. Después de cuántas semanas tendrán la misma cantidad de dinero?
[El uso del cuadriculado en la página siguiente es optativo.]

29 continuado



- 30 Una huerta rectangular se va a sembrar en el jardín rectangular de una persona, tal como expuesto en el diagrama acompañante. Algunas dimensiones del jardín y la anchura de la huerta están provistas. Busque el área de la huerta al *pie más cercano*.

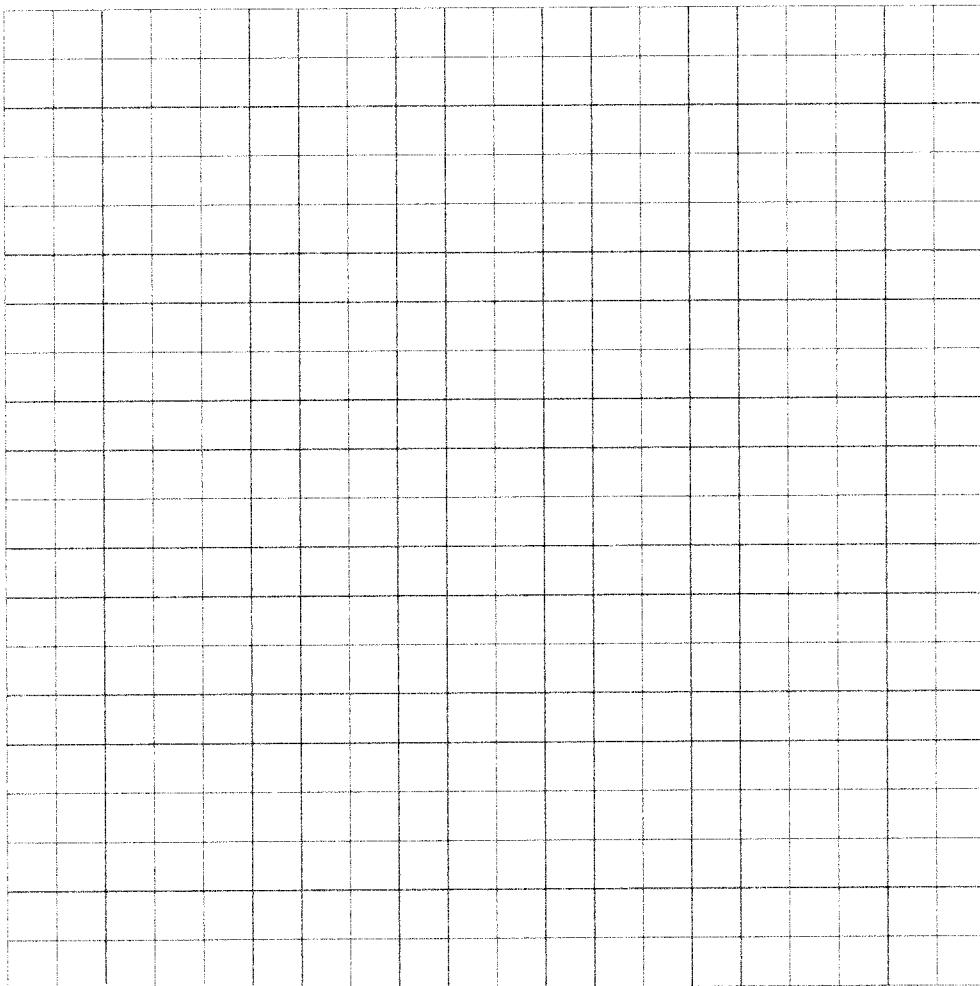


Parte IV

Conteste todas las preguntas de esta parte. Cada respuesta correcta recibirá 4 puntos. Indique claramente los pasos necesarios, incluyendo sustituciones apropiadas de fórmulas, diagramas, gráficas, tablas, etc. Para todas las preguntas de esta parte, una respuesta numérica correcta sin mostrar el trabajo sólo recibirá 1 punto. [20]

- 31 En la Compañía de Tablas de Surf de Phoenix, sacaron \$306,000 en ganancias el año pasado. Estas ganancias fueron compartidas por los cuatro socios en la razón 3:3:5:7. ¿Cuánto dinero *más* ganó el socio con la mayor participación que uno de los socios con la menor participación?
- 32 Alexandra compra dos rosquillas y tres galletas en una tienda de rosquillas y le cobran \$3.30. Briana compra cinco rosquillas y dos galletas en la misma tienda por \$4.95. Todas las rosquillas tienen el mismo precio y todas las galletas tienen el mismo precio. Busque el precio de una rosquilla y busque el precio de una galleta.

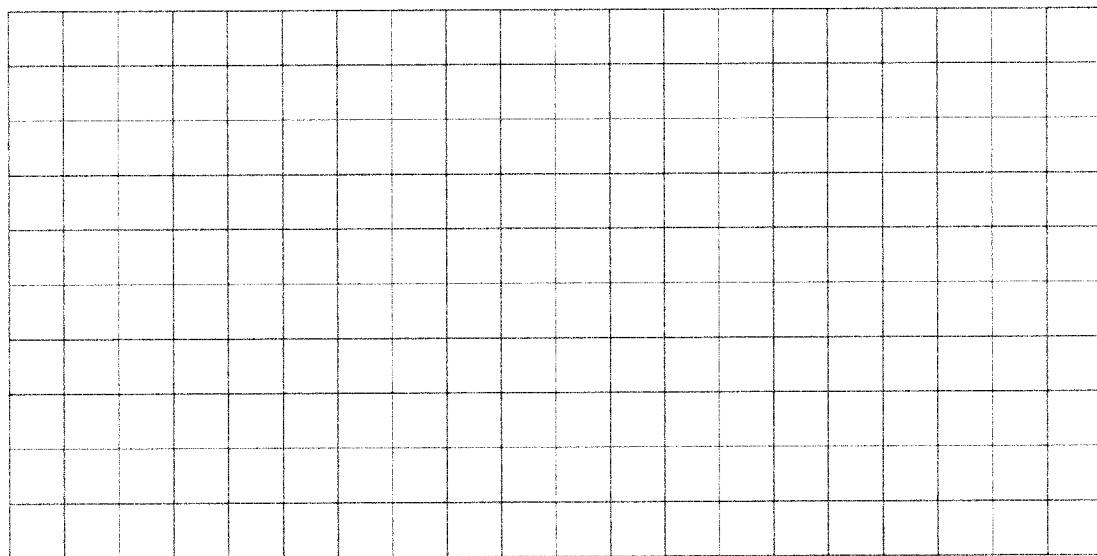
- 33 En el cuadriculado acompañante, dibuje y ponga etiquetas al cuadrilátero $ABCD$ con puntos $A(1,2)$, $B(6,1)$, $C(7,6)$, y $D(3,7)$. En el mismo conjunto de ejes, ubique y ponga etiquetas al cuadrilátero $A'B'C'D'$, la reflexión del cuadrilátero $ABCD$ en el eje y . Determine el área, en unidades cuadradas, del cuadrilátero $A'B'C'D'$.



- 34 Las notas de Sara en matemáticas en un período de calificación eran 85, 72, 97, 81, 77, 93, 100, 75, 86, 70, 96, y 80.

- a Complete la hoja de cuentas y la tabla de frecuencias abajo, y construya y ponga etiquetas a un histograma de frecuencias para las notas de Sara usando el cuadriculado acompañante.

Intervalo (notas)	Cuenta	Frecuencia
61-70		
71-80		
81-90		
91-100		



- b ¿Cuál intervalo contiene la percentile 75 (cuartil superior)?

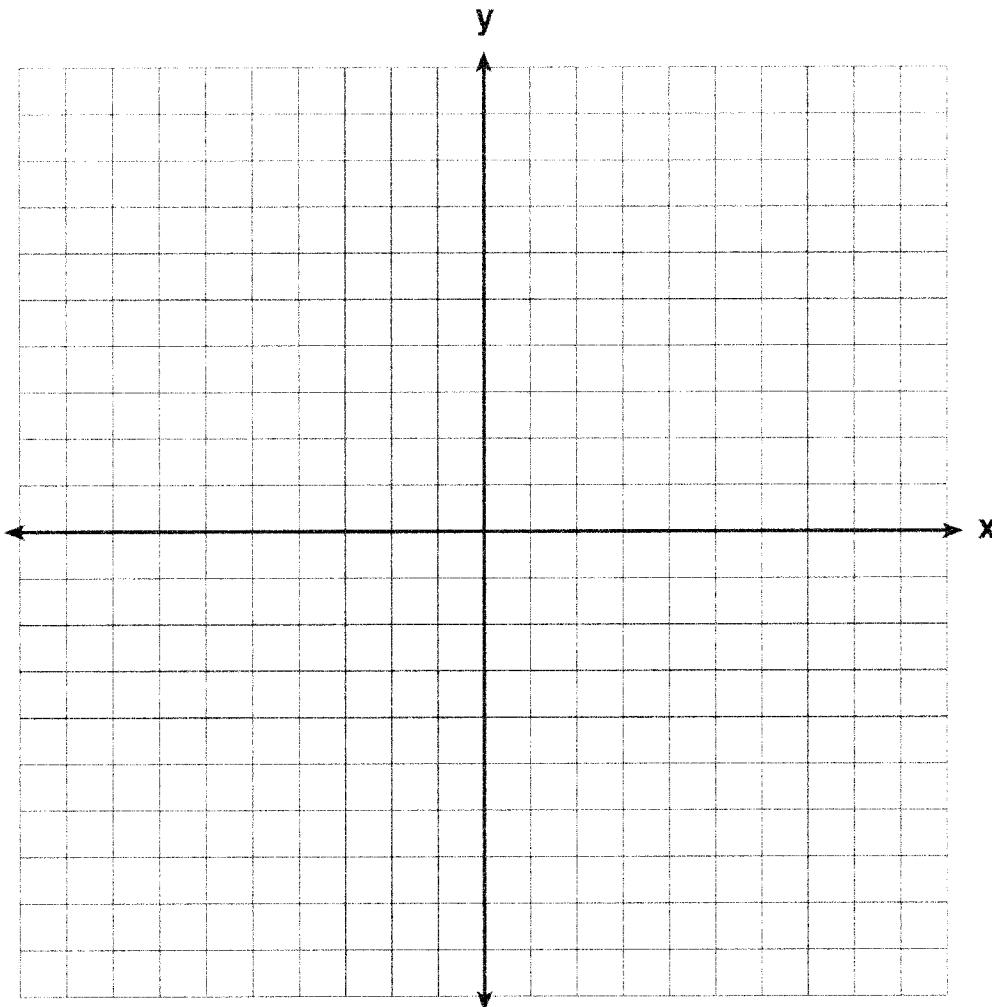
- 35 En el conjunto de ejes acompañante, haga un gráfico y ponga etiquetas a las líneas siguientes:

$$y = 5$$

$$x = -4$$

$$y = \frac{5}{4}x + 5$$

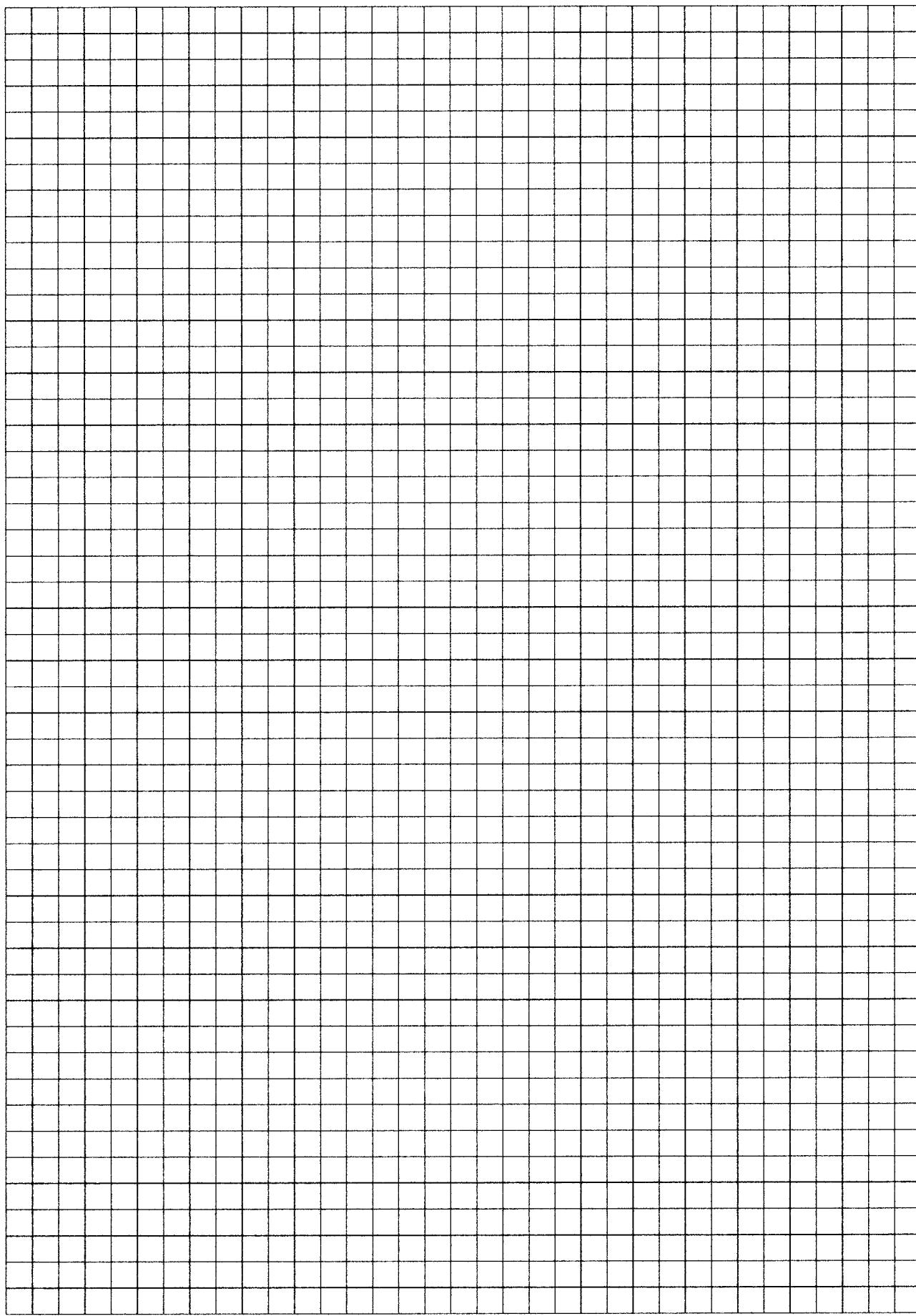
Calcule el área, en unidades cuadradas, del triángulo formado por los tres puntos de intersección



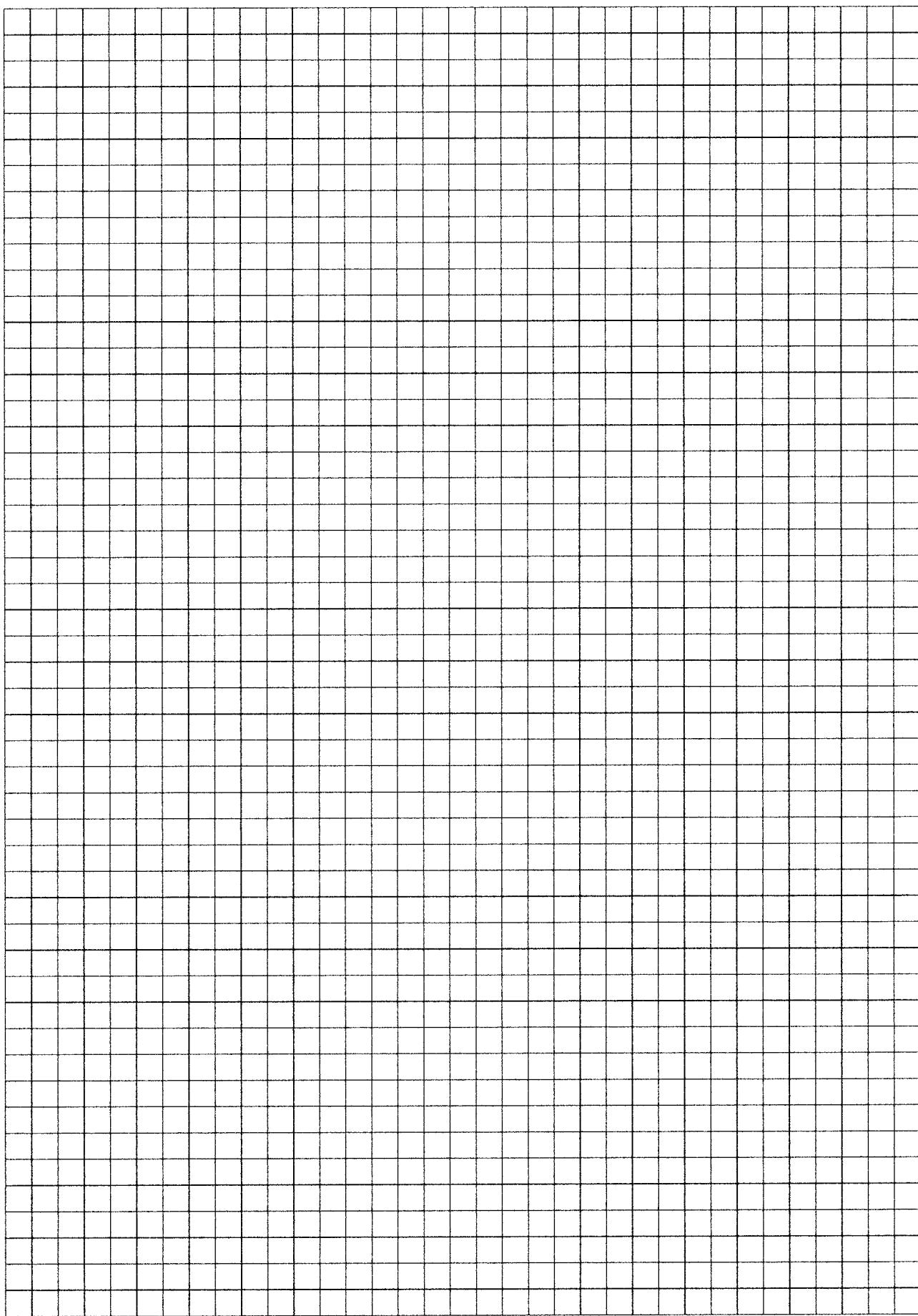
Papel Borrador Cuadriculado – Esta hoja *no* será calificada.

Rompa aquí

Rompa aquí



Papel Borrador Cuadriculado – Esta hoja *no* será calificada.



Rompa aquí

Rompa aquí

The University of the State of New York

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

MATEMÁTICAS A

Lunes, 27 de enero, 2003 – de 1:15 a 4:15 p.m., solamente

HOJA DE RESPUESTAS

Estudiante Sexo: Masculino Femenino Grado

Maestro Escuela

Sus respuestas para la Parte I, deben apuntarlas en esta hoja de respuestas.

Parte I

Conteste todas las 20 preguntas de esta parte.

1	6	11	16
2	7	12	17
3	8	13	18
4	9	14	19
5	10	15	20

Sus respuestas para las Partes II, III, y IV deben escribirse en el folleto del examen.

La declaración abajo debe ser firmada cuando usted haya completado el examen.

Por la presente afirma, al terminarse este examen, que no tenía ningún conocimiento ilegal de las preguntas o de las respuestas antes del examen y que no he dado ni he recibido ayuda en contestar ninguna de las preguntas durante el examen.

Firma

MATHEMATICS A				
Question	Maximum Credit	Credits Earned	Rater's/Scorer's Initials	
Part I 1–20	40			
Part II 21	2			
22	2			
23	2			
24	2			
25	2			
Part III 26	3			
27	3			
28	3			
29	3			
30	3			
Part IV 31	4			
32	4			
33	4			
34	4			
35	4			
Maximum Total	85			
		Total Raw Score	Checked by	Scaled Score

Fear Here

Dear Here

Notes to raters. . .

- Each paper should be scored by a minimum of three raters.
 - The table for converting the total raw score to the scaled score is provided in the scoring key for this examination.
 - The scaled score is the student's final examination score.

FOR TEACHERS ONLY

The University of the State of New York

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

MATHEMATICS A

Monday, January 27, 2003 — 1:15 to 4:15 p.m., only

SCORING KEY

Mechanics of Rating

The following procedures are to be followed for scoring student answer papers for the Mathematics A examination. More detailed information about scoring is provided in the publication *Information Booklet for Administering and Scoring the Regents Examinations in Mathematics A and Mathematics B*.

Use only *red* ink or *red* pencil in rating Regents papers. Do *not* attempt to correct the student's work by making insertions or changes of any kind. Use checkmarks to indicate student errors.

Unless otherwise specified, mathematically correct variations in the answers will be allowed. Units need not be given when the wording of the questions allows such omissions.

Each student's answer paper is to be scored by a minimum of three mathematics teachers. On the back of the student's detachable answer sheet, raters must enter their initials in the boxes next to the questions they have scored and also write their name in the box under the heading "Rater's/Scorer's Name."

Raters should record the student's scores for all questions and the total raw score on the student's detachable answer sheet. Then the student's total raw score should be converted to a scaled score by using the conversion chart printed at the end of this key. The student's scaled score should be entered in the box provided on the student's detachable answer sheet. The scaled score is the student's final examination score.

Part I

Allow a total of 40 credits, 2 credits for each of the following. Allow credit if the student has written the correct answer instead of the numeral 1, 2, 3, or 4.

(1) 3

(6) 3

(11) 3

(16) 1

(2) 2

(7) 3

(12) 2

(17) 1

(3) 4

(8) 1

(13) 2

(18) 3

(4) 3

(9) 4

(14) 4

(19) 4

(5) 1

(10) 1

(15) 2

(20) 2

Part II

For each question, use the specific criteria to award a maximum of two credits.

- (21) [2] 6, and a correct tree diagram is drawn or sample space is listed.

[1] A correct tree diagram is drawn or sample space is listed, but no answer or an incorrect answer is found.

or

[1] An appropriate answer is found, based on an incorrect tree diagram or sample space.

or

[1] 6, but no tree diagram is drawn or sample space is listed.

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (22) [2] 42.85714286 or an equivalent answer, and appropriate work is shown.

[1] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational or rounding error is made.

or

[1] An answer of 30 is found by dividing 1.8 by 6.

or

[1] An answer of 70 is found by dividing 4.2 by 6.

or

[1] 42.85714286 or an equivalent answer, but no work is shown.

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (23) [2] 120, and appropriate work is shown, such as $1 \bullet 5 \bullet 4 \bullet 3 \bullet 2 \bullet 1$.

[1] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.

or

[1] 720 and ${}_6P_6$ or $6!$ is shown.

or

[1] 120, but no work is shown.

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

MATHEMATICS A – *continued*

- (24) [2] 20, and appropriate work is shown, such as $3,360 \div (14 \times 12)$.
- [1] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.
or
[1] 20, but no work is shown.
- [0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.
- (25) [2] 2, and appropriate work is shown.
- [1] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.
or
[1] Appropriate work is shown to find the number of students for any flavor other than coffee.
or
[1] 2, but no work is shown.
- [0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.
-

Part III

For each question, use the specific criteria to award a maximum of three credits.

- (26) [3] 4, 6, and 8, and appropriate work is shown, such as the correct quadratic equation or trial and error with at least three trials and appropriate checks.

- [2] The correct quadratic equation is solved, but one computational error is made, but three appropriate ages are listed.

or

- [2] The correct quadratic equation is solved, but the negative root is not rejected, but three appropriate ages are listed.

or

- [2] The correct quadratic equation is solved, but only one age is found.

or

- [2] The trial-and-error method is used to find a correct solution, but only two trials and appropriate checks are shown.

- [1] An incorrect equation of lesser difficulty is solved appropriately, and the three ages are listed.

or

- [1] An incorrect quadratic equation of equal difficulty is solved appropriately, and the three ages are listed.

or

- [1] The correct quadratic equation is shown, but more than one computational error is made.

or

- [1] The correct quadratic equation is shown, but no further correct work is shown.

or

- [1] 4, 6, and 8, but no work or only one trial with an appropriate check is shown.

- [0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (27) [3] 374 grasshoppers and 187 crickets, and appropriate work is shown.

[2] An appropriate equation is solved or appropriate work is shown, but only one correct answer is found, or two correct answers are found but they are not identified clearly as grasshoppers or crickets, or the grasshoppers and crickets are labeled incorrectly.

or

[2] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.

[1] Appropriate work is shown, but more than one computational error is made.

or

[1] An incorrect equation of equal difficulty is solved appropriately.

or

[1] 374 grasshoppers and 187 crickets, but no work is shown.

[0] 374 and 187, but no work is shown, and the answers are not identified clearly as grasshoppers or crickets.

or

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (28) [3] $y = x^2 + 3x - 18$, and appropriate work leading from the roots to the equation is shown.

[2] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.

or

[2] $x^2 + 3x - 18 = 0$, but appropriate work is shown.

or

[2] Only the correct factors $(x + 6)$ and $(x - 3)$ are shown.

[1] Appropriate work is shown, but more than one computational error is made.

or

[1] Only the roots -6 and 3 are shown, such as $x = -6, x = 3$.

or

[1] $y = x^2 + 3x - 18$, but no work is shown.

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

MATHEMATICS A – *continued*

- (29) [3] 5, and appropriate work is shown, such as the equation $60 + 5x = 135 - 10x$, or trial and error with at least three trials and appropriate checks, or a graph.

[2] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational or graphing error is made.

or

[2] The trial-and-error method is used to find a correct solution, but only two trials and appropriate checks are shown.

[1] Appropriate work is shown, but more than one computational or graphing error is made.

or

[1] 5, but no work or only one trial with an appropriate check is shown.

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (30) [3] 162, and appropriate work is shown.

[2] The Pythagorean theorem is used correctly to find the hypotenuse, but the result is not multiplied by 6.

or

[2] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational or rounding error is made.

[1] Appropriate work is shown, but more than one computational or rounding error is made.

or

[1] 162, but no work is shown.

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

Part IV

For each question, use the specific criteria to award a maximum of four credits.

(31) [4] \$68,000, and appropriate work is shown.

[3] \$119,000 and \$51,000, and appropriate work is shown, but the answers are not subtracted to find the difference.

or

[3] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.

[2] Appropriate work is shown, but more than one computational error is made.

[1] The value for one share (\$17,000) is found, but no further correct work is shown.

or

[1] \$68,000, but no work is shown.

[0] \$17,000 or \$119,000 or \$51,000, and no work is shown.

or

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

MATHEMATICS A – *continued*

- (32) [4] One doughnut is \$0.75 and one cookie is \$0.60, and appropriate work is shown, such as a system of equations, trial and error with at least three trials and appropriate checks, or a table.

[3] Appropriate work is shown, but one computational error is made.

or

[3] Appropriate work is shown, but only one correct answer is found, or two correct answers are found, but they are not identified clearly as doughnuts or cookies, or the doughnuts and cookies are labeled incorrectly.

[2] Appropriate work is shown, but more than one computational error is made.

or

[2] Two equations are written, one correct and one incorrect, but two appropriate answers are found.

or

[2] The trial-and-error method is used to find a correct solution, but only two trials and appropriate checks are shown.

[1] Two correct equations are written, but no further correct work is shown.

or

[1] One doughnut is \$0.75 and one cookie is \$0.60, but no work or only one trial with an appropriate check is shown.

[0] One correct equation is shown, and no answer or only one appropriate answer is found.

or

[0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (33) [4] Quadrilaterals $ABCD$ and $A'B'C'D'$ are drawn and labeled correctly and 24 is found as the area, and appropriate work is shown.

- [3] One graphing error is made in the transformation, but an appropriate area of $A'B'C'D'$ is found.

or

- [3] Correct quadrilaterals are drawn and labeled, but one computational error is made in determining the area.

or

- [3] Quadrilaterals $ABCD$ and $A'B'C'D'$ are drawn correctly and 24 is found as the area, but the vertices are not labeled.

- [2] Correct quadrilaterals are drawn and labeled, but no further correct work is shown.

or

- [2] One conceptual error is made, such as reflecting in the x -axis, but the correct area is found.

- [1] 24, but no work is shown.

- [0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

- (34) *a* [3] The frequency table is completed correctly, and a histogram is drawn with a correct scale and is labeled correctly.

- [2] One or two errors are made in the frequency table, but an appropriate histogram is drawn.

or

- [2] The frequency table is completed correctly, but one error is made in drawing the histogram.

- [1] A correct histogram is drawn, but the frequency table is not completed.

- b* [1] The interval 91–100 is identified as containing the 75th percentile.

or

- [1] The appropriate interval is identified, based on an incorrect frequency table in part *a*.

a and *b*

- [0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.

MATHEMATICS A – *concluded*

- (35) [4] All lines are graphed and labeled correctly and area = 10, and appropriate work is shown.
- [3] The lines are graphed and labeled correctly, but the area of the triangle is missing or is incorrect.
- or*
- [3] One of the lines is graphed incorrectly, but the area for the given triangle is found appropriately.
- [2] One of the lines is graphed incorrectly, and the area of the triangle is missing or is incorrect.
- [1] Only one line is graphed and labeled correctly, and no further correct work is shown.
- or*
- [1] All three lines are graphed incorrectly, but the area for the given triangle is found appropriately.
- or*
- [1] Area = 10, but no work is shown.
- [0] A zero response is completely incorrect, irrelevant, or incoherent or is a correct response that was obtained by an obviously incorrect procedure.
-

MATHEMATICS A

Map to Learning Standards

Key Ideas	Item Numbers
Mathematical Reasoning	3, 8
Number and Numeration	4, 14
Operations	2, 5, 6, 11, 18, 19, 26
Modeling/Multiple Representation	10, 12, 13, 17, 20, 24, 29, 33
Measurement	1, 15, 16, 22, 25, 30, 31, 34
Uncertainty	7, 21, 23
Patterns/Functions	9, 27, 28, 32, 35

Regents Examination in Mathematics A

January 2003

Chart for Converting Total Test Raw Scores to Final Examination Scores (Scaled Scores)

Raw Score	Scaled Score	Raw Score	Scaled Score	Raw Score	Scaled Score
85	100	56	69	27	35
84	99	55	68	26	34
83	98	54	67	25	33
82	97	53	66	24	32
81	96	52	65	23	30
80	95	51	64	22	29
79	94	50	63	21	28
78	93	49	61	20	27
77	92	48	60	19	25
76	91	47	59	18	24
75	90	46	58	17	23
74	89	45	57	16	22
73	88	44	56	15	20
72	87	43	55	14	19
71	86	42	53	13	18
70	84	41	52	12	16
69	83	40	51	11	15
68	82	39	50	10	14
67	81	38	49	9	12
66	80	37	48	8	11
65	79	36	46	7	10
64	78	35	45	6	8
63	77	34	44	5	7
62	76	33	43	4	6
61	75	32	42	3	4
60	74	31	40	2	3
59	73	30	39	1	1
58	72	29	38	0	0
57	70	28	37		

To determine the student's final examination score, find the student's total test raw score in the column labeled "Raw Score" and then locate the scaled score that corresponds to that raw score. The scaled score is the student's final examination score. Enter this score in the space labeled "Scaled Score" on the student's answer sheet.

All student answer papers that receive a scaled score of 60 through 64 **must** be scored a second time. For the second scoring, a different committee of teachers may score the student's paper or the original committee may score the paper, except that no teacher may score the same open-ended questions that he/she scored in the first rating of the paper. The school principal is responsible for assuring that the student's final examination score is based on a fair, accurate, and reliable scoring of the student's answer paper.

Because scaled scores corresponding to raw scores in the conversion chart may change from one examination to another, it is crucial that for each administration, the conversion chart provided in the scoring key for that administration be used to determine the student's final score. The chart above is usable only for this administration of the mathematics A examination.