JMAP REGENTS BY TYPE

The NY Algebra II Regents Exams Questions from Spring 2015 to August 2024 Sorted by Type

www.jmap.org

.

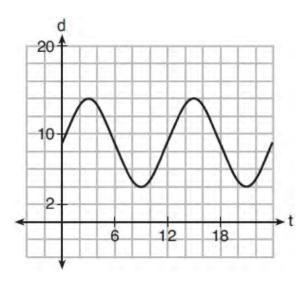
Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions

1 The cost, in dollars, of a single-ride fare in the New York City subway in the years since 1904 is listed in the table below.

| Years since 1904 (x) | 0 | 49 | 72 | 91 | 99 | 111 |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Fare (y) | \$0.05 | \$0.15 | \$0.50 | \$1.50 | \$2.00 | \$2.75 |

Which equation best models the cost of a single-ride fare based on these data?

- 1) $y = 0.0375(1.0392)^x$ 3) y = 0.0234x 0.487
- 2) $y = 1.0392(0.0375)^x$ 4) $y = -0.179 + 0.356 \ln(x)$
- 2 The depth of the water at a marker 20 feet from the shore in a bay is depicted in the graph below.



If the depth, d, is measured in feet and time, t, is measured in hours since midnight, what is an equation for the depth of the water at the marker?

1) $d = 5\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 9$ 2) $d = 9\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$

3)
$$d = 9\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$$

4)
$$d = 5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 9$$

- 3 What is the equation of the directrix for the parabola -8(y 3) = (x + 4)²?
 1) y = 5
 2) y = 1
 - 3) y = -24) y = -6
- 4 The volume of a cardboard box can be modeled by V(x), which is the product of the length, width, and height, *x*. If the length can be represented by L(x) = 18 2x and the width can be represented by W(x) = 18 2x, then which function represents V(x)?
 - 1) $V(x) = 4x^2 72x + 324$

2)
$$V(x) = 4x^3 - 72x^2 + 324x$$

- $3) \quad V(x) = -3x + 36$
- 4) $V(x) = 4x^3 + 324x$
- 5 The graphs of the equations $y = x^2 + 4x 1$ and y + 3 = x are drawn on the same set of axes. One solution of this system is
 - 1) (-5,-2)
 - 2) (-1,-4)
 - 3) (1,4)
 - 4) (-2,-1)

6 Which function's graph has a period of 8 and reaches a maximum height of 1 if at least one full period is graphed?

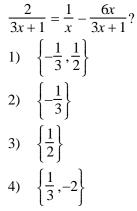
1)
$$y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - 3$$

2)
$$y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) + 5$$

3)
$$y = -4\cos(8x) - 3$$

4)
$$y = -4\cos(8x) + 5$$

7 What is the solution set of the equation

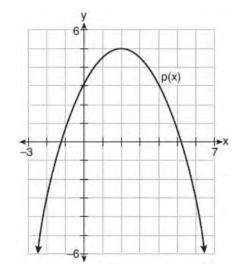


- 8 The function $N(t) = 100e^{-0.023t}$ models the number of grams in a sample of cesium-137 that remain after *t* years. On which interval is the sample's average rate of decay the fastest?
 - 1) [1,10]
 - 2) [10,20]
 - 3) [15,25]
 - 4) [1,30]
- 9 Which statement is true about the graph of $(1)^{x}$

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) ?$$

- 1) The graph is always increasing.
- 2) The graph is always decreasing.
- 3) The graph passes through (1,0).
- 4) The graph has an asymptote, x = 0.

10 Consider $f(x) = 4x^2 + 6x - 3$, and p(x) defined by the graph below.



The difference between the values of the maximum of p and minimum of f is

- 1) 0.25
- 2) 1.25
- 3) 3.25
- 4) 10.25
- 11 There are 440 students at Thomas Paine High School enrolled in U.S. History. On the April report card, the students' grades are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 79 and a standard deviation of 7. Students who earn a grade less than or equal to 64.9 must attend summer school. The number of students who must attend summer school for U.S. History is closest to 1) 3
 - 1) 2)
 - 2) 5
 3) 10
 - 4) 22

- 12 If $n = \sqrt{a^5}$ and m = a, where a > 0, an expression for $\frac{n}{m}$ could be 1) $a^{\frac{5}{2}}$ 2) a^4 3) $\sqrt[3]{a^2}$
 - 4) $\sqrt{a^3}$
- 13 Written in simplest form, $\frac{c^2 d^2}{d^2 + cd 2c^2}$ where
 - $c \neq d$, is equivalent to

1)
$$\frac{c+d}{d+2c}$$

2)
$$\frac{c-d}{d+2c}$$

2)
$$\frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$$

3)
$$\overline{d+2c}$$

4) $\overline{-c+d}$

- 4) d+2c
- 14 The probability of having math homework is $\frac{1}{3}$ and the probability of having English homework is $\frac{1}{7}$. The probability of having math homework or having English homework is $\frac{9}{21}$. What is the probability of having math homework and having **English homework?** $\frac{19}{21}$ 1)

 - $\frac{1}{5}$ 2)
 - 3)

 - $\frac{10}{21}$ 4)

15 To solve the equation $\frac{7}{x+7} + \frac{4x}{x-7} = \frac{3x+7}{x-7}$,

Joan's first step is to multiply both sides by the least common denominator. Which statement is true?

- -14 is an extraneous solution. 1)
- 7 and -7 are extraneous solutions. 2)
- 7 is an extraneous solution. 3)
- 4) There are no extraneous solutions.
- 16 A study of black bears in the Adirondacks reveals that their population can be represented by the function $P(t) = 3500(1.025)^t$, where *t* is the number of years since the study began. Which function is correctly rewritten to reveal the monthly growth rate of the black bear population?

1)
$$P(t) = 3500(1.00206)^{12t}$$

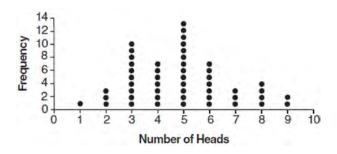
2)
$$P(t) = 3500(1.00206)^{\frac{t}{12}}$$

3)
$$P(t) = 3500(1.34489)^{12t}$$

4)
$$P(t) = 3500(1.34489)^{\frac{1}{12}}$$

- The profit function, p(x), for a company is the cost 17 function, c(x), subtracted from the revenue function, r(x). The profit function for the Acme Corporation is $p(x) = -0.5x^2 + 250x - 300$ and the revenue function is $r(x) = -0.3x^2 + 150x$. The cost function for the Acme Corporation is
 - 1) $c(x) = 0.2x^2 100x + 300$
 - 2) $c(x) = 0.2x^2 + 100x + 300$
 - 3) $c(x) = -0.2x^2 + 100x 300$
 - 4) $c(x) = -0.8x^2 + 400x 300$

18 The results of simulating tossing a coin 10 times, recording the number of heads, and repeating this 50 times are shown in the graph below.



Based on the results of the simulation, which statement is *false*?

- 1) Five heads occurred most often, which is consistent with the theoretical probability of obtaining a heads.
- 2) Eight heads is unusual, as it falls outside the middle 95% of the data.
- 3) Obtaining three heads or fewer occurred 28% of the time.
- 4) Seven heads is not unusual, as it falls within the middle 95% of the data.
- 19 If x 1 is a factor of $x^3 kx^2 + 2x$, what is the value of *k*?
 - 1) 0
 - 2) 2
 - 3) 3
 - 4) -3

20 Which expression is equivalent to

 $(x+3)^2 + 4(x+3) - 5?$

- 1) (x+5)(x-1)
- 2) (x+8)(x+2)

3)
$$(x-2)(x+4)$$

4) $x^2 + 4x + 16$

21 The graph of which function has a period of 3?

1)
$$y = -7\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}x\right) - 5$$

2)
$$y = -7\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}x\right) + 9$$

- 3) $y = -7\sin(3x) 5$
- $4) \quad y = 3\sin(\pi x) + 9$
- 22 Stephanie found that the number of white-winged cross bills in an area can be represented by the formula $C = 550(1.08)^t$, where *t* represents the number of years since 2010. Which equation correctly represents the number of white-winged cross bills in terms of the monthly rate of population growth?
 - 1) $C = 550(1.00643)^t$

2)
$$C = 550(1.00643)^{12t}$$

3)
$$C = 550(1.00643)^{\overline{12}}$$

- 4) $C = 550(1.00643)^{t+12}$
- 23 If A = -3 + 5i, B = 4 2i, and C = 1 + 6i, where *i* is the imaginary unit, then A BC equals

t

- 1) 5-17i
- 2) 5+27i
- 3) -19 17i
- 4) -19 + 27i
- 24 The seventh term of the geometric sequence $\sqrt{6}, -2\sqrt{3}, 2\sqrt{6}, -4\sqrt{3}...$ is 1) $6\sqrt{6}$ 2) $-6\sqrt{3}$ 3) $8\sqrt{6}$ 4) $-8\sqrt{3}$

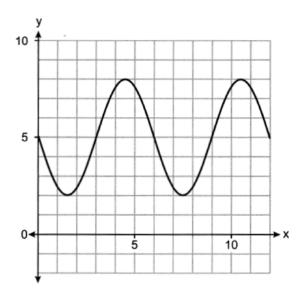
25 The populations of two small towns at the beginning of 2018 and their annual population growth rate are shown in the table below.

| Town | Population | Annual Population Growth Rate |
|--------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| Jonesville | 1240 | 6% increase |
| Williamstown | 890 | 11% increase |

Assuming the trend continues, approximately how many years after the beginning of 2018 will it take for the populations to be equal?

- 1)
 7
 3)
 68

 2)
 20
 4)
 125
- 26 Which equation is graphed in the diagram below?



1)
$$y = -3\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}x\right) + 5$$

2) $y = -3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}x\right) + 5$
3) $y = -5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}x\right) + 3$

4)
$$y = -5\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}x\right) + 3$$

- 27 If $p(x) = 2\ln(x) 1$ and $m(x) = \ln(x+6)$, then what is the solution for p(x) = m(x)?
 - 1) 1.65
 - 2) 3.14
 - 3) 5.62
 - 4) no solution
- 28 The scores on a mathematics college-entry exam are normally distributed with a mean of 68 and standard deviation 7.2. Students scoring higher than one standard deviation above the mean will not be enrolled in the mathematics tutoring program. How many of the 750 incoming students can be expected to be enrolled in the tutoring program?
 - 1) 631
 - 2) 512
 - 3) 238
 - 4) 119
- 29 After examining the functions $f(x) = \ln(x+2)$ and $g(x) = e^{x-1}$ over the interval (-2,3], Lexi

determined that the correct number of solutions to the equation f(x) = g(x) is

- 1) 1
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) 0

30 For x > 0, which expression is equivalent to

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{x^5}}{\sqrt[6]{x}}?$$
1) x
2) x³
3) x³

4)
$$x^{10}$$

- 31 Given y > 0, the expression $\sqrt{3x^2y} \cdot \sqrt[3]{27x^3y^2}$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $81x^5y^3$
 - 2) $3^{1.5}x^2y$
 - 3) $3^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2y^{\frac{5}{3}}$
 - 4) $3^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2}y^{\frac{7}{6}}$
- Mr. Zachary posts review assignments on the Betamath website for his students. On his last test, 49% of his students used Betamath and passed. Overall, 68% of his students used Betamath. Approximately what percentage of Mr. Zachary's students passed, given that they used Betamath?
 - 1) 19%
 - 2) 32%
 - 3) 33%
 - 4) 72%
- 33 Suppose two sets of test scores have the same mean, but different standard deviations, σ_1 and σ_2 , with $\sigma_2 > \sigma_1$. Which statement best describes the variability of these data sets?
 - 1) Data set one has the greater variability.
 - 2) Data set two has the greater variability.
 - 3) The variability will be the same for each data set.
 - 4) No conclusion can be made regarding the variability of either set.

34 Which equation represents the equation of the parabola with focus (-3, 3) and directrix y = 7?

1)
$$y = \frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 - 5$$

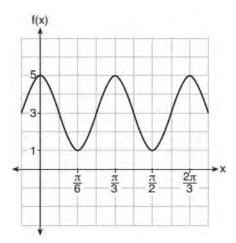
2) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 5$
3) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 + 5$
4) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 5$

- 35 The parabola with equation $12(y+1) = (x-4)^2$ has
 - 1) a vertex at (4,2)
 - 2) a focus at (4,-1)
 - 3) a directrix y = -4
 - 4) four units between the focus and vertex

36 Where *i* is the imaginary unit, the expression $(x+3i)^2 - (2x-3i)^2$ is equivalent to 1) $-3x^2$

- 2) $-3x^2 18$
- 3) $-3x^2 + 18xi$
- 4) $-3x^2 6xi 18$
- 37 What is the quotient when $10x^3 3x^2 7x + 3$ is divided by 2x 1?
 - 1) $5x^2 + x + 3$
 - 2) $5x^2 x + 3$
 - 3) $5x^2 x 3$
 - 4) $5x^2 + x 3$
- 38 Given $f(x) = x^4 + x^3 3x^2 + 9x 108$ and f(3) = 0, which values satisfy f(x) = 0?
 - 1) -4, 3 only
 - 2) -3,4 only
 - 3) ±3*i*,-4,3
 - 4) $\pm 3i, -3, 4$

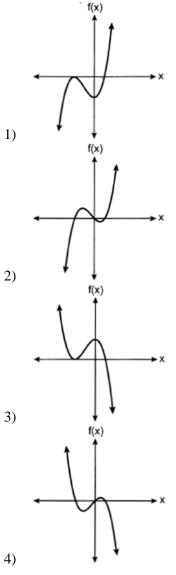
39 The function $f(x) = a \cos bx + c$ is plotted on the graph shown below.



What are the values of *a*, *b*, and *c*?

- 1) a = 2, b = 6, c = 3
- 2) a = 2, b = 3, c = 1
- 3) a = 4, b = 6, c = 5
- 4) $a = 4, b = \frac{\pi}{3}, c = 3$
- 40 Which situation could be modeled using a geometric sequence?
 - 1) A cell phone company charges \$30.00 per month for 2 gigabytes of data and \$12.50 for each additional gigabyte of data.
 - The temperature in your car is 79°. You lower the temperature of your air conditioning by 2° every 3 minutes in order to find a comfortable temperature.
 - 3) David's parents have set a limit of 50 minutes per week that he may play online games during the school year. However, they will increase his time by 5% per week for the next ten weeks.
 - 4) Sarah has \$100.00 in her piggy bank and saves an additional \$15.00 each week.

41 Which graph best represents the graph of $f(x) = (x + a)^2(x - b)$, where *a* and *b* are positive real numbers?



42 Which expression is equivalent to $x^8 - y^8$?

- 1) $(x-y)^{8}$ 2) $(x^{2}+y^{2})^{2}(x^{2}-y^{2})^{2}$ 3) $(x^{4}+y^{4})(x^{2}+y^{2})(x+y)(x-y)$
- 4) $(x+y)^4(x-y)^4$

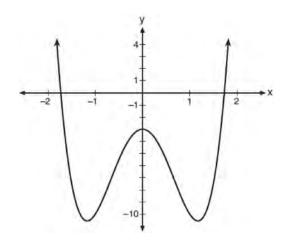
43 Selected values for the functions f and g are shown in the tables below.

| X | f(x) | X | g(x) |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| -3.12 | -4.88 | -2.01 | -1.01 |
| 0 | -6 | 0 | 0.58 |
| 1.23 | -4.77 | 8.52 | 2.53 |
| 8.52 | 2.53 | 13.11 | 3.01 |
| 9.01 | 3.01 | 16.52 | 3.29 |

A solution to the equation f(x) = g(x) is

| 1) | 0 | 3) | 3.01 |
|----|------|----|------|
| 2) | 2.53 | 4) | 8.52 |

44 Consider the function $p(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 - 5x$ and the graph of y = m(x) below.



Which statement is true?

- 1) p(x) has three real roots and m(x) has two real roots.
- 2) p(x) has one real root and m(x) has two real roots.
- 3) p(x) has two real roots and m(x) has three real roots.
- 4) p(x) has three real roots and m(x) has four real roots.

- 45 A veterinary pharmaceutical company plans to test a new drug to treat a common intestinal infection among puppies. The puppies are randomly assigned to two equal groups. Half of the puppies will receive the drug, and the other half will receive a placebo. The veterinarians monitor the puppies. This is an example of which study method?
 - 1) census
 - 2) observational study
 - 3) survey
 - 4) controlled experiment

46 For positive values of *x*, which expression is

equivalent to
$$\sqrt{16x^2} \cdot x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt[3]{8x^5}$$

1)
$$6\sqrt{x}$$

2) $6\sqrt[3]{x^5}$
3) $4\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{x^5}$

4) $4\sqrt{x^3} + 2\sqrt[5]{x^3}$

47 Consider the probability statements regarding events *A* and *B* below.

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.3;$$

 $P(A \text{ and } B) = 0.2;$ and
 $P(A|B) = 0.8$

What is P(B)?

- 1) 0.1
- 2) 0.25
- 3) 0.375
- 4) 0.667
- 48 The equations y = 3t + 6 and $y = (1.82)^t$ approximately model the growth of two separate populations where t > 0. What is the best approximation of the time, *t*, at which the populations are the same?
 - 1) -1.9
 - 2) 0.3
 - 3) 5.1
 - 4) 21.3
- 49 Which expression can be rewritten as (x+7)(x-1)?
 - 1) $(x+3)^2 16$
 - 2) $(x+3)^2 10(x+3) 2(x+3) + 20$

3)
$$\frac{(x-1)(x^2-6x-7)}{(x+1)}$$

4)
$$\frac{(x+7)(x^2+4x+3)}{(x+1)}$$

(x + 3)
$$(x + 3)$$

50 Which expression is equivalent to

$$\frac{2x^{4} + 8x^{3} - 25x^{2} - 6x + 14}{x + 6}?$$
1) $2x^{3} + 4x^{2} + x - 12 + \frac{86}{x + 6}$
2) $2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - x + 14$
3) $2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - x + \frac{14}{x + 6}$
4) $2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - x$

51 Robert is buying a car that costs \$22,000. After a down payment of \$4000, he borrows the remainder from a bank, a six year loan at 6.24% annual interest rate. The following formula can be used to calculate his monthly loan payment.

 $R = \frac{(P)(i)}{1 - (1 + i)^{-t}}$ R = monthly payment P = loan amount i = monthly interest ratet = time, in months

Robert's monthly payment will be

- 1) \$298.31
- 2) \$300.36
- 3) \$307.35
- 4) \$367.10
- 52 A manufacturing plant produces two different-sized containers of peanuts. One container weighs x ounces and the other weighs y pounds. If a gift set can hold one of each size container, which expression represents the number of gift sets needed to hold 124 ounces?

1)
$$\frac{124}{16x + y}$$

2) $\frac{x + 16y}{124}$
3) $\frac{124}{x + 16y}$
4) $\frac{16x + y}{124}$

124

- 53 Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (-2, 5) and a directrix of y = 9?
 - 1) $(y-7)^2 = 8(x+2)$
 - 2) $(y-7)^2 = -8(x+2)$
 - 3) $(x+2)^2 = 8(y-7)$
 - 4) $(x+2)^2 = -8(y-7)$

54 The completely factored form of

$$n^4 - 9n^2 + 4n^3 - 36n - 12n^2 + 108$$
 is

1)
$$(n^2 - 9)(n + 6)(n - 2)$$

- 2) (n+3)(n-3)(n+6)(n-2)
- 3) (n-3)(n-3)(n+6)(n-2)
- 4) (n+3)(n-3)(n-6)(n+2)
- 55 A number, minus twenty times its reciprocal, equals eight. The number is
 - 1) 10 or -2
 - 2) 10 or 2
 - 3) -10 or -2
 - 4) -10 or 2
- 56 The operator of the local mall wants to find out how many of the mall's employees make purchases in the food court when they are working. She hopes to use these data to increase the rent and attract new food vendors. In total, there are 1023 employees who work at the mall. The best method to obtain a random sample of the employees would be to survey
 - 1) all 170 employees at each of the larger stores
 - 2) 50% of the 90 employees of the food court
 - 3) every employee
 - 4) every 30th employee entering each mall entrance for one week

57 The expression
$$2 - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$$
 is equivalent to

1)
$$1 - \frac{3}{x+2}$$

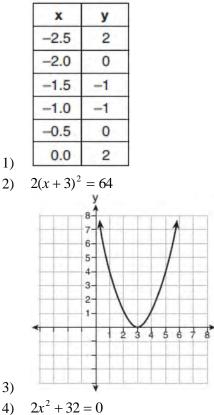
2) $1 + \frac{3}{x+2}$

$$x+2$$

3)
$$1 - \frac{1}{x+2}$$

4)
$$1 + \frac{1}{x+2}$$

58 Which representation of a quadratic has imaginary roots?



59 A savings account, *S*, has an initial value of \$50. The account grows at a 2% interest rate compounded *n* times per year, *t*, according to the function below.

$$S(t) = 50 \left(1 + \frac{.02}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

Which statement about the account is correct?

- 1) As the value of *n* increases, the amount of interest per year decreases.
- 2) As the value of *n* increases, the value of the account approaches the function $S(t) = 50e^{0.02t}$.
- 3) As the value of *n* decreases to one, the amount of interest per year increases.
- 4) As the value of *n* decreases to one, the value of the account approaches the function $S(t) = 50(1 0.02)^{t}.$

60 What is the solution set for *x* in the equation below?

$$\sqrt{x+1} - 1 = x$$

- 1) $\{1\}$
- 2) $\{0\}$
- 3) {-1,0}
- 4) {0,1}
- 61 Judith puts \$5000 into an investment account with interest compounded continuously. Which approximate annual rate is needed for the account to grow to \$9110 after 30 years?
 - 1) 2%
 - 2) 2.2%
 - 3) 0.02%
 - 4) 0.022%
- 62 Which equation does *not* represent an identity?

1)
$$x^2 - y^2 = (x + y)(x - y)$$

- 2) $(x-y)^2 = (x-y)(x-y)$
- 3) $(x+y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2$
- 4) $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$
- 63 For a given time, *x*, in seconds, an electric current, *y*, can be represented by $y = 2.5(1-2.7^{-.10x})$.

Which equation is *not* equivalent?

1)
$$y = 2.5 - 2.5 (2.7^{-.10x})$$

2) $y = 2.5 - 2.5 ((2.7^2)^{-.05x})$
3) $y = 2.5 - 2.5 (\frac{1}{2.7^{.10x}})$
4) $y = 2.5 - 2.5 (2.7^{-2}) (2.7^{.05x})$

64 Given $c(m) = m^3 - 2m^2 + 4m - 8$, the solution of c(m) = 0 is 1) ± 2 2) 2, only

- 3) 2i, 2i, 2i
- 4) $\pm 2i, 2$
- 65 The solution set for the equation $x + 1 = \sqrt{4x + 25}$
 - is
 - 1) { } 2) {6}
 - 3) $\{6,-4\}$
 - 4) $\{-4\}$
- 66 Given 3 is a root of $f(x) = x^4 x^3 21x^2 + 45x$, what are the other unique roots of f(x)?
 - 1) -5, only
 - 2) -5 and 0
 - 3) -3, 1 and 5
 - 4) -5, -3 and 0
- 67 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{2}{x} - \frac{3x}{x+3} = \frac{x}{x+3}?$$
1) {3}
2) { $\frac{3}{2}$ }
3) {-2,3}
4) { $-1, \frac{3}{2}$ }

68 What is the focus of the parabola

$$8(y+2) = (x+5)^{2}?$$
1) (-5,0)
2) (-5,-4)
3) (5,0)
4) (5,4)

- 69 What is the remainder when $4x^3 3x + 3$ is divided by x - 2?
 - 1) -23
 - 2) -7
 - 3) 13
 - 4) 29
- 70 What is the inverse of the function y = 4x + 5?
 - 1) $x = \frac{1}{4}y \frac{5}{4}$ 2) $y = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$ 3) y = 4x - 5
 - 3) y = 4x 5

$$4) \quad y = \frac{1}{4x+3}$$

71 Which value, to the *nearest tenth*, is an approximate solution for the equation f(x) = g(x),

if
$$f(x) = \frac{5}{x-3}$$
 and $g(x) = 2(1.3)^{x}$?
1) 3.2
2) 3.9
3) 4.0

- 4) 5.6
- 72 The solution set for the equation $b = \sqrt{2b^2 64}$ is 1) $\{-8\}$
 - 2) {8}
 - 3) $\{\pm 8\}$
 - 4) { }
- 73 If \$5000 is put into a savings account that pays3.5% interest compounded monthly, how much money, to the *nearest ten cents*, would be in that
 - account after 6 years, assuming no money was added or withdrawn?
 - 1) \$5177.80
 - 2) \$5941.30
 - 3) \$6146.30
 - 4) \$6166.50

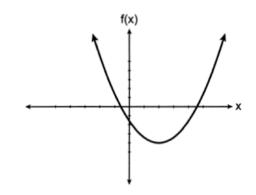
- 74 The asymptote of the graph of $f(x) = 5 \log(x+4)$ is
 - 1) y = 6
 - 2) x = -4
 - 3) x = 4
 - 4) y = 5
- 75 Given the following polynomials

$$x = (a+b+c)^{2}$$
$$y = a^{2} + b^{2} + c^{2}$$
$$z = ab + bc + ac$$

Which identity is true?

- 1) x = y z2) x = y + z
- 3) x = y 2z
- 4) x = y + 2z
- Jay is training for a bike race over fifteen weeks. At the end of the first week, he has ridden ten miles, and he is planning to increase his weekly distance by nine percent each week. Approximately how many miles total will he have ridden from the beginning of his training to the end of the fifteenth week?
 - 1) 10.989
 - 2) 33.417
 - 3) 163.5
 - 4) 293.609
- 77 Tides are a periodic rise and fall of ocean water. On a typical day at a seaport, to predict the time of the next high tide, the most important value to have would be the
 - 1) time between consecutive low tides
 - 2) time when the tide height is 20 feet
 - 3) average depth of water over a 24-hour period
 - 4) difference between the water heights at low and high tide

78 If f(x) is represented by the graph below, which translation of f(x) would have imaginary roots?



- 1) f(x+5)
- 2) f(x-5)
- 3) f(x) + 5
- 4) f(x) 5
- 79 There are 400 students in the senior class at Oak Creek High School. All of these students took the SAT. The distribution of their SAT scores is approximately normal. The number of students who scored within 2 standard deviations of the mean is approximately
 - 1) 75
 - 2) 95
 - 3) 300
 - 4) 380
- 80 Given y = -2x and $x^2 + y^2 = 5$, the point of intersection in Quadrant II is
 - 1) (1,-2)
 - 2) (-2,1)
 - 3) (-1,1)
 - 4) (-1,2)

81 How many solutions exist for

$$\frac{1}{1-x^2} = -|3x-2| + 5?$$
1) 1
2) 2
3) 3
4) 4

82 For $x \ge 0$, which equation is *false*?

1)
$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

2) $(x^3)^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$
3) $(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$
4) $(x^{\frac{2}{3}})^2 = \sqrt[3]{x^4}$

83 For all values of x for which the expression is defined, $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18}{x^3 - x^2 - 6x}$, in simplest form, is equivalent to 1) 3 2) $-\frac{17}{2}$ 3) $\frac{x+3}{x}$ () $x^2 - 9$

- $4) \quad \frac{x^2 9}{x(x 3)}$
- 84 A grocery store owner wonders how many customers bring reusable bags to the store. An employee stands at the store entrance for two hours and counts the number of people bringing in reusable bags. This type of study is best classified as
 - 1) a census
 - 2) an experiment
 - 3) an observational study
 - 4) a survey

85 Evan graphed a cubic function,

 $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$, and determined the roots of f(x) to be ± 1 and 2. What is the value of *b*, if a = 1? 1) 1

- 2) 2
- 3) -1
- 4) -2
- 86 The average cost of a gallon of milk in the United States between the years of 1995 and 2018 can be modeled by the equation

 $P(t) = -0.0004t^3 + 0.0114t^2 - 0.0150t + 2.6602$, where P(t) represents the cost, in dollars, and t is time in years since January 1995. During this time period, in what year did P(t) reach its maximum?

- 1) 1995
- 2) 2013
- 3) 2014
- 4) 2018
- 87 Given $p \neq q, p = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^q$, expressed in logarithmic

form, is equivalent to

- 1) $\log_p\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = q$ 2) $\log_q(p) = \frac{1}{2}$ 3) $\log_{\frac{1}{2}}(p) = q$
- 4) $\log_{\frac{1}{2}}(q) = p$
- 88 What is the solution when the equation $wx^2 + w = 0$ is solved for *x*, where *w* is a positive integer?
 - 1) -1
 - 2) 0
 - 3) 6
 - 4) ±*i*

- 89 When a ball bounces, the heights of consecutive bounces form a geometric sequence. The height of the first bounce is 121 centimeters and the height of the third bounce is 64 centimeters. To the *nearest centimeter*, what is the height of the fifth bounce?
 - 1) 25
 - 2) 34
 3) 36
 - 4) 42
- 90 Given $\tan \theta = -\frac{4}{3}$ where $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \pi$, what is the value of sec θ ? 1) $-\frac{5}{3}$ 2) $-\frac{3}{5}$ 3) $\frac{4}{5}$ 4) $\frac{5}{3}$
- 91 A 7-year lease for office space states that the annual rent is \$85,000 for the first year and will increase by 6% each additional year of the lease. What will the total rent expense be for the entire 7-year lease?
 - 1) \$42,809.63
 - 2) \$90,425.53
 - 3) \$595,000.00
 - 4) \$713,476.20
- 92 If $f(x) = \log_3 x$ and g(x) is the image of f(x) after a translation five units to the left, which equation represents g(x)?
 - 1) $g(x) = \log_3(x+5)$
 - $2) \quad g(x) = \log_3 x + 5$
 - 3) $g(x) = \log_3(x-5)$
 - $4) \quad g(x) = \log_3 x 5$

- 100 Samples of 5 Teens 100 Samples of 50 Teens 50 Mean = 0.732 Mean = 0.742 SD = 0.207 SD = 0.057 40 30 Frequency Frequency 30 20 20 10 10 0 0 0 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 0.54 0.60 0.66 0.72 0.78 0.84 0.90 0.96 **Proportion of Teens** Proportion of Teens Who Use Social Media Who Use Social Media At Least Once Per Day At Least Once Per Day
- 93 Two surveys were conducted to estimate the proportion of teens who use social media at least once per day.

Based on these results, it was determined that approximately 75% of teens use social media at least once per day. What is the best explanation of the difference in the results between the two surveys?

- The smaller sample size of five teens 3) resulted in a smaller margin of error and should provide a more accurate estimate.
- 2) The smaller sample size of five teens
 4) resulted in a bigger margin of error and should provide a more accurate estimate.
- The larger sample size of 50 teens resulted in a smaller margin of error and should provide a more accurate estimate.
- The larger sample size of 50 teens resulted in a bigger margin of error and should provide a more accurate estimate.
- 94 Consider the system of equations below: x + y - z = 6

$$2x - 3y + 2z = -19$$

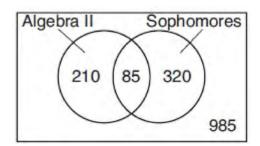
$$-x + 4y - z = 17$$

Which number is *not* the value of any variable in the solution of the system?

- 1) -1
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) -4

- 95 Brian deposited 1 cent into an empty non-interest bearing bank account on the first day of the month. He then additionally deposited 3 cents on the second day, 9 cents on the third day, and 27 cents on the fourth day. What would be the total amount of money in the account at the end of the 20th day if the pattern continued?
 - 1) \$11,622,614.67
 - 2) \$17,433,922.00
 - 3) \$116,226,146.80
 - 4) \$1,743,392,200.00

96 Data for the students enrolled in a local high school are shown in the Venn diagram below.



If a student from the high school is selected at random, what is the probability that the student is a sophomore given that the student is enrolled in Algebra II?

1)
$$\frac{85}{210}$$

2) $\frac{85}{20}$

3)
$$\frac{85}{405}$$

4) $\frac{85}{1600}$

97 The terminal side of θ , an angle in standard

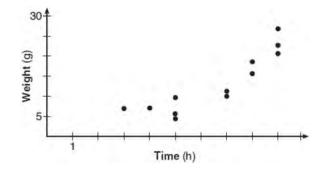
position, intersects the unit circle at $P\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}\right)$

What is the value of sec θ ?

1) -32) $-\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{8}$ 3) $-\frac{1}{2}$

4)
$$-\frac{\sqrt{8}}{3}$$

- 98 A random sample of 100 people that would best estimate the proportion of all registered voters in a district who support improvements to the high school football field should be drawn from registered voters in the district at a
 - 1) football game
 - 2) supermarket
 3) school fund-raiser
 - 4) high school band concert
- 99 A scatterplot showing the weight, *w*, in grams, of each crystal after growing *t* hours is shown below.



The relationship between weight, w, and time, t, is best modeled by

- 1) $w = 4^{t} + 5$ 2) $w = (1.4)^{t} + 2$ 3) $w = 5(2.1)^{t}$ 4) $w = 8(.75)^{t}$
- 100 A culture of 1000 bacteria triples every 10 hours. Which expression models the number of bacteria in the sample after *t* hours?
 - 1) $1000e^{3t}$
 - 2) $1000(3)^{t}$
 - 3) $1000(3)^{10t}$
 - 4) $1000(3)^{\frac{t}{10}}$

- 101 Which sketch best represents the graph of $x = 3^{y}$? 1) 2)
 - 3) 4)
- 102 Factored completely, $x^4 + 4x^3 9x^2 36x$ is equivalent to
 - 1) x(x+9)(x-9)(x+4)2) x(x+3)(x-3)(x+4)
 - 3) $(x^3 9x)(x + 4)$
 - 4) $x(x^2-9)(x+4)(x+4)$

- 103 The hours of daylight, y, in Utica in days, x, from January 1, 2013 can be modeled by the equation $y = 3.06 \sin(0.017x - 1.40) + 12.23$. How many hours of daylight, to the nearest tenth, does this model predict for February 14, 2013?
 - 9.4 1) 2)
 - 10.4 3) 12.1
 - 4) 12.2
- 104 What is the inverse of f(x) = -6(x-2)?

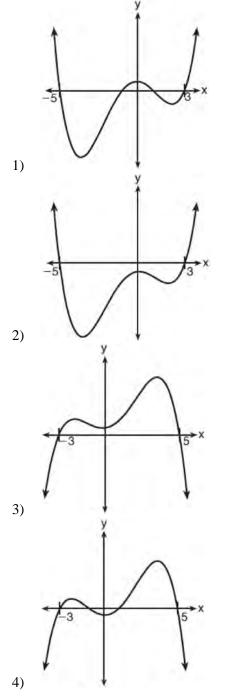
1)
$$f^{-1}(x) = -2 - \frac{x}{6}$$

2) $f^{-1}(x) = 2 - \frac{x}{6}$
3) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{-6(x-2)}$
4) $f^{-1}(x) = 6(x+2)$

105 Given $f(x) = 2x^2 + 7x - 15$ and g(x) = 3 - 2x, what is $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ for all defined values? 1) -x-52) -x + 53) x - 5

- 4) x + 5
- 106 On a given school day, the probability that Nick oversleeps is 48% and the probability he has a pop quiz is 25%. Assuming these two events are independent, what is the probability that Nick oversleeps and has a pop quiz on the same day?
 - 1) 73%
 - 2) 36%
 - 3) 23%
 - 4) 12%

107 A 4th degree polynomial has zeros -5, 3, *i*, and -*i*. Which graph could represent the function defined by this polynomial?



108 What is the solution set of the following system of equations?

$$y = 3x + 6$$

$$y = (x + 4)^{2} - 10$$

1) {(-5, -9)}
2) {(5,21)}
3) {(0,6), (-5, -9)}

- $4) \quad \{(0,6),(5,21)\}$
- 109 The roots of the equation $0 = x^2 + 6x + 10$ in simplest a + bi form are
 - 1) $-3\pm 2i$
 - 2) $-6 \pm i$
 - 3) $-3 \pm i$
 - 4) $-3 \pm i \sqrt{2}$
- 110 The function below models the average price of gas in a small town since January 1st. $G(t) = -0.0049t^4 + 0.0923t^3 - 0.56t^2 + 1.166t + 3.23,$ where $0 \le t \le 10$.

If G(t) is the average price of gas in dollars and t represents the number of months since January 1st, the absolute maximum G(t) reaches over the given domain is about

- 1) \$1.60
- 2) \$3.92
- 3) \$4.01
- 4) \$7.73

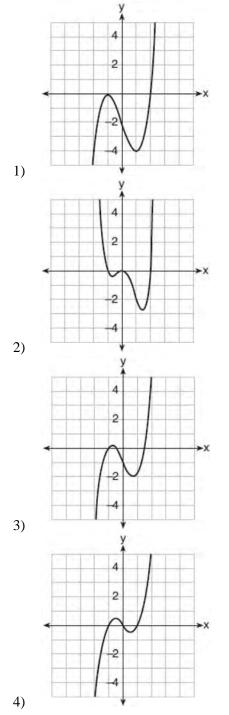
111 For which values of *x*, rounded to the *nearest*

hundredth, will $\left|x^2 - 9\right| - 3 = \log_3 x$?

- 1) 2.29 and 3.63
- 2) 2.37 and 3.54
- 3) 2.84 and 3.17
- 4) 2.92 and 3.06

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

112 Which graph represents a polynomial function that contains $x^2 + 2x + 1$ as a factor?



- 113 Camryn puts \$400 into a savings account that earns 6% annually. The amount in her account can be modeled by $C(t) = 400(1.06)^t$ where *t* is the time in years. Which expression best approximates the amount of money in her account using a weekly growth rate?
 - 1) $400(1.001153846)^t$
 - 2) $400(1.001121184)^t$
 - 3) $400(1.001153846)^{52t}$
 - 4) $400(1.001121184)^{52t}$
- 114 The temperature, *F*, in degrees Fahrenheit, after *t* hours of a roast put into an oven is given by the equation $F = 325 185e^{-0.4t}$. What was the temperature of the roast when it was put into the oven?
 - 1) 325
 - 2) 200
 - 3) 185
 - 4) 140
- 115 Which expression is equivalent to $2xy^2 \sqrt[3]{x^2y}$?
 - 1) $2x^{\frac{5}{3}}y^{\frac{7}{3}}$ 2) 2xy3) $2x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$ 4) $2x^{7}y^{4}$
- 116 Which expression is equivalent to

 $(2x-i)^2 - (2x-i)(2x+3i)$ where *i* is the imaginary unit and *x* is a real number?

- 1) -4 8xi
- 2) -4 4xi
- 3) 2
- 4) 8x 4i

- 117 If $p(x) = 2x^3 3x + 5$, what is the remainder of $p(x) \div (x 5)$?
 - 1) -230
 - 2) 0
 - 3) 40
 - 4) 240
- 118 The expression (x+a)(x+b) can *not* be written as 1) a(x+b)+x(x+b)
 - 2) $x^2 + abx + ab$
 - 3) $x^{2} + (a+b)x + ab$
 - 4) x(x+a) + b(x+a)
- 119 Kelly-Ann has \$20,000 to invest. She puts half of the money into an account that grows at an annual rate of 0.9% compounded monthly. At the same time, she puts the other half of the money into an account that grows continuously at an annual rate of 0.8%. Which function represents the value of Kelly-Ann's investments after *t* years?
 - 1) $f(t) = 10,000(1.9)^{t} + 10,000e^{0.8t}$
 - 2) $f(t) = 10,000(1.009)^{t} + 10,000e^{0.008t}$
 - 3) $f(t) = 10,000(1.075)^{12t} + 10,000e^{0.8t}$
 - 4) $f(t) = 10,000(1.00075)^{12t} + 10,000e^{0.008t}$
- 120 Savannah just got contact lenses. Her doctor said she can wear them 2 hours the first day, and can then increase the length of time by 30 minutes each day. If this pattern continues, which formula would *not* be appropriate to determine the length of time, in either minutes or hours, she could wear her contact lenses on the *n*th day?
 - 1) $a_1 = 120$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 30$$

2)
$$a_n = 90 + 30n$$

3)
$$a_1 = 2$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 0.5$$

4) $a_n = 2.5 + 0.5n$

121 On average, college seniors graduating in 2012 could compute their growing student loan debt using the function $D(t) = 29,400(1.068)^t$, where *t* is time in years. Which expression is equivalent to 29,400(1.068)^t and could be used by students to identify an approximate daily interest rate on their loans?

1) 29,400
$$\left(1.068^{\frac{1}{365}}\right)^{t}$$

2) 29,400 $\left(\frac{1.068}{365}\right)^{365t}$
3) 29,400 $\left(1 + \frac{0.068}{365}\right)^{t}$
4) 29,400 $\left(1.068^{\frac{1}{365}}\right)^{365t}$

122 If $ae^{bt} = c$, where *a*, *b*, and *c* are positive, then *t* equals

1)
$$\ln\left(\frac{c}{ab}\right)$$

2) $\ln\left(\frac{cb}{a}\right)$
3) $\frac{\ln\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)}{b}$
4) $\frac{\ln\left(\frac{c}{a}\right)}{\ln b}$

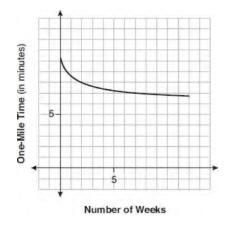
123 If
$$(a^3 + 27) = (a + 3)(a^2 + ma + 9)$$
, then *m* equals
1) -9
2) -3
3) 3
4) 6

124 If $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$ and θ is in Quadrant III, then $\sin \theta$ is equivalent to

1)
$$-\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

2) $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$
3) $-\frac{5}{4}$
4) $\frac{5}{4}$

125 Irma initially ran one mile in over ten minutes. She then began a training program to reduce her one-mile time. She recorded her one-mile time once a week for twelve consecutive weeks, as modeled in the graph below.



Which statement regarding Irma's one-mile training program is correct?

- 1) Her one-mile speed increased as the number of weeks increased.
- 2) Her one-mile speed decreased as the number of weeks increased.
- 3) If the trend continues, she will run under a six-minute mile by week thirteen.
- 4) She reduced her one-mile time the most between weeks ten and twelve.

126 A certain pain reliever is taken in 220 mg dosages and has a half-life of 12 hours. The function

$$A = 220 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{l}{12}}$$
 can be used to model this situation,

where *A* is the amount of pain reliever in milligrams remaining in the body after *t* hours. According to this function, which statement is true?

- 1) Every hour, the amount of pain reliever remaining is cut in half.
- 2) In 12 hours, there is no pain reliever remaining in the body.
- 3) In 24 hours, there is no pain reliever remaining in the body.
- 4) In 12 hours, 110 mg of pain reliever is remaining.
- 127 The average depreciation rate of a new boat is approximately 8% per year. If a new boat is purchased at a price of \$75,000, which model is a recursive formula representing the value of the boat *n* years after it was purchased?
 - 1) $a_n = 75,000(0.08)^n$
 - 2) $a_0 = 75,000$

$$a_n = (0.92)^n$$

3) $a_n = 75,000(1.08)^n$

4)
$$a_0 = 75,000$$

$$a_n = 0.92(a_{n-1})$$

128 The value(s) of *x* that satisfy

 $\sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} = 2x - 10 \text{ are}$ 1) {5} 2) {7} 3) {5,7} 4) {3,5,7}

129 The number of employees who work nights and weekends at a department store is summarized in the table below.

| | Works Nights | Doesn't Work Nights |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Works Weekends | 8 | 40 |
| Doesn't Work Weekends | 12 | 60 |

Let *N* represent the event "works nights" and let *W* represent the event "works weekends." Based on the table, are *N* and *W* independent events?

- 1) Yes, because $P(N) \bullet P(W) = P(N \cap W)$.
- 2) Yes, because $P(N) \bullet P(W) \neq P(N \cap W)$. 4)
- 3) No, because $P(N) \bullet P(W) = P(N \cap W)$.
 - No, because $P(N) \bullet P(W) \neq P(N \cap W)$.
- 130 If $f(x) = x^2 + 9$ and g(x) = x + 3, which operation would not result in a polynomial expression?
 - 1) f(x) + g(x)
 - 2) f(x) g(x)
 - 3) $f(x) \bullet g(x)$
 - 4) $f(x) \div g(x)$
- 131 Tim deposits \$300 into a savings account. The annual interest rate is 2.7% and compounds monthly. He uses the equation

 $A = 300 \left(1 + \frac{0.027}{12} \right)^{12t}$ to determine how much

money he will have after *t* years. Which equation is equivalent to Tim's equation?

1)
$$A = 300 \left[(1.00225)^{12} \right]^{t}$$

2) $A = 300(0.08558)^{12t}$
3) $A = 300 \left[1 + \left(\frac{0.027}{12} \right)^{12t} \right]$
4) $A = (300)^{12t} (1)^{12t} + \left(\frac{0.027}{12} \right)^{12t}$

- 132 The first term of a geometric sequence is 8 and the fourth term is 216. What is the sum of the first 12 terms of the corresponding series?
 - 1) 236,192
 - 2) 708,584
 - 3) 2,125,760
 - 4) 6,377,288
- 133 The height above ground for a person riding a Ferris wheel after *t* seconds is modeled by

$$h(t) = 150 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{45}t + 67.5\right) + 160$$
 feet. How many

seconds does it take to go from the bottom of the wheel to the top of the wheel?

- 1) 10
- 2) 45
- 3) 90
- 4) 150

134 Which statements must be true about the polynomial function $k(x) = -2x^3 - 11x^2 - 12x + 9$? I. (x - 3) is a factor of k(x)II. k(0) = 9III. $\frac{k(x)}{x^2}$ has a remainder of 5

- I, only
 I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I, II, and III

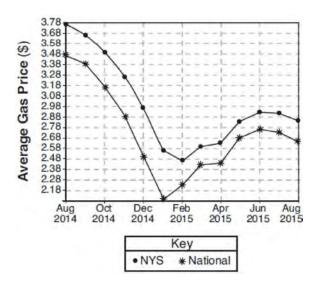
135 Jake wants to buy a car and hopes to save at least \$5000 for a down payment. The table below summarizes the amount of money he plans to save each week.

| Week | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-------------------------|---|---|------|-------|---|
| Money Saved, in Dollars | 2 | 5 | 12.5 | 31.25 | |

Based on this plan, which expression should he use to determine how much he has saved in *n* weeks?

| 1) | $\frac{2-2(2.5^n)}{1-2.5}$ | 3) | $\frac{1-2.5^n}{1-2.5}$ |
|----|--------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| 2) | $\frac{2-2(2.5^{n-1})}{1-2.5}$ | 4) | $\frac{1-2.5^{n-1}}{1-2.5}$ |

136 The graph below represents national and New York State average gas prices.



If New York State's gas prices are modeled by G(x) and C > 0, which expression best approximates the national average *x* months from August 2014?

- 1) G(x+C)
- $2) \quad G(x) + C$
- $3) \quad G(x-C)$
- $4) \quad G(x) C$

137 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{10}{x^2 - 2x} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{5}{x - 2}$$
1) {0,2}
2) {0}
3) {2}
4) {}

- 138 A family owned grocery store in New Hartford, NY employs 49 people whose ages are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 36 years and a standard deviation of 6.2 years. Ryan has been hired to work at this store. He is 30 years old. How many people who work at this store would you expect to be younger than Ryan?
 - 1) 17
 - 2) 7
 - 3) 41
 - 4) 8
- 139 A research assistant receives a first year salary of \$90,000 and a 2% annual raise throughout the first ten years of employment. In total, how much money will be earned over the first ten years, to the *nearest dollar*?
 - 1) \$91,837
 - 2) \$109,709
 - 3) \$877,917
 - 4) \$985,475

- 140 For the function $d(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$, the inverse function, $d^{-1}(x)$, equals
 - 1) $\sqrt[3]{x+2}$
 - 2) $x^3 + 2$
 - 3) $-\sqrt[3]{x+2}$
 - 4) $x^3 2$
- 141 An initial investment of \$5000 in an account earns 3.5% annual interest. Which function correctly represents a recursive model of the investment after *n* years?
 - 1) $A = 5000(0.035)^n$
 - 2) $a_0 = 5000$

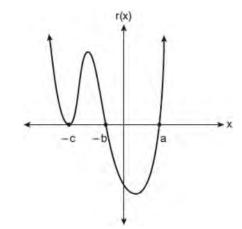
$$a_n = a_{n-1}(0.035)$$

3) $A = 5000(1.035)^n$

4)
$$a_0 = 5000$$

 $a_n = a_{n-1}(1.035)$

142 A sketch of r(x) is shown below.



An equation for r(x) could be

- 1) r(x) = (x-a)(x+b)(x+c)
- 2) $r(x) = (x+a)(x-b)(x-c)^2$
- 3) r(x) = (x+a)(x-b)(x-c)
- 4) $r(x) = (x-a)(x+b)(x+c)^2$

- 143 If $f(x) = a^x$ where a > 1, then the inverse of the function is
 - 1) $f^{-1}(x) = \log_x a$
 - 2) $f^{-1}(x) = a \log x$
 - 3) $f^{-1}(x) = \log_a x$
 - $4) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x \log a$
- 144 The profit function, p(x), is found by subtracting the cost function, c(x), from the revenue function, r(x). Which function below represents the cost function given $p(x) = -15x^2 + 600x + 60$ and $r(x) = -0.4x^2 + 130x + 1200$? 1) $c(x) = -14.6x^2 + 470x - 1140$ 2) $c(x) = -14.6x^2 + 730x - 1260$
 - 3) $c(x) = 14.6x^2 470x + 1140$
 - 4) $c(x) = 14.6x^2 + 730x 1260$
- 145 The average monthly temperature of a city can be modeled by a cosine graph. Melissa has been living in Phoenix, Arizona, where the average annual temperature is 75°F. She would like to move, and live in a location where the average annual temperature is 62°F. When examining the graphs of the average monthly temperatures for various locations, Melissa should focus on the
 - 1) amplitude
 - 2) horizontal shift
 - 3) period
 - 4) midline
- 146 The graph of $y = 2^x 4$ is positive on which interval?
 - 1) $(-\infty,\infty)$
 - 2) (2,∞)
 - 3) (0,∞)
 - 4) (−4,∞)

147 The rational expression
$$\frac{2x^4 - 5x^2 + 3x - 2}{x - 3}$$
 is

equivalent to 1) $2x^{3} - 5x - 12 - \frac{38}{x - 3}$ 2) $2x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 13x + 42 + \frac{124}{x - 3}$ 3) $2x^{3} - 5x + 18 - \frac{56}{x - 3}$ 4) $2x^{3} - 6x^{2} + 13x - 36 + \frac{106}{x - 3}$

- 148 Julia deposits \$2000 into a savings account that earns 4% interest per year. The exponential function that models this savings account is $y = 2000(1.04)^t$, where *t* is the time in years. Which equation correctly represents the amount of money in her savings account in terms of the monthly growth rate?
 - 1) $y = 166.67(1.04)^{0.12t}$
 - 2) $y = 2000(1.01)^t$
 - 3) $y = 2000(1.0032737)^{12t}$
 - 4) $y = 166.67(1.0032737)^t$
- 149 The solutions to the equation $5x^2 2x + 13 = 9$ are

1)
$$\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$$

2) $\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{19}}{5}i$
1) $\sqrt{66}$

3)
$$\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{60}}{5}i$$

4) $1 \pm \sqrt{66}$

4)
$$\frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{\sqrt{66}}{5}$$

150 The half-life of iodine-131 is 8 days. The percent of the isotope left in the body d days after being

introduced is $I = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{8}}$. When this equation is written in terms of the number *e*, the base of the natural logarithm, it is equivalent to $I = 100e^{kd}$. What is the approximate value of the constant, *k*? 1) -0.087 2) 0.087

- 3) -11.542
- 4) 11.542
- 151 At her job, Pat earns \$25,000 the first year and receives a raise of \$1000 each year. The explicit formula for the *n*th term of this sequence is $a_n = 25,000 + (n-1)1000$. Which rule best represents the equivalent recursive formula?
 - 1) $a_n = 24,000 + 1000n$
 - 2) $a_n = 25,000 + 1000n$ 3) $a_1 = 25,000, a_n = a_{n-1} + 1000$
 - 4) $a_1 = 25,000, a_n = a_{n+1} + 1000$
- 152 When factoring to reveal the roots of the equation $x^3 + 2x^2 9x 18 = 0$, which equations can be used?
 - I. $x^{2}(x+2) 9(x+2) = 0$

II.
$$x(x^2 - 9) + 2(x^2 - 9) = 0$$

- III. $(x-2)(x^2-9) = 0$
- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- 3) II and III, only
- 4) I, II, and III

153 Given
$$x > 0$$
, the expression $\left(\frac{1}{x^{-2}}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$ is equivalent
to
1) $x\sqrt{x}$
2) $\frac{1}{x\sqrt{x}}$
3) $\sqrt[3]{x^2}$
4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$

154 If f(x) is an even function, which function must also be even?

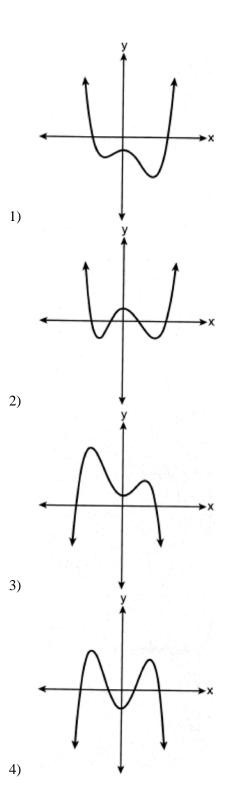
- 1) f(x-2)
- 2) f(x) + 3
- 3) f(x+1)
- 4) f(x+1) + 3
- 155 An estimate of the number of milligrams of a medication in the bloodstream *t* hours after 400 mg has been taken can be modeled by the function below.

$$I(t) = 0.5t^4 + 3.45t^3 - 96.65t^2 + 347.7t,$$

where $0 \le t \le 6$

Over what time interval does the amount of medication in the bloodstream strictly increase?

- 1) 0 to 2 hours
- 2) 0 to 3 hours
- 3) 2 to 6 hours
- 4) 3 to 6 hours
- 156 Which graph could represent a 4th degree polynomial function with a positive leading coefficient, 2 real zeros, and 2 imaginary zeros?



157 After Roger's surgery, his doctor administered pain medication in the following amounts in milligrams over four days.

| Day (n) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
|-------------------|------|------|--------|--------|--|
| Dosage (m) | 2000 | 1680 | 1411.2 | 1185.4 | |

How can this sequence best be modeled recursively?

1)
$$m_1 = 2000$$
3) $m_1 = 2000$ $m_n = m_{n-1} - 320$ $m_n = (0.84)m_{n-1}$ 2) $m_n = 2000(0.84)^{n-1}$ 4) $m_n = 2000(0.84)^{n+1}$

158 The number of bacteria in a sample, which can be modeled by an exponential regression, is shown in the table below.

| Time Since Observation Began (hours) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3.5 | 4 |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|-----|----|
| Number of Bacteria | 40 | 48 | 57 | 75 | 82 |

Assuming this trend continues, approximately how many bacteria would be present 8 hours after the observation began?

- 1) 123 3) 168
- 2) 127 4) 180
- 159 The Fahrenheit temperature, F(t), of a heated object at time *t*, in minutes, can be modeled by the function below. F_s is the surrounding temperature, F_0 is the initial temperature of the object, and *k* is a constant.

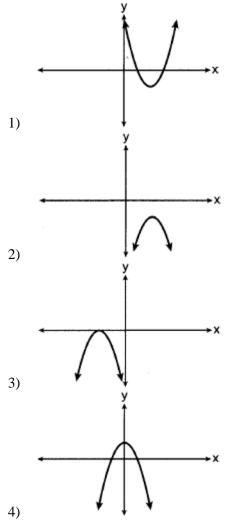
$$F(t) = F_{s} + (F_{0} - F_{s})e^{-kt}$$

Coffee at a temperature of 195° F is poured into a container. The room temperature is kept at a constant 68° F and k = 0.05. Coffee is safe to drink when its temperature is, at most, 120° F. To the *nearest minute*, how long will it take until the coffee is safe to drink?

- 1) 7
- 2) 10
- 3) 11
- 4) 18

- 160 A cafeteria food manager studied the lunchtime eating habits of a group of employees in their office building. The purpose of the study was to determine the proportion of employees who purchased lunch in the cafeteria, brought their lunch from home, or purchased lunch from an outside vendor. This collection of data would best be classified as
 - 1) a census
 - 2) an experiment
 - 3) an observational study
 - 4) a simulation

161 Which graph has imaginary roots?



- 162 The equation of the parabola that has its focus at the point (-3,2) and directrix at y = 0 is
 - 1) $y = \frac{1}{4}(x+3)^2 + 1$

3)
$$y = \frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 + 1$$

2) $y = \frac{1}{4}(x-3)^2 + 1$ 3) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x+3)^2 + 1$ 4) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x-3)^2 + 1$

- 163 The temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, in Times Square during a day in August can be predicted by the function $T(x) = 8\sin(0.3x - 3) + 74$, where x is the number of hours after midnight. According to this model, the predicted temperature, to the nearest degree Fahrenheit, at 7 P.M. is
 - 1) 68 2) 74
 - 77 3)
 - 4) 81
- 164 Given $\sin \theta = \frac{7}{25}$ and θ terminates in quadrant II, what is the value of $\tan \theta$?

1)
$$-\frac{7}{24}$$

2) $-\frac{24}{7}$
3) $\frac{7}{24}$
4) $\frac{24}{7}$

- 165 The graph of $y = \log_2 x$ is translated to the right 1 unit and down 1 unit. The coordinates of the *x*-intercept of the translated graph are
 - 1) (0,0)
 - 2) (1,0)
 - 3) (2,0)
 - (3,0)4)
- 166 A sociologist reviews randomly selected surveillance videos from a public park over a period of several years and records the amount of time people spent on a smartphone. The statistical procedure the sociologist used is called
 - 1) a census
 - 2) an experiment
 - 3) an observational study
 - a sample survey 4)

167 Which expression(s) are equivalent to $\frac{x^2 - 4x}{2x}$,

where $x \neq 0$?

I.
$$\frac{x}{2} - 2$$
 II. $\frac{x-4}{2}$ III. $\frac{x-1}{2} - \frac{3}{2}$

- 1) II, only
- 2) I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I, II, and III
- 168 The mean intelligence quotient (IQ) score is 100, with a standard deviation of 15, and the scores are normally distributed. Given this information, the approximate percentage of the population with an IQ greater than 130 is closest to
 - 1) 2%
 - 2) 31%
 - 3) 48%
 - 4) 95%
- 169 A fast-food restaurant analyzes data to better serve its customers. After its analysis, it discovers that the events D, that a customer uses the drive-thru, and F, that a customer orders French fries, are independent. The following data are given in a report:

$$P(F) = 0.8$$

$$P(F \cap D) = 0.456$$

Given this information, P(F|D) is

- 1) 0.344
- 2) 0.3648
- 3) 0.57
- 4) 0.8

- 170 Suppose events A and B are independent and P(A and B) is 0.2. Which statement could be true?
 - 1) P(A) = 0.4, P(B) = 0.3, P(A or B) = 0.5
 - 2) P(A) = 0.8, P(B) = 0.25
 - 3) P(A|B) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.2
 - 4) P(A) = 0.15, P(B) = 0.05
- 171 When the expression $(x + 2)^2 + 4(x + 2) + 3$ is rewritten as the product of two binomials, the result is
 - 1) (x+3)(x+1)
 - 2) (x+5)(x+3)
 - 3) (x+2)(x+2)
 - 4) (x+6)(x+1)

172 The expression
$$8^{\frac{x}{2}} \cdot 8^{\frac{x}{3}}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $\sqrt[6]{8^{5x}}$
2) $64^{\frac{5x}{6}}$
3) $\sqrt[5]{8^{2x}}$
4) $64^{\frac{x^2}{6}}$

173 Given $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 8$, which equation represents the inverse, g(x)? 1) g(x) = 2x - 82) g(x) = 2x - 163) $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$ 4) $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x - 16$

- 174 Given $q(x) = 2\log(x)$ and $r(x) = (x-2)^3 4$, what is a solution of q(x) = r(x) to the *nearest tenth*?
 - 1) 1.1
 - 2) 3.7
 - 3) 3.9
 - 4) 4.3
- 175 A company wishes to determine the cooking time for one pound of spaghetti. The company's technicians cooked one pound of spaghetti and recorded the time needed for the spaghetti to be ready to eat. Repeating this process 35 times resulted in an approximately normal distribution, with a mean of 9.82 minutes and a standard deviation of 1.4 minutes. In which interval should the middle 95% of cooking times fall?
 - 1) (8.42, 11.22)
 - 2) (7.02, 12.62)
 - 3) (9.35, 10.29)
 - 4) (6.82, 11.32)

176 The solutions to the equation $3x^2 - 4x + 2 = 2x - 3$ are

- 1) $\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}i$ 2) $1 \pm \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}i$ 3) $1 \pm \frac{\sqrt{12}}{3}i$ 4) $1 \pm 2\sqrt{6}i$
- 177 Which point is in Quadrant III and is a solution to the system below?

$$y = x^2 - 24$$
$$y = x - 12$$

- 1) (4, -8)
- 2) (-3,-15)
- 3) (-4,-16)
- 4) (-3,-33)

- 178 Which function is even?
 - 1) $f(x) = \sin x$
 - 2) $f(x) = x^2 4$
 - 3) f(x) = |x-2| + 5
 - 4) $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 + 4$
- 179 Which statement(s) are true for all real numbers?

I
$$(x-y)^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

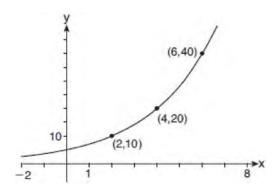
II $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$

- 1) I, only
- 2) II, only
- 3) I and II
- 4) neither I nor II

180 Given $\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$, where θ is an angle in standard position terminating in quadrant IV, and $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$, what is the value of $\tan \theta$? 1) $-\frac{24}{25}$ 2) $-\frac{24}{7}$ 3) $\frac{24}{25}$ 4) $\frac{24}{7}$

181 The expression $\frac{9x^2 - 2}{3x + 1}$ is equivalent to 1) $3x - 1 - \frac{1}{3x + 1}$ 2) $3x - 1 + \frac{1}{3x + 1}$ 3) $3x + 1 - \frac{1}{3x + 1}$ 4) $3x + 1 + \frac{1}{3x + 1}$

182 The graph of y = f(x) is shown below.



Which expression defines f(x)?

- 1) 2x
- 2) $5(2^{x})$
- $5(2^2)$
- 3)
- $5(2^{2x})$ 4)
- 183 If the function $g(x) = ab^x$ represents exponential growth, which statement about g(x) is false?
 - 1) a > 0 and b > 1
 - 2) The y-intercept is (0, a).
 - 3) The asymptote is y = 0.
 - 4) The *x*-intercept is (b, 0).
- 184 Perry invested in property that cost him \$1500. Five years later it was worth \$3000, and 10 years from his original purchase, it was worth \$6000. Assuming the growth rate remains the same, which type of function could he create to find the value of his investment 30 years from his original purchase?
 - exponential function 1)
 - 2) linear function
 - 3) quadratic function
 - 4) trigonometric function

185 To prepare for lacrosse tryouts, Kole is increasing the amount of time he spends at the gym. This week he is spending 150 minutes there and he plans to increase this amount by 2% each week. The amount of time, in minutes, that he plans to spend at the gym t weeks from now is given by the function $A(t) = 150(1.02)^{t}$. In terms of a daily growth rate, the amount of time Kole is planning to spend at the gym can best be modeled by the function

1)
$$A(t) = 150(1.14869)^{\frac{1}{7}}$$

2)
$$A(t) = 150(1.14869)^{/t}$$

3)
$$A(t) = 150(1.00283)^{\frac{1}{7}}$$

- $A(t) = 150(1.00283)^{7t}$ 4)
- 186 What are the solution(s) to the system of equations shown below?

5

$$x^{2} + y^{2} =$$

 $y = 2x$
 $x = 1$ and $x = -1$
 $x = 1$
(1,2) and (-1,-2)

- (1,2), only 4)
- The solution set of the equation $x 1 = \sqrt{2x + 6}$ is 187 $\{5, -1\}$ 1)
 - {5} 2)

1)

2)

3)

- 3) $\{-1\}$
- 4) { }

188 The expression $6 - (3x - 2i)^2$ is equivalent to

1)
$$-9x^2 + 12xi + 10$$

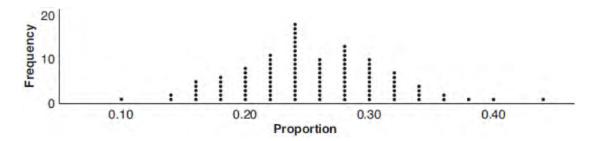
2) $9x^2 - 12xi + 2$

$$2) 9x - 12xi +$$

3)
$$-9x^2 + 10$$

4) $-9x^2 + 12xi - 4i + 6$

189 A group of students was trying to determine the proportion of candies in a bag that are blue. The company claims that 24% of candies in bags are blue. A simulation was run 100 times with a sample size of 50, based on the premise that 24% of the candies are blue. The approximately normal results of the simulation are shown in the dot plot below.



The simulation results in a mean of 0.254 and a standard deviation of 0.060. Based on this simulation, what is a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data?

1)(0.194,0.314)3)(-0.448,0.568)2)(0.134,0.374)4)(0.254,0.374)

| 190 | What is the value of <i>y</i> for the system shown below? |
|-----|---|
| | 3x + 4y - 5z = -27 |

- 2x + 3y z = -36x y + 4z = 3
- 191 For which equations will the value s = 4 make the statement an identity?
 - I $(2x-3)^2 = 4x^2 3sx + 9$ II $(x-2)^3 = (x-2)(x^2 + sx + s)$
 - 1) I, only

-27

-3

1)

2) 6

3) 3

4)

- 2) II, only
- 3) I and II
- 4) neither I nor II

192 Which equation is equivalent to $P = 210x^{\frac{4}{3}}y^{\frac{7}{3}}$

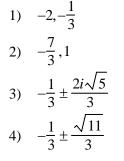
- 1) $P = \sqrt[3]{210x^4y^7}$ 2) $P = 70xy^2\sqrt[3]{xy}$ 3) $P = 210xy^2\sqrt[3]{xy}$ 4) $P = 210xy^2\sqrt[3]{x^3y^5}$
- 193 The parabola described by the equation $y = \frac{1}{12} (x-2)^2 + 2$ has the directrix at y = -1. The focus of the parabola is 1) (2,-1) 2) (2,2) 3) (2,3) 4) (2,5)

194 Sodium iodide-131, used to treat certain medical conditions, has a half-life of 1.8 hours. The data table below shows the amount of sodium iodide-131, rounded to the nearest thousandth, as the dose fades over time.

| Number of Half Lives | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Amount of Sodium Iodide-131 | 139.000 | 69.500 | 34.750 | 17.375 | 8.688 |

What approximate amount of sodium iodide-131 will remain in the body after 18 hours?

- 1)0.0013)0.2712)0.1364)0.543
- 195 The roots of the equation $3x^2 + 2x = -7$ are



- 196 The solution of $\frac{x}{x+3} + \frac{2}{x-4} = \frac{2x+27}{x^2-x-12}$ is 1) -3
 - 2) -7
 - 3) 3
 - 4) 7
- 197 Given $P(x) = x^3 3x^2 2x + 4$, which statement is true?
 - 1) (x-1) is a factor because P(-1) = 2.
 - 2) (x+1) is a factor because P(-1) = 2.
 - 3) (x+1) is a factor because P(1) = 0.
 - 4) (x-1) is a factor because P(1) = 0.

198 Which expression is equivalent to

$$\frac{6x^{4} + 4x^{3} + x + 200}{x + 2}?$$
1) $6x^{2} - 8x + 17 + \frac{166}{x + 2}$
2) $6x^{2} + 16x + 33 + \frac{266}{x + 2}$
3) $6x^{3} + 16x^{2} + 32x + 65 + \frac{330}{x + 2}$
4) $6x^{3} - 8x^{2} + 16x - 31 + \frac{262}{x + 2}$

199 The equation $t = \frac{1}{0.0105} \ln \left(\frac{A}{5000}\right)$ relates time, t,

in years, to the amount of money, *A*, earned by a \$5000 investment. Which statement accurately describes the relationship between the average rates of change of *t* on the intervals [6000, 8000] and [9000, 12,000]?

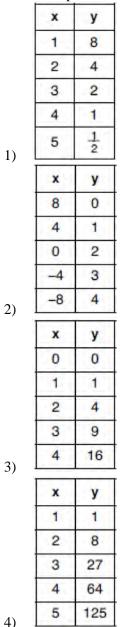
- 1) A comparison cannot be made because the intervals are different sizes.
- 2) The average rate of change is equal for both intervals.
- 3) The average rate of change is larger for the interval [6000, 8000].
- 4) The average rate of change is larger for the interval [9000, 12,000].

200 Which equation is true for all real values of x?

1)
$$x^4 + x = (x+1)(x^3 - x^2 + x)$$

2) $x^4 + x = (x+1)(x^3 + x)$
3) $x^4 + x = (x^2 + x)^2$
4) $x^4 + x = (x-1)(x^3 + x^2 + x)$

201 Which table best represents an exponential relationship?



- 202 If θ is an angle in standard position whose terminal side passes through the point (-3,-4), which statement is true?
 - 1) sec $\theta > 0$ and $\tan \theta > 0$
 - 2) sec $\theta < 0$ and $\tan \theta < 0$
 - 3) sec $\theta > 0$ and $\tan \theta < 0$
 - 4) sec $\theta < 0$ and $\tan \theta > 0$
- 203 A researcher randomly divides 50 bean plants into two groups. He puts one group by a window to receive natural light and the second group under artificial light. He records the growth of the plants weekly. Which data collection method is described in this situation?
 - 1) observational study
 - 2) controlled experiment
 - 3) survey
 - 4) systematic sample
- 204 The solution of $87e^{0.3x} = 5918$, to the *nearest thousandth*, is
 - 1) 0.583
 - 2) 1.945
 - 3) 4.220
 - 4) 14.066

205 For the system shown below, what is the value of z?

- y = -2x + 143x 4z = 23x y = 16
- 1) 5 2) 2
- 2) 2 3) 6
- 4) 4

206 A study of the red tailed hawk population in a given area shows the population, H(t), can be represented by the function $H(t) = 50(1.19)^t$ where *t* represents the number of years since the study began. In terms of the monthly rate of growth, the population can be best approximated by the function

1)
$$H(t) = 50(1.015)^{12t}$$

2)
$$H(t) = 50(1.15)^{\overline{12}}$$

3)
$$H(t) = 50(1.19)^{12t}$$

4) $H(t) = 50(1.19)^{\frac{t}{12}}$

- 207 Given $f(x) = x^3 3$ and $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x 3b}$, the value of *b* is
 - 1) 1
 - 2) -1
 - 3) 3
 - 4) -3
- 208 Given *i* is the imaginary unit, which expression is equivalent to $5i(2x+3i) x\sqrt{-9}$?
 - 1) 15 + 13xi
 - 2) -15 + 13xi
 - 3) 15 + 7xi
 - 4) -15 + 7xi
- 209 The weights of bags of Graseck's Chocolate Candies are normally distributed with a mean of 4.3 ounces and a standard deviation of 0.05 ounces. What is the probability that a bag of these chocolate candies weighs less than 4.27 ounces?
 - 1) 0.2257
 - 2) 0.2743
 - 3) 0.7257
 - 4) 0.7757

- 210 Which description could represent the graph of
 - $f(x) = 4x^2(x+a) x a$, if a is an integer?
 - 1) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, and the graph has 3 *x*-intercepts.
 - 2) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, and the graph has 3 *x*-intercepts.
 - 3) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$, and the graph has 4 *x*-intercepts.
 - 4) As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to -\infty$, as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$, and the graph has 4 *x*-intercepts.
- 211 Beginning July 1, 2019, Michelle deposited \$250 into an account that yields 0.15% each month. She continued to make \$250 deposits into this account on the first of each month for 3 years. Which expression represents the amount of money that was in the account after her last deposit was made on June 1, 2022?

1)
$$250(1.0015)^3$$

2)
$$250(1.0015)^{36}$$

3)
$$\frac{250 - 250(1.0015)^3}{1 - 1.0015}$$

4)
$$\frac{250 - 250(1.0015)^{36}}{1 - 1.0015}$$

212 The solutions to $x + 3 - \frac{4}{x - 1} = 5$ are

1)
$$\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}$$

2) $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}i$
3) $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}i$
4) $\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{33}}{2}i$

213 What is the inverse of $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$, where $x \neq -2$?

1)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x}{x-1}$$

2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-2x}{x-1}$
3) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$
4) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-x}{x-2}$

- 214 What is the inverse of $f(x) = x^3 2$?
 - 1) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$
 - 4) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt[3]{x+2}$
- 215 The solution to the equation $6(2^{x+4}) = 36$ is
 - 1) -1
 - 2) $\frac{\ln 36}{\ln 12} 4$
 - 3) $\ln(3) 4$
 - 4) $\frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} 4$
- 216 Which expression is equivalent to $x^{6}y^{4}(x^{4}-16) - 9(x^{4}-16)?$ 1) $x^{10}y^{4} - 16x^{6}y^{4} - 9x^{4} - 144$ 2) $(x^{6}y^{4} - 9)(x+2)^{3}(x-2)$ 3) $(x^{3}y^{2} + 3)(x^{3}y^{2} - 3)(x+2)^{2}(x-2)^{2}$ 4) $(x^{3}y^{2} + 3)(x^{3}y^{2} - 3)(x^{2} + 4)(x^{2} - 4)$
- 217 If a, b, and c are all positive real numbers, which graph could represent the sketch of the graph of $p(x) = -a(x+b)\left(x^{2} - 2cx + c^{2}\right)?$ 1) 2) 3) 4)
- 218 Given f(9) = -2, which function can be used to generate the sequence -8, -7.25, -6.5, -5.75, ...?
 1) f(n) = -8 + 0.75n
 - 2) f(n) = -8 0.75(n-1)
 - 3) f(n) = -8.75 + 0.75n
 - 4) f(n) = -0.75 + 8(n-1)

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions

- 219 The expression $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 6}{x+2}$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $x^2 + 3$
 - 2) $x^2 + 1 + \frac{4}{r+2}$
 - 3) $2x^2 + x + 6$
 - 4) $2x^2 + 1 + \frac{4}{r+2}$
- 220 The distribution of the diameters of ball bearings made under a given manufacturing process is normally distributed with a mean of 4 cm and a standard deviation of 0.2 cm. What proportion of the ball bearings will have a diameter less than 3.7 cm?
 - 1) 0.0668
 - 0.0000
 0.4332
 - 0.4332
 0.8664
 - 4) 0.9500
- 221 The expression $\frac{6x^3 + 17x^2 + 10x + 2}{2x + 3}$ equals 1) $3x^2 + 4x - 1 + \frac{5}{2x + 3}$ 2) $6x^2 + 8x - 2 + \frac{5}{2x + 3}$ 3) $6x^2 - x + 13 - \frac{37}{2x + 3}$ 4) $3x^2 + 13x + \frac{49}{2} + \frac{151}{2x + 3}$
- 222 Which function represents exponential decay? 1) $y = 2^{0.3t}$

1)
$$y = 2^{3t}$$

2) $y = 1.2^{3t}$

- $3) \quad y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-t}$
- $4) \quad y = 5^{-t}$

- 223 What is the inverse of the function $y = \log_3 x$?
 - 1) $y = x^{3}$ 2) $y = \log_{x} 3$ 3) $y = 3^{x}$ 4) $x = 3^{y}$
- 224 Cheap and Fast gas station is conducting a consumer satisfaction survey. Which method of collecting data would most likely lead to a biased sample?
 - 1) interviewing every 5th customer to come into the station
 - 2) interviewing customers chosen at random by a computer at the checkout
 - 3) interviewing customers who call an 800 number posted on the customers' receipts
 - 4) interviewing every customer who comes into the station on a day of the week chosen at random out of a hat

225 The expression
$$\frac{-3x^2 - 5x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2}$$
 can be rewritten as
1) $\frac{-3x - 3}{x^2 + 2x}$
2) $\frac{-3x - 1}{x^2}$
3) $-3x^{-1} + 1$
4) $-3x^{-1} + x^{-2}$

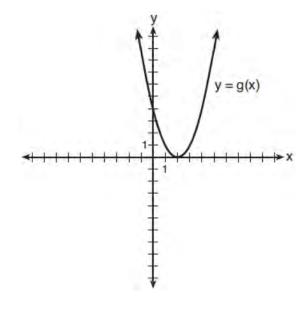
226 Which equation represents an odd function?

- 1) $y = \sin x$
- 2) $y = \cos x$

$$3) \quad y = (x+1)^3$$

$$4) \quad y = e^{5x}$$

227 What is the solution to the system of equations y = 3x - 2 and y = g(x) where g(x) is defined by the function below?



- 1) $\{(0,-2)\}$
- $2) \quad \{(0,-2),(1,6)\}$
- 3) $\{(1,6)\}$
- $4) \quad \{(1,1),(6,16)\}$

228 As x increases from 0 to $\frac{\pi}{2}$, the graph of the equation $y = 2\tan x$ will 1) increase from 0 to 2

- 2) decrease from 0 to -2
- 3) increase without limit
- 4) decrease without limit

229 If
$$\sin^2(32^\circ) + \cos^2(M) = 1$$
, then *M* equals

- 1) 32°
- 2) 58°
- 3) 68°
- 4) 72°

230 A circle centered at the origin has a radius of 10 units. The terminal side of an angle, θ , intercepts the circle in Quadrant II at point *C*. The *y*-coordinate of point *C* is 8. What is the value of $\cos \theta$?

1)
$$-\frac{3}{5}$$

2) $-\frac{3}{4}$
3) $\frac{3}{5}$
4) $\frac{4}{5}$

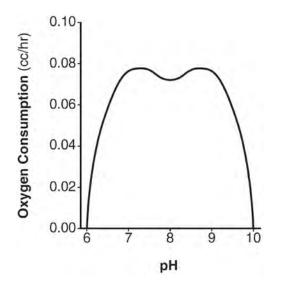
231 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{3x+25}{x+7} - 5 = \frac{3}{x}?$$
1)
$$\left\{\frac{3}{2},7\right\}$$
2)
$$\left\{\frac{7}{2},-3\right\}$$
3)
$$\left\{-\frac{3}{2},7\right\}$$
4)
$$\left\{-\frac{7}{2},-3\right\}$$

232 Relative to the graph of $y = 3\sin x$, what is the shift of the graph of $y = 3\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$?

1)
$$\frac{\pi}{3}$$
 right
2) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ left
3) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ up
4) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ down

233 There was a study done on oxygen consumption of snails as a function of pH, and the result was a degree 4 polynomial function whose graph is shown below.



Which statement about this function is *incorrect*?

- 1) The degree of the polynomial is even.
- 2) There is a positive leading coefficient.
- 3) At two pH values, there is a relative maximum value.
- 4) There are two intervals where the function is decreasing.
- 234 Pedro and Bobby each own an ant farm. Pedro starts with 100 ants and says his farm is growing exponentially at a rate of 15% per month. Bobby starts with 350 ants and says his farm is steadily decreasing by 5 ants per month. Assuming both boys are accurate in describing the population of their ant farms, after how many months will they both have approximately the same number of ants?
 - 1) 7
 - 2) 8
 - 3) 13
 - 4) 36

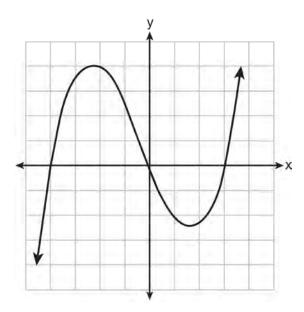
- 235 Which scenario is best described as an observational study?
 - 1) For a class project, students in Health class ask every tenth student entering the school if they eat breakfast in the morning.
 - A social researcher wants to learn whether or not there is a link between attendance and grades. She gathers data from 15 school districts.
 - A researcher wants to learn whether or not there is a link between children's daily amount of physical activity and their overall energy level. During lunch at the local high school, she distributed a short questionnaire to students in the cafeteria.
 - 4) Sixty seniors taking a course in Advanced Algebra Concepts are randomly divided into two classes. One class uses a graphing calculator all the time, and the other class never uses graphing calculators. A guidance counselor wants to determine whether there is a link between graphing calculator use and students' final exam grades.
- 236 The Rickerts decided to set up an account for their daughter to pay for her college education. The day their daughter was born, they deposited \$1000 in an account that pays 1.8% compounded annually. Beginning with her first birthday, they deposit an additional \$750 into the account on each of her birthdays. Which expression correctly represents the amount of money in the account *n* years after their daughter was born?
 - 1) $a_n = 1000(1.018)^n + 750$
 - 2) $a_n = 1000(1.018)^n + 750n$
 - 3) $a_0 = 1000$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(1.018) + 750$$

4)
$$a_0 = 1000$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(1.018) + 750n$$

237 The graph of p(x) is shown below.



What is the remainder when p(x) is divided by x + 4?

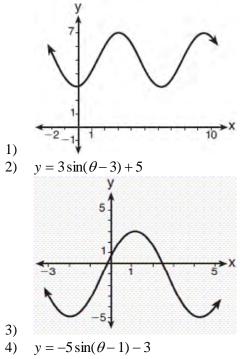
- 1) x 4
- 2) -4
- 3) 0
- 4) 4
- 238 The formula below can be used to model which scenario?

 $a_1 = 3000$

$$a_n = 0.80a_{n-1}$$

- 1) The first row of a stadium has 3000 seats, and each row thereafter has 80 more seats than the row in front of it.
- 2) The last row of a stadium has 3000 seats, and each row before it has 80 fewer seats than the row behind it.
- 3) A bank account starts with a deposit of \$3000, and each year it grows by 80%.
- The initial value of a specialty toy is \$3000, and its value each of the following years is 20% less.

239 Which sinusoid has the greatest amplitude?



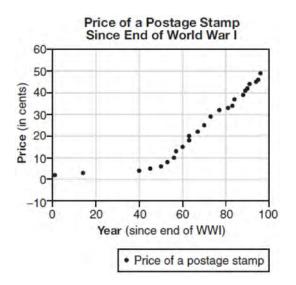
- 240 Which statement is *incorrect* for the graph of the function $y = -3\cos\left[\frac{\pi}{3}(x-4)\right] + 7?$
 - 1) The period is 6.
 - 2) The amplitude is 3.
 - 3) The range is [4,10].
 - 4) The midline is y = -4.
- 241 The completely factored form of
 - $2d^4 + 6d^3 18d^2 54d$ is
 - 1) $2d(d^2 9)(d + 3)$
 - 2) $2d(d^2+9)(d+3)$
 - 3) $2d(d+3)^2(d-3)$
 - 4) $2d(d-3)^2(d+3)$

242 Joelle has a credit card that has a 19.2% annual interest rate compounded monthly. She owes a total balance of B dollars after m months. Assuming she makes no payments on her account, the table below illustrates the balance she owes after m months.

| m | В |
|----|---------|
| 0 | 100.00 |
| 10 | 1172.00 |
| 19 | 1352.00 |
| 36 | 1770.80 |
| 60 | 2591.90 |
| 69 | 2990.00 |
| 72 | 3135.80 |
| 73 | 3186.00 |

Over which interval of time is her average rate of change for the balance on her credit card account the greatest?

- 1) month 10 to month 60
- 2) month 19 to month 69
- 3) month 36 to month 724) month 60 to month 73
- 243 The price of a postage stamp in the years since the end of World War I is shown in the scatterplot below.



The equation that best models the price, in cents, of a postage stamp based on these data is

- 1) y = 0.59x 14.82
- 2) $y = 1.04(1.43)^x$
- 3) $y = 1.43(1.04)^x$
- 4) $y = 24\sin(14x) + 25$

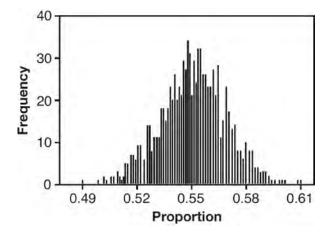
244 The value of a new car depreciates over time. Greg purchased a new car in June 2011. The value, V, of his car after t years can be modeled by the equation $\begin{pmatrix} V \\ V \end{pmatrix}$

 $\log_{0.8}\left(\frac{v}{17000}\right) = t$. What is the average decreasing

rate of change per year of the value of the car from June 2012 to June 2014, to the *nearest ten dollars per year*?

- 1) 1960
- 2) 2180
- 3) 2450
- 4) 2770
- 245 In 2013, approximately 1.6 million students took the Critical Reading portion of the SAT exam. The mean score, the modal score, and the standard deviation were calculated to be 496, 430, and 115, respectively. Which interval reflects 95% of the Critical Reading scores?
 - 1) 430 ± 115
 - 2) 430 ± 230
 - 3) 496±115
 - 4) 496 ± 230

246 A candidate for political office commissioned a poll. His staff received responses from 900 likely voters and 55% of them said they would vote for the candidate. The staff then conducted a simulation of 1000 more polls of 900 voters, assuming that 55% of voters would vote for their candidate. The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



Given this output, and assuming a 95% confidence level, the margin of error for the poll is closest to

- 1) 0.01
- 2) 0.03
- 3) 0.06
- 4) 0.12

247 Given
$$f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$$
, which equation represents $f(x)$?

- 1) $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x \frac{8}{3}$
- 2) $f(x) = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x - 2$$

4)
$$f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$$

248 When
$$g(x) = \frac{2}{x+2}$$
 and $h(x) = \log(x+1) + 3$ are
graphed on the same set of axes, which coordinates
best approximate their point of intersection?
1) (-0.9, 1.8)
2) (-0.9, 1.9)
3) (1.4, 3.3)
4) (1.4, 3.4)

249 The expression
$$\frac{4x^3 + 5x + 10}{2x + 3}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $2x^2 + 3x - 7 + \frac{31}{2x + 3}$
2) $2x^2 - 3x + 7 - \frac{11}{2x + 3}$
3) $2x^2 + 2.5x + 5 + \frac{15}{2x + 3}$
4) $2x^2 - 2.5x - 5 - \frac{20}{2x + 3}$

250 Which value is *not* contained in the solution of the system shown below?

$$a+5b-c = -20$$
$$4a-5b+4c = 19$$
$$-a-5b-5c = 2$$

1) -22) 2

3) 3

4) -3

- 251 Which expression has been rewritten correctly to form a true statement?
 - 1) $(x+2)^2 + 2(x+2) 8 = (x+6)x$
 - 2) $x^4 + 4x^2 + 9x^2y^2 36y^2 = (x+3y)^2(x-2)^2$
 - 3) $x^{3} + 3x^{2} 4xy^{2} 12y^{2} = (x 2y)(x + 3)^{2}$
 - 4) $(x^2-4)^2 5(x^2-4) 6 = (x^2-7)(x^2-6)$

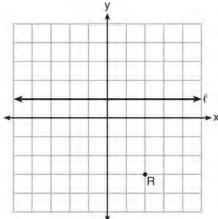
252 A polynomial equation of degree three, p(x), is used to model the volume of a rectangular box. The graph of p(x) has x intercepts at -2, 10, and 14. Which statements regarding p(x) could be true?

A. The equation of p(x) = (x - 2)(x + 10)(x + 14). B. The equation of p(x) = -(x + 2)(x - 10)(x - 14).

- C. The maximum volume occurs when x = 10.
- D. The maximum volume of the box is

approximately 56.

- 1) A and C
- $\hat{2}$ A and D
- \overrightarrow{A} B and C
- $(4) \quad B \text{ and } D$
- 253 Which equation represents the set of points equidistant from line ℓ and point *R* shown on the graph below?



1)
$$y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2 + 1$$

2) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x+2)^2 - 1$
3) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-2)^2 + 1$
4) $y = -\frac{1}{8}(x-2)^2 - 1$

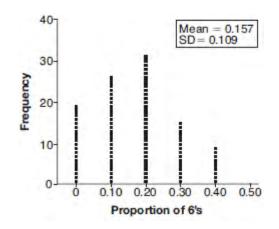
254 A game spinner is divided into 6 equally sized regions, as shown in the diagram below.



For Miles to win, the spinner must land on the number 6. After spinning the spinner 10 times, and losing all 10 times, Miles complained that the spinner is unfair. At home, his dad ran 100 simulations of spinning the spinner 10 times,

assuming the probability of winning each spin is $\frac{1}{\epsilon}$.

The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



Which explanation is appropriate for Miles and his dad to make?

- The spinner was likely unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- 2) The spinner was likely unfair, since the spinner should have landed on the number 6 by the sixth spin.
- 3) The spinner was likely not unfair, since the number 6 failed to occur in about 20% of the simulations.
- The spinner was likely not unfair, since in the output the player wins once or twice in the majority of the simulations.

255 Iridium-192 is an isotope of iridium and has a half-life of 73.83 days. If a laboratory experiment begins with 100 grams of Iridium-192, the number of grams, *A*, of Iridium-192 present after *t* days

would be $A = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{73.83}}$. Which equation

approximates the amount of Iridium-192 present after *t* days?

1)
$$A = 100 \left(\frac{73.83}{2}\right)^{t}$$

2) $A = 100 \left(\frac{1}{147.66}\right)^{t}$
3) $A = 100(0.990656)^{t}$

4)
$$A = 100(0.116381)^t$$

- 256 If the terminal side of angle θ , in standard position, passes through point (-4,3), what is the numerical value of sin θ ?
 - 1) $\frac{3}{5}$ 2) $\frac{4}{5}$

3)
$$-\frac{3}{5}$$

4) $-\frac{4}{5}$

257 The inverse of the function $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ is

1)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}$$

2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$
3) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$

4)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$$

- 258 When b > 0 and d is a positive integer, the expression $(3b)^{\frac{2}{d}}$ is equivalent to 1) $\frac{1}{\left(\frac{d}{\sqrt{3b}}\right)^2}$ 2) $\left(\sqrt{3b}\right)^d$ 3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3b^d}}$ 4) $\left(\frac{d}{\sqrt{3b}}\right)^2$
- 259 A public opinion poll was conducted on behalf of Mayor Ortega's reelection campaign shortly before the election. 264 out of 550 likely voters said they would vote for Mayor Ortega; the rest said they would vote for his opponent. Which statement is *least* appropriate to make, according to the results of the poll?
 - 1) There is a 48% chance that Mayor Ortega will win the election.
 - The point estimate (p̂) of voters who will vote for Mayor Ortega is 48%.
 - 3) It is most likely that between 44% and 52% of voters will vote for Mayor Ortega.
 - 4) Due to the margin of error, an inference cannot be made regarding whether Mayor Ortega or his opponent is most likely to win the election.

260 To the *nearest tenth*, the value of x that satisfies

- $2^x = -2x + 11$ is
- 1) 2.5
- 2) 2.6
- 3) 5.8
- 4) 5.9

- 261 When g(x) is divided by x + 4, the remainder is 0. Given $g(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 - 6x + 8$, which conclusion about g(x) is true?
 - 1) g(4) = 0
 - 2) g(-4) = 0
 - 3) x-4 is a factor of g(x).
 - 4) No conclusion can be made regarding g(x).
- 262 Sean's team has a baseball game tomorrow. He pitches 50% of the games. There is a 40% chance of rain during the game tomorrow. If the probability that it rains given that Sean pitches is 40%, it can be concluded that these two events are 1) independent
 - dependent
 - mutually exclusive
 - 4) complements
- 263 The voltage used by most households can be modeled by a sine function. The maximum voltage is 120 volts, and there are 60 cycles *every second*. Which equation best represents the value of the voltage as it flows through the electric wires, where *t* is time in seconds?
 - 1) $V = 120 \sin(t)$
 - 2) $V = 120 \sin(60t)$
 - 3) $V = 120 \sin(60\pi t)$
 - 4) $V = 120\sin(120\pi t)$
- 264 Consider the system shown below.

$$2x - y = 4$$

$$(x+3)^2 + y^2 = 8$$

The two solutions of the system can be described as

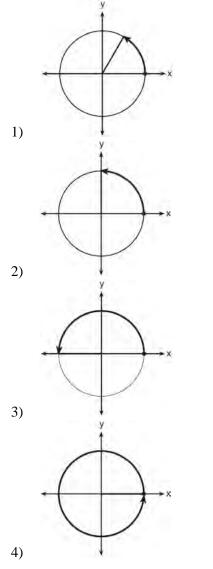
- 1) both imaginary
- 2) both irrational
- 3) both rational
- 4) one rational and one irrational

- 265 A student studying public policy created a model for the population of Detroit, where the population decreased 25% over a decade. He used the model $P = 714(0.75)^d$, where P is the population, in thousands, d decades after 2010. Another student, Suzanne, wants to use a model that would predict the population after y years. Suzanne's model is best represented by
 - 1) $P = 714(0.6500)^{y}$
 - 2) $P = 714(0.8500)^{y}$
 - 3) $P = 714(0.9716)^{y}$
 - 4) $P = 714(0.9750)^{y}$
- 266 What is the solution, if any, of the equation

$$\frac{2}{x+3} - \frac{3}{4-x} = \frac{2x-2}{x^2 - x - 12}?$$

- 1) -1
- 2) -5
- 3) all real numbers
- 4) no real solution
- 267 Which equation has 1 i as a solution?
 - 1) $x^2 + 2x 2 = 0$
 - 2) $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$
 - 3) $x^2 2x 2 = 0$
 - 4) $x^2 2x + 2 = 0$
- 268 The heights of women in the United States are normally distributed with a mean of 64 inches and a standard deviation of 2.75 inches. The percent of women whose heights are between 64 and 69.5 inches, to the *nearest whole percent*, is
 - 1) 6
 - 2) 48
 - 3) 68
 - 4) 95

269 Which diagram shows an angle rotation of 1 radian on the unit circle?



- 270 Which statement about statistical analysis is *false*?
 - 1) Experiments can suggest patterns and relationships in data.
 - 2) Experiments can determine cause and effect relationships.
 - 3) Observational studies can determine cause and effect relationships.
 - Observational studies can suggest patterns and relationships in data.

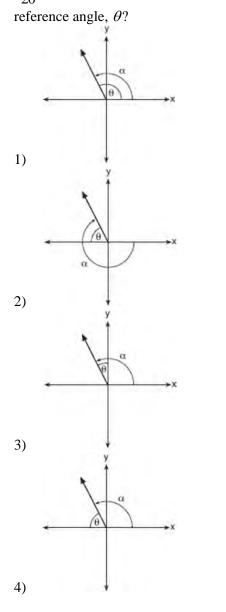
- 271 In 2010, the population of New York State was approximately 19,378,000 with an annual growth rate of 1.5%. Assuming the growth rate is maintained for a large number of years, which equation can be used to predict the population of New York State *t* years after 2010?
 - 1) $P_t = 19,378,000(1.5)^t$
 - 2) $P_0 = 19,378,000$

$$P_t = 19,378,000 + 1.015P_{t-1}$$

3)
$$P_t = 19,378,000(1.015)^{t-1}$$

- 4) $P_0 = 19,378,000$ $P_t = 1.015P_{t-1}$
- 272 Which binomial is *not* a factor of the expression
 - $x^{3} 11x^{2} + 16x + 84?$
 - 1) *x*+2
 - 2) x + 4
 - 3) x 6
 - 4) x 7
- 273 A rabbit population doubles every 4 weeks. There are currently five rabbits in a restricted area. If t represents the time, in weeks, and P(t) is the population of rabbits with respect to time, about how many rabbits will there be in 98 days?
 - 1) 56
 - 2) 152
 - 3) 3688
 4) 81,920
- 274 If f(x) = 3|x| 1 and $g(x) = 0.03x^3 x + 1$, an approximate solution for the equation f(x) = g(x) is 1) 1.96
 - 2) 11.29
 - 3) (-0.99, 1.96)
 - 4) (11.29, 32.87)

275 Which diagram represents an angle, α , measuring $\frac{13\pi}{20}$ radians drawn in standard position, and its



- 276 The solution set for the equation $\sqrt{56-x} = x$ is
 - 1) $\{-8,7\}$
 - 2) $\{-7, 8\}$
 - 3) {7}
 - 4) { }

277 Mallory wants to buy a new window air conditioning unit. The cost for the unit is \$329.99. If she plans to run the unit three months out of the year for an annual operating cost of \$108.78, which function models the cost per year over the lifetime of the unit, C(n), in terms of the number of years, n, that she owns the air conditioner.

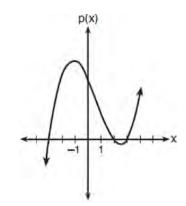
1)
$$C(n) = 329.99 + 108.78n$$

2)
$$C(n) = 329.99 + 326.34n$$

3)
$$C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 108.78n}{n}$$

4) $C(n) = \frac{329.99 + 326.34n}{n}$

278 The graph of the function p(x) is sketched below.



Which equation could represent p(x)?

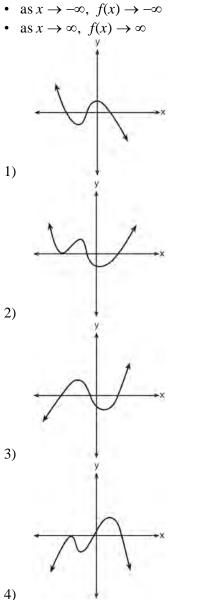
- 1) $p(x) = (x^2 9)(x 2)$ 2) $p(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 9x + 18$ 3) $p(x) = (x^2 + 9)(x - 2)$
- 4) $p(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 9x 18$

279 The solution set for the equation

$$\sqrt{x+14} - \sqrt{2x+5} = 1$$
 is

- 1) {-6}
- 2) {2}
- 3) {18}
- 4) {2,22}

- 280 The roots of the equation $x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$ are
 - 1) -3 and 1
 - 2) -1, only
 - 3) -1 + 2i and -1 2i
 - 4) -1 + 4i and -1 4i
- 281 Which graph has the following characteristics?
 - three real zeros



282 The focal length, F, of a camera's lens is related to the distance of the object from the lens, J, and the distance to the image area in the camera, W, by the formula below.

$$\frac{1}{J} + \frac{1}{W} = \frac{1}{F}$$

When this equation is solved for J in terms of F and W, J equals

1)
$$F - W$$

2) $\frac{FW}{F - W}$
3) $\frac{FW}{W - F}$
4) $\frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$

283 Which factorization is *incorrect*?

1)
$$4k^2 - 49 = (2k + 7)(2k - 7)$$

2) $a^3 - 8b^3 = (a - 2b)(a^2 + 2ab + 4b^2)$

2)
$$a^{3} - 8b^{3} = (a - 2b)(a^{2} + 2ab + 4b^{2})$$

3)
$$m^3 + 3m^2 - 4m + 12 = (m-2)^2(m+3)$$

4)
$$t^3 + 5t^2 + 6t + t^2 + 5t + 6 = (t+1)(t+2)(t+3)$$

- 284 According to a pricing website, Indroid phones lose 58% of their cash value over 1.5 years. Which expression can be used to estimate the value of a \$300 Indroid phone in 1.5 years?
 - 1) $300e^{-0.87}$
 - 2) $300e^{-0.63}$
 - 3) $300e^{-0.58}$
 - 4) $300e^{-0.42}$

285 What is the completely factored form of

$$k^4 - 4k^2 + 8k^3 - 32k + 12k^2 - 48?$$

- 1) (k-2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)2) (k-2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)
- 3) (k+2)(k-2)(k+3)(k+4)
- 4) (k+2)(k-2)(k+6)(k+2)

286 The Ferris wheel at the landmark Navy Pier in Chicago takes 7 minutes to make one full rotation. The height, *H*, in feet, above the ground of one of the six-person cars can be modeled by

$$H(t) = 70 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{7} (t - 1.75)\right) + 80$$
, where *t* is time.

in minutes. Using H(t) for one full rotation, this car's minimum height, in feet, is

- 1) 150
- 2) 70
- 3) 10
- 4) 0
- 287 Given the parent function $p(x) = \cos x$, which phrase best describes the transformation used to obtain the graph of $g(x) = \cos(x+a) - b$, if *a* and *b* are positive constants?
 - 1) right *a* units, up *b* units
 - 2) right *a* units, down *b* units
 - 3) left *a* units, up *b* units
 - 4) left *a* units, down *b* units
- 288 Given *i* is the imaginary unit, $(2-yi)^2$ in simplest form is
 - 1) $y^2 4yi + 4$
 - 2) $-y^2 4yi + 4$
 - 3) $-y^2 + 4$
 - 4) $y^2 + 4$
- 289 The equation $4x^2 24x + 4y^2 + 72y = 76$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 76$
 - 2) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 121$
 - 3) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 166$
 - 4) $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 436$

- 290 An equation to represent the value of a car after t months of ownership is $v = 32,000(0.81)^{\frac{t}{12}}$. Which statement is *not* correct?
 - 1) The car lost approximately 19% of its value each month.
 - 2) The car maintained approximately 98% of its value each month.
 - 3) The value of the car when it was purchased was \$32,000.
 - 4) The value of the car 1 year after it was purchased was \$25,920.
- 291 Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{4x^3 + 9x 5}{2x 1}$,

where
$$x \neq \frac{1}{2}$$
?
1) $2x^2 + x + 5$
2) $2x^2 + \frac{11}{2} + \frac{1}{2(2x-1)}$
3) $2x^2 - x + 5$
4) $2x^2 - x + 4 + \frac{1}{2x-1}$

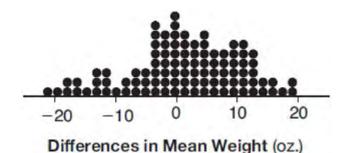
- 292 The function $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2+2x-8}$ is undefined when
 - x equals
 - 1) 2 or -42) 4 or -2
 - 2) 401 2 3) 3, only
 - 4) 2, only

293 Which value, to the *nearest tenth*, is *not* a solution of p(x) = q(x) if $p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 3x - 1$ and q(x) = 3x + 8? 1) -3.9 2) -1.1

- 3) 2.1
- 4) 4.7

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

294 Gabriel performed an experiment to see if planting 13 tomato plants in black plastic mulch leads to larger tomatoes than if 13 plants are planted without mulch. He observed that the average weight of the tomatoes from tomato plants grown in black plastic mulch was 5 ounces greater than those from the plants planted without mulch. To determine if the observed difference is statistically significant, he rerandomized the tomato groups 100 times to study these random differences in the mean weights. The output of his simulation is summarized in the dotplot below.



Given these results, what is an appropriate inference that can be drawn?

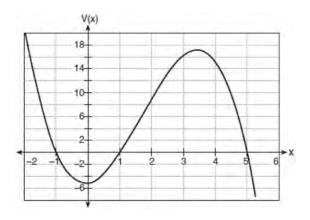
- 1) There was no effect observed between 3) the two groups.
- 2) There was an effect observed that could 4) be due to the random assignment of plants to the groups.
- There is strong evidence to support the hypothesis that tomatoes from plants planted in black plastic mulch are larger than those planted without mulch.
-) There is strong evidence to support the hypothesis that tomatoes from plants planted without mulch are larger than those planted in black plastic mulch.
- 295 The set of data in the table below shows the results of a survey on the number of messages that people of different ages text on their cell phones each month.

| Text Messages per Month | | | | | |
|--|----|----|-----|--|--|
| Age Group 0-10 11-50 Over 50 | | | | | |
| 15-18 | 4 | 37 | 68 | | |
| 19-22 | 6 | 25 | 87 | | |
| 23-60 | 25 | 47 | 157 | | |

If a person from this survey is selected at random, what is the probability that the person texts over 50 messages per month given that the person is between the ages of 23 and 60?

- 1) $\frac{157}{229}$ 3) $\frac{157}{384}$
- 2) $\frac{157}{312}$ 4) $\frac{157}{456}$

296 A cardboard box manufacturing company is building boxes with length represented by x + 1, width by 5 - x, and height by x - 1. The volume of the box is modeled by the function below.



Over which interval is the volume of the box changing at the fastest average rate?

- 1) [1,2]
- 2) [1,3.5]
- 3) [1,5]
- 4) [0,3.5]

297 The function
$$f(x) = 2^{-0.25x} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right)$$
 represents a

damped sound wave function. What is the average rate of change for this function on the interval [-7,7], to the *nearest hundredth*?

- 1) -3.66
- 2) -0.30
- 3) -0.26
- 4) 3.36
- 298 Which binomial is a factor of $x^4 4x^2 4x + 8$?
 - 1) x 2
 - 2) x + 2
 - 3) x 4
 - 4) x + 4

299 Mr. Farison gave his class the three mathematical rules shown below to either prove or disprove. Which rules can be proved for all real numbers?

I
$$(m+p)^2 = m^2 + 2mp + p^2$$

II $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$
III $(a^2+b^2)^2 = (a^2-b^2)^2 + (2ab)^2$

- 1) I, only
- 2) I and II
- 3) II and III
- 4) I and III
- 300 The function $p(t) = 110e^{0.03922t}$ models the population of a city, in millions, *t* years after 2010. As of today, consider the following two statements:
 - I. The current population is 110 million.

II. The population increases continuously by approximately 3.9% per year.

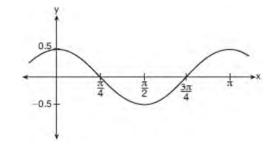
This model supports

- 1) I, only
- 2) II, only
- 3) both I and II
- 4) neither I nor II
- 301 Given that $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ and $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$,

what is a possible value of $\cos \theta$?

1)
$$\frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{5}$$
2)
$$\frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$
3)
$$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{5}$$
4)
$$\frac{\sqrt{35}}{5}$$

- 302 The solutions to the equation $-\frac{1}{2}x^2 = -6x + 20$ are
 - 1) $-6 \pm 2i$
 - 2) $-6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}$
 - 3) $6 \pm 2i$
 - 4) $6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}$
- 303 The population of Jamesburg for the years 2010-2013, respectively, was reported as follows: 250,000 250,937 251,878 252,822 How can this sequence be recursively modeled?
 - 1) $j_n = 250,000(1.00375)^{n-1}$
 - 2) $j_n = 250,000 + 937^{(n-1)}$
 - 3) $j_1 = 250,000$
 - $j_n = 1.00375 j_{n-1}$ 4) $j_1 = 250,000$
 - - $j_n = j_{n-1} + 937$
- 304 Which equation is represented by the graph shown below?

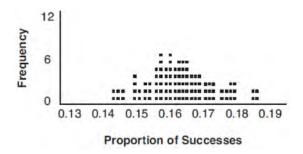


- $y = \frac{1}{2}\cos 2x$ 1)
- $y = \cos x$ 2)

3)
$$y = \frac{1}{2}\cos x$$

4) $y = 2\cos\frac{1}{2}x$

305 A study conducted in 2004 in New York City found that 212 out of 1334 participants had hypertension. Kim ran a simulation of 100 studies based on these data. The output of the simulation is shown in the diagram below.



At a 95% confidence level, the proportion of New York City residents with hypertension and the margin of error are closest to

- 1) proportion $\approx .16$; margin of error $\approx .01$
- 2) proportion \approx .16; margin of error \approx .02
- proportion $\approx .01$; margin of error $\approx .16$ 3)
- proportion $\approx .02$; margin of error $\approx .16$ 4)
- 306 A sine function increasing through the origin can be used to model light waves. Violet light has a wavelength of 400 nanometers. Over which interval is the height of the wave *decreasing*, only? 1) (0, 200)
 - 2) (100, 300)
 - 3) (200, 400)

 - 4) (300, 400)
- 307 For $x \neq 0$, which expressions are equivalent to one divided by the sixth root of *x*?

I.
$$\frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$
 II. $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ III. $x^{\frac{-1}{6}}$

- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- II and III, only 3)
- 4) I, II, and III

308 Kristin wants to increase her running endurance. According to experts, a gradual mileage increase of 10% per week can reduce the risk of injury. If Kristin runs 8 miles in week one, which expression can help her find the total number of miles she will have run over the course of her 6-week training program?

1)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{6} 8(1.10)^{n-1}$$

2)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{6} 8(1.10)^{n}$$

3)
$$\frac{8 - 8(1.10)^{6}}{0.90}$$

4)
$$\frac{8 - 8(0.10)^{n}}{1.10}$$

1.10

- 309 Which statement about the graph of $c(x) = \log_6 x$ is *false*?
 - 1) The asymptote has equation y = 0.
 - 2) The graph has no *y*-intercept.
 - 3) The domain is the set of positive reals.
 - 4) The range is the set of all real numbers.
- 310 The eighth and tenth terms of a sequence are 64 and 100. If the sequence is either arithmetic or geometric, the ninth term can *not* be
 - 1) -82
 - 2) -80
 - 3) 80
 - 4) 82
- 311 If $p(x) = ab^x$ and $r(x) = cd^x$, then $p(x) \bullet r(x)$ equals
 - 1) $ac(b+d)^x$
 - 2) $ac(b+d)^{2x}$
 - 3) $ac(bd)^{x}$
 - 4) $ac(bd)^{x^2}$

312 A solution of the equation $2x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$ is

1)
$$-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i\sqrt{7}$$

2) $-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i$
3) $-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{7}$
4) $\frac{1}{2}$

- 313 Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (0,4) and a directrix of y = 2?
 - 1) $y = x^{2} + 3$ 2) $y = -x^{2} + 1$ 3) $y = \frac{x^{2}}{2} + 3$ 4) $y = \frac{x^{2}}{4} + 3$
- 314 Sally's high school is planning their spring musical. The revenue, *R*, generated can be determined by the function $R(t) = -33t^2 + 360t$, where *t* represents the price of a ticket. The production cost, *C*, of the musical is represented by the function C(t) = 700 + 5t. What is the highest ticket price, to the *nearest dollar*, they can charge in order to *not* lose money on the event?
 - 1) t = 3
 - 2) t = 5
 - 3) t = 8
 - 4) t = 11

315 The solution to the equation $4x^2 + 98 = 0$ is

1)
$$\pm 7$$

2) $\pm 7i$

3)
$$\pm \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

4) $\pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$

316 Based on climate data that have been collected in Bar Harbor, Maine, the average monthly temperature, in degrees F, can be modeled by the equation

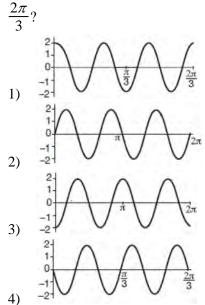
 $B(x) = 23.914 \sin(0.508x - 2.116) + 55.300$. The same governmental agency collected average monthly temperature data for Phoenix, Arizona, and found the temperatures could be modeled by the equation

 $P(x) = 20.238 \sin(0.525x - 2.148) + 86.729$. Which statement can *not* be concluded based on the average monthly temperature models *x* months after starting data collection?

- 1) The average monthly temperature variation is more in Bar Harbor than in Phoenix.
- 2) The midline average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is lower than the midline temperature for Phoenix.
- 3) The maximum average monthly temperature for Bar Harbor is 79° F, to the nearest degree.
- 4) The minimum average monthly temperature for Phoenix is 20° F, to the nearest degree.

317 What does
$$\left(\frac{-54x^9}{y^4}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$
 equal?
1) $\frac{9ix^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$
2) $\frac{9ix^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$
3) $\frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y\sqrt[3]{y}}$
4) $\frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$

318 Which graph represents a cosine function with no horizontal shift, an amplitude of 2, and a period of $\frac{2\pi}{2}$



- 319 Which equation represents a parabola with the focus at (0,-1) and the directrix of y = 1?
 - 1) $x^2 = -8y$
 - $2) \quad x^2 = -4y$
 - 3) $x^2 = 8y$
 - 4) $x^2 = 4y$
- 320 A manufacturing company has developed a cost model, $C(x) = 0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 + 2x + 120$, where x is the number of items sold, in thousands. The sales price can be modeled by S(x) = 30 - 0.01x. Therefore, revenue is modeled by $R(x) = x \bullet S(x)$. The company's profit, P(x) = R(x) - C(x), could be modeled by
 - 1) $0.15x^3 + 0.02x^2 28x + 120$
 - 2) $-0.15x^3 0.02x^2 + 28x 120$
 - 3) $-0.15x^3 + 0.01x^2 2.01x 120$
 - 4) $-0.15x^3 + 32x + 120$

321 The loudness of sound is measured in units called decibels (dB). These units are measured by first assigning an intensity I_0 to a very soft sound that is called the threshold sound. The sound to be measured is assigned an

intensity, *I*, and the decibel rating, *d*, of this sound is found using $d = 10 \log \frac{I}{I_0}$. The threshold sound audible to

the average person is 1.0×10^{-12} W/m² (watts per square meter). Consider the following sound level classifications:

| Moderate | 45-69 dB |
|-----------|-----------|
| Loud | 70-89 dB |
| Very loud | 90-109 dB |
| Deafening | >110 dB |

How would a sound with intensity 6.3×10^{-3} W/m² be classified?

1) moderate

loud

2)

- 3) very loud4) deafening
- 322 Julie averaged 85 on the first three tests of the semester in her mathematics class. If she scores 93 on each of the remaining tests, her average will be 90. Which equation could be used to determine how many tests, *T*, are left in the semester?

1)
$$\frac{255+93T}{3T} = 90$$

2) $\frac{255+90T}{3T} = 93$

3)
$$\frac{255+93T}{T+3} = 90$$

4) $\frac{255+90T}{T+3} = 93$

323 Jasmine decides to put \$100 in a savings account each month. The account pays 3% annual interest, compounded monthly. How much money, *S*, will Jasmine have after one year?

1)
$$S = 100(1.03)^{12}$$

2) $S = \frac{100 - 100(1.0025)^{12}}{1 - 1.0025}$
3) $S = 100(1.0025)^{12}$
4) $S = \frac{100 - 100(1.03)^{12}}{1 - 1.03}$

324 Which statement regarding the graphs of the functions below is *untrue*? $f(x) = 3 \sin 2x$, from $-\pi < x < \pi$ g(x) = (x - 0.5)(x + 4)(x - 2) $h(x) = \log_2 x$

$$j(x) = -|4x - 2| + 3$$

- 1) f(x) and j(x) have a maximum y-value of 3.
- 2) f(x), h(x), and j(x) have one y-intercept.
- 3) g(x) and j(x) have the same end behavior as $x \to -\infty$.
- 4) g(x), h(x), and j(x) have rational zeros.

325 The solution to the equation $18x^2 - 24x + 87 = 0$ is

1)
$$-\frac{2}{3} \pm 6i\sqrt{158}$$

2) $-\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$
3) $\frac{2}{3} \pm 6i\sqrt{158}$
4) $\frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$

- 326 The probability that Gary and Jane have a child with blue eyes is 0.25, and the probability that they have a child with blond hair is 0.5. The probability that they have a child with both blue eyes and blond hair is 0.125. Given this information, the events blue eyes and blond hair are
 - I: dependent
 - II: independent
 - III: mutually exclusive
 - 1) I, only
 - 2) II, only
 - 3) I and III
 - 4) II and III
- 327 A recursive formula for the sequence 18,9,4.5,...
 - is 1) $g_1 = 18$
 - $g_n = \frac{1}{2}g_{n-1}$ $2) \quad g_n = 18 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$

 - 3) $g_1 = 18$
 - $g_n = 2g_{n-1}$ 4) $g_n = 18(2)^{n-1}$
- 328 A ball is dropped from a height of 32 feet. It bounces and rebounds 80% of the height from which it was falling. What is the total downward distance, in feet, the ball traveled up to the 12th bounce?
 - 29 1)
 - 2) 58
 - 3) 120
 - 4) 149

329 The expression
$$\left(\frac{m^2}{\frac{1}{m^3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $-\sqrt[6]{m^5}$
2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{m^5}}$
3) $-m\sqrt[5]{m}$
4) $\frac{1}{m\sqrt[5]{m}}$

- 330 When factored completely, $m^5 + m^3 6m$ is equivalent to
 - 1) (m+3)(m-2)
 - 2) $(m^2 + 3m)(m^2 2)$
 - 3) $m(m^4 + m^2 6)$
 - 4) $m(m^2+3)(m^2-2)$
- 331 What is the solution to $8(2^{x+3}) = 48$?

1)
$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$$

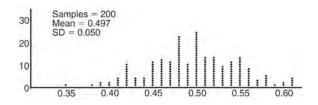
2) $x = 0$
3) $x = \frac{\ln 48}{\ln 16} - 3$

- $x = \ln 4 3$ 4)
- 332 To solve $\frac{2x}{x-2} \frac{11}{x} = \frac{8}{x^2 2x}$, Ren multiplied

both sides by the least common denominator. Which statement is true?

- 1) 2 is an extraneous solution.
- $\frac{7}{2}$ is an extraneous solution. 2)
- 3) 0 and 2 are extraneous solutions.
- 4) This equation does not contain any extraneous solutions.

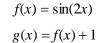
- 333 Last year, the total revenue for Home Style, a national restaurant chain, increased 5.25% over the previous year. If this trend were to continue, which expression could the company's chief financial officer use to approximate their monthly percent increase in revenue? [Let *m* represent months.]
 - 1) $(1.0525)^m$
 - 2) $(1.0525)^{m}$
 - 3) $(1.00427)^m$
 - 4) $(1.00427)^{\overline{12}}$
- 334 Anne has a coin. She does not know if it is a fair coin. She flipped the coin 100 times and obtained 73 heads and 27 tails. She ran a computer simulation of 200 samples of 100 fair coin flips. The output of the proportion of heads is shown below.

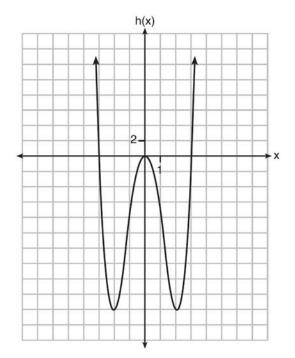


Given the results of her coin flips and of her computer simulation, which statement is most accurate?

- 1) 73 of the computer's next 100 coin flips will be heads.
- 2) 50 of her next 100 coin flips will be heads.
- 3) Her coin is not fair.
- 4) Her coin is fair.
- 335 The expression $6xi^3(-4xi+5)$ is equivalent to
 - 1) 2x 5i
 - 2) $-24x^2 30xi$
 - 3) $-24x^2 + 30x i$
 - 4) $26x 24x^2i 5i$

336 Functions f, g, and h are given below.





Which statement is true about functions f, g, and h?

- 1) f(x) and g(x) are odd, h(x) is even.
- 2) f(x) and g(x) are even, h(x) is odd.
- 3) f(x) is odd, g(x) is neither, h(x) is even.
- 4) f(x) is even, g(x) is neither, h(x) is odd.
- The lifespan of a 60-watt lightbulb produced by a company is normally distributed with a mean of 1450 hours and a standard deviation of 8.5 hours. If a 60-watt lightbulb produced by this company is selected at random, what is the probability that its lifespan will be between 1440 and 1465 hours?
 - 1) 0.3803
 - 2) 0.4612
 - 3) 0.8415
 - 4) 0.9612

- 338 Which expression is equivalent to $(3k 2i)^2$, where *i* is the imaginary unit?
 - 1) $9k^2 4$
 - 2) $9k^2 + 4$
 - 3) $9k^2 12ki 4$
 - 4) $9k^2 12ki + 4$
- 339 A payday loan company makes loans between \$100 and \$1000 available to customers. Every 14 days, customers are charged 30% interest with compounding. In 2013, Remi took out a \$300 payday loan. Which expression can be used to calculate the amount she would owe, in dollars, after one year if she did not make payments?
 - 1) $300(.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$ 2) $300(1.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$ 3) $300(.30)^{\frac{365}{14}}$ 4) $300(1.30)^{\frac{365}{14}}$

340 The zeros for
$$f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 36x$$
 are

- 1) $\{0, \pm 3, 4\}$
- 2) $\{0,3,4\}$
- 3) $\{0, \pm 3, -4\}$
- 4) $\{0, 3, -4\}$
- 341 What are the zeros of $P(m) = (m^2 4)(m^2 + 1)$?
 - 1) 2 and -2, only
 - 2) 2, -2, and -4
 - 3) -4, i, and -i
 - 4) 2, -2, i, and -i

- 342 Which statement(s) about statistical studies is true?
 - I. A survey of all English classes in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of hours students throughout the school spend studying.
 - II. A survey of all ninth graders in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of student parking spaces needed at that high school.
 - III. A survey of all students in one lunch period in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of hours adults spend on social media websites.
 - IV. A survey of all Calculus students in a high school would be a good sample to determine the number of students throughout the school who don't like math.
 - 1) I, only
 - 2) II, only
 - 3) I and III
 - 4) III and IV
- 343 The sequence $a_1 = 6$, $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$ can also be written as
 - 1) $a_n = 6 \cdot 3^n$
 - $2) \quad a_n = 6 \cdot 3^{n+1}$
 - 3) $a_n = 2 \cdot 3^n$
 - 4) $a_n = 2 \cdot 3^{n+1}$
- 344 A parabola has its focus at (1,2) and its directrix is y = -2. The equation of this parabola could be
 - 1) $y = 8(x+1)^2$ 2) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x+1)^2$
 - 3) $y = 8(x-1)^2$
 - 4) $y = \frac{1}{8}(x-1)^2$

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions

- 345 Which statement about data collection is most accurate?
 - 1) A survey about parenting styles given to every tenth student entering the library will provide unbiased results.
 - 2) An observational study allows a researcher to determine the cause of an outcome.
 - 3) Margin of error increases as sample size increases.
 - 4) A survey collected from a random sample of students in a school can be used to represent the opinions of the school population.
- 346 The depth of the water, d(t), in feet, on a given day at Thunder Bay, *t* hours after midnight is modeled

by $d(t) = 5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t-5)\right) + 7$. Which statement

about the Thunder Bay tide is *false*?

- 1) A low tide occurred at 2 a.m.
- 2) The maximum depth of the water was 12 feet.
- 3) The water depth at 9 a.m. was approximately 11 feet.
- 4) The difference in water depth between high tide and low tide is 14 feet.

347 Which function is even?

1)
$$f(x) = x^3 + 2$$

- 2) $f(x) = x^2 + 1$
- 3) f(x) = |x+2|
- $4) \quad f(x) = \sin(2x)$
- 348 Which statement below about the graph of $f(x) = -\log(x+4) + 2$ is true?
 - 1) f(x) has a *y*-intercept at (0,2).
 - 2) -f(x) has a *y*-intercept at (0,2).
 - 3) As $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$.
 - 4) $x \to -4, f(x) \to \infty$.

- 349 The expression $(x + a)^2 + 5(x + a) + 4$ is equivalent to
 - 1) (a+1)(a+4)
 - 2) (x+1)(x+4)
 - 3) (x+a+1)(x+a+4)
 - 4) $x^2 + a^2 + 5x + 5a + 4$
- 350 How many equations below are identities?

•
$$x^{2} + y^{2} = (x^{2} - y^{2}) + (2xy)^{2}$$

• $x^{3} + y^{3} = (x - y) + (x^{2} - xy + y^{2})$
• $x^{4} + y^{4} = (x - y)(x - y)(x^{2} + y^{2})$

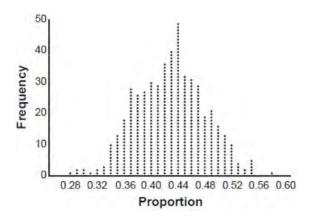
- 1) 1 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) 0

351 Given
$$p(\theta) = 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\theta\right)$$
 on the interval

 $-\pi < \theta < \pi$, the function *p*

- 1) decreases, then increases
- 2) increases, then decreases
- 3) decreases throughout the interval
- 4) increases throughout the interval
- 352 Which situation best describes conditional probability?
 - finding the probability of an event occurring two or more times
 - 2) finding the probability of an event occurring only once
 - 3) finding the probability of two independent events occurring at the same time
 - 4) finding the probability of an event occurring given another event had already occurred

353 Marissa and Sydney are trying to determine if there is enough interest in their school to put on a senior musical. They randomly surveyed 100 members of the senior class and 43% of them said they would be interested in being in a senior musical. Marissa and Sydney then conducted a simulation of 500 more surveys, each of 100 seniors, assuming that 43% of the senior class would be interested in being in the musical. The output of the simulation is shown below.



The standard deviation of the simulation is closest to

- 1) 0.02
- 2) 0.05
- 3) 0.09
- 4) 0.43
- 354 For $f(x) = \cos x$, which statement is true?
 - 1) 2f(x) and f(2x) are even functions.
 - 2) f(2x) and f(x) + 2 are odd functions.
 - 3) 2f(x) and $f\left(x+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ are odd functions.
 - 4) f(x) + 2 is an odd function and $f\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ is an even function.

The amount of a substance, A(t), that remains after *t* days can be given by the equation

 $A(t) = A_0(0.5)^{\frac{t}{0.0803}}$, where A_0 represents the initial amount of the substance. An equivalent form of this equation is

- 1) $A(t) = A_0 (0.000178)^t$
- 2) $A(t) = A_0 (0.945861)^t$
- 3) $A(t) = A_0 (0.04015)^t$
- 4) $A(t) = A_0 (1.08361)^t$
- 356 The equation below can be used to model the height of a tide in feet, H(t), on a beach at *t* hours.

$$H(t) = 4.8 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t+3)\right) + 5.1$$

Using this function, the amplitude of the tide is

- 1) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- 2) 4.8
- 3) 3
- 4) 5.1
- 357 Susan won \$2,000 and invested it into an account with an annual interest rate of 3.2%. If her investment were compounded monthly, which expression best represents the value of her investment after *t* years?

1)
$$2000(1.003)^{12t}$$

2)
$$2000(1.032)^{\frac{1}{12}}$$

3)
$$2064^{\frac{1}{12}}$$

4) $\frac{2000(1.032)^{t}}{12}$

358 A company fired several employees in order to save money. The amount of money the company saved per year over five years following the loss of employees is shown in the table below.

| Year | Amount Saved |
|------|--------------|
| | (in dollars) |
| 1 | 59,000 |
| 2 | 64,900 |
| 3 | 71,390 |
| 4 | 78,529 |
| 5 | 86,381.9 |

Which expression determines the total amount of money saved by the company over 5 years?

1)
$$\frac{59,000-59,000(1.1)^5}{1-1.1}$$

2) $\frac{59,000-59,000(0.1)^5}{1-0.1}$
3) $\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(1.1)^n$
4) $\sum_{n=1}^{5} 59,000(0.1)^{n-1}$

- 359 In watching auditions for lead singer in a band, Liem became curious as to whether there is an association between how animated the lead singer is and the amount of applause from the audience. He decided to watch each singer and rate the singer on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is the least animated and 5 is the most animated. He did this for all 5 nights of auditions and found that the more animated singers did receive louder applause. The study Liem conducted would be best described as
 - 1) experimental
 - 2) observational
 - 3) a sample survey
 - 4) a random assignment

361 If
$$\cos A = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$$
 and $\tan A < 0$, what is the value of $\sin A$?
1) $\frac{2}{3}$
2) $-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$
3) $-\frac{2}{3}$
4) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$

362 What is the solution of $2(3^{x+4}) = 56$?

1)
$$x = \log_3(28) - 4$$

2)
$$x = -1$$

3) $x = \log(25)$

3)
$$x = \log(25) - 4$$

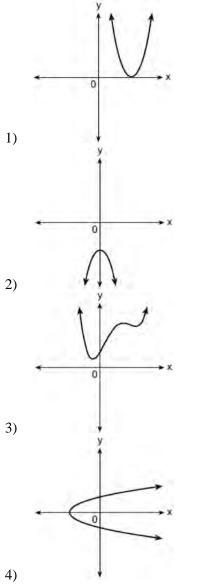
4)
$$x = \frac{\log(56)}{\log(6)} - 4$$

360 As
$$\theta$$
 increases from $-\frac{\pi}{2}$ to 0 radians, the value of

$\cos\theta$ will

- 1) decrease from 1 to 0
- 2) decrease from 0 to -1
- 3) increase from -1 to 0
- 4) increase from 0 to 1

363 Which graph shows a quadratic function with two imaginary zeros?



364 If the focus of a parabola is (0,6) and the directrix is y = 4, what is an equation for the parabola?

1)
$$y^2 = 4(x-5)$$

2)
$$x^2 = 4(y-5)$$

3)
$$y^2 = 8(x-5)$$

4) $x^2 = 8(y-6)$

365 Luminescence is the emission of light that is not caused by heat. A luminescent substance decays according to the function below.

$$I = I_0 e^{3\left(-\frac{t}{0.6}\right)}$$

This function can be best approximated by

1)
$$I = I_0 e^{\left(-\frac{t}{0.18}\right)}$$

2) $I = I_0 e^{5t}$
3) $I = I_0 (0.0067)^t$
4) $I = I_0 (0.0497)^{0.6t}$

- 366 The growth of a \$500 investment can be modeled by the function $P(t) = 500(1.03)^t$, where *t* represents time in years. In terms of the monthly rate of growth, the value of the investment can be best approximated by
 - 1) $P(t) = 500(1.00247)^{12t}$
 - 2) $P(t) = 500(1.00247)^{t}$
 - 3) $P(t) = 500(1.03)^{12t}$

4)
$$P(t) = 500(1.03)^{\overline{12}}$$

367 Consider the system of equations below? x + 2y - z = 1

$$-x - 3y + 2z = 0$$

$$2x - 4y + z = 10$$

What is the solution to the given system of equations?

- 1) (1,1,2)2) (3,-1,0)3) (5,-1,2)
- 4) (3,5,8)

368 Written in simplest form, the fraction $\frac{x^3 - 9x}{9 - x^2}$,

where $x \neq \pm 3$, is equivalent to 1) -x

2)
$$x = -x(x+3)$$

3)
$$\frac{-x(x+3)}{(3+x)}$$

4)
$$\frac{x(x-3)}{(2-x)}$$

- 369 Which investigation technique is most often used to determine if a single variable has an impact on a given population?
 - 1) observational study
 - 2) random survey
 - 3) controlled experiment
 - 4) formal interview
- 370 Expressed in simplest a + bi form, $(7-3i) + (x-2i)^2 - (4i+2x^2)$ is
 - 1) $(3-x^2) (4x+7)i$
 - 2) $(3+3x^2) (4x+7)i$

3)
$$(3-x^2)-7i$$

- 4) $(3+3x^2)-7i$
- 371 According to the USGS, an agency within the Department of Interior of the United States, the frog population in the U.S. is decreasing at the rate of 3.79% per year. A student created a model, $P = 12,150(0.962)^t$, to estimate the population in a pond after *t* years. The student then created a model that would predict the population after *d* decades. This model is best represented by
 - 1) $P = 12,150(0.461)^d$
 - 2) $P = 12,150(0.679)^d$
 - 3) $P = 12,150(0.996)^d$
 - 4) $P = 12,150(0.998)^d$

- 372 If $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$, then the inverse function is 1) $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 4$ 4) $f^{-1}(x) = 2x + 2$
- 373 For which approximate value(s) of x will log(x+5) = |x-1| 3?
 - 1) 5,1
 - 2) -2.41, 0.41
 - 3) -2.41, 5
 - 4) 5, only
- 374 What are the zeros of

$$s(x) = x^{4} - 9x^{2} + 3x^{3} - 27x - 10x^{2} + 90?$$
1) {-3,-2,5}
2) {-2,3,5}
3) {-3,-2,3,5}
4) {-5,-3,2,3}

- 375 The sum of the first 20 terms of the series $-2+6-18+54-\ldots$ is
 - 1) -610
 - 2) -59
 - 3) 1,743,392,200
 - 4) 2,324,522,934

376 Which expression is an equivalent form of $a\sqrt[5]{a^4}$?

1) a2) $a^{\frac{9}{5}}$ 3) $a^{\frac{9}{4}}$ 4) $a^{\frac{1}{5}}$

377 Consider the data in the table below.

| | Right Handed | Left Handed |
|--------|---------------------|-------------|
| Male | 87 | 13 |
| Female | 89 | 11 |

What is the probability that a randomly selected person is male given the person is left handed?

| 1) | $\frac{13}{200}$ | 3) | $\frac{13}{50}$ |
|----|------------------|----|-----------------|
| 1) | 200 | 3) | 50 |
| 2) | 13 | 4) | $\frac{13}{24}$ |
| 2) | $\frac{13}{100}$ | 4) | 24 |

378 Given the polynomial identity $x^6 + y^6 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$, which equation must also be true for all values of x and y?

1)
$$x^{6} + y^{6} = x^{2}(x^{4} - x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}) + y^{2}(x^{4} - x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4})$$

2) $x^{6} + x^{6} + x^{2}(x^{2} - x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}) + y^{2}(x^{4} - x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4})$

2)
$$x + y = (x + y)(x - y)(x - y)$$

3) $(x^3 + y^3)^2 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$

4)
$$(x^{6} + y^{6}) - (x^{2} + y^{2}) = x^{4} - x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}$$

- 379 The function $N(x) = 90(0.86)^x + 69$ can be used to predict the temperature of a cup of hot chocolate in degrees Fahrenheit after *x* minutes. What is the approximate average rate of change of the temperature of the hot chocolate, in degrees per minute, over the interval [0,6]?
 - 1) -8.93
 - 2) -0.11
 - 3) 0.11
 - 4) 8.93
- 380 Which value, to the *nearest tenth*, is the *smallest* solution of f(x) = g(x) if $f(x) = 3\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) 1$ and
 - $g(x) = x^3 2x + 1?$
 - 1) -3.6
 - 2) -2.1
 - 3) -1.8
 - 4) 1.4

- 381 A retailer advertises that items will be discounted by 10% every Monday until they are sold. In how many weeks will an item costing \$50 first be sold for under half price?
 - 1) 7
 - 2) 6
 - 3) 5
 - 4) 4

382 The expression $\sqrt[4]{81x^8y^6}$ is equivalent to $\frac{3}{2}$

1) $3x^2y^2$ 2) $3x^4y^2$ 3) $9x^2y^{\frac{3}{2}}$ 4) $9x^4v^2$

383 A tree farm initially has 150 trees. Each year, 20% of the trees are cut down and 80 seedlings are planted. Which recursive formula models the number of trees, a_n , after *n* years?

1)
$$a_1 = 150$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(0.2) + 80$$

2)
$$a_1 = 150$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1}(0.8) + 80$$

3)
$$a_n = 150(0.2)^n + 80$$

4)
$$a_n = 150(0.8)^n + 80$$

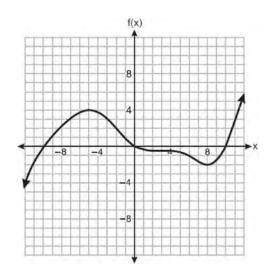
384 Consider the following patterns:

IV.
$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \dots$$

Which pattern is geometric?

- 1) I
- 2) II
- 3) III
- 4) IV
- 385 Chet has \$1200 invested in a bank account modeled by the function $P(n) = 1200(1.002)^n$, where P(n) is the value of his account, in dollars, after *n* months. Chet's debt is modeled by the function Q(n) = 100n, where Q(n) is the value of debt, in dollars, after *n* months. After *n* months, which function represents Chet's net worth, R(n)?
 - 1) $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^n + 100n$
 - 2) $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^{12n} + 100n$
 - 3) $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^n 100n$
 - 4) $R(n) = 1200(1.002)^{12n} 100n$

386 The graph of the function f(x) is shown below.



In which interval is f(x) always positive?

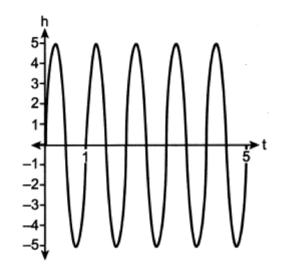
- 1) (-2,4)
- 2) (0,10)
- 3) (-12,-5)
- 4) (-10,0)
- 387 A population is normally distributed with a mean of 23 and a standard deviation of 1.2. The percentage of the population that falls below 21, to the *nearest hundredth*, is
 - 1) 0.05
 - 2) 4.78
 - 3) 8.29
 - 4) 91.30
- 388 A parabola has a directrix of y = 3 and a vertex at (2,1). Which ordered pair is the focus of the parabola?
 - (2,-1)
 - 2) (2,0)
 - 3) (2,2)
 - 4) (2,5)

- 389 A researcher wants to determine if room-darkening shades cause people to sleep longer. Which method of data collection is most appropriate?
 - 1) census
 - 2) survey
 - 3) observation study
 - 4) controlled experiment
- 390 Given x and y are positive, which expressions are equivalent to $\frac{x^3}{y}$?

I.
$$\left(\frac{y}{x^3}\right)^{-1}$$
 II. $\sqrt[3]{x^9}(y^{-1})$ III. $\frac{x^6\sqrt[4]{y^8}}{x^3y^3}$

- 1) I and II, only
- 2) I and III, only
- 3) II and III, only
- 4) I, II, and III
- 391 The Hot and Tasty Coffee chain conducts a survey of its customers at its location at the Staten Island ferry terminal. After the survey is completed, the statistical consultant states that 70% of customers who took the survey said the most important factor in choosing where to get their coffee is how fast they are served. Based on this result, Hot and Tasty Coffee can infer that
 - most of its customers in New York State care most about being served quickly
 - 2) coffee drinkers care less about taste and more about being served quickly
 - most of its customers at the Staten Island ferry terminal care most about being served quickly
 - most of its customers at transportation terminals and stations care most about being served quickly

392 A cyclist pedals a bike at a rate of 60 revolutions per minute. The height, h, of a pedal at time t, in seconds, is plotted below.

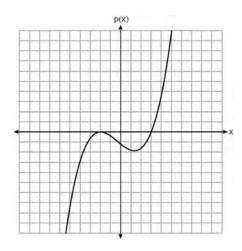


The graph can be modeled by the function $h(t) = 5 \sin(kt)$, where k is equal to

- 1) 1
- 2) 2*π*
- 3) 60
- 4) $\frac{\pi}{30}$
- 393 Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{2x^3 + 2x 7}{2x + 4}$?
 - 1) $x^{2} 2x + 5 \frac{27}{2x+4}$ 2) $x^{2} - 1 - \frac{3}{2x+4}$
 - 2) $x^{2} 1 \frac{1}{2x+4}$ 3) $x^{2} + 2x + 5 + \frac{13}{2x+4}$
 - 4) $x^2 + 2x 3 + \frac{5}{2x + 4}$

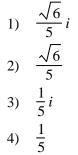
Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

394 The graph of a cubic polynomial function p(x) is shown below.



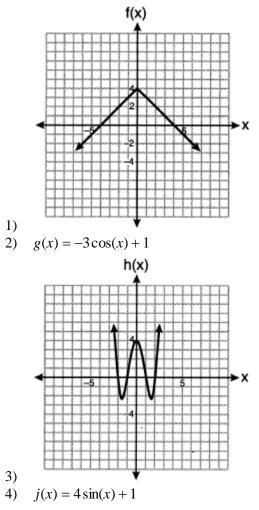
If p(x) is written as a product of linear factors, which factor would appear twice?

- 1) x 2
- 2) *x*+2
- 3) x 3
- 4) x + 3
- 395 If a solution of $2(2x 1) = 5x^2$ is expressed in simplest a + bi form, the value of b is



- 396 What is the total number of points of intersection of the graphs of the equations $y = e^x$ and xy = 20?
 - 1) 1
 - 2) 2
 - 3) 3
 - 4) 0

397 Which function has a maximum *y*-value of 4 and a midline of y = 1?



- 398 Given that *i* is the imaginary unit, the expression $(x-2i)^2$ is equivalent to
 - 1) $x^2 + 4$
 - 2) $x^2 4$
 - 3) $x^2 2xi 4$
 - 4) $x^2 4xi 4$

399 The table below shows the food preferences of sports fans whose favorite sport is football or baseball.

| Favorite Food to Eat while watching sports | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|----------|--|--|--|
| | Wings | Pizza | Hot Dogs | | | |
| Football | 14 | 20 | 6 | | | |
| Baseball | 6 | 12 | 42 | | | |

Favorite Food to Eat While Watching Sports

The probability that a fan prefers pizza given that the fan prefers football is

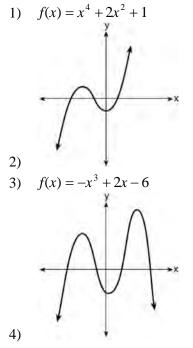
- 1) $\frac{1}{2}$ 3) $\frac{5}{8}$

 2) $\frac{1}{5}$ 4) $\frac{13}{25}$
- 400 Consider the end behavior description below.

• as
$$x \to -\infty, f(x) \to \infty$$

• as
$$x \to \infty$$
, $f(x) \to -\infty$

Which function satisfies the given conditions?



- 401 The inverse of $f(x) = -6x + \frac{1}{2}$ is 1) $f^{-1}(x) = 6x - \frac{1}{2}$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{-6x + \frac{1}{2}}$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{1}{12}$ 4) $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{6}x + 2$
- 402 Given $x \neq -3$, which expression is equivalent to $\frac{2x^{3} + 3x^{2} - 4x + 5}{x + 3}?$ 1) $2x^{3} + 9x^{2} + 23x + 74$ 2) $2x^{2} - 3x + 5 - \frac{10}{x + 3}$ 3) $2x^{3} - 3x^{2} + 5x - 10$ 4) $2x^{2} + 9x + 23 + \frac{74}{x + 3}$

403 The amount of a substance, A(t), in grams, remaining after t days is modeled by

$$A(t) = 50(0.5)^{\overline{3}}$$
. Which statement is false?

- 1) In 20 days, there is no substance remaining.
- 2) After two half-lives, there is 25% of the substance remaining.
- 3) The amount of the substance remaining can also be modeled by

$$A(t) = 50(2)^{\frac{-t}{3}}$$

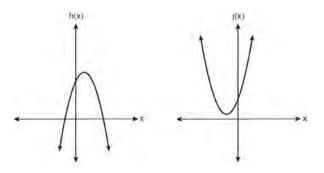
- 4) After one week, there is less than 10g of the substance remaining.
- 404 In a survey of people who recently bought a laptop, 45% said they were looking for a large screen, 31% said they were looking for a fast processor, and 58% said they wanted a large screen or a fast processor. If a survey respondent is selected at random, what is the probability that the respondent wanted both a large screen and a fast processor?
 - 1) 76%
 - 2) 14%
 - 3) 77%
 - 4) 18%
- 405 What is the solution set of the equation

| | 4 | k | _1 |
|---------|-------------|--------------------|------------------|
| k^2 · | -8k+12 | $=\frac{1}{k-2}$ + | $\overline{k-6}$ |
| 1) | $\{-1, 6\}$ | | |
| 2) | {1,-6} | | |
| 3) | {-1} | | |
| 4) | {1} | | |

406 Which expression is a factor of

- $x^4 x^3 11x^2 + 5x + 30?$
- 1) x + 2
- 2) x 2
- 3) x + 5
- 4) x 5

- 407 The roots of the equation $x^2 4x = -13$ are
 - 1) $2 \pm 3i$
 - 2) $2 \pm 6i$
 - 3) $2 \pm \sqrt{17}$
 - 4) $2 \pm \sqrt{13}$
- 408 Given $f(x) = -\frac{2}{5}x + 4$, which statement is true of the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$?
 - 1) $f^{-1}(x)$ is a line with slope $\frac{5}{2}$.
 - 2) $f^{-1}(x)$ is a line with slope $\frac{2}{5}$.
 - 3) $f^{-1}(x)$ passes through the point (6,-5).
 - 4) $f^{-1}(x)$ has a *y*-intercept at (0,-4).
- 409 In the quadratic formula, $b^2 4ac$ is called the discriminant. The function f(x) has a discriminant value of 8, and g(x) has a discriminant value of -16. The quadratic graphs, h(x) and j(x), are shown below.



Which quadratic functions have imaginary roots?

- 1) g(x) and h(x)
- 2) g(x) and j(x)
- 3) f(x) and h(x)
- 4) f(x) and j(x)

410 The population of Austin, Texas from 1850 to 2010 is summarized in the table below.

| Year | 1850 | 1870 | 1890 | 1910 | 1930 | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2010 |
|------------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Population | 629 | 4428 | 14,575 | 29,860 | 53,120 | 132,459 | 251,808 | 494,290 | 790,390 |

Over which period of time was the average rate of change in population the greatest?

| 1) | 1850 to 1910 | 3) | 1950 to 1970 |
|----|--------------|----|--------------|
| 2) | 1990 to 2010 | 4) | 1890 to 1970 |

411 What is the value of $\tan \theta$ when $\sin \theta = \frac{2}{5}$ and θ is in quadrant II?

1)
$$\frac{-\sqrt{21}}{5}$$
2)
$$\frac{-\sqrt{21}}{2}$$
3)
$$\frac{-2}{\sqrt{21}}$$
4)
$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}}$$

412 The expression
$$\left(a\sqrt[3]{2b^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right)$$
 is equivalent

1)
$$2ab\sqrt[3]{a^2}$$

3)
$$2ab\sqrt[3]{2a^2}$$

- 4) $2a^2b^3\sqrt{2b}$
- 413 Which equation represents a parabola with a focus of (4,-3) and directrix of y = 1?

1)
$$(x-1)^2 = 4(y+3)$$

2)
$$(x-1)^2 = -8(y-3)$$

3)
$$(x+4)^2 = 4(y-3)$$

4) $(x-4)^2 = -8(y+1)$

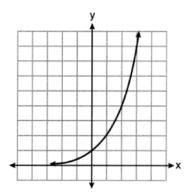
- 414 Mrs. Favata's statistics class wants to conduct a survey to see how students feel about changing the school mascot's name. Which plan is the best process for gathering an appropriate sample?
 - 1) Survey students in a random sample of senior homerooms.
 - 2) Survey every tenth student entering art classes in the school.
 - 3) Survey every fourth student entering the cafeteria during each lunch period.
 - 4) Survey all members of the school's varsity sports teams.
- 415 A rush-hour commuter train has arrived on time 64 of its first 80 days. As arrivals continue, which equation can be used to find *x*, the number of consecutive days that the train must arrive on schedule to raise its on-time performance rate to 90%?

1)
$$\frac{64}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$$

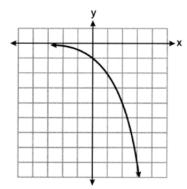
2) $\frac{64+x}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$
3) $\frac{64+x}{80} = \frac{90}{100}$
4) $\frac{x}{80+x} = \frac{90}{100}$

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

416 Consider the function y = h(x), defined by the graph below.



Which equation could be used to represent the graph shown below?



$$1) \quad y = h(x) - 2$$

$$2) \quad y = h(x-2)$$

3)
$$y = -h(x)$$

 $4) \quad y = h(-x)$

417 If
$$f(x) = (x^2 + 3x + 2)(x^2 - 4x + 3)$$
 and $g(x) = x^2 - 9$, then how many real solutions are there to the equation $f(x) = g(x)$?
1) 1

- 1) 1 2) 2
- 2) 2 3) 6
- 4) 4

418 For all values of x for which the expression is defined, $\frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$ is equivalent to 1) $1 - \frac{x}{x+2}$ 2) $\frac{x}{x+2}$

$$3) \quad \frac{3x}{5x+6}$$

$$4) \quad 1 + \frac{1}{2x+6}$$

419 Consider the system below.

$$x + y + z = 9$$

$$x - y - z = -1$$

x - y + z = 21

Which value is *not* in the solution, (x, y, z), of the system? 1) -8

- $\frac{1}{2}$ -6
- 3) 11
- 4) 4

420 Which function represents exponential decay?

1)
$$p(x) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-x}$$

2) $q(x) = 1.8^{-x}$
3) $r(x) = 2.3^{2x}$
4) $s(x) = 4^{\frac{x}{2}}$

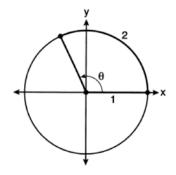
421 If $(6 - ki)^2 = 27 - 36i$, the value of k is 1) -36 2) -3 3) 3 4) 6

- 422 Consider the function $f(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 18x 9$. Which statement is true?
 - 1) 2x 1 is a factor of f(x).
 - 2) x-3 is a factor of f(x).

3)
$$f(3) \neq f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

4) $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$

423 An angle, θ , is rotated counterclockwise on the unit circle, with its terminal side in the second quadrant, as shown in the diagram below.



Which value represents the radian measure of angle θ ?

- 1) 1
- 2) 2
- 3) 65.4
- 4) 114.6
- 424 How many real solutions exist for the system of equations below?

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x - 8$$
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} + 2x$$

1) 1

- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) 0

425 A local university has a current enrollment of 12,000 students. The enrollment is increasing continuously at a rate of 2.5% each year. Which logarithm is equal to the number of years it will take for the population to increase to 15,000 students?

1)
$$\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.25}$$

2) $\frac{\ln 3000}{0.025}$
3) $\frac{\ln 1.25}{2.5}$
4) $\frac{\ln 1.25}{0.025}$

426 If θ is an angle in standard position whose terminal side passes through the point (-2,-3), what is the numerical value of tan θ ?

1)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

2) $\frac{3}{2}$
3) $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}$
4) $-\frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}$

427 The expression
$$\frac{x^2 + 6}{x^2 + 4}$$
 is equivalent to
1) $\frac{6}{4}$
2) $1 + \frac{10}{x^2 + 4}$
3) $1 - \frac{2}{x^2 + 4}$
4) $1 + \frac{2}{x^2 + 4}$

428 A popular celebrity tracks the number of people, in thousands, who have followed her on social media since January 1, 2015. A summary of the data she recorded is shown in the table below:

| Number of Months Since January 2015 | 2 | 11 | 16 | 20 | 27 | 35 | 47 | 50 | 52 |
|--|-----|-----|------|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|
| Number of Social Media Followers (thousands) | 3.1 | 7.5 | 29.7 | 49.7 | 200.3 | 680.3 | 5200.3 | 8109.3 | 12,107.1 |

The celebrity uses an exponential regression equation to model the data. According to the model, about how many followers did she have on June 1, 2018?

- 1) 13,000,000
- 2) 5,420,000
- 3) 1,850,000
 4) 790,000
- 429 A group of high school students wanted to collect information on how many times per week students exercised. If they want the *least* biased results they should survey every fifth student at the school who is
 - 1) entering the gym
 - 2) in the junior class
 - 3) entering the library
 - 4) entering the building
- 430 Emmeline is working on one side of a polynomial identity proof used to form Pythagorean triples. Her work is shown below:

 $(5x)^2 + (5x^2 - 5)^2$ Step 1: $25x^2 + (5x^2 - 5)^2$ Step 2: $25x^2 + 25x^2 + 25$ Step 3: $50x^2 + 25$ Step 4: $75x^2$

What statement is true regarding Emmeline's work?

- 1) Emmeline's work is entirely correct.
- 2) There is a mistake in step 2, only.
- 3) There are mistakes in step 2 and step 4.
- 4) There is a mistake in step 4, only.

431 The George family would like to borrow \$45,000 to purchase a new boat. They qualified for a loan with an annual interest rate of 6.75%. The monthly loan payment can be found using the formula below.

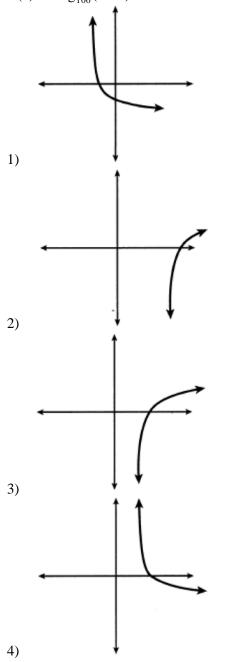
$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = number of monthly payments

What is the monthly payment if they would like to pay off the loan in five years?

- 1) \$262.99
- 2) \$252.13
- 3) \$915.24
- 4) \$885.76

432 Which sketch could represent the function $m(x) = -\log_{100} (x - 2)$?



433 Mia has a student loan that is in deferment, meaning that she does not need to make payments right now. The balance of her loan account during her deferment can be represented by the function $f(x) = 35,000(1.0325)^x$, where x is the number of years since the deferment began. If the bank decides to calculate her balance showing a monthly growth rate, an approximately equivalent function would be

1)
$$f(x) = 35,000(1.0027)^{12x}$$

2)
$$f(x) = 35,000(1.0027)^{\overline{12}}$$

3) $f(x) = 35,000(1.0325)^{12x}$
4) $f(x) = 35,000(1.0325)^{\overline{x}}$

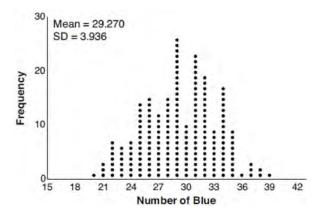
434 The expression
$$\frac{x^2 + 12}{x^2 + 3}$$
 can be rewritten as
1) $\frac{10}{x^2 + 3}$
2) $1 + \frac{9}{x^2 + 3}$
3) $x + 9$
4) 4

- 435 In a group of 40 people, 20 have brown hair, 22 have blue eyes, and 15 have both brown hair and blue eyes. How many people have neither brown hair nor blue eyes?
 - 1) 0
 - 2) 13
 - 3) 27
 - 4) 32

436 What is the solution set of $x = \sqrt{3x + 40}$?

- 1) {-5,8}
- 2) {8}
- 3) {-4,10}
- 4) { }

437 The J& B candy company claims that 45% of the candies it produces are blue, 30% are brown, and 25% are yellow. Each bag holds 65 candies. A simulation was run 200 times, each of sample size 65, based on the premise that 45% of the candies are blue. The results of the simulation are shown below.



Bonnie purchased a bag of J& B's candy and counted 24 blue candies. What inference can be made regarding a bag of J& B's with only 24 blue candies?

- 1) The company is not meeting their production standard.
- 2) Bonnie's bag was a rarity and the company should not be concerned.
- The company should change their claim to 37% blue candies are produced.
- 4) Bonnie's bag is within the middle 95% of the simulated data supporting the company's claim.
- 438 If $f(t) = 50(.5)^{\frac{t}{5715}}$ represents a mass, in grams, of carbon-14 remaining after *t* years, which statement(s) must be true?

I. The mass of the carbon-14 is decreasing by half each year.

- II. The mass of the original sample is 50 g.
- 1) I, only
- 2) II, only
- 3) I and II
- 4) neither I nor II

- 439 Which expression is *not* a solution to the equation $2^t = \sqrt{10}$?
 - 1) $\frac{1}{2}\log_2 10$
 - 2) $\log_2 \sqrt{10}$
 - 3) $\log_4 10$
 - 4) $\log_{10} 4$
- 440 What is the solution set of the equation

$$\frac{x+2}{x} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{2x^2 + 6}{3x}?$$
1) {-3}
2) {-3,0}
3) {3}
4) {0,3}

441 A recursive formula for the sequence $40, 30, 22.5, \dots$ is

1)
$$g_n = 40 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n$$

2) $g_1 = 40$
 $g_n = g_{n-1} - 10$
3) $g_n = 40 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{n-1}$
4) $g_1 = 40$
 $g_n = \frac{3}{4}g_{n-1}$

442 If $g(c) = 1 - c^2$ and m(c) = c + 1, then which statement is *not* true?

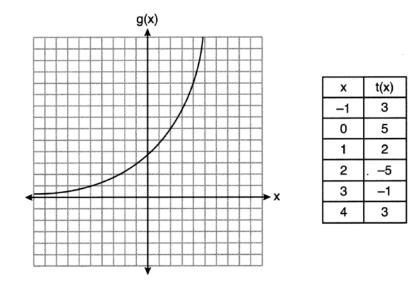
1)
$$g(c) \cdot m(c) = 1 + c - c^2 - c^3$$

2)
$$g(c) + m(c) = 2 + c - c^{2}$$

3)
$$m(c) - g(c) = c + c^2$$

4)
$$\frac{m(c)}{g(c)} = \frac{-1}{1-c}$$

443 Consider the graph of g and the table representing t below.



Over the interval [2,4], which statement regarding the average rate of change for g and t is true?

- 1) *g* has a greater average rate of change. 3)
- The average rate of change for g is twice the average rate of change for t.
- 2) The average rates of change are equal. 4)
- The average rate of change for g is half the average rate of change for t.
- 444 A recursive formula for the sequence 64,48,36,... is
 - 1) $a_n = 64(0.75)^{n-1}$

2)
$$a_1 = 64$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} - 16$$

3)
$$a_n = 64 + (n-1)(-16)$$

4)
$$a_1 = 64$$

$$a_n = 0.75a_{n-1}$$

445 Which function has the greatest *y*-intercept?

1)
$$f(x) = 4\sin(2x)$$

2)
$$g(x) = 3x^4 + 2x^3 + 7$$

3)
$$h(x) = 5e^{2x} + 3$$

4) $j(x) = 6\log_2(3x+4)$

- 446 For all positive values of *x*, which expression is equivalent to $x^{\frac{3}{4}}$? 1) $\sqrt[4]{x^3}$
 - 2) $\sqrt[3]{x^4}$ 3) $(x^3)^4$ 4) $3(x^4)$

447 Which equation has roots of 3 + i and 3 - i?

- 1) $x^2 6x + 10 = 0$
- 2) $x^2 + 6x 10 = 0$
- 3) $x^2 10x + 6 = 0$
- 4) $x^2 + 10x 6 = 0$

448 A study of the annual population of the red-winged blackbird in Ft. Mill, South Carolina, shows the population, B(t), can be represented by the function

 $B(t) = 750(1.16)^{t}$, where the *t* represents the number of years since the study began. In terms of the monthly rate of growth, the population of red-winged blackbirds can be best approximated by the function

1) $B(t) = 750(1.012)^{t}$

2)
$$B(t) = 750(1.012)^{12t}$$

3)
$$B(t) = 750(1.16)^{12t}$$

4) $B(t) = 750(1.16)^{\frac{t}{12}}$

449 Which expression is equivalent to

 $(x+yi)(x^2 - xyi - y^2)$, where *i* is the imaginary unit?

1) $x^3 + y^3 i$

2)
$$x^{3} - xy^{2} - (xy^{2} + y^{3})i$$

- 3) $x^3 2xy^2 y^3i$
- $4) \quad x^3 y^3 i$
- 450 For all real values of x, if $f(x) = (x-3)^2$ and $g(x) = (x+3)^2$, what is f(x) g(x)?
 - 1) -18
 - 2) 0
 - 3) -12x
 - 4) $2x^2 12x 18$
- 451 The solution to the equation $5e^{x+2} = 7$ is

1)
$$-2 + \ln\left(\frac{7}{5}\right)$$

2)
$$\left(\frac{\ln 7}{\ln 5}\right) - 2$$

3)
$$\frac{-3}{5}$$

4)
$$-2 + \ln(2)$$

- 452 The solution set of $\frac{x+3}{x-5} + \frac{6}{x+2} = \frac{6+10x}{(x-5)(x+2)}$ is 1) {-6} 2) {5}
 - 3) {-6,5}
 - 4) $\{-5,6\}$
- 453 Monthly mortgage payments can be found using the formula below, where M is the monthly payment, P is the amount borrowed, r is the annual interest rate, and n is the total number of monthly payments.

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

If Adam takes out a 15-year mortgage, borrowing \$240,000 at an annual interest rate of 4.5%, his monthly payment will be

- \$1379.09
 \$1604.80
- 3) \$1835.98
- 4) \$9011.94
- 454 The expression $3i(ai-6i^2)$ is equivalent to
 - 1) 3a + 18i
 - 2) 3a 18i
 - 3) -3a + 18i
 - 4) -3a 18i

455 If f(x) = 12x - 4, then the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$ is

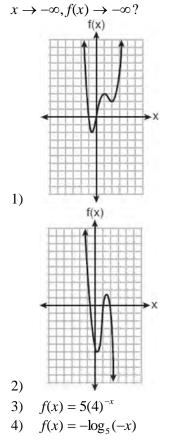
1) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{3}$ 2) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{3} + 1$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{12}$ 4) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{12} + 4$

456 Given
$$x > 0$$
, the expression $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{5}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ can be rewritten as
1) $\sqrt[3]{x}$
2) $-\sqrt[10]{x^3}$

3)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[10]{x^3}}$$

4) $\sqrt[3]{x^{10}}$

457 Which function has the characteristic as



- 458 To the *nearest tenth*, the solution to the equation $4300e^{0.07x} 123 = 5000$ is
 - 1) 1.1
 - 2) 2.5
 - 3) 6.3
 - 4) 68.5
- 459 The heights of the students at Central High School can be modeled by a normal distribution with a mean of 68.1 and a standard deviation of 3.4 inches. According to this model, approximately what percent of the students would have a height less than 60 inches or greater than 75 inches?
 - 1) 0.86%
 - 2) 1.26%
 - 3) 2.12%
 - 4) 2.98%

460 The expression $(x^2 + 3)^2 - 2(x^2 + 3) - 24$ is equivalent to

1)
$$(x^2 + 9)(x^2 - 1)$$

2)
$$(x^2 - 3)(x^2 + 7)$$

3)
$$x^4 - 2x^2 - 21$$

- 4) $x^4 + 4x^2 9$
- 461 For the polynomial p(x), if p(3) = 0, it can be concluded that
 - 1) x + 3 is a factor of p(x)
 - 2) x-3 is a factor of p(x)
 - 3) when p(x) is divided by 3, the remainder is zero
 - 4) when p(x) is divided by -3, the remainder is zero

462 Which expression is equivalent to

 $(x+2)^2 - 5(x+2) + 6?$

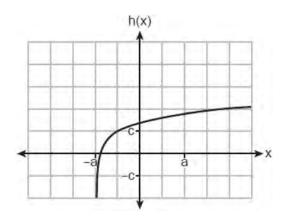
- 1) x(x-1)
- 2) (x-3)(x-2)
- 3) (x-4)(x+3)
- 4) (x-6)(x+1)
- 463 The solution set for the equation $\sqrt{3(x+6)} = x$ is
 - 1) {6,-3}
 - 2) {-6,3}
 - 3) {6}
 - 4) {-3}
- 464 Consider a cubic polynomial with the characteristics below.
 - exactly one real root
 - as $x \to \infty, f(x) \to -\infty$
 - Given a > 0 and b > 0, which equation represents a cubic polynomial with these characteristics?
 - 1) $f(x) = (x-a)(x^2+b)$
 - 2) $f(x) = (a x)(x^2 + b)$
 - 3) $f(x) = (a x^2)(x^2 + b)$
 - 4) $f(x) = (x-a)(b-x^2)$
- 465 The average monthly temperature, T(m), in degrees Fahrenheit, over a 12 month period, can be

modeled by $T(m) = -23 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}m\right) + 56$, where *m* is

in months. What is the range of temperatures, in degrees Fahrenheit, of this function?

- 1) [-23,23]
- 2) [33,79]
- 3) [-23,56]
- 4) [-79,33]

466 Which equation best represents the graph below?

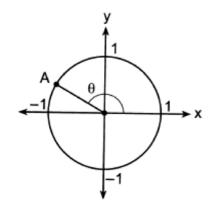


- 1) $h(x) = \log(x+a) + c$
- $2) \quad h(x) = \log(x a) + c$
- 3) $h(x) = \log(x+a) c$
- 4) $h(x) = \log(x a) c$
- 467 Audra is interested in studying the number of students entering kindergarten in the Ahlville Central School District over the next several years. Using data dating back to 2015, she determines that the number of kindergarteners is decreasing at an exponential rate. She creates a formula to model this situation $y = a(b)^x$, where *x* is the number of years since 2015 and *y* is the number of students entering kindergarten. If there were 105 students entering kindergarten in Ahlville in 2015, which statement about Audra's formula is true?
 - 1) *a* is positive and *b* is negative.
 - 2) *a* is negative and *b* is positive.
 - 3) Both *a* and *b* are positive.
 - 4) Both *a* and *b* are negative.
- 468 Given $f(x) = x^4 x^3 6x^2$, for what values of x will f(x) > 0?
 - 1) x < -2, only
 - 2) x < -2 or x > 3
 - 3) $x < -2 \text{ or } 0 \le x \le 3$
 - 4) x > 3, only

- 469 Which statement regarding polynomials and their zeros is true?
 - 1) $f(x) = (x^2 1)(x + a)$ has zeros of 1 and -a, only.
 - 2) $f(x) = x^3 ax^2 + 16x 16a$ has zeros of 4 and *a*, only.
 - 3) $f(x) = (x^2 + 25)(x + a)$ has zeros of ± 5 and -a.
 - 4) $f(x) = x^{3} ax^{2} 9x + 9a$ has zeros of ± 3 and *a*.
- 470 In the diagram of a unit circle below, point A,

 $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right)$, represents the point where the

terminal side of θ intersects the unit circle.

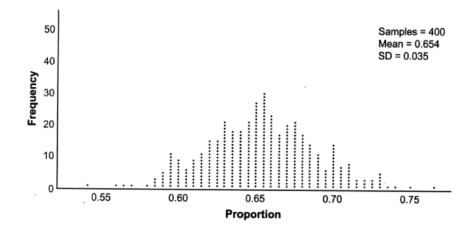


What is $m \angle \theta$?

- 1) 30°
- 2) 120°
- 3) 135°
- 4) 150°
- 471 The heights of the 3300 students at Oceanview High School are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 65.5 inches and a standard deviation of 2.9 inches. The number of students at Oceanview who are between 64 and 68 inches tall is closest to
 - 1) 1660
 - 2) 1070
 - 3) 2244
 - 4) 1640

- 472 The expression $\frac{x^4 5x^2 + 4x + 14}{x + 2}$ is equivalent to 1) $x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 6 + \frac{2}{x + 2}$ 2) $x^3 - 5x + 4 - \frac{14}{x + 2}$ 3) $x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 2 + \frac{18}{x + 2}$ 4) $x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x + 22 - \frac{30}{x + 2}$
- 473 A function is defined as $a_n = a_{n-1} + \log_{n+1}(n-1)$, where $a_1 = 8$. What is the value of a_3 ?
 - 1) 8
 - 2) 8.5
 - 3) 9.2
 - 4) 10
- 474 According to a study, 45% of Americans have type O blood. If a random number generator produces three-digit values from 000 to 999, which values would represent those having type O blood?
 - 1) between 000 and 045, inclusive
 - 2) between 000 and 444, inclusive
 - 3) between 000 and 449, inclusive
 - 4) between 000 and 450, inclusive
- 475 Given the inverse function $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{6}$, which function represents f(x)?
 - 1) $f(x) = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{6}$ 2) $f(x) = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{4}$ 3) $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{4}$ 4) $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{6}$

476 Betty conducted a survey of her class to see if they like pizza. She gathered 200 responses and 65% of the voters said they did like pizza. Betty then ran a simulation of 400 more surveys, each with 200 responses, assuming that 65% of the voters would like pizza. The output of the simulation is shown below.



Considering the middle 95% of the data, what is the margin of error for the simulation?

| 1) | 0.01 | 3) | 0.05 |
|----|------|----|------|
| 2) | 0.02 | 4) | 0.07 |

477 Given
$$x \neq -2$$
, the expression $\frac{2x^2 + 5x + 8}{x + 2}$ is

equivalent to

1) $2x^2 + \frac{9}{x+2}$

$$2) \quad 2x + \frac{7}{x+2}$$

3)
$$2x + 1 + \frac{6}{x+2}$$

4) $2x + 9 - \frac{10}{x+2}$

478 Which expression is *not* equivalent to $36x^6 - 25y^4$?

1)
$$6^2(x^3)^2 - 5^2(y^2)^2$$

2)
$$(6x^3 - 5y^2)(6x^3 + 5y^2)$$

3)
$$(6x^6 - 5y^4)(6x^6 + 5y^4)$$

4) $(3 \bullet 2x^3 - 5y^2)(3 \bullet 2x^3 + 5y^2)$

- 479 The value of an automobile *t* years after it was purchased is given by the function
 - $V = 38,000(0.84)^{t}$. Which statement is true?
 - 1) The value of the car increases 84% each year.
 - 2) The value of the car decreases 84% each year.
 - 3) The value of the car increases 16% each year.
 - 4) The value of the car decreases 16% each year.
- 480 A parabola that has a vertex at (2, 1) and a focus of (2, -3) has an equation of

1)
$$y = \frac{1}{16}(x-2)^2 + 1$$

2) $y = -\frac{1}{16}(x+2)^2 - 1$
3) $y = -\frac{1}{16}(x-2)^2 + 1$

4)
$$y = -\frac{1}{16}(x-2)^2 - 3$$

481 John and Margaret deposit \$500 into a savings account for their son on his first birthday. They continue to make a deposit of \$500 on the child's birthday, with the last deposit being made on the child's 21st birthday. If the account pays 4% annual interest, which equation represents the amount of money in the account after the last deposit is made?

1)
$$S_{21} = 500(1.04)^{21}$$

2) $S_{21} = \frac{500(1 - 1.04^{21})}{1 - 1.04}$
3) $S_{21} = 500(1.04)^{20} + 500$
4) $S_{21} = \frac{500(1 - 0.04^{21})}{1 - 1.04}$

482 Given
$$f(x) = 3^{x-1} + 2$$
, as $x \to -\infty$
1) $f(x) \to -1$
2) $f(x) \to 0$

- 3) $f(x) \rightarrow 2$
- 4) $f(x) \to -\infty$
- 483 Given $x \neq -3$, the expression $\frac{2x^3 + 7x^2 3x 25}{x+3}$ is

equivalent to

1)
$$2x^{2} + x - 6 - \frac{7}{x+3}$$

2) $2x^{2} + 13x - 36 + \frac{83}{x+3}$
3) $2x^{2} + x - 13$

4)
$$x^2 + 4x - 15 + \frac{20}{x+3}$$

484 Which equation represents a polynomial identity?

1)
$$x^{3} + y^{3} = (x + y)^{3}$$

2) $x^{3} + y^{3} = (x + y)(x^{2} - xy + y^{2})$
3) $x^{3} + y^{3} = (x + y)(x^{2} - xy - y^{2})$
4) $x^{3} + y^{3} = (x - y)(x^{2} + xy + y^{2})$

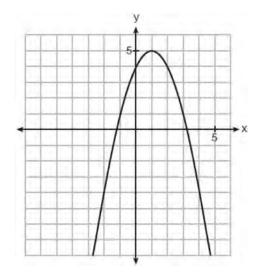
- 485 Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{x^3-2}{x-2}$?
 - 1) x^{2} 2) $x^{2} + 2x + 4 + \frac{6}{x-2}$ 3) $x^{2} - 2$ 4) $x^{2} - 2x + 4 - \frac{10}{x-2}$
- 486 Stone Manufacturing has developed a cost model, $C(x) = 0.18x^3 + 0.02x^2 + 4x + 180$, where *x* is the number of sprockets sold, in thousands. The sales price can be modeled by S(x) = 95.4 - 6x and the company's revenue by $R(x) = x \bullet S(x)$. The company's profits, R(x) - C(x), could be modeled by
 - 1) $0.18x^3 + 6.02x^2 + 91.4x + 180$
 - 2) $0.18x^3 5.98x^2 91.4x + 180$
 - 3) $-0.18x^3 6.02x^2 + 91.4x 180$
 - 4) $0.18x^3 + 5.98x^2 + 99.4x + 180$
- 487 The element Americium has a half-life of 25 minutes. Given an initial amount, A_0 , which expression could be used to determine the amount of Americium remaining after *t* minutes?

1)
$$A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{25}}$$

2) $A_0 (25)^{\frac{t}{2}}$
3) $25 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^t$
4) $A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{25t}$

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

488 The graph of a quadratic function is shown below.



When the graph of x + y = 4 is drawn on the same axes, one solution to this system is

- 1) (4,0)
- 2) (1,5)
- 3) (2,2)
- 4) (3,1)
- 489 What is the solution for the system of equations below?

$$x + y + z = 2$$
$$x - 2y - z = -4$$
$$x - 9y + z = -18$$

- 1) (-2,2,2)
- 2) (-2,-2,6)
- 3) (0,2,0)
- 4) (0,2,4)

490 If
$$f(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 - 16x + 8$$
, then $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

- 1) equals 0 and 2x + 1 is a factor of f(x)
- 2) equals 0 and 2x 1 is a factor of f(x)
- 3) does not equal 0 and 2x + 1 is not a factor of f(x)
- 4) does not equal 0 and 2x 1 is a factor of f(x)

Algebra II 2 Point Regents Exam Questions

491 A cup of coffee is left out on a countertop to cool. The table below represents the temperature, F(t), in degrees Fahrenheit, of the coffee after it is left out for *t* minutes.

| Γ | t | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| | F(t) | 180 | 144 | 120 | 104 | 93.3 | 86.2 |

Based on these data, write an exponential regression equation, F(t), to model the temperature of the coffee. Round all values to the *nearest thousandth*.

492 A survey about television-viewing preferences was given to randomly selected freshmen and seniors at Fairport High School. The results are shown in the table below.

| Favorite Type of Program | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|----|--|--|--|--|
| | Sports Reality Show Comedy Series | | | | | | |
| Senior | 83 | 110 | 67 | | | | |
| Freshmen | 119 | 103 | 54 | | | | |

A student response is selected at random from the results. State the *exact* probability the student response is from a freshman, given the student prefers to watch reality shows on television.

493 Verify the following Pythagorean identity for all values of *x* and *y*:

$$(x2 + y2)2 = (x2 - y2)2 + (2xy)2$$

494 Solve the following system of equations algebraically.
$$x^2 + y^2 = 400$$

$$y = x - 28$$

- 495 Over the set of integers, factor the expression $x^4 4x^2 12$.
- 496 Write (5+2yi)(4-3i) (5-2yi)(4-3i) in a+bi form, where y is a real number.

497 Explain how $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$ can be written as the

equivalent radical expression $\sqrt[5]{9}$.

498 Write
$$\frac{x\sqrt{x^3}}{\sqrt[3]{x^5}}$$
 as a single term in simplest form, with a rational exponent.

499 The directrix of the parabola $12(y+3) = (x-4)^2$ has the equation y = -6. Find the coordinates of the focus of the parabola.

500 The results of a poll of 200 students are shown in the table below:

| | Preferred Music Style | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|---------|----|--|--|
| | Techno | Country | | | |
| Female | 54 | 25 | 27 | | |
| Male | 36 | 40 | 18 | | |

For this group of students, do these data suggest that gender and preferred music styles are independent of each other? Justify your answer.

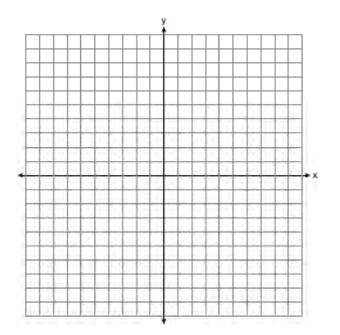
501 The function M(t) represents the mass of radium over time, t, in years.

$$M(t) = 100e^{\frac{\left(\ln\frac{1}{2}\right)t}{1590}}$$

Determine if the function M(t) represents growth or decay. Explain your reasoning.

- 502 Solve algebraically for *n*: $\frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n} = \frac{4}{n^2}$
- 503 Express $(1-i)^3$ in a + bi form.
- 504 In New York State, the minimum wage has grown exponentially. In 1966, the minimum wage was \$1.25 an hour and in 2015, it was \$8.75.
 Algebraically determine the rate of growth to the *nearest percent*.
- 505 Given $\tan \theta = \frac{7}{24}$, and θ terminates in Quadrant III, determine the value of $\cos \theta$.

- 506 Describe how a controlled experiment can be created to examine the effect of ingredient X in a toothpaste.
- 507 On the axes below, graph $y = 3.2(1.8)^x$.



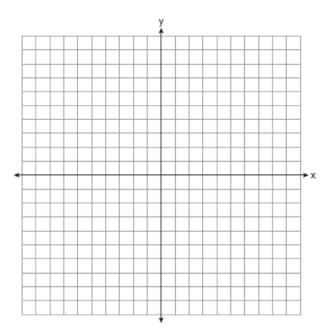
508 Consider the parabola given by $y = \frac{1}{4}x^2 + x + 8$ with vertex (-2,7) and focus (-2,8). Use this information to explain how to determine the equation of the directrix.

509 The transportation methods used by the upperclassmen at Calhoun High School are summarized in the table below.

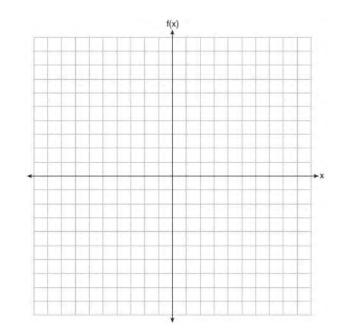
| Upperclassmen Transportation Methods | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|--|--|--|--|
| Drive Take the Bus Walk | | | | | | | |
| Junior | 58 | 75 | 12 | | | | |
| Senior | 81 | 39 | 12 | | | | |

Are the events "being a junior" and "driving to school" independent? Using statistical evidence, justify your answer.

510 Graph $y = x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x + 7$ on the set of axes below.



512 Graph $f(x) = \log_2(x+6)$ on the set of axes below.



511 Natalia's teacher has given her the following information about angle θ .

• $\pi < \theta < 2\pi$

•
$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

Explain how Natalia can determine if the value of $\tan \theta$ is positive or negative.

- 513 Write $\sqrt[3]{x} \bullet \sqrt{x}$ as a single term with a rational exponent.
- 514 When the function p(x) is divided by x 1 the quotient is $x^2 + 7 + \frac{5}{x-1}$. State p(x) in standard form.

- 515 Over the set of integers, factor the expression $4x^3 x^2 + 16x 4$ completely.
- 516 The height, above ground, of a Ferris wheel car can be modeled by the function

$$h(t) = -103.5 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi t}{5}\right) + 108.5$$
 where *h* is

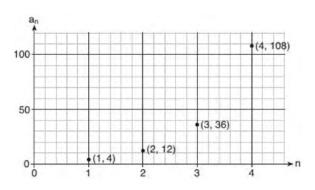
measured in feet and t is measured in minutes. State the period of the function and describe what the period represents in this context.

- 517 In an attempt to get the student body's opinion of a new dress code, members of the statistics class surveyed the-students of the first period computer science class. Explain a statistical bias in the method of data collection.
- 518 A person's lung capacity can be modeled by the function $C(t) = 250 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}t\right) + 2450$, where C(t) represents the volume in mL present in the lungs

after *t* seconds. State the maximum value of this function over one full cycle, and explain what this value represents.

- 519 Use an appropriate procedure to show that x 4 is a factor of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 11x - 4$. Explain your answer.
- 520 Simplify $xi(i-7i)^2$, where *i* is the imaginary unit.
- 521 Is x + 3 a factor of $7x^3 + 27x^2 + 9x 27$? Justify your answer.

- 522 The population of bacteria, P(t), in hundreds, after *t* hours can be modeled by the function $P(t) = 37e^{0.0532t}$. Determine whether the population is increasing or decreasing over time. Explain your reasoning.
- 523 Write a recursive formula, a_n , to describe the sequence graphed below.



524 Algebraically determine the values of *x* that satisfy the system of equations below.

$$y = -2x + 1$$
$$y = -2x^2 + 3x + 1$$

525 The function $d(t) = 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 5$ models the

water depth, in feet, at a location in a bay, *t* hours since the last high tide. Determine the *minimum* water depth of the location, in feet, and justify your answer.

526 A brewed cup of coffee contains 130 mg of caffeine. The half-life of caffeine in the bloodstream is 5.5 hours. Write a function, C(t) to represent the amount of caffeine in the bloodstream t hours after drinking one cup of coffee.

- 527 A suburban high school has a population of 1376 students. The number of students who participate in sports is 649. The number of students who participate in music is 433. If the probability that a student participates in either sports or music is $\frac{974}{1376}$, what is the probability that a student participates in both sports and music?
- 528 Chuck's Trucking Company has decided to initiate an Employee of the Month program. To determine the recipient, they put the following sign on the back of each truck.



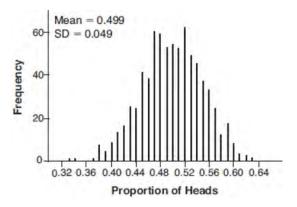
The driver who receives the highest number of positive comments will win the recognition. Explain *one* statistical bias in this data collection method.

529 Justify why
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3y^4}}$$
 is equivalent to $x^{\frac{-1}{12}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$ using

properties of rational exponents, where $x \neq 0$ and $y \neq 0$.

530 While experimenting with her calculator, Candy creates the sequence 4, 9, 19, 39, 79, Write a recursive formula for Candy's sequence.Determine the eighth term in Candy's sequence.

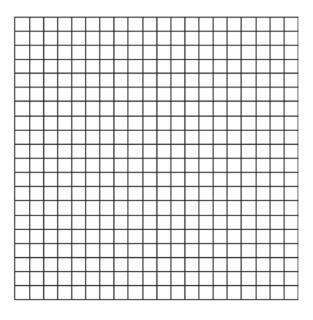
- 531 Determine the solution of $\sqrt{3x+7} = x-1$ algebraically.
- 532 The average monthly high temperature in Buffalo, in degrees Fahrenheit, can be modeled by the function $B(t) = 25.29 \sin(0.4895t - 1.9752) + 55.2877$, where *t* is the month number (January = 1). State, to the *nearest tenth*, the average monthly rate of temperature change between August and November. Explain its meaning in the given context.
- 533 Robin flips a coin 100 times. It lands heads up 43 times, and she wonders if the coin is unfair. She runs a computer simulation of 750 samples of 100 fair coin flips. The output of the proportion of heads is shown below.



Do the results of the simulation provide strong evidence that Robin's coin is unfair? Explain your answer.

534 Explain what a rational exponent, such as $\frac{5}{2}$ means. Use this explanation to evaluate $9^{\frac{5}{2}}$.

535 The zeros of a quartic polynomial function *h* are $-1, \pm 2$, and 3. Sketch a graph of y = h(x) on the grid below.



- 536 On July 21, 2016, the water level in Puget Sound, WA reached a high of 10.1 ft at 6 a.m. and a low of -2 ft at 12:30 p.m. Across the country in Long Island, NY, Shinnecock Bay's water level reached a high of 2.5 ft at 10:42 p.m. and a low of -0.1 ft at 5:31 a.m. The water levels of both locations are affected by the tides and can be modeled by sinusoidal functions. Determine the difference in amplitudes, in feet, for these two locations.
- 537 Algebraically determine the zeros of the function below.

$$r(x) = 3x^3 + 12x^2 - 3x - 12$$

538 Solve $3.8e^{1.5t} = 16$ algebraically for *t* to the *nearest hundredth*.

- 539 Given x is a real number, write the expression in simplest a + bi form: $(x + 2i)(3 2xi) + 2x^2i$
- 540 Write a recursive formula for the sequence 6,9,13.5,20.25,...
- 541 Erin and Christa were working on cubing binomials for math homework. Erin believed they could save time with a shortcut. She wrote down the rule below for Christa to follow.

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3$$

Does Erin's shortcut always work? Justify your result algebraically.

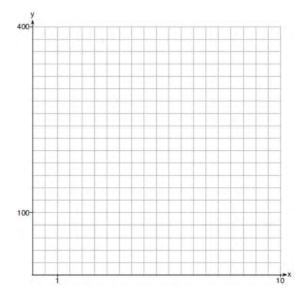
- 542 Explain why $81^{\frac{3}{4}}$ equals 27.
- 543 Over the set of integers, factor the expression $2x^4 10x^3 + 3x^2 15x$ completely.
- 544 Rowan is training to run in a race. He runs 15 miles in the first week, and each week following, he runs 3% more than the week before. Using a geometric series formula, find the total number of miles Rowan runs over the first ten weeks of training, rounded to the *nearest thousandth*.
- 545 A house purchased 5 years ago for \$100,000 was just sold for \$135,000. Assuming exponential growth, approximate the annual growth rate, to the *nearest percent*.

546 The table below shows the results of gender and music preference. Based on these data, determine if the events "the person is female" and "the person prefers classic rock" are independent of each other. Justify your answer.

| | Rap | Techno | Classic Rock | Classical |
|--------|-----|--------|--------------|-----------|
| Male | 39 | 17 | 42 | 12 |
| Female | 17 | 37 | 36 | 15 |

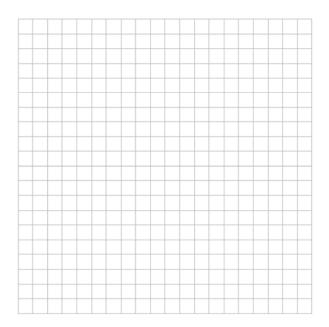
547 An initial investment of \$1000 reaches a value, V(t), according to the model $V(t) = 1000(1.01)^{4t}$, where *t* is the time in years. Determine the average rate of change, to the nearest dollar per year, of this investment from year 2 to year 7.

548 Graph $y = 400(.85)^{2x} - 6$ on the set of axes below.



- 549 Algebraically determine whether the function $j(x) = x^4 - 3x^2 - 4$ is odd, even, or neither.
- 550 The polynomial function $g(x) = x^3 + ax^2 5x + 6$ has a factor of (x - 3). Determine the value of *a*.

551 On the grid below, sketch a cubic polynomial whose zeros are 1, 3, and -2.



- 552 For the function $f(x) = (x-3)^3 + 1$, find $f^{-1}(x)$.
- 553 Express the fraction $\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(16x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$ in simplest radical form

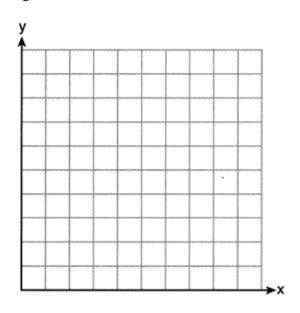
form.

554 Consider the function $h(x) = 2\sin(3x) + 1$ and the function q represented in the table below.

| x | q(x) |
|----|------|
| -2 | -8 |
| -1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | -2 |
| 2 | 0 |

Determine which function has the *smaller* minimum value for the domain [-2,2]. Justify your answer.

555 Graph
$$y = 2\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 5$$
 on the interval $[0, 2\pi]$,
using the axes below.



- 556 Describe the transformation applied to the graph of $p(x) = 2^x$ that forms the new function $q(x) = 2^{x-3} + 4$.
- 557 Express $(2xi^3 3y)^2$ in simplest form.

- 558 The business office of a local college wishes to determine the methods of payment that will be used by students when buying books at the beginning of a semester. Explain how the office can gather an appropriate sample that minimizes bias.
- 559 Write the expression $A(x) \bullet B(x) 3C(x)$ as a polynomial in standard form.

$$A(x) = x^{3} + 2x - 1$$
$$B(x) = x^{2} + 7$$
$$C(x) = x^{4} - 5x$$

560 The monthly unemployment rate of towns in the United States is approximately normally distributed with a mean rate of 5.2% and a standard deviation of 1.6%. Determine the percentage of towns, to the *nearest integer*, that have a monthly unemployment rate greater than 6%.

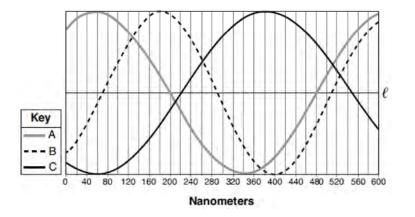
561 Given that
$$\left(\frac{y^{\frac{17}{8}}}{y^{\frac{5}{4}}}\right)^{-4} = y^n$$
, where $y > 0$, determine the value of *n*.

562 The distance needed to stop a car after applying the brakes varies directly with the square of the car's speed. The table below shows stopping distances for various speeds.

| Speed (mph) | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |
|----------------------|------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| Distance (ft) | 6.25 | 25 | 56.25 | 100 | 156.25 | 225 | 306.25 |

Determine the average rate of change in braking distance, in ft/mph, between one car traveling at 50 mph and one traveling at 70 mph. Explain what this rate of change means as it relates to braking distance.

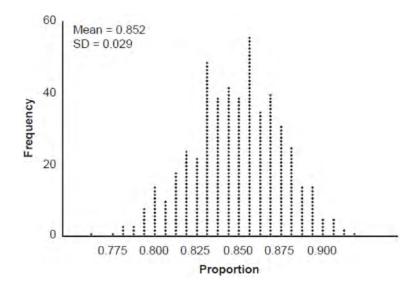
563 Visible light can be represented by sinusoidal waves. Three visible light waves are shown in the graph below. The midline of each wave is labeled ℓ .



Based on the graph, which light wave has the longest period? Justify your answer.

- 564 Can $f(x) = x^3 + 7$ be classified as an odd function? Justify your answer.
- 565 According to a study done at a hospital, the average weight of a newborn baby is 3.39 kg, with a standard deviation of 0.55 kg. The weights of all the newborns in this hospital closely follow a normal distribution. Last year, 9256 babies were born at this hospital. Determine, to the *nearest integer*, approximately how many babies weighed more than 4 kg.
- 566 Solve the equation $x^2 + 3x + 11 = 0$ algebraically. Express the answer in a + bi form.
- 567 A survey was given to 1250 randomly selected high school students at the end of their junior year. The survey offered four post-graduation options: two-year college, four-year college, military, or work. Of the 1250 responses, 475 chose a four-year college. State *one* possible conclusion that can be made about the population of high school juniors, based on this survey.

568 An app design company believes that the proportion of high school students who have purchased apps on their smartphones in the past 3 months is 0.85. A simulation of 500 samples of 150 students was run based on this proportion and the results are shown below.



Suppose a sample of 150 students from your high school showed that 88% of students had purchased apps on their smartphones in the past 3 months. Based on the simulation, would the results from your high school give the app design company reason to believe their assumption is *incorrect*? Explain.

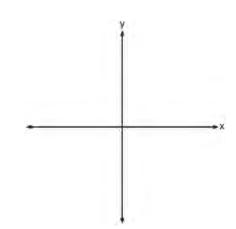
- 569 Write a recursive formula for the sequence 189,63,21,7,....
- 570 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\frac{8}{x+5} - \frac{3}{x} = 5$

571 When
$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{y^2}}\right)y^4$$
 is written in the form y^n , what is

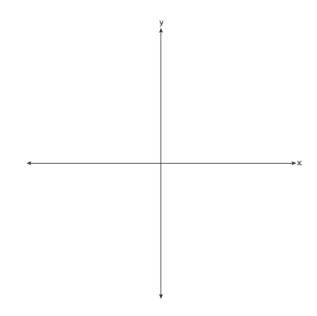
the value of *n*? Justify your answer.

- 572 Sketch a graph of polynomial P(x), given the criteria below:
 - P(x) has zeros only at -5, 1, and 4
 - As $x \to \infty$, $P(x) \to -\infty$

• As
$$x \to -\infty$$
, $P(x) \to -\infty$



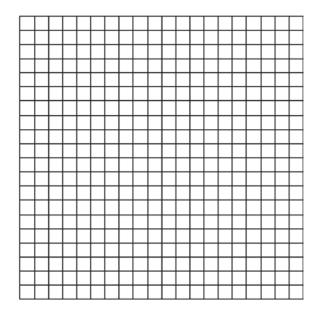
573 Sketch the graphs of $r(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ and a(x) = |x| - 3 on the set of axes below. Determine, to the *nearest tenth*, the positive solution of r(x) = a(x).



- 574 Given $\cos A = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ and $\cot A = -3$, determine the value of $\sin A$ in radical form.
- 575 The scores on a collegiate mathematics readiness assessment are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 680 and a standard deviation of 120. Determine the percentage of scores between 690 and 900, to the *nearest percent*.
- 576 Given a > 0, solve the equation $a^{x+1} = \sqrt[3]{a^2}$ for x algebraically.
- 577 Determine if x 5 is a factor of $2x^3 4x^2 7x 10$. Explain your answer.

- 578 Biologists are studying a new bacterium. They create a culture with 100 of the bacteria and anticipate that the number of bacteria will double every 30 hours. Write an equation for the number of bacteria, *B*, in terms of the number of hours, *t*, since the experiment began.
- 579 Factor completely over the set of integers: $-2x^4 + x^3 + 18x^2 - 9x$
- 580 The parabola $y = -\frac{1}{20} (x-3)^2 + 6$ has its focus at

(3,1). Determine and state the equation of the directrix. (The use of the grid below is optional.)



581 Given the geometric series $300 + 360 + 432 + 518.4 + \dots$, write a geometric series formula, S_n , for the sum of the first *n* terms. Use the formula to find the sum of the first 10 terms, to the *nearest tenth*.

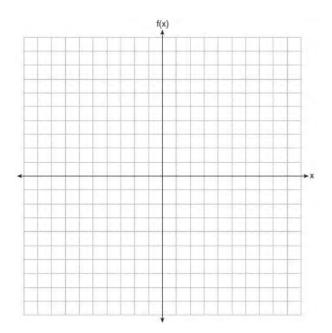
582 Markus is a long-distance walker. In one race, he walked 55 miles in *t* hours and in another race walked 65 miles in t + 3 hours. His rates are shown in the equations below.

$$r = \frac{55}{t} \quad r = \frac{65}{t+3}$$

Markus walked at an equivalent rate, *r*, for each race. Determine the number of hours that each of the two races took.

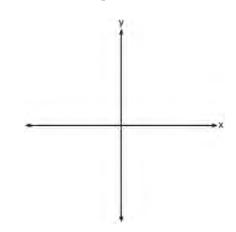
- 583 Algebraically solve for *x*: $\frac{-3}{x+3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x}{6} \frac{1}{2}$
- 584 On the grid below, graph the function

$$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 6$$
 on the domain $-1 \le x \le 4$.



585 Given events *A* and *B*, such that P(A) = 0.6, P(B) = 0.5, and $P(A \cup B) = 0.8$, determine whether *A* and *B* are independent or dependent.

- 586 The world population was 2560 million people in 1950 and 3040 million in 1960 and can be modeled by the function $p(t) = 2560e^{0.017185t}$, where *t* is time in years after 1950 and p(t) is the population in millions. Determine the average rate of change of p(t) in millions of people per year, from $4 \le t \le 8$. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*.
- 587 The volume of air in a person's lungs, as the person breathes in and out, can be modeled by a sine graph. A scientist is studying the differences in this volume for people at rest compared to people told to take a deep breath. When examining the graphs, should the scientist focus on the amplitude, period, or midline? Explain your choice.
- 588 The explicit formula $a_n = 6 + 6n$ represents the number of seats in each row in a movie theater, where *n* represents the row number. Rewrite this formula in recursive form.
- 589 On the axes below, sketch a possible function p(x) = (x-a)(x-b)(x+c), where *a*, *b*, and *c* are positive, a > b, and p(x) has a positive *y*-intercept of *d*. Label all intercepts.



590 The relative frequency table shows the proportion of a population who have a given eye color and the proportion of the same population who wear glasses.

| | Wear | Don't Wear |
|------------|---------|------------|
| | Glasses | Glasses |
| Blue Eyes | 0.14 | 0.26 |
| Brown Eyes | 0.11 | 0.24 |
| Green Eyes | 0.10 | 0.15 |

Given the data, are the events of having blue eyes and wearing glasses independent? Justify your answer.

- 591 Solve the equation $3x^2 + 5x + 8 = 0$. Write your solution in a + bi form.
- 592 The recursive formula to describe a sequence is shown below.

 $a_1 = 3$

$$a_n = 1 + 2a_{n-1}$$

State the first four terms of this sequence. Can this sequence be represented using an explicit geometric formula? Justify your answer.

593 For all values of *x* for which the expression is defined, write the expression below in simplest form.

$$\frac{2x^3 + x^2 - 18x - 9}{3x - x^2}$$

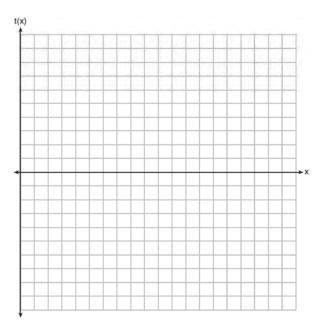
- 594 Algebraically prove that $\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = 1 + \frac{1}{x^3+8}$, where $x \neq -2$.
- 595 Given *i* is the imaginary unit, simplify $(5xi^3 4i)^2$ as a polynomial in standard form.

596 Given: $h(x) = \frac{2}{9}x^3 + \frac{8}{9}x^2 - \frac{16}{13}x + 2$

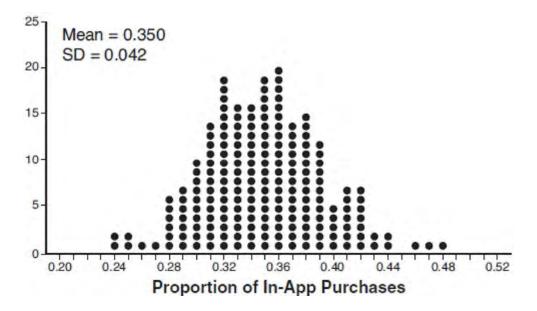
k(x) = -|0.7x| + 5

State the solutions to the equation h(x) = k(x), rounded to the *nearest hundredth*.

597 Graph $t(x) = 3\sin(2x) + 2$ over the domain $[0, 2\pi]$ on the set of axes below.



598 Some smart-phone applications contain "in-app" purchases, which allow users to purchase special content within the application. A random sample of 140 users found that 35 percent made in-app purchases. A simulation was conducted with 200 samples of 140 users assuming 35 percent of the samples make in-app purchases. The approximately normal results are shown below.



Considering the middle 95% of the data, determine the margin of error, to the *nearest hundredth*, for the simulated results. In the given context, explain what this value represents.

- 599 Factor the expression $x^3 2x^2 9x + 18$ completely.
- 600 A fruit fly population can be modeled by the equation $P = 10(1.27)^t$, where P represents the number of fruit flies after t days. What is the average rate of change of the population, rounded to the *nearest hundredth*, over the interval [0, 10.5]? Include appropriate units in your answer.
- 601 Factor the expression $2x^3 3x^2 18x + 27$ completely.

- 602 Mrs. Jones had hundreds of jelly beans in a bag that contained equal numbers of six different flavors. Her student randomly selected four jelly beans and they were all black licorice. Her student complained and said "What are the odds I got all of that kind?" Mrs. Jones replied, "simulate rolling a die 250 times and tell me if four black licorice jelly beans is unusual." Explain how this simulation could be used to solve the problem.
- 603 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{4x+1} = 11-x$
- 604 Solve the equation $2x^2 + 5x + 8 = 0$. Express the answer in a + bi form.

605 The x-value of which function's x-intercept is larger, f or h? Justify your answer.

| J | (,,,) | 108(11 |
|---|-------|--------|
| | X | h(x) |
| | -1 | 6 |
| | 0 | 4 |
| | 1 | 2 |
| | 2 | 0 |
| | 3 | -2 |

 $f(x) = \log(x - 4)$

606 A runner is using a nine-week training app to prepare for a "fun run." The table below represents the amount of the program completed, *A*, and the distance covered in a session, *D*, in miles.

| A | X | $\frac{4}{9}$ | $\frac{5}{9}$ | $\frac{6}{9}$ | $\frac{8}{9}$ | 1 |
|---|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Ι |) | 2 | 2 | 2.25 | 3 | 3.25 |

Based on these data, write an exponential regression equation, rounded to the *nearest thousandth*, to model the distance the runner is able to complete in a session as she continues through the nine-week program.

607 Elizabeth waited for 6 minutes at the drive thru at her favorite fast-food restaurant the last time she visited. She was upset about having to wait that long and notified the manager. The manager assured her that her experience was very unusual and that it would not happen again. A study of customers commissioned by this restaurant found an approximately normal distribution of results. The mean wait time was 226 seconds and the standard deviation was 38 seconds. Given these data, and using a 95% level of confidence, was Elizabeth's wait time unusual? Justify your answer.

608 Algebraically solve for x:
$$\frac{7}{2x} - \frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{4}$$

- 609 Solve algebraically for *x* to the *nearest thousandth*: $2e^{0.49x} = 15$
- 610 Given $P(A) = \frac{1}{3}$ and $P(B) = \frac{5}{12}$, where *A* and *B* are independent events, determine $P(A \cap B)$.
- 611 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{x-5} + x = 7$
- 612 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{x-4} + x = 6$

613 Consider the data in the table below.

| [| X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|---|-----|---|----|------|----|------|
| | у | 3.9 | 6 | 11 | 18.1 | 28 | 40.3 |

State an exponential regression equation to model these data, rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*.

614 Point $M\left(t,\frac{4}{7}\right)$ is located in the second quadrant on

the unit circle. Determine the exact value of t.

615 The Wells family is looking to purchase a home in a suburb of Rochester with a 30-year mortgage that has an annual interest rate of 3.6%. The house the family wants to purchase is \$152,500 and they will make a \$15,250 down payment and borrow the remainder. Use the formula below to determine their monthly payment, to the *nearest dollar*.

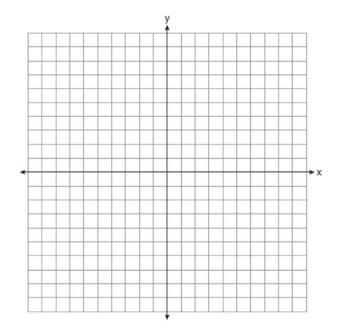
$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = total number of monthly payments

616 The scores of a recent test taken by 1200 students had an approximately normal distribution with a mean of 225 and a standard deviation of 18. Determine the number of students who scored between 200 and 245.

617 Write
$$-\frac{1}{2}i^3\left(\sqrt{-9}-4\right)-3i^2$$
 in simplest $a+bi$ form.

- 618 Factor $x^3 + 4x^2 9x 36$ completely.
- 619 On the axes below, graph *one* cycle of a cosine function with amplitude 3, period $\frac{\pi}{2}$, midline y = -1, and passing through the point (0,2).

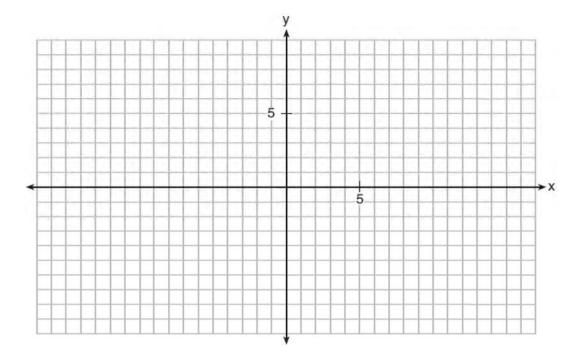


620 For *n* and p > 0, is the expression

$$\left(p^2 n^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^8 \sqrt{p^5 n^4}$$
 equivalent to $p^{18} n^6 \sqrt{p}$?

Justify your answer.

621 On the grid below, graph the function $y = \log_2(x-3) + 1$



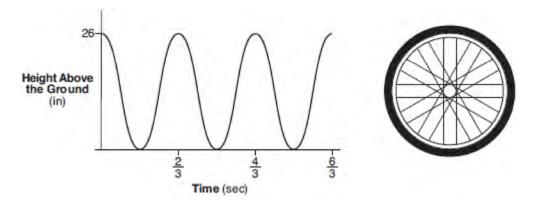
- 622 An angle, θ , is in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point (2,-1). Find the *exact* value of sin θ .
- 623 Algebraically determine the solution set for the system of equations below.

$$y = 2x^2 - 7x + 4$$
$$y = 11 - 2x$$

624 The heights of the members of a ski club are normally distributed. The average height is 64.7 inches with a standard deviation of 4.3 inches. Determine the percentage of club members, to the *nearest percent*, who are between 67 inches and 72 inches tall.

- 625 For $x \neq 0$ and $y \neq 0$, $\sqrt[3]{81x^{15}y^9} = 3^a x^5 y^3$. Determine the value of *a*.
- 626 At Andrew Jackson High School, students are only allowed to enroll in AP U.S. History if they have already taken AP World History or AP European History. Out of 825 incoming seniors, 165 took AP World History, 66 took AP European History, and 33 took both. Given this information, determine the probability a randomly selected incoming senior is allowed to enroll in AP U.S. History.
- 627 Rewrite the expression $(4x^2 + 5x)^2 - 5(4x^2 + 5x) - 6$ as a product of four linear factors.

628 The graph below represents the height above the ground, h, in inches, of a point on a triathlete's bike wheel during a training ride in terms of time, t, in seconds.



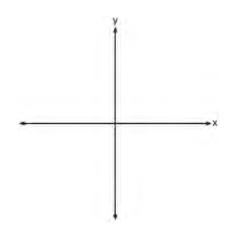
Identify the period of the graph and describe what the period represents in this context.

629 Determine for which polynomial(s) (x + 2) is a factor. Explain your answer.

$$P(x) = x^{4} - 3x^{3} - 16x - 12$$
$$Q(x) = x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 16x - 12$$

- 630 Researchers in a local area found that the population of rabbits with an initial population of 20 grew continuously at the rate of 5% per month. The fox population had an initial value of 30 and grew continuously at the rate of 3% per month. Find, to the *nearest tenth of a month*, how long it takes for these populations to be equal.
- 631 A study was designed to test the effectiveness of a new drug. Half of the volunteers received the drug. The other half received a sugar pill. The probability of a volunteer receiving the drug and getting well was 40%. What is the probability of a volunteer getting well, given that the volunteer received the drug?

632 The zeros of a quartic polynomial function are 2, -2, 4, and -4. Use the zeros to construct a possible sketch of the function, on the set of axes below.



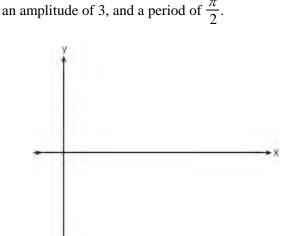
633 An orange-juice processing plant receives a truckload of oranges. The quality control team randomly chooses three pails of oranges, each containing 50 oranges, from the truckload. Identify the sample and the population in the given scenario. State *one* conclusion that the quality control team could make about the population if 5% of the sample was found to be unsatisfactory.

| | Neither Sibling Jogs | One Sibling Jogs | Both Siblings Jog |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Student Does Not Jog | 1168 | 1823 | 1380 |
| Student Jogs | 188 | 416 | 400 |

634 Data collected about jogging from students with two older siblings are shown in the table below.

Using these data, determine whether a student with two older siblings is more likely to jog if one sibling jogs or if both siblings jog. Justify your answer.

635 On the coordinate plane below, sketch *at least one cycle* of a cosine function with a midline at y = -2,



636 Elizabeth tried to find the product of (2+4i) and (3-i), and her work is shown below.

$$(2+4i)(3-i)$$

= 6 - 2i + 12i - 4i²
= 6 + 10i - 4i²
= 6 + 10i - 4(1)
= 6 + 10i - 4
= 2 + 10i

Identify the error in the process shown and determine the correct product of (2+4i) and (3-i).

- 637 Using the identity $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$, find the value of $\tan \theta$, to the *nearest hundredth*, if $\cos \theta$ is -0.7 and θ is in Quadrant II.
- 638 Given $r(x) = x^3 4x^2 + 4x 6$, find the value of r(2). What does your answer tell you about x 2 as a factor of r(x)? Explain.
- 639 Determine the quotient and remainder when $(6a^3 + 11a^2 - 4a - 9)$ is divided by (3a - 2). Express your answer in the form $q(a) + \frac{r(a)}{d(a)}$.
- 640 Given $f(x) = 3x^2 + 7x 20$ and g(x) = x 2, state the quotient and remainder of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$, in the form

$$q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{g(x)}.$$

641 Algebraically prove that the difference of the squares of any two consecutive integers is an odd integer.

642 The results of a survey of the student body at Central High School about television viewing preferences are shown below.

| | Comedy Series | Drama Series | Reality Series | Total |
|---------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Males | 95 | 65 | 70 | 230 |
| Females | 80 | 70 | 110 | 260 |
| Total | 175 | 135 | 180 | 490 |

Are the events "student is a male" and "student prefers reality series" independent of each other? Justify your answer.

643 The table below shows the number of hours of daylight on the first day of each month in Rochester, NY.

| Month | Hours of Daylight |
|-------|-------------------|
| Jan. | 9.4 |
| Feb. | 10.6 |
| March | 11.9 |
| April | 13.9 |
| May | 14.7 |
| June | 15.4 |
| July | 15.1 |
| Aug. | 13.9 |
| Sept. | 12.5 |
| Oct. | 11.1 |
| Nov. | 9.7 |
| Dec. | 9.0 |

Given the data, what is the average rate of change in hours of daylight per month from January 1st to April 1st? Interpret what this means in the context of the problem.

- 644 The probability that a resident of a housing community opposes spending money for community improvement on plumbing issues is 0.8. The probability that a resident favors spending money on improving walkways given that the resident opposes spending money on plumbing issues is 0.85. Determine the probability that a randomly selected resident opposes spending money on plumbing issues and favors spending money on walkways.
- 645 Over the set of integers, completely factor $x^4 5x^2 + 4$.
- 646 Completely factor the following expression: $x^{2} + 3xy + 3x^{3} + y$

- 647 Show why x 3 is a factor of $m(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 5x - 3$. Justify your answer.
- 648 Algebraically determine the values of *x* that satisfy the system of equations below:

$$y = x^{2} + 8x - 5$$
$$y = 8x - 4$$

649 A formula for work problems involving two people is shown below.

$$\frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} = \frac{1}{t_b}$$

 t_1 = the time taken by the first person to complete the job

 t_2 = the time taken by the second person to complete the job

 t_{h} = the time it takes for them working

together to complete the job

Fred and Barney are carpenters who build the same model desk. It takes Fred eight hours to build the desk while it only takes Barney six hours. Write an equation that can be used to find the time it would take both carpenters working together to build a desk. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long it would take Fred and Barney working together to build a desk.

650 Explain how $(-8)^{\frac{4}{3}}$ can be evaluated using properties of rational exponents to result in an integer answer.

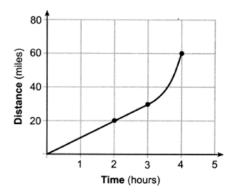
651 Given the equal terms
$$\sqrt[3]{x^5}$$
 and $y^{\frac{3}{6}}$, determine and state *y*, in terms of *x*.

5

652 The weight of a bag of pears at the local market averages 8 pounds with a standard deviation of 0.5 pound. The weights of all the bags of pears at the market closely follow a normal distribution. Determine what percentage of bags, to the *nearest integer*, weighed *less* than 8.25 pounds.

653 Solve for x:
$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3x}$$

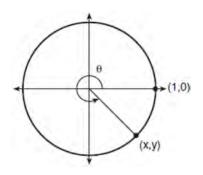
654 Determine the average rate of change, in mph, from 2 to 4 hours on the graph shown below.



- 655 The initial push of a child on a swing causes the swing to travel a total of 6 feet. Each successive swing travels 80% of the distance of the previous swing. Determine the total distance, to the *nearest hundredth of a foot*, a child travels in the first five swings.
- 656 Does the equation $x^2 4x + 13 = 0$ have imaginary solutions? Justify your answer.
- 657 Determine if x + 4 is a factor of $2x^3 + 10x^2 + 4x - 16$. Explain your answer.

Algebra II 2 Point Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

658 Using the unit circle below, explain why $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{y}$.



659 Use the properties of rational exponents to determine the value of *y* for the equation:

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^8}}{\left(x^4\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = x^{y}, \ x > 1$$

660 Kenzie believes that for $x \ge 0$, the expression $\left(\sqrt[7]{x^2}\right) \left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right)$ is equivalent to $\sqrt[35]{x^6}$. Is she correct? Justify your response algebraically.

Algebra II 4 Point Regents Exam Questions

661 Juan and Filipe practice at the driving range before playing golf. The number of wins and corresponding practice times for each player are shown in the table below.

| | Juan Wins | Felipe Wins |
|---------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Short Practice Time | 8 | 10 |
| Long Practice Time | 15 | 12 |

Given that the practice time was long, determine the exact probability that Filipe wins the next match. Determine whether or not the two events "Filipe wins" and "long practice time" are independent. Justify your answer.

662 A public radio station held a fund-raiser. The table below summarizes the donor category and method of donation.

| | - | Donor Category | |
|-----------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| | | Supporter | Patron |
| Method of | Phone calls | 400 | 672 |
| Donation | Online | 1200 | 2016 |

To the *nearest thousandth*, find the probability that a randomly selected donor was categorized as a supporter, given that the donation was made online. Do these data indicate that being a supporter is independent of donating online? Justify your answer.

663 Solve the system of equations shown below algebraically:

$$(x-4)^{2} + (y-1)^{2} = 9$$

x-y=6

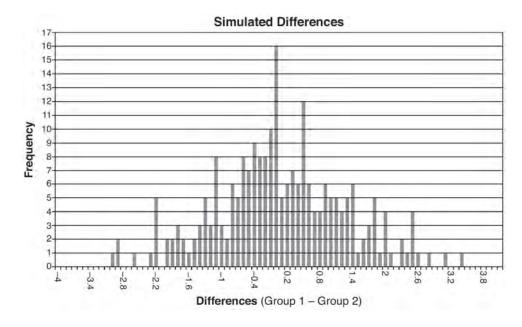
664 Alexa earns \$33,000 in her first year of teaching and earns a 4% increase in each successive year. Write a geometric series formula, S_n , for Alexa's total earnings over *n* years. Use this formula to find Alexa's total earnings for her first 15 years of teaching, to the *nearest cent*.

- 665 In the town of Skaneateles, New York, house prices since 2008 have changed based on the function $H(t) = 200,000(l.045)^t$, where *t* is the number of years since 2008 and H(t) is the median house price. Determine the average rate of change for the median house price in Skaneateles, from 2010 to 2018 to the *nearest dollar per year*. Explain what this rate of change means as it relates to median house prices.
- 666 The monthly high temperature (°F) in Buffalo, New York can be modeled by $B(m) = 24.9 \sin(0.5m 2.05) + 55.25$, where *m* is the number of the month and January = 1. Find the average rate of change in the monthly high temperature between June and October, to the *nearest hundredth*. Explain what this value represents in the given context.
- 667 Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it would take an investment to double at a $3\frac{3}{4}$ % interest rate, compounded continuously.

668 Ayva designed an experiment to determine the effect of a new energy drink on a group of 20 volunteer students. Ten students were randomly selected to form group 1 while the remaining 10 made up group 2. Each student in group 1 drank one energy drink, and each student in group 2 drank one cola drink. Ten minutes later, their times were recorded for reading the same paragraph of a novel. The results of the experiment are shown below.

| Group 1 | Group 2 |
|-------------|-------------|
| (seconds) | (seconds) |
| 17.4 | 23.3 |
| 18.1 | 18.8 |
| 18.2 | 22.1 |
| 19.6 | 12.7 |
| 18.6 | 16.9 |
| 16.2 | 24.4 |
| 16.1 | 21.2 |
| 15.3 | 21.2 |
| 17.8 | 16.3 |
| 19.7 | 14.5 |
| Mean = 17.7 | Mean = 19.1 |

Ayva thinks drinking energy drinks makes students read faster. Using information from the experimental design or the results, explain why Ayva's hypothesis may be *incorrect*. Using the given results, Ayva randomly mixes the 20 reading times, splits them into two groups of 10, and simulates the difference of the means 232 times.



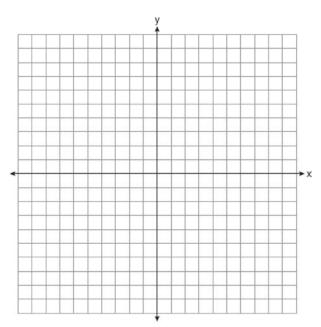
Ayva has decided that the difference in mean reading times is not an unusual occurrence. Support her decision using the results of the simulation. Explain your reasoning.

669 The table below gives air pressures in kPa at selected altitudes above sea level measured in kilometers.

| X | Altitude (km) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|--------------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| у | Air Pressure (kPa) | 101 | 90 | 79 | 70 | 62 | 54 |

Write an exponential regression equation that models these data rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*. Use this equation to algebraically determine the altitude, to the *nearest hundredth* of a kilometer, when the air pressure is 29 kPa.

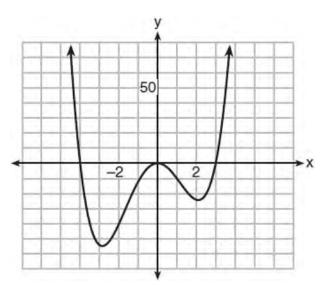
670 Graph y = f(x), where $f(x) = \log_2(x - 1) + 3$ on the set of axes below.



State the equation of the asymptote of f(x). When f(x) is reflected over the line y = x, a new function is formed: $g(x) = 2^{x-3} + 1$. State the equation of the asymptote of g(x).

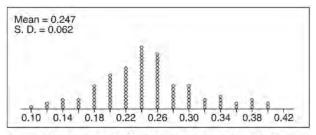
671 Given: $f(x) = 2x^2 + x - 3$ and g(x) = x - 1Express $f(x) \bullet g(x) - [f(x) + g(x)]$ as a polynomial in standard form.

- 672 One of the medical uses of Iodine–131 (I–131), a radioactive isotope of iodine, is to enhance x-ray images. The half-life of I–131 is approximately 8.02 days. A patient is injected with 20 milligrams of I–131. Determine, to the *nearest day*, the amount of time needed before the amount of I–131 in the patient's body is approximately 7 milligrams.
- 673 The graph of y = f(x) is shown below. The function has a leading coefficient of 1.



Write an equation for f(x). The function g is formed by translating function f left 2 units. Write an equation for g(x).

674 Stephen's Beverage Company is considering whether to produce a new brand of cola. The company will launch the product if at least 25% of cola drinkers will buy the product. Fifty cola drinkers are randomly selected to take a blind taste-test of products *A*, *B*, and the new product. Nine out of fifty participants preferred Stephen's new cola to products *A* and *B*. The company then devised a simulation based on the requirement that 25% of cola drinkers will buy the product. Each dot in the graph shown below represents the proportion of people who preferred Stephen's new product, each of sample size 50, simulated 100 times.



Proportion Preferring Stephen's Product

Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the company wants to be 95% confident of its results. Does the sample proportion obtained from the blind taste-test, nine out of fifty, fall within the margin of error developed from the simulation? Justify your answer. The company decides to continue developing the product even though only nine out of fifty participants preferred its brand of cola in the taste-test. Describe how the simulation data could be used to support this decision.

- 675 Solve the equation $\sqrt{49 10x} + 5 = 2x$ algebraically.
- 676 Given $z(x) = 6x^3 + bx^2 52x + 15$, z(2) = 35, and z(-5) = 0, algebraically determine all the zeros of z(x).

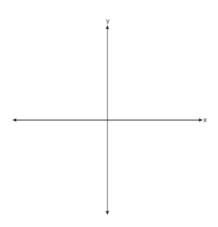
677 Monthly mortgage payments can be found using the formula below:

$$M = \frac{P\left(\frac{r}{12}\right)\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12}\right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment P = amount borrowed r = annual interest rate n = number of monthly payments

The Banks family would like to borrow \$120,000 to purchase a home. They qualified for an annual interest rate of 4.8%. Algebraically determine the *fewest* number of whole years the Banks family would need to include in the mortgage agreement in order to have a monthly payment of no more than \$720.

678 Sketch $p(x) = -\log_2(x+3) + 2$ on the axes below.



Describe the end behavior of p(x) as $x \to -3$. Describe the end behavior of p(x) as $x \to \infty$

679 Which function shown below has a greater average rate of change on the interval [-2,4]? Justify your answer.

| x | f(x) |
|----|--------|
| -4 | 0.3125 |
| -3 | 0.625 |
| -2 | 1.25 |
| -1 | 2.5 |
| 0 | 5 |
| 1 | 10 |
| 2 | 20 |
| 3 | 40 |
| 4 | 80 |
| 5 | 160 |
| 6 | 320 |
| | |

 $g(x) = 4x^3 - 5x^2 + 3$

680 After sitting out of the refrigerator for a while, a turkey at room temperature (68°F) is placed into an oven at 8 a.m., when the oven temperature is 325°F. Newton's Law of Heating explains that the temperature of the turkey will increase proportionally to the difference between the temperature of the turkey and the temperature of the oven, as given by the formula below:

$$T = T_a + \left(T_0 - T_a\right)e^{-1}$$

 T_a = the temperature surrounding the object

- T_0 = the initial temperature of the object
- t = the time in hours
- T = the temperature of the object after *t* hours
- k = decay constant

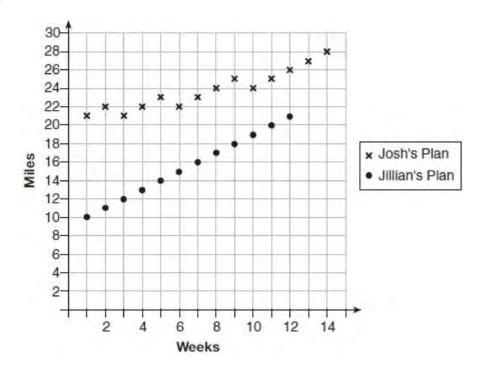
The turkey reaches the temperature of approximately 100° F after 2 hours. Find the value of *k*, to the *nearest thousandth*, and write an equation to determine the temperature of the turkey after *t* hours. Determine the Fahrenheit temperature of the turkey, to the *nearest degree*, at 3 p.m.

681 Solve the system of equations algebraically.

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 25$$
$$y + 5 = 2x$$

682 During the summer, Adam saved \$4000 and Betty saved \$3500. Adam deposited his money in Bank *A* at an annual rate of 2.4% compounded monthly. Betty deposited her money in Bank *B* at an annual rate of 4% compounded quarterly. Write two functions that represent the value of each account after *t* years if no other deposits or withdrawals are made, where Adam's account value is represented by A(t), and Betty's by B(t). Using technology, determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it will take for the two accounts to have the same amount of money in them. Justify your answer.

683 Elaina has decided to run the Buffalo half-marathon in May. She researched training plans on the Internet and is looking at two possible plans: Jillian's 12-week plan and Josh's 14-week plan. The number of miles run per week for each plan is plotted below.

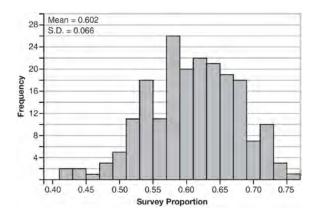


Which one of the plans follows an arithmetic pattern? Explain how you arrived at your answer. Write a recursive definition to represent the number of miles run each week for the duration of the plan you chose. Jillian's plan has an alternative if Elaina wanted to train instead for a full 26-mile marathon. Week one would start at 13 miles and follow the same pattern for the half-marathon, but it would continue for 14 weeks. Write an explicit formula, in *simplest form*, to represent the number of miles run each week for the full-marathon training plan.

- 684 Given $f(x) = 3x^3 4x^2 + 2x 1$ and g(x) = x 4, state the quotient and remainder of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$, in the form $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{g(x)}$. Is x = 4 a root of f(x)? Explain your answer.
- 685 Write an explicit formula for a_n , the *n*th term of the recursively defined sequence below. $a_1 = x + 1$

 $a_n = x(a_{n-1})$ For what values of *x* would $a_n = 0$ when n > 1?

686 Fifty-five students attending the prom were randomly selected to participate in a survey about the music choice at the prom. Sixty percent responded that a DJ would be preferred over a band. Members of the prom committee thought that the vote would have 50% for the DJ and 50% for the band. A simulation was run 200 times, each of sample size 55, based on the premise that 60% of the students would prefer a DJ. The approximate normal simulation results are shown below.



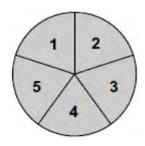
Using the results of the simulation, determine a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data. Round all values to the *nearest hundredth*. Members of the prom committee are concerned that a vote of all students attending the prom may produce a 50% - 50% split. Explain what statistical evidence supports this concern.

- 687 The half-life of a radioactive substance is 15 years. Write an equation that can be used to determine the amount, s(t), of 200 grams of this substance that remains after *t* years. Determine algebraically, to the *nearest year*, how long it will take for $\frac{1}{10}$ of this substance to remain.
- 688 Solve the given equation algebraically for all values of *x*. $3\sqrt{x} 2x = -5$

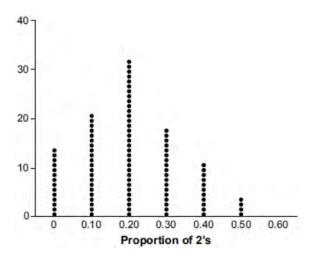
689 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z: x + 3y + 5z = 45

$$6x - 3y + 2z = -10$$
$$-2x + 3y + 8z = 72$$

690 Joette is playing a carnival game. To win a prize, one has to correctly guess which of five equally sized regions a spinner will land on, as shown in the diagram below.



She complains that the game is unfair because her favorite number, 2, has only been spun once in ten times she played the game. State the proportion of 2's that were spun. State the theoretical probability of spinning a 2. The simulation output below shows the results of simulating ten spins of a fair spinner, repeated 100 times.



Does the output indicate that the carnival game was unfair? Explain your answer.

| Years since 1900 | Population (millions) |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| 0 | 243 |
| 10 | 254 |
| 20 | 268 |
| 30 | 285 |
| 40 | 324 |
| 50 | 376.3 |
| 60 | 450.6 |
| 70 | 555.1 |
| 80 | 699 |
| 60 | 873.3 |
| 100 | 1056.6 |
| 110 | 1234.3 |
| 120 | 1380 |

691 The population of China, in millions, can be modeled by the function $P(x) = 316.93e^{0.0133x}$, where x is the number of years since 1900. The population of India since 1900 is summarized in the table below:

Which country's population had a greater average rate of change between 1950 and 2020? Justify your answer.

692 Algebraically determine the values of h and k to correctly complete the identity stated below.

$$2x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 11x - 7 = (x - 4)(2x^{2} + hx + 3) + k$$

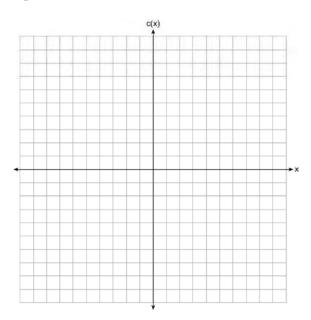
693 Algebraically solve the following system of equations.

$$(x-2)^{2} + (y-3)^{2} = 16$$
$$x + y - 1 = 0$$

694 A population of 950 bacteria grows continuously at a rate of 4.75% per day. Write an exponential function, N(t), that represents the bacterial population after *t* days and explain the reason for your choice of base. Determine the bacterial population after 36 hours, to the *nearest bacterium*.

- 695 Solve for x algebraically: $\frac{1}{x-6} + \frac{x}{x-2} = \frac{4}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$
- 696 Solve the equation $\sqrt{2x-7} + x = 5$ algebraically, and justify the solution set.
- 697 In contract negotiations between a local government agency and its workers, it is estimated that there is a 50% chance that an agreement will be reached on the salaries of the workers. It is estimated that there is a 70% chance that there will be an agreement on the insurance benefits. There is a 20% chance that no agreement will be reached on either issue. Find the probability that an agreement will be reached on *both* issues. Based on this answer, determine whether the agreement on salaries and the agreement on insurance are independent events. Justify your answer.

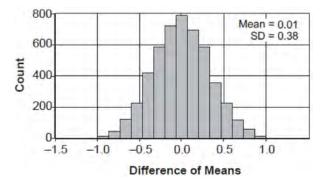
698 Graph $c(x) = -9(3)^{x-4} + 2$ on the axes below.



Describe the end behavior of c(x) as x approaches positive infinity. Describe the end behavior of c(x)as x approaches negative infinity.

- 699 The guidance department has reported that of the senior class, 2.3% are members of key club, *K*, 8.6% are enrolled in AP Physics, *P*, and 1.9% are in both. Determine the probability of *P* given *K*, to the *nearest tenth of a percent*. The principal would like a basic interpretation of these results. Write a statement relating your calculated probabilities to student enrollment in the given situation.
- 700 Given $a(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 + 4x 10$ and b(x) = x + 2, determine $\frac{a(x)}{b(x)}$ in the form $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{b(x)}$. Is b(x) a factor of a(x)? Explain.

701 Two classes of students were entered into an experiment to see whether using an interactive whiteboard leads to better grades. It was observed that the mean grade of students in the class with the interactive whiteboard was 0.6 points higher than the class without it. To determine if the observed difference is statistically significant, the classes were rerandomized 5000 times to study these random differences in the mean grades. The output of the simulation is summarized in the histogram below.



Determine an interval containing the middle 95% of the simulation results. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Does the interval indicate that the difference between the classes' grades is significant? Explain.

702 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of *a*, *b*, and *c*. a+4b+6c=23

$$a + 2b + c = 2$$
$$6b + 2c = a + 14$$

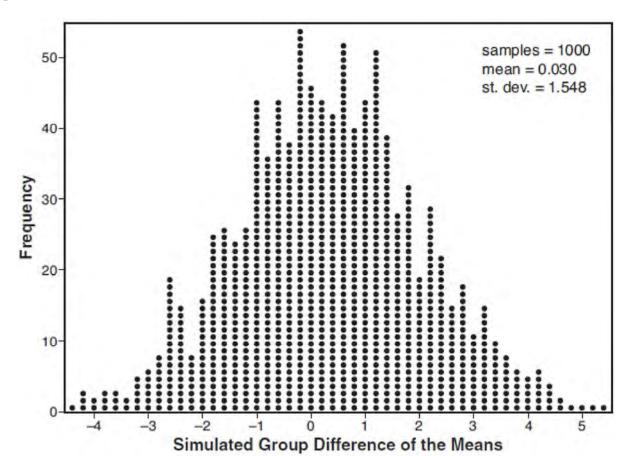
703 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for x, y, and z. 2x + 4y - 3z = 12

$$2x + 4y - 3z = 12$$
$$3x - 2y + 2z = -9$$
$$-x + y - 3z = 0$$

704 Joseph was curious to determine if scent improves memory. A test was created where better memory is indicated by higher test scores. A controlled experiment was performed where one group was given the test on scented paper and the other group was given the test on unscented paper. The summary statistics from the experiment are given below.

| | Scented Paper | Unscented Paper |
|----------------|---------------|------------------------|
| \overline{x} | 23 | 18 |
| Sx | 2.898 | 2.408 |

Calculate the difference in means in the experimental test grades (scented -unscented). A simulation was conducted in which the subjects' scores were rerandomized into two groups 1000 times. The differences of the group means were calculated each time. The results are shown below.

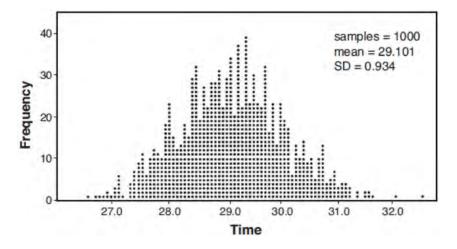


Use the simulation results to determine the interval representing the middle 95% of the difference in means, to the *nearest hundredth*. Is the difference in means in Joseph's experiment statistically significant based on the simulation? Explain.

705 A radio station claims to its advertisers that the mean number of minutes commuters listen to the station is 30. The station conducted a survey of 500 of their listeners who commute. The sample statistics are shown below.

| x | 29.11 |
|----------------|--------|
| S _x | 20.718 |

A simulation was run 1000 times based upon the results of the survey. The results of the simulation appear below.



Based on the simulation results, is the claim that commuters listen to the station on average 30 minutes plausible? Explain your response including an interval containing the middle 95% of the data, rounded to the *nearest hundredth*.

706 A Foucault pendulum can be used to demonstrate that the Earth rotates. The time, *t*, in seconds, that it takes for one swing or period of the pendulum

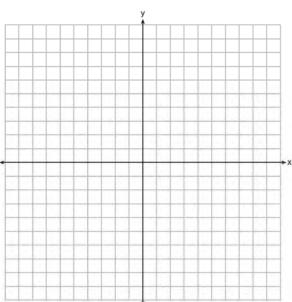
can be modeled by the equation $t = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$ where

L is the length of the pendulum in meters and *g* is a constant of 9.81 m/s². The first Foucault pendulum was constructed in 1851 and has a pendulum length of 67 m. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a second*, the time it takes this pendulum to complete one swing. Another Foucault pendulum at the United Nations building takes 9.6 seconds to complete one swing. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of a meter*, the length of this pendulum.

707 Carla wants to start a college fund for her daughter Lila. She puts \$63,000 into an account that grows at a rate of 2.55% per year, compounded monthly. Write a function, C(t), that represents the amount of money in the account *t* years after the account is opened, given that no more money is deposited into or withdrawn from the account. Calculate algebraically the number of years it will take for the account to reach \$100,000, to the *nearest hundredth of a year*.

708 Algebraically solve for *x*: $2x = 6 + 2\sqrt{x-1}$

- 709 On the set of axes below, graph y = f(x) and y = g(x) for the given functions.
 - $f(x) = x^{3} 3x^{2}$ g(x) = 2x 5



State the number of solutions to the equation f(x) = g(x).

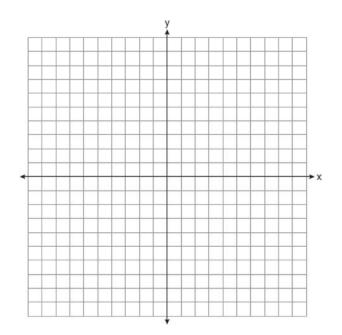
710 Simon lost his library card and has an overdue library book. When the book was 5 days late, he owed \$2.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. When the book was 21 days late, he owed \$6.25 to replace his library card and pay the fine for the overdue book. Suppose the total amount Simon owes when the book is *n* days late can be determined by an arithmetic sequence. Determine a formula for a_n , the *n*th term of this sequence. Use the formula to determine the amount of money, in dollars, Simon needs to pay when the book is 60 days late.

711 Jim is looking to buy a vacation home for \$172,600 near his favorite southern beach. The formula to compute a mortgage payment, *M*, is

$$M = P \bullet \frac{r(1+r)^{N}}{(1+r)^{N} - 1}$$
 where *P* is the principal

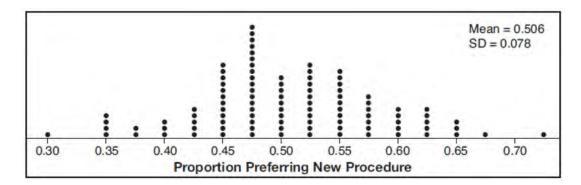
amount of the loan, r is the monthly interest rate, and N is the number of monthly payments. Jim's bank offers a monthly interest rate of 0.305% for a 15-year mortgage. With no down payment, determine Jim's mortgage payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*. Algebraically determine and state the down payment, rounded to the *nearest dollar*, that Jim needs to make in order for his mortgage payment to be \$1100.

712 Graph the following function on the axes below. $f(x) = \log_3(2-x)$



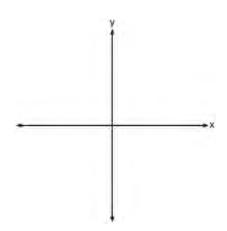
State the domain of f. State the equation of the asymptote.

713 Charlie's Automotive Dealership is considering implementing a new check-in procedure for customers who are bringing their vehicles for routine maintenance. The dealership will launch the procedure if 50% or more of the customers give the new procedure a favorable rating when compared to the current procedure. The dealership devises a simulation based on the minimal requirement that 50% of the customers prefer the new procedure. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of the customers who preferred the new check-in procedure, each of sample size 40, simulated 100 times.



Assume the set of data is approximately normal and the dealership wants to be 95% confident of its results. Determine an interval containing the plausible sample values for which the dealership will launch the new procedure. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Forty customers are selected randomly to undergo the new check-in procedure and the proportion of customers who prefer the new procedure is 32.5%. The dealership decides *not* to implement the new check-in procedure based on the results of the study. Use statistical evidence to explain this decision.

714 Patricia creates a cubic polynomial function, p(x), with a leading coefficient of 1. The zeros of the function are 2, 3, and -6. Write an equation for p(x). Sketch y = p(x) on the set of axes below.

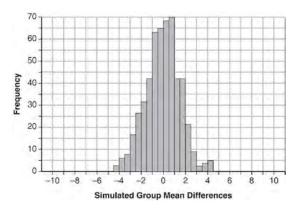


715 Two versions of a standardized test are given, an April version and a May version. The statistics for the April version show a mean score of 480 and a standard deviation of 24. The statistics for the May version show a mean score of 510 and a standard deviation of 20. Assume the scores are normally distributed. Joanne took the April version and scored in the interval 510-540. What is the probability, to the *nearest ten thousandth*, that a test paper selected at random from the April version scored in the same interval? Maria took the May version. In what interval must Maria score to claim she scored as well as Joanne?

716 Seventy-two students are randomly divided into two equally-sized study groups. Each member of the first group (group 1) is to meet with a tutor after school twice each week for one hour. The second group (group 2), is given an online subscription to a tutorial account that they can access for a maximum of two hours each week. Students in both groups are given the same tests during the year. A summary of the two groups' final grades is shown below:

| | Group 1 | Group 2 |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| x | 80.16 | 83.8 |
| S _x | 6.9 | 5.2 |

Calculate the mean difference in the final grades (group 1 - group 2) and explain its meaning in the context of the problem. A simulation was conducted in which the students' final grades were rerandomized 500 times. The results are shown below.



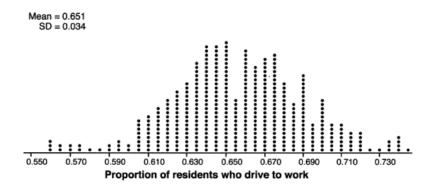
Use the simulation to determine if there is a significant difference in the final grades. Explain your answer.

717 A researcher wants to determine if nut allergies and milk allergies are related to each other. The researcher surveyed 1500 people and asked them if they are allergic to nuts or milk. The survey results are summarized in the table below.

| | Allergic to Nuts | Not Allergic to Nuts |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Allergic to Milk | 3 | 42 |
| Not Allergic to Milk | 12 | 1443 |

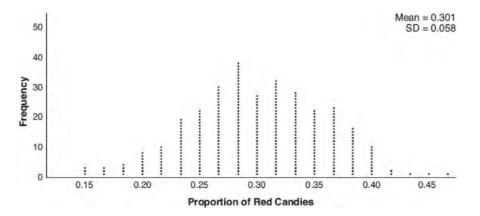
Determine the probability that a randomly selected survey respondent is allergic to milk. Determine the probability that a randomly selected survey respondent is allergic to milk, given that the person is allergic to nuts. Based on the survey data, determine whether nut allergies and milk allergies are independent events. Justify your answer.

718 In order to decrease the percentage of its residents who drive to work, a large city launches a campaign to encourage people to use public transportation instead. Before starting the campaign, the city's Department of Transportation uses census data to estimate that 65% of its residents drive to work. The Department of Transportation conducts a simulation, shown below, run 400 times based on this estimate. Each dot represents the proportion of 200 randomly selected residents who drive to work.



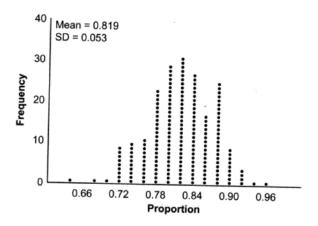
Use the simulation results to construct a plausible interval containing the middle 95% of the data. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. One year after launching the campaign, the Department of Transportation conducts a survey of 200 randomly selected city residents and finds that 122 of them drive to work. Should the department conclude that the city's campaign was effective? Use statistical evidence from the simulation to explain your answer.

719 Mary bought a pack of candy. The manufacturer claims that 30% of the candies manufactured are red. In her pack, 14 of the 60 candies are red. She ran a simulation of 300 samples, assuming the manufacturer is correct. The results are shown below.



Based on the simulation, determine the middle 95% of plausible values that the proportion of red candies in a pack is within. Based on the simulation, is it unusual that Mary's pack had 14 red candies out of a total of 60? Explain.

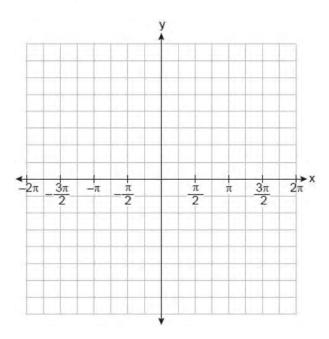
720 State officials claim 82% of a community want to repeal the 30 mph speed limit on an expressway. A community organization devises a simulation based on the claim that 82% of the community supports the repeal. Each dot on the graph below represents the proportion of community members who support the repeal. The graph shows 200 simulated surveys, each of sample size 60.



Based on the simulation, determine an interval containing the middle 95% of plausible proportions. Round your answer to the *nearest thousandth*. The community organization conducted its own sample survey of 60 people and found 70% supported the repeal. Based on the results of the simulation, explain why the organization should question the State officials' claim.

721 On a certain tropical island, there are currently 500 palm trees and 200 flamingos. Suppose the palm tree population is decreasing at an annual rate of 3% per year and the flamingo population is growing at a continuous rate of 2% per year. Write two functions, P(x) and F(x), that represent the number of palm trees and flamingos on this island, respectively, *x* years from now. State the solution to the equation P(x) = F(x), rounded to the *nearest year*. Interpret the meaning of this value within the given context.

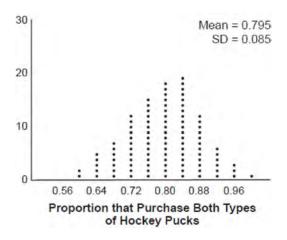
722 On the graph below, draw at least one complete cycle of a sine graph passing through point (0,2) that has an amplitude of 3, a period of π , and a midline at y = 2.



Based on your graph, state an interval in which the graph is increasing.

723 Sonja is cutting wire to construct a mobile. She cuts 100 inches for the first piece, 80 inches for the second piece, and 64 inches for the third piece. Assuming this pattern continues, write an explicit equation for a_n , the length in inches of the *n*th piece. Sonja only has 40 feet of wire to use for the project and wants to cut 20 pieces total for the mobile using her pattern. Will she have enough wire? Justify your answer.

724 A sporting goods manufacturer is trying to determine if they should continue to produce multiple types of hockey pucks. The company surveyed 50 randomly chosen customers and asked them if they purchased both game regulation pucks and lighter training pucks. Of those surveyed, 40 of them said that they purchase both types of pucks. A simulation that was run 100 times based on the survey results produced the approximately normal results below.



a) Determine an interval containing the middle
95% of plausible values that estimates the proportion of all customers who would purchase both types of pucks from the company.
b) The company will continue to manufacture both types of hockey pucks if it is reasonable to assume that the true proportion of customers who buy both types of hockey pucks is above 0.60. Using the interval from part *a*, explain whether or not the company should continue to produce both types of hockey pucks.

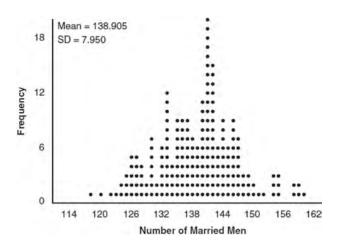
725 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z: x + y + z = 1

$$2x + 4y + 6z = 2$$
$$-x + 3y - 5z = 11$$

726 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z: 3x - 8y + 2z = -60

$$2x - 7y - 5z = -31$$
$$-6x + 2y - 4z = 36$$

727 In a random sample of 250 men in the United States, age 21 or older, 139 are married. The graph below simulated samples of 250 men, 200 times, assuming that 139 of the men are married.



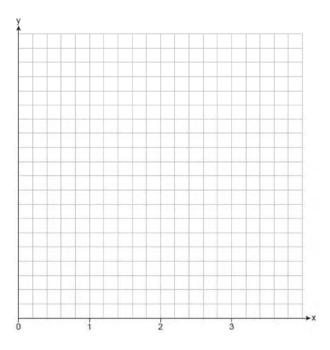
a) Based on the simulation, create an interval in which the middle 95% of the number of married men may fall. Round your answer to the *nearest integer*.

b) A study claims "50 percent of men 21 and older in the United States are married." Do your results from part a contradict this claim? Explain.

728 Factor completely over the set of integers:

 $16x^4 - 81$. Sara graphed the polynomial $y = 16x^4 - 81$ and stated "All the roots of $y = 16x^4 - 81$ are real." Is Sara correct? Explain your reasoning.

729 The function v(x) = x(3-x)(x+4) models the volume, in cubic inches, of a rectangular solid for $0 \le x \le 3$. Graph y = v(x) over the domain $0 \le x \le 3$.



To the *nearest tenth of a cubic inch*, what is the maximum volume of the rectangular solid?

730 Using the formula below, determine the monthly payment on a 5-year car loan with a monthly percentage rate of 0.625% for a car with an original cost of \$21,000 and a \$1000 down payment, to the *nearest cent*.

$$P_n = PMT\left(\frac{1 - (1 + i)^{-n}}{i}\right)$$

 P_n = present amount borrowed n = number of monthly pay periods PMT = monthly payment i = interest rate per month

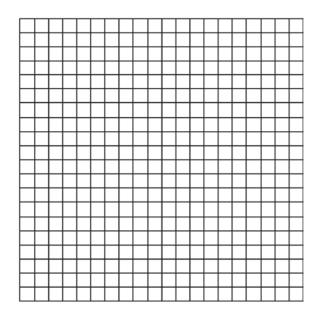
The affordable monthly payment is \$300 for the same time period. Determine an appropriate down payment, to the *nearest dollar*.

731 When observed by researchers under a microscope, a smartphone screen contained approximately 11,000 bacteria per square inch. Bacteria, under normal conditions, double in population every 20 minutes.

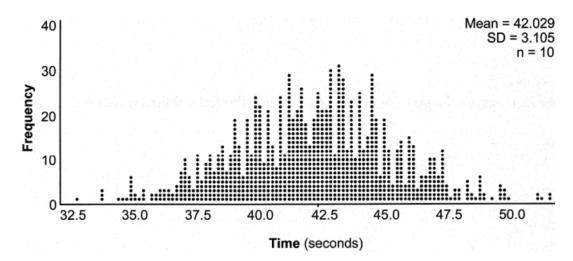
a) Assuming an initial value of 11,000 bacteria, write a function, p(t), that can be used to model the population of bacteria, p, on a smartphone screen, where t represents the time in minutes after it is first observed under a microscope.

b) Using p(t) from part *a*, determine algebraically, to the *nearest hundredth of a minute*, the amount of time it would take for a smartphone screen that was not touched or cleaned to have a population of 1,000,000 bacteria per square inch.

732 Write an equation for a sine function with an amplitude of 2 and a period of $\frac{\pi}{2}$. On the grid below, sketch the graph of the equation in the interval 0 to 2π .



733 In a packaging plant, a machine packs boxes with jars. The machine's manufacturer states that a box is packed, on average, every 42 seconds. To test that claim, the packaging plant randomly selects a sample of 10 boxes and finds the sample mean to be 49.8 seconds. The company ran a simulation of 1000 trials based on the manufacturer's claim. The approximately normal results are shown below.



Based on the simulation, determine an interval containing the middle 95% of plausible mean times. Round your answer to the *nearest hundredth*. Is the time 49.8 seconds unusual? Use statistical evidence to justify your answer.

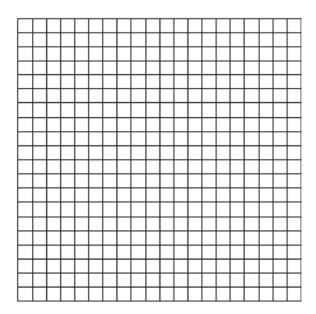
- 734 Solve algebraically for all values of *x*: $\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2(x+15) - 9$
- 735 Solve the following system of equations algebraically for all values of x, y, and z: 2x + 3y - 4z = -1

$$x - 2y + 5z = 3$$
$$-4x + y + z = 16$$

736 Solve the system of equations shown below algebraically.

$$(x-3)^{2} + (y+2)^{2} = 16$$
$$2x + 2y = 10$$

737 Determine an equation for the parabola with focus (4,-1) and directrix y = -5. (Use of the grid below is optional.)

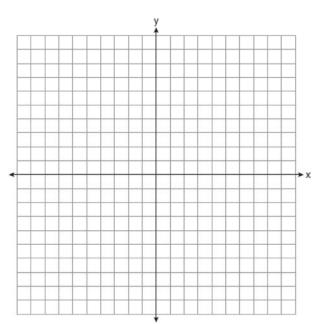


738 Using a microscope, a researcher observed and recorded the number of bacteria spores on a large sample of uniformly sized pieces of meat kept at room temperature. A summary of the data she recorded is shown in the table below.

| Hours (x) | Average Number of Spores (y) |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | 4 |
| 0.5 | 10 |
| 1 | 15 |
| 2 | 60 |
| 3 | 260 |
| 4 | 1130 |
| 6 | 16,380 |

Using these data, write an exponential regression equation, rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*. The researcher knows that people are likely to suffer from food-borne illness if the number of spores exceeds 100. Using the exponential regression equation, determine the maximum amount of time, to the *nearest quarter hour*, that the meat can be kept at room temperature safely.

739 Find algebraically the zeros for $p(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4$. On the set of axes below, graph y = p(x).



740 Solve for all values of
$$p: \frac{3p}{p-5} - \frac{2}{p+3} = \frac{p}{p+3}$$

741 A student is chosen at random from the student body at a given high school. The probability that the student selects Math as the favorite subject is

 $\frac{1}{4}$. The probability that the student chosen is a junior is $\frac{116}{459}$. If the probability that the student selected is a junior or that the student chooses Math as the favorite subject is $\frac{47}{108}$, what is the exact probability that the student selected is a junior whose favorite subject is Math? Are the events "the student is a junior" and "the student's favorite

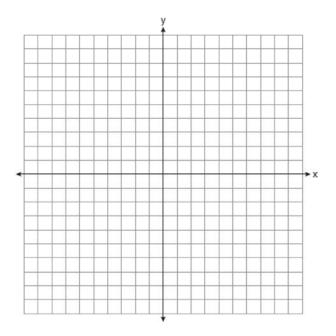
"the student is a junior" and "the student's favorite subject is Math" independent of each other? Explain your answer.

742 The height, h(t) in cm, of a piston, is given by the

equation $h(t) = 12\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right) + 8$, where *t* represents

the number of seconds since the measurements began. Determine the average rate of change, in cm/sec, of the piston's height on the interval $1 \le t \le 2$. At what value(s) of *t*, to the *nearest tenth* of a second, does h(t) = 0 in the interval $1 \le t \le 5$? Justify your answer.

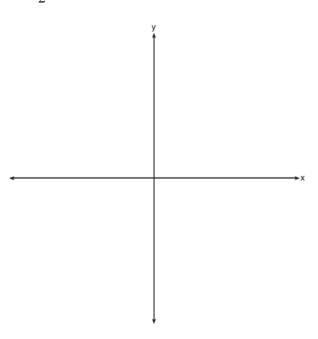
743 Graph $y = \log_2(x+3) - 5$ on the set of axes below. Use an appropriate scale to include *both* intercepts.



Describe the behavior of the given function as x approaches -3 and as x approaches positive infinity.

744 Consider the function $f(x) = 2^x$. Is f(x) an even function? Justify your answer. Write an equation for g(x), the function that results after f(x) is shifted up 5 units. Write an equation for h(x), the inverse of g(x). 745 a) On the axes below, sketch *at least one* cycle of a sine curve with an amplitude of 2, a midline at

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}$$
, and a period of 2π .



b) Explain any differences between a sketch of $y = 2\sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \frac{3}{2}$ and the sketch from part a.

- 746 Evaluate j(-1) given $j(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 - 35x^2 + 16x + 48$. Explain what your answer tells you about x + 1 as a factor. Algebraically find the remaining zeros of j(x).
- 747 a) Algebraically determine the roots, in simplest a + bi form, to the equation below.

$$x^2 - 2x + 7 = 4x - 10$$

b) Consider the system of equations below.

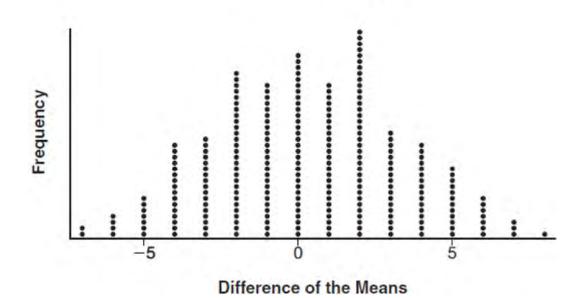
$$y = x^2 - 2x + 7$$
$$y = 4x - 10$$

The graph of this system confirms the solution from part a is imaginary. Explain why.

748 To determine if the type of music played while taking a quiz has a relationship to results, 16 students were randomly assigned to either a room softly playing classical music or a room softly playing rap music. The results on the quiz were as follows:

Classical: 74, 83, 77, 77, 84, 82, 90, 89 Rap: 77, 80, 78, 74, 69, 72, 78, 69

John correctly rounded the difference of the means of his experimental groups as 7. How did John obtain this value and what does it represent in the given context? Justify your answer. To determine if there is any significance in this value, John rerandomized the 16 scores into two groups of 8, calculated the difference of the means, and simulated this process 250 times as shown below.



Classical vs. Rap

Does the simulation support the theory that there may be a significant difference in quiz scores? Explain.

749 Algebraically solve the system:

$$(x-2)^{2} + (y-3)^{2} = 20$$

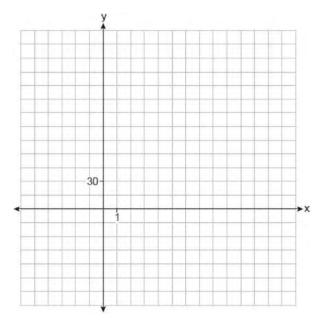
y = -2x + 7

Algebra II 6 Point Regents Exam Questions

750 A manufacturer of sweatshirts finds that profits and costs fluctuate depending on the number of products created. Creating more products doesn't always increase profits because it requires additional costs, such as building a larger facility or hiring more workers. The manufacturer determines the profit, p(x), in thousands of dollars, as a function of the number of sweatshirts sold, x, in thousands. This function, p, is given below.

$$p(x) = -x^3 + 11x^2 - 7x - 69$$

Graph y = p(x), over the interval $0 \le x \le 9$, on the set of axes below.



Over the given interval, state the coordinates of the maximum of *p* and round all values to the *nearest integer*. Explain what this point represents in terms of the number of sweatshirts sold and profit. Determine how many sweatshirts, to the *nearest whole sweatshirt*, the manufacturer would need to produce in order to first make a positive profit. Justify your answer.

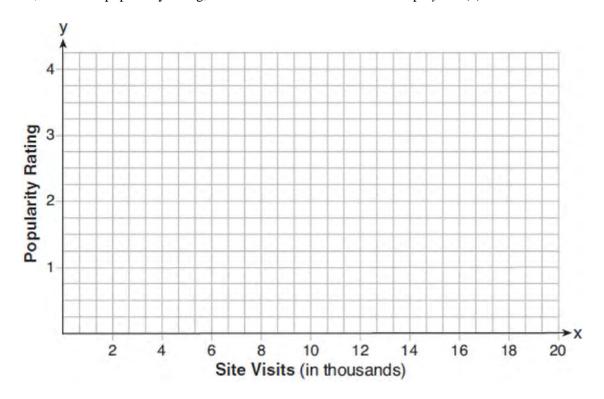
751 Sarah is fighting a sinus infection. Her doctor prescribed a nasal spray and an antibiotic to fight the infection. The active ingredients, in milligrams, remaining in the bloodstream from the nasal spray, n(t), and the antibiotic, a(t), are modeled in the functions below, where t is the time in hours since the medications were taken.

$$n(t) = \frac{t+1}{t+5} + \frac{18}{t^2 + 8t + 15}$$
$$a(t) = \frac{9}{t+3}$$

Determine which drug is made with a greater initial amount of active ingredient. Justify your answer. Sarah's doctor told her to take both drugs at the same time. Determine algebraically the number of hours after taking the medications when both medications will have the same amount of active ingredient remaining in her bloodstream.

752 The Manford family started savings accounts for their twins, Abby and Brett, on the day they were born. They invested \$8000 in an account for each child. Abby's account pays 4.2% annual interest compounded quarterly. Brett's account pays 3.9% annual interest compounded continuously. Write a function, A(t), for Abby's account and a function, B(t), for Brett's account that calculates the value of each account after t years. Determine who will have more money in their account when the twins turn 18 years old, and find the difference in the amounts in the accounts to the *nearest cent*. Algebraically determine, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, how long it takes for Brett's account to triple in value.

753 Website popularity ratings are often determined using models that incorporate the number of visits per week a website receives. One model for ranking websites is $P(x) = \log(x - 4)$, where x is the number of visits per week in thousands and P(x) is the website's popularity rating. According to this model, if a website is visited 16,000 times in one week, what is its popularity rating, rounded to the *nearest tenth*? Graph y = P(x) on the axes below.



An alternative rating model is represented by $R(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$, where *x* is the number of visits per week in thousands. Graph R(x) on the same set of axes. For what number of weekly visits will the two models provide the same rating?

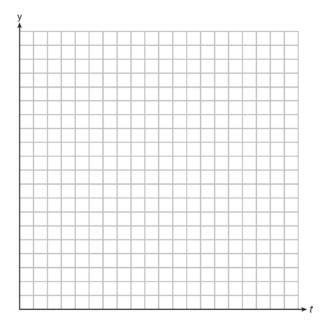
754 A radioactive substance has a mass of 140 g at 3 p.m. and 100 g at 8 p.m. Write an equation in the

form $A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{l}{h}}$ that models this situation,

where *h* is the constant representing the number of hours in the half-life, A_0 is the initial mass, and *A* is the mass *t* hours after 3 p.m. Using this equation, solve for *h*, to the *nearest ten thousandth*. Determine when the mass of the radioactive substance will be 40 g. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth of an hour*.

755 The speed of a tidal wave, *s*, in hundreds of miles per hour, can be modeled by the equation $s = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6$, where *t* represents the time from its origin in hours. Algebraically determine the time when s = 0. How much faster was the tidal wave traveling after 1 hour than 3 hours, to the *nearest mile per hour*? Justify your answer.

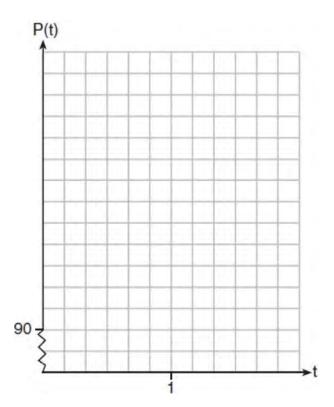
756 Drugs break down in the human body at different rates and therefore must be prescribed by doctors carefully to prevent complications, such as overdosing. The breakdown of a drug is represented by the function $N(t) = N_0(e)^{-rt}$, where N(t) is the amount left in the body, N_0 is the initial dosage, *r* is the decay rate, and *t* is time in hours. Patient *A*, A(t), is given 800 milligrams of a drug with a decay rate of 0.347. Patient *B*, B(t), is given 400 milligrams of another drug with a decay rate of 0.231. Write two functions, A(t) and B(t), to represent the breakdown of the respective drug given to each patient. Graph each function on the set of axes below.



To the *nearest hour*, *t*, when does the amount of the given drug remaining in patient *B* begin to exceed the amount of the given drug remaining in patient *A*? The doctor will allow patient *A* to take another 800 milligram dose of the drug once only 15% of the original dose is left in the body. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long patient *A* will have to wait to take another 800 milligram dose of the drug.

757 The resting blood pressure of an adult patient can be modeled by the function P below, where P(t) is the pressure in millimeters of mercury after time tin seconds.

> $P(t) = 24\cos(3\pi t) + 120$ On the set of axes below, graph y = P(t) over the domain $0 \le t \le 2$.



Determine the period of *P*. Explain what this value represents in the given context. Normal resting blood pressure for an adult is 120 over 80. This means that the blood pressure oscillates between a maximum of 120 and a minimum of 80. Adults with high blood pressure (above 140 over 90) and adults with low blood pressure (below 90 over 60) may be at risk for health disorders. Classify the given patient's blood pressure as low, normal, or high and explain your reasoning.

758 The Beaufort Wind Scale was devised by British Rear Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort, in 1805 based upon observations of the effects of the wind. Beaufort numbers, B, are determined by the equation

 $B = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$, where s is the speed of the wind in mph, and B is rounded to the nearest integer from 0 to 12.

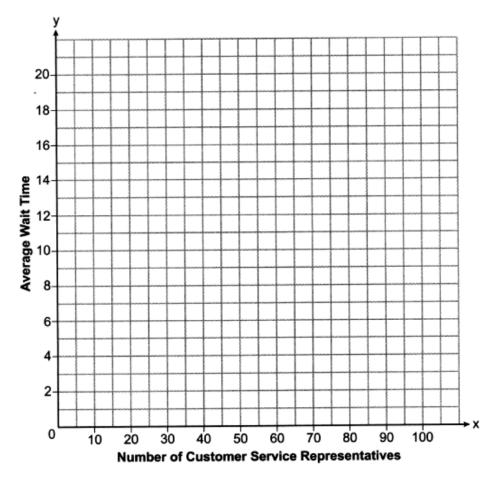
| Beaufort Wind Scale | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Beaufort Number | Force of Wind | | |
| 0 | Calm | | |
| 1 | Light air | | |
| 2 | Light breeze | | |
| 3 | Gentle breeze | | |
| 4 | Moderate breeze | | |
| 5 | Fresh breeze | | |
| 6 | Steady breeze | | |
| 7 | Moderate gale | | |
| 8 | Fresh gale | | |
| 9 | Strong gale | | |
| 10 | Whole gale | | |
| 11 | Storm | | |
| 12 | Hurricane | | |

Using the table above, classify the force of wind at a speed of 30 mph. Justify your answer. In 1946, the scale was extended to accommodate strong hurricanes. A strong hurricane received a *B* value of exactly 15. Algebraically determine the value of *s*, to the *nearest mph*. Any *B* values that round to 10 receive a Beaufort number of 10. Using technology, find an approximate range of wind speeds, to the *nearest mph*, associated with a Beaufort number of 10.

759 Titanium-44 is a radioactive isotope such that every 63 years, its mass decreases by half. For a sample of titanium-44 with an initial mass of 100 grams, write a function that will give the mass of the sample remaining after any amount of time. Define all variables. Scientists sometimes use the average yearly decrease in mass for estimation purposes. Use the average yearly decrease in mass of the sample between year 0 and year 10 to predict the amount of the sample remaining after 40 years. Round your answer to the *nearest tenth*. Is the actual mass of the sample or the estimated mass greater after 40 years? Justify your answer.

Algebra II 6 Point Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

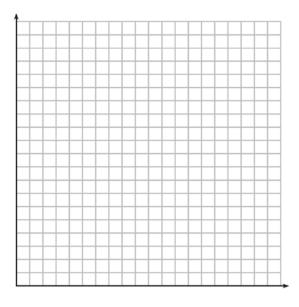
A technology company is comparing two plans for speeding up its technical support time. Plan *A* can be modeled by the function $A(x) = 15.7(0.98)^x$ and plan *B* can be modeled by the function $B(x) = 11(0.99)^x$ where *x* is the number of customer service representatives employed by the company and A(x) and B(x) represent the average wait time, in minutes, of each customer. Graph A(x) and B(x) in the interval $0 \le x \le 100$ on the set of axes below.



To the *nearest integer*, solve the equation A(x) = B(x). Determine, to the *nearest minute*, B(100) - A(100). Explain what this value represents in the given context.

761 The value of a certain small passenger car based on its use in years is modeled by $V(t) = 28482.698(0.684)^t$, where V(t) is the value in dollars and *t* is the time in years. Zach had to take out a loan to purchase the small passenger car. The function $Z(t) = 22151.327(0.778)^t$, where Z(t) is measured in dollars, and *t* is the time in years,

models the unpaid amount of Zach's loan over time. Graph V(t) and Z(t) over the interval $0 \le t \le 5$, on the set of axes below.



State when V(t) = Z(t), to the *nearest hundredth*, and interpret its meaning in the context of the problem. Zach takes out an insurance policy that requires him to pay a \$3000 deductible in case of a collision. Zach will cancel the collision policy when the value of his car equals his deductible. To the *nearest year*, how long will it take Zach to cancel this policy? Justify your answer.

- 762 Taylor wants to open an investment account with the \$1200 she received for her birthday. She has narrowed her choices down to two banks. America's Bank offers 6.4% annual interest compounded quarterly. Barnyard Bank offers 6.35% annual interest compounded continuously. Write functions for A(t) and B(t) to represent the value of her investment with America's Bank and Barnyard Bank as a function of time, *t*, in years. Taylor would like to invest the \$1200 into one bank for ten years making no additional deposits and no withdrawals. With which bank will Taylor earn the most money? Justify your answer. Taylor chooses to invest her money in Barnyard Bank. Algebraically determine how long, to the *nearest* tenth of a year, it will take her initial investment to triple assuming she makes no deposits or withdrawals.
- 763 Megan is performing an experiment in a lab where the air temperature is a constant 73°F and the liquid is 237°F. One and a half hours later, the temperature of the liquid is 112°F. Newton's law of cooling states $T(t) = T_a + (T_0 - T_a)e^{-kt}$ where:

T(t): temperature, °F, of the liquid at t hours

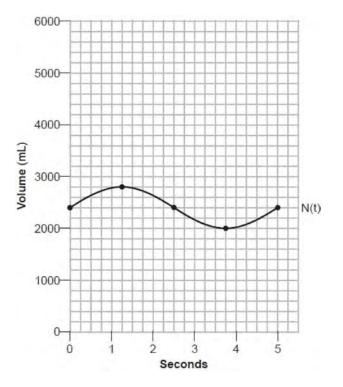
 T_a : air temperature

 T_0 : initial temperature of the liquid

k: constant

Determine the value of k, to the *nearest thousandth*, for this liquid. Determine the temperature of the liquid using your value for k, to the *nearest degree*, after two and a half hours. Megan needs the temperature of the liquid to be 80°F to perform the next step in her experiment. Use your value for k to determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how much time she must wait since she first began the experiment.

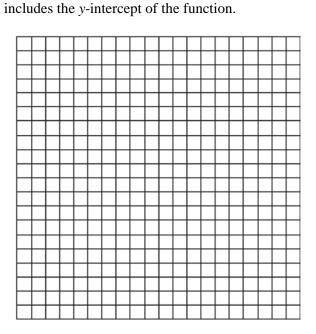
764 The volume of air in an average lung during breathing can be modeled by the graph below.



Using the graph, write an equation for N(t), in the form $N(t) = A \sin(Bt) + C$. That same lung, when engaged in exercise, has a volume that can be modeled by $E(t) = 2000 \sin(\pi t) + 3200$, where E(t)is volume in mL and t is time in seconds. Graph at *least one* cycle of E(t) on the same grid as N(t). How many times during the 5-second interval will N(t) = E(t)?

765 Griffin is riding his bike down the street in Churchville, N.Y. at a constant speed, when a nail gets caught in one of his tires. The height of the nail above the ground, in inches, can be represented by the trigonometric function $f(t) = -13\cos(0.8\pi t) + 13$, where *t* represents the time (in seconds) since the nail first became caught in the tire. Determine the period of f(t). Interpret what the period represents in this context. On the

grid below, graph at least one cycle of f(t) that



Does the height of the nail ever reach 30 inches above the ground? Justify your answer.

766 Objects cool at different rates based on the formula below.

 $T = (T_0 - T_R)e^{-rt} + T_R$

 T_0 : initial temperature

- T_R : room temperature
- r: rate of cooling of the object
- *t*: time in minutes that the object

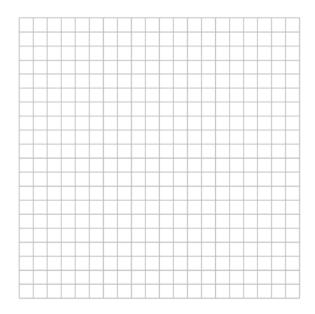
cools to a temperature, T

Mark makes T-shirts using a hot press to transfer designs to the shirts. He removes a shirt from a press that heats the shirt to 400°F. The rate of cooling for the shirt is 0.0735 and the room temperature is 75°F. Using this information, write an equation for the temperature of the shirt, T, after t minutes. Use the equation to find the temperature of the shirt, to the *nearest degree*, after five minutes. At the same time, Mark's friend Jeanine removes a hoodie from a press that heats the hoodie to 450°F. After eight minutes, the hoodie measured 270°F. The room temperature is still 75°F. Determine the rate of cooling of the hoodie, to the nearest ten thousandth. The T-shirt and hoodie were removed at the same time. Determine when the temperature will be the same, to the *nearest* minute.

767 Seth's parents gave him \$5000 to invest for his 16th birthday. He is considering two investment options. Option *A* will pay him 4.5% interest compounded annually. Option *B* will pay him 4.6% compounded quarterly. Write a function of option *A* and option *B* that calculates the value of each account after *n* years. Seth plans to use the money after he graduates from college in 6 years. Determine how much more money option *B* will earn than option *A* to the *nearest cent*. Algebraically determine, to the *nearest tenth of a*

year, how long it would take for option *B* to double Seth's initial investment.

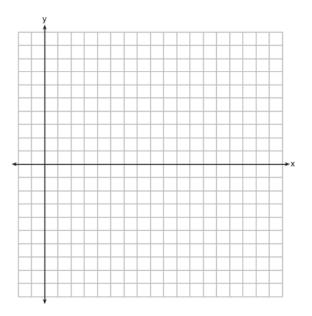
768 The ocean tides near Carter Beach follow a repeating pattern over time, with the amount of time between each low and high tide remaining relatively constant. On a certain day, low tide occurred at 8:30 a.m. and high tide occurred at 3:00 p.m. At high tide, the water level was 12 inches above the average local sea level; at low tide it was 12 inches below the average local sea level. Assume that high tide and low tide are the maximum and minimum water levels each day, respectively. Write a cosine function of the form $f(t) = A\cos(Bt)$, where A and B are real numbers, that models the water level, f(t), in inches above or below the average Carter Beach sea level, as a function of the time measured in t hours since 8:30 a.m. On the grid below, graph one cycle of this function.



People who fish in Carter Beach know that a certain species of fish is most plentiful when the water level is increasing. Explain whether you would recommend fishing for this species at 7:30 p.m. or 10:30 p.m. using evidence from the given context.

769 A major car company analyzes its revenue, R(x), and costs C(x), in millions of dollars over a fifteen-year period. The company represents its revenue and costs as a function of time, in years, x, using the given functions.

> $R(x) = 550x^3 - 12,000x^2 + 83,000x + 7000$ $C(x) = 880x^3 - 21,000x^2 + 150,000x - 160,000$ The company's profits can be represented as the difference between its revenue and costs. Write the profit function, P(x), as a polynomial in standard form. Graph y = P(x) on the set of axes below over the domain $2 \le x \le 16$.



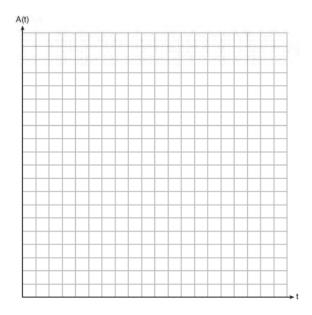
Over the given domain, state when the company was the least profitable and the most profitable, to the *nearest year*. Explain how you determined your answer. 770 The population, in millions of people, of the United States can be represented by the recursive formula below, where a_0 represents the population in 1910 and *n* represents the number of years since 1910. $a_0 = 92.2$

$$a_n = 1.015a_{n-1}$$

Identify the percentage of the annual rate of growth from the equation $a_n = 1.015a_{n-1}$. Write an exponential function, *P*, where *P*(*t*) represents the United States population in millions of people, and *t* is the number of years since 1910. According to this model, determine algebraically the number of years it takes for the population of the United States to be approximately 300 million people. Round your answer to the *nearest year*.

Algebra II 6 Point Regents Exam Questions www.jmap.org

771 Tony is evaluating his retirement savings. He currently has \$318,000 in his account, which earns an interest rate of 7% compounded annually. He wants to determine how much he will have in the account in the future, even if he makes no additional contributions to the account. Write a function, A(t), to represent the amount of money that will be in his account in *t* years. Graph A(t) where $0 \le t \le 20$ on the set of axes below.



Tony's goal is to save \$1,000,000. Determine algebraically, to the *nearest year*, how many years it will take for him to achieve his goal. Explain how your graph of A(t) confirms your answer.

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

1 ANS: 1 REF: 082406aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 **TOP:** Regression KEY: choose model 2 ANS: 4 $a = \frac{14-4}{2} = 5, d = \frac{14+4}{2} = 9$ REF: 061810aii NAT: F.TF.B.5 TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions 3 ANS: 1 In vertex form, the parabola is $y = -\frac{1}{4(2)}(x+4)^2 + 3$. The vertex is (-4,3) and p = 2. 3+2=5NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions REF: 011816aii 4 ANS: 2 $V(x) = x(18 - 2x)(18 - 2x) = x(324 - 72x + 4x^{2}) = 324x - 72x^{2} + 4x^{3}$ REF: 082418aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 5 ANS: 2 $x^2 + 4x - 1 = x - 3 \quad y + 3 = -1$ $x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0 \qquad \qquad y = -4$ (x+2)(x+1) = 0x = -2, -1REF: 061801aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 6 ANS: 1

$$-4(-1) - 3 = 1 \quad 8 = \frac{2\pi}{b}$$
$$b = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

REF: 081820aii NAT: F.TF.B.5 TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions

7 ANS: 3

$$\frac{2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6x}{3x+1} - \frac{1}{3}$$
 is extraneous
$$\frac{6x+2}{3x+1} = \frac{1}{x}$$
$$6x^2 + 2x = 3x + 1$$
$$6x^2 - x - 1 = 0$$
$$(2x-1)(3x+1) = 0$$
$$x = \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$$

REF: 011915aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 8 ANS: 1 $\frac{N(10) - N(1)}{10 - 1} \approx -2.03, \frac{N(20) - N(10)}{20 - 10} \approx -1.63, \frac{N(25) - N(15)}{25 - 15} \approx -1.46, \frac{N(30) - N(1)}{30 - 1} \approx -1.64$ REF: 061807aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 9 ANS: 2 REF: 061802aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions 10 ANS: 4 The maximum of p is 5. The minimum of f is $-\frac{21}{4}(x = \frac{-6}{2(4)} = -\frac{3}{4}$ $f\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = 4\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + 6\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) - 3 = 4\left(\frac{9}{16}\right) - \frac{18}{4} - \frac{12}{4} = -\frac{21}{4}\right). \quad \frac{20}{4} - \left(-\frac{21}{4}\right) = \frac{41}{4} = 10.25$ NAT: F.IF.C.9 **TOP:** Comparing Functions REF: 011922aii 11 ANS: 3 $440 \times 2.3\% \approx 10$ REF: 011807aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: predict 12 ANS: 4 $\frac{n}{m} = \frac{\sqrt{a^5}}{a} = \frac{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\frac{2}{2}} = a^{\frac{3}{2}} = \sqrt{a^3}$ REF: 011811aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables 13 ANS: 3 $\frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2 + cd - 2c^2} = \frac{(c+d)(c-d)}{(d+2c)(d-c)} = \frac{-(c+d)}{d+2c} = \frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$ REF: 011818aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 **TOP:** Rational Expressions KEY: factoring

14 ANS: 3 $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{7} - \frac{9}{21} = \frac{7}{21} + \frac{3}{21} - \frac{9}{21} = \frac{1}{21}$ REF: 082410aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule 15 ANS: 3 $\left(x^{2}-49\right)\left(\frac{7}{x+7}+\frac{4x}{x-7}=\frac{3x+7}{x-7}\right)$ 7(x-7) + 4x(x+7) = (3x+7)(x+7) $7x - 49 + 4x^{2} + 28x = 3x^{2} + 21x + 7x + 49$ $4x^{2} + 35x - 49 = 3x^{2} + 28x + 49$ $x^{2} + 7x - 98 = 0$ (x+14)(x-7) = 0x = -14, 7REF: 012422aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Rationals 16 ANS: 1 $1.025^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.00206$ REF: 081924aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 17 ANS: 1 p(x) = r(x) - c(x) $-0.5x^{2} + 250x - 300 = -0.3x^{2} + 150x - c(x)$ $c(x) = 0.2x^2 - 100x + 300$ REF: 061813aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 18 ANS: 2 REF: 011820aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 19 ANS: 3 $1^{3} - k(1)^{2} + 2(1) = 0$ *k* = 3 REF: 061812aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 **TOP:** Remainder and Factor Theorems 20 ANS: 2 $u^{2} + 4u - 5$ u = x + 3(u+5)(u-1)(x+3+5)(x+3-1)(x+8)(x+2)REF: 062401aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

21 ANS: 1 $P = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{2\pi}{3}} = 3$

REF: 082413aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: period
22 ANS: 2

 $1.00643^{12} \approx 1.08$

REF: 081808aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 23 ANS: 3

$$-3 + 5i - \left(4 + 24i - 2i - 12i^{2}\right) = -3 + 5i - (16 + 22i) = -19 - 17i$$

REF: 081815aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 24 ANS: 3

$$r = \frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-2\sqrt{2}}{2} = -\sqrt{2} \quad a_7 = \sqrt{6}(-\sqrt{2})^{7-1} = \sqrt{6}(-\sqrt{2})^6 = \sqrt{6} \cdot 2^3 = 8\sqrt{6}$$

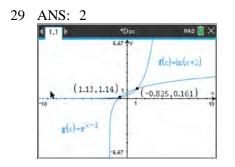
REF: 012410aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: explicit 25 ANS: 1 $1240(1.06)^{x} = 890(1.11)^{x}$

 $x \approx 7$

REF: 061814aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 26 ANS: 1

amplitude = $\frac{8-2}{2} = 3$, $b = \frac{2\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$, $c = \frac{8+2}{2} = 5$

REF:062403aiiNAT:F.TF.B.5TOP:Modeling Trigonometric Functions27ANS:3REF:081819aiiNAT:A.REI.D.11TOP:Other Systems28ANS:184.1% \times 750 \approx 631REF:011923aiiNAT:S.ID.A.4TOP:Normal DistributionsKEY:predict



REF: 081920aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 30 ANS: 3

$$\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}} \bullet x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} = \frac{x^{\frac{4}{6}} \bullet x^{\frac{15}{6}}}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} = x^{\frac{18}{6}} = x^{3}$$

REF:081812aiiNAT:N.RN.A.2TOP:Operations with RadicalsKEY:with variables, index > 2

31 ANS: 4

$$\sqrt{3x^2y} \bullet \sqrt[3]{27x^3y^2} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}}xy^{\frac{1}{2}} \bullet 3^{\frac{2}{2}}xy^{\frac{2}{3}} = 3^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2y^{\frac{7}{6}}$$

REF: 081914aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals KEY: with variables, index > 2

32 ANS: 4

 $P(B) \cdot P(P|B) = P(P \text{ and } B)$

$$.68 \cdot P(P|B) = .49$$

P(P|B) = .72

REF:062416aiiNAT:S.CP.A.3TOP:Conditional Probability33ANS:2REF:011901aiiNAT:S.ID.A.4TOP:Normal DistributionsKEY:mean and standard deviationNAT:S.ID.A.4TOP:Normal Distributions

34 ANS: 3

The vertex is (-3,5) and p = 2. $y = \frac{-1}{4(2)} (x+3)^2 + 5$

REF: 011914aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 35 ANS: 3

 $\frac{12(y+1)}{12} = \frac{(x-4)^2}{12}$ The vertex is (4,-1) and p = 3, so the focus is (4,2). y = -1 - 3 = -4 $y = \frac{1}{4(3)} (x-4)^2 - 1$

REF: 062423aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

36 ANS: 3

$$(x+3i)^2 - (2x-3i)^2 = x^2 + 6xi + 9i^2 - (4x^2 - 12xi + 9i^2) = -3x^2 + 18xi$$

REF: 061805aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 37 ANS: 4

$$5x^{2} + x - 3$$

$$2x - 1) 10x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 7x + 3$$

$$10x^{3} - 5x^{2}$$

$$2x^{2} - 7x$$

$$2x^{2} - 7x$$

$$2x^{2} - x$$

$$-6x + 3$$

$$-6x + 3$$

REF: 011809aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

38 ANS: 3

 $3 | 11-3 9-108 x^{3}+4x^{2}+9x+36=0$ | <u>3 12 27 108</u> x²(x+4)+9(x+4)=0 1 4 9 36 0 (x²+9)(x+4)=0 x = ±3i,-4

REF: 062420aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

39 ANS: 1

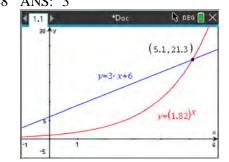
The cosine function has been translated +3. Since the maximum is 5 and the minimum is 1, the amplitude is 2. $\frac{\pi}{2\pi} = \frac{2\pi}{2\pi}$

$$\overline{3} = \overline{b}$$

 $b = 6$

REF:011913aiiNAT:F.TF.B.5TOP:Modeling Trigonometric Functions40ANS:3REF:061910aiiNAT:F.IF.A.3TOP:SequencesKEY:difference or ratio41ANS:1REF:012405aiiNAT:A.APR.B.3TOP:Graphing Polynomial Functions42ANS:3
$$x^8 - y^8 = (x^4 + y^4)(x^4 - y^4) = (x^4 + y^4)(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 - y^2) = (x^4 + y^4)(x^2 + y^2)(x + y)(x - y)$$
REF:082423aiiNAT:A.SSE.A.2TOP:Factoring Polynomials43ANS:4REF:061914aiiNAT:A.REI.D.11TOP:Other Systems44ANS:1REF:081804aiiNAT:F.IF.C.9TOP:Comparing Functions45ANS:4REF:081906aiiNAT:S.IC.B.3TOP:Analysis of Data

46 ANS: 2 $4x \bullet x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 4x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 6x^{\frac{5}{3}} = 6^{3}\sqrt{x^{5}}$ REF: 061820aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals KEY: with variables, index > 2 47 ANS: 2 $P(B) \cdot P(A|B) = P(A \text{ and } B)$ $P(B) \cdot 0.8 = 0.2$ P(B) = 0.25REF: 081913aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability 48 ANS: 3



REF: 012406aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 49 ANS: 1 1) $(x+3)^2 - 16 = x^2 + 6x + 9 - 16 = x^2 + 6x - 7 = (x+7)(x-1); 2)$ u = x+3; 3) $u^2 - 10u - 2u + 20$ u(u - 10) - 2(u - 10) (u - 2)(u - 10) (x + 3 - 2)(x + 3 - 10) (x + 1)(x - 7) $\frac{(x-1)(x-7)(x+1)}{(x+1)} = (x-1)(x-7); 4) \frac{(x+7)(x+1)(x+3)}{(x+3)} = (x+7)(x+1)$

REF: 061808aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring

$$2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - x + \frac{14}{x + 6}$$

$$x + 6) 2x^{4} + 8x^{3} - 25x^{2} - 6x + 14$$

$$\underline{2x^{4} + 12x^{3}}$$

$$-4x^{3} - 25x^{2}$$

$$\underline{-4x^{3} - 25x^{2}}$$

$$-x^{2} - 6x$$

$$\underline{-x^{2} - 6x}$$

REF: 081805aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

51 ANS: 2 $i = \frac{6.24\%}{10000} = 52\% R = \frac{(18000)(.52\%)}{10000}$

$$E = \frac{0.24\%}{12} = .52\%$$
 $R = \frac{(10000)(.52\%)}{1 - (1 + .52\%)^{-12 \cdot 6}} \approx 300.36$

REF: 012420aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions 52 ANS: 3 REF: 061824aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Modeling Rationals 53 ANS: 4 $\frac{5+9}{2} = 7$, vertex: (-2,7); p = 7-9 = -2, $y = \frac{1}{4(-2)} (x+2)^2 + 7$ $y - 7 = \frac{1}{-8} (x+2)^2$ $-8(y-7) = (x+2)^2$

REF: 061821aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 54 ANS: 2

$$n^{2}(n^{2}-9) + 4n(n^{2}-9) - 12(n^{2}-9)$$
$$(n^{2}+4n-12)(n^{2}-9)$$
$$(n+6)(n-2)(n+3)(n-3)$$

REF: 061911aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping

55 ANS: 1 $x - \frac{20}{x} = 8$ $x^2 - 8x - 20 = 0$ (x-10)(x+2) = 0x = 10, -2REF: 061916aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Rationals 56 ANS: 4 REF: 011801aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: bias 57 ANS: 2 $2-\frac{x-1}{x+2}$ $1 + \frac{x+2}{x+2} - \frac{x-1}{x+2}$ $1 + \frac{x+2-(x-1)}{x+2}$ $1 + \frac{3}{x+2}$ REF: 081907aii TOP: Addition and Subtraction of Rationals NAT: A.APR.D.7 58 ANS: 4 (1) quadratic has two roots and both are real (-2,0) and (-0.5,0), (2) $x = \pm \sqrt{32} - 3$, (3) the real root is 3, with a multiplicity of 2, (4) $x = \pm 4i$ REF: 011909aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Using the Discriminant KEY: determine nature of roots 59 ANS: 2 REF: 061917aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 60 ANS: 3 $\sqrt{x+1} = x+1$ $x + 1 = x^2 + 2x + 1$ $0 = x^2 + x$ 0 = x(x + 1)x = -1, 0

REF: 011802aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

61 ANS: 1
9110 = 5000e^{30/}

$$\ln \frac{911}{500} = \ln e^{30/}$$

 $\frac{\ln \frac{911}{500}}{30} = r$
 $r \approx 0.2$
REF: 011810aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth
62 ANS: 4
 $(x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3x^2 + y^3$
REF: 012417aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities
63 ANS: 4 REF: 011808aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
64 ANS: 4
 $m^3 - 2m^2 + 4m - 8 = 0$
 $m^2(m-2) + 4(m-2) = 0$
 $(m^2 + 4)(m-2) = 0$
65 REF: 081821aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations
65 ANS: 2
 $x + 1 = \sqrt{4x + 25} - 4 + 1 < 0$
 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = 4x + 25$
 $x^2 - 2x - 24 = 0$
 $(x - 6)(x + 4) = 0$
 $x = 6, -4$
REF: 062408aii NAT: A.RELA.2 TOP: Solving Radicals
66 ANS: 2
3 1 -1 -21 45 0
3 2 - 15 0 0
 $x^3 + 2x^2 - 15x = 0$
 $x(x^2 + 2x - 15) = 0$
 $x(x + 5)(x - 3) = 0$
 $x = 0, -5, 3$
REF: 012403aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

$$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{4x}{x+3}$$
$$2x+6 = 4x^2$$
$$4x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$$
$$2(2x^2 - x - 3) = 0$$
$$(2x-3)(x+1) = 0$$
$$x = \frac{3}{2}, -1$$

REF: 061809aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 68 ANS: 1

In vertex form, the parabola is $y = \frac{1}{4(2)}(x+5)^2 - 2$. The vertex is (-5, -2) and p = 2. 2 + -2 = 0

REF: 082416aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

69 ANS: 4

 $p(2) = 4(2)^3 - 3(2) + 3 = 29$

REF: 062422aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 70 ANS: 2

x = 4y + 5

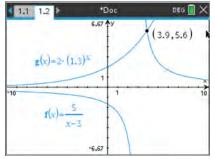
x - 5 = 4y

$$\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{4} = y$$

REF: 061909aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 KEY: linear

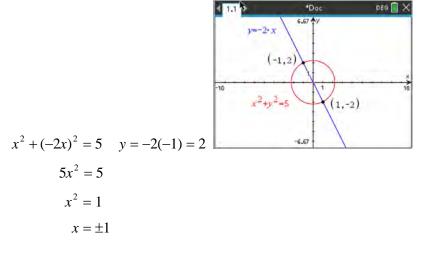
TOP: Inverse of Functions

71 ANS: 2

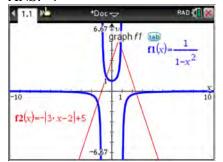


REF: 062402aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

72 ANS: 2 $b^2 = 2b^2 - 64 - 8$ is extraneous. $-b^2 = -64$ $b = \pm 8$ REF: 061919aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions 73 ANS: 4 $5000 \left(1 + \frac{.035}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 6} \approx 6166.50$ REF: 081917aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 74 ANS: 2 REF: 082409aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Logarithmic Functions 75 ANS: 4 $(a+b+c)^{2} = a^{2} + ab + ac + ab + b^{2} + bc + ac + ab + c^{2}$ $x = a^{2} + b^{2} + c^{2} + 2(ab + bc + ac)$ x = y + 2zREF: 061822aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 76 ANS: 4 $S_{15} = \frac{10 - 10(1.09)^{15}}{1 - 1.09} \approx 293.609$ TOP: Series REF: 062424aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 KEY: geometric 77 ANS: 1 The time of the next high tide will be the midpoint of consecutive low tides. REF: 011907aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed 78 ANS: 3 REF: 062409aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Using the Discriminant KEY: determine nature of roots 79 ANS: 4 $400 \cdot .954 \approx 380$ **TOP:** Normal Distributions REF: 061918aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 KEY: predict



REF: 012407aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 81 ANS: 4



REF: 011924aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 82 ANS: 1

$$(x^{\frac{3}{2}})^2 = x^3$$

REF: 061908aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

83 ANS: 3

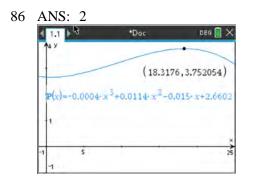
$$\frac{x^2(x+2)-9(x+2)}{x\left(x^2-x-6\right)} = \frac{\left(x^2-9\right)(x+2)}{x(x-3)(x+2)} = \frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{x(x-3)} = \frac{x+3}{x}$$

REF: 061803aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring

84 ANS: 3 REF: 082401aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data 85 ANS: 4 $f(x) = (x+1)(x-1)(x-2) = (x^2 - 1)(x-2) = x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2$

REF: 081921aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

ID: A



REF: 012414aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 87 ANS: 3 REF: 012404aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Express Exponentials as Logarithms 88 ANS: 4 $wx^2 + w = 0$ $w(x^2 + 1) = 0$ $x^2 = -1$ $x = \pm i$ REF: 061912aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 **TOP:** Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | taking square roots 89 ANS: 2 $121(b)^2 = 64 \quad 64\left(\frac{8}{11}\right)^2 \approx 34$ $b = \frac{8}{11}$ REF: 011904aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: explicit 90 ANS: 1 $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{5}; \sec \theta = -\frac{5}{3}$ REF: 012421aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 91 ANS: 4 $S_7 = \frac{85000 - 85000(1.06)^7}{1 - 1.06} \approx 713476.20$ REF: 061905aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 92 ANS: 1 REF: 011902aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 93 ANS: 3 TOP: Analysis of Data REF: 012418aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 KEY: draw conclusions

x + y - z = 6 2x + 2y - 2z = 12 5y - 4z = 31 5y - 2(-4) = 23 x + 3 - (-4) = 6 $-x + 4y - z = 17 \quad 2x - 3y + 2z = -19 \quad 5y - 2z = 23 \quad 5y = 15 \quad x = -1$ 5y - 2z = 23 5y - 4z = 31 -2z = 8 y = 3z = -4

REF: 061923aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

95 ANS: 2

 $S_{20} = \frac{.01 - .01(3)^{20}}{1 - 3} = 17,433,922$

REF: 011822aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 96 ANS: 2 $\frac{85}{210+85}$

| | REF: | 081818aii | NAT: | S.CP.A.3 | TOP: | Conditional Pr | robabili | ity |
|-----|------|---------------|------|-----------|------|----------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 97 | ANS: | 1 | REF: | 011815aii | NAT: | F.TF.A.2 | TOP: | Unit Circle |
| 98 | ANS: | 2 | REF: | 011910aii | NAT: | S.IC.B.6 | TOP: | Analysis of Data |
| | KEY: | bias | | | | | | |
| 99 | ANS: | 2 | REF: | 061804aii | NAT: | S.ID.B.6 | TOP: | Regression |
| | KEY: | choose model | | | | | | |
| 100 | ANS: | 4 | REF: | 062411aii | NAT: | F.BF.A.1 | TOP: | Modeling Exponential Functions |
| 101 | ANS: | 2 | REF: | 081816aii | NAT: | F.IF.C.7 | TOP: | Graphing Logarithmic Functions |
| | KEY: | bimodal graph | | | | | | |

102 ANS: 2

 $x(x^{3} + 4x^{2} - 9x - 36)$

 $x(x^{2}(x+4)-9(x+4))$

 $x(x^2 - 9)(x + 4)$

x(x+3)(x-3)(x+4)

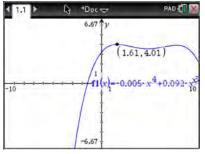
REF: 062407aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials 103 ANS: 2 REF: 011804aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions 104 ANS: 2 x = -6(y - 2) $-\frac{x}{6} = y - 2$ $-\frac{x}{6} + 2 = y$

REF: 011821aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear

105 ANS: 1 $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{2x^2 + 7x - 15}{3 - 2x} = \frac{(2x - 3)(x + 5)}{-(2x - 3)} = \frac{x + 5}{-1} = -x - 5$ REF: 012412aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 106 ANS: 4 $0.48 \cdot 0.25 = 0.12$ REF: 061811aii NAT: S.CP.A.2 TOP: Probability of Compound Events 107 ANS: 2 REF: 061816aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions KEY: bimodalgraph 108 ANS: 3 $(x+4)^{2} - 10 = 3x + 6$ y = 3(-5) + 6 = -9 $x^{2} + 8x + 16 - 10 = 3x + 6$ y = 3(0) + 6 = 6 $x^{2} + 5x = 0$ x(x+5) = 0x = -5,0REF: 061903aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 **TOP:** Quadratic-Linear Systems 109 ANS: 3 $x^{2} + 6x + 9 = -10 + 9$ $(x+3)^2 = -1$ $x + 3 = \pm i$ $x = -3 \pm i$

REF: 012416aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

110 ANS: 3



 REF:
 011817aii
 NAT:
 F.IF.B.4

 111
 ANS:
 1
 REF:
 011814aii

 112
 ANS:
 1
 REF:
 011814aii

 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = (x+1)^2$

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

REF: 011919aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

113 ANS: 4 $1.06^{\frac{1}{52}}$ REF: 061924aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 114 ANS: 4 $F = 325 - 185e^{-0.4(0)} = 325 - 185 = 140$ REF: 012415aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions 115 ANS: 1 $2xy^{2}\sqrt[3]{x^{2}y} = 2x^{\frac{3}{3}}y^{\frac{6}{3}}x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2x^{\frac{5}{3}}y^{\frac{7}{3}}$ REF: 062413aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 116 ANS: 1 $(2x-i)^2 - (2x-i)(2x+3i)$ (2x-i)[(2x-i)-(2x+3i)](2x - i)(-4i) $-8xi + 4i^{2}$ -8xi - 4REF: 011911aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 117 ANS: 4 $p(5) = 2(5)^3 - 3(5) + 5 = 240$ REF: 011819aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 **TOP:** Remainder and Factor Theorems 118 ANS: 2 REF: 011806aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 **TOP:** Polynomial Identities 119 ANS: 4 $1 + \frac{.009}{12} = 1.00075$ REF: 011918aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 120 ANS: 4 $a_1 = 2.5 + 0.5(1) = 3$ REF: 011916aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 121 ANS: 4 1 year = 365 daysREF: 061823aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

ID: A

$$e^{bt} = \frac{e}{a}$$

$$\ln e^{bt} = \ln \frac{e}{a}$$

$$bth e = \ln \frac{e}{a}$$

$$bth e = \ln \frac{e}{a}$$

$$t = \frac{\ln \frac{e}{a}}{b}$$
REF: 011813aii NAT: F.I.E.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations
KEY: without common base
123 ANS: 2 REF: 081904aii NAT: A.S.E.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials
KEY: higher power
124 ANS: 1
$$-\sqrt{1 - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} = -\sqrt{\frac{16}{16}} = -\sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} = -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$$
REF: 081905aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions
125 ANS: 1
REF: 061905aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions
126 ANS: 4
REF: 01805aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions
127 ANS: 4
REF: 081810aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions
128 ANS: 3
$$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 4x^2 - 40x + 100$$

$$3x^2 - 36x + 105 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 12x + 35 = 0$$

$$(x - 7)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$x = 5.7$$
REF: 081807aii NAT: A.RELA.2 TOP: Solving Radicals
KEY: extraneous solutions
129 ANS: 1
$$\frac{8 + 40}{120} = \frac{8}{120}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} + \frac{1}{15}$$

$$\frac{4}{60} = \frac{1}{15}$$
REF: 082422aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

122 ANS: 3

130 ANS: 4 REF: 081803aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Operations with Functions 131 ANS: 1 $1 + \frac{0.027}{12} = 1.00225$ REF: 082403aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 132 ANS: 3 $8r^3 = 216 S_{12} = \frac{8 - 8(3)^{12}}{1 - 3} = 2125760$ $r^3 = 27$ *r* = 3 REF: 081902aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 133 ANS: 2 $P = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{45}} = 90$ REF: 081822aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: period 134 ANS: 3 9 x-3 is not a factor since there is a remainder. -2|-2-11-12 9 3|-2-11-12 $\frac{| 4 14 - 4}{| -2 - 7 2 5}$ | -6 - 51 - 189 -2 - 17 - 63 - 180NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems REF: 062414aii 135 ANS: 1 REF: 081813aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 **TOP:** Series KEY: geometric 136 ANS: 4 REF: 081817aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 **TOP:** Transformations with Functions 137 ANS: 4 $x(x-2)\left(\frac{10}{x^2-2x}+\frac{4}{x}=\frac{5}{x-2}\right)$ 2 is extraneous. 10 + 4(x - 2) = 5x10 + 4x - 8 = 5x2 = xREF: 081915aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Rationals **KEY:** rational solutions 138 ANS: 4 $49 \times 16.7\% \approx 8$ REF: 062418aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: predict

139 ANS: 4 $S_{10} = \frac{90000 - 90000(1.02)^{10}}{1 - 1.02} \approx 985,475$ REF: 082424aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 140 ANS: 4 $y = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$ $x = \sqrt[3]{y+2}$ $x^3 = y + 2$ $y = x^3 - 2$ REF: 062419aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: cubic 141 ANS: 4 REF: 062412aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 **TOP:** Sequences KEY: recursive 142 ANS: 4 NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions REF: 061921aii 143 ANS: 3 REF: 011917aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: exponential 144 ANS: 3 p(x) = r(x) - c(x) $-15x^{2} + 600x + 60 = -0.4x^{2} + 130x + 1200 - c(x)$ $c(x) = 14.6x^2 - 470x + 1140$ REF: 062421aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Operations with Functions 145 ANS: 4 REF: 081912aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed 146 ANS: 2 $2^{x} - 4 > 0$ $2^{x} > 4$ x > 2REF: 082402aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Exponential Functions

$$\frac{2x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 13x + 42}{x - 3)2x^{4} + 0x^{3} - 5x^{2} + 3x - 2}$$

$$\frac{2x^{4} - 6x^{3}}{6x^{3} - 5x^{2}}$$

$$\frac{6x^{3} - 18x^{2}}{13x^{2} + 3x}$$

$$\frac{13x^{2} - 39x}{42x - 2}$$

$$\frac{42x - 126}{124}$$

REF: 012408aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

148 ANS: 3 $1.04^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.0032737$

REF: 011906aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 149 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(5)(4)}}{2(5)} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-76}}{10} = \frac{2 \pm i\sqrt{4}\sqrt{19}}{10} = \frac{1}{5} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{19}}{5}$$

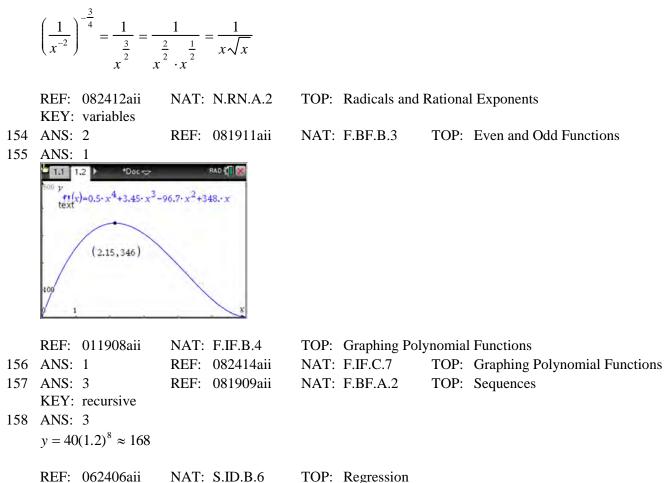
REF: 011905aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula 150 ANS: 1

$$100\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{d}{8}} = 100e^{kd}$$
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} = e^{k}$$
$$k \approx -0.087$$

| | REF: | 061818aii | NAT: | F.LE.A.4 | TOP: | Exponential D | Decay | |
|-----|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|---------------|-------|-----------|
| 151 | ANS: | 3 | REF: | 011824aii | NAT: | F.BF.A.2 | TOP: | Sequences |
| | KEY: | recursive | | | | | | |

152 ANS: 1 $x^{3} + 2x^{2} - 9x - 18 = 0$ $x^{3} - 9x + 2x^{2} - 18 = 0$ $x^{3} - 9x + 2x^{2} - 18 = 0$ $x^{2}(x+2) - 9(x+2) = 0$ $x(x^{2} - 9) + 2(x^{2} - 9) = 0$ $x(x^{2} - 9) + 2(x^{2} - 9) = 0$ $(x+2)(x^{2} - 9) = 0$

REF: 011903aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations 153 ANS: 2



159 ANS: 4

$$120 = 68 + (195 - 68)e^{-0.05t}$$

 $52 = 127e^{-0.05t}$
 $\ln \frac{52}{127} = \ln e^{-0.05t}$
 $\ln \frac{52}{127} = -0.05t$
 $\frac{\ln \frac{52}{127}}{-0.05} = t$
 $18 \approx t$

| | REF: 081918aii | NAT: F.LE.A.4 | TOP: Exponential | Decay |
|-----|--------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 160 | ANS: 3 | REF: 012401aii | NAT: S.IC.B.3 | TOP: Analysis of Data |
| 161 | ANS: 2 | REF: 012402aii | NAT: A.REI.B.4 | TOP: Using the Discriminant |
| | KEY: determine nat | ture of roots | | |
| 162 | ANS: 1 | | | |

Distance from the focus to the directrix is 2, so p = 1. Vertex is (-3, 1). $y = \frac{1}{4(1)}(x+3)^2 + 1$

REF: 012409aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 163 ANS: 3 $T(19) = 8 \sin(0.3(19) - 3) + 74 \approx 77$

REF: 061922aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 164 ANS: 1

If
$$\sin \theta = \frac{7}{25}$$
, $\cos \theta = -\frac{24}{25}$ in QII, and $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{7}{25}}{\frac{-24}{25}} = -\frac{7}{24}$

REF: 062417aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 165 ANS: 4 $\log_2(x-1)-1=0$ $\log_2(x-1)=1$ $x-1=2^1$ x=3REF: 061819aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

166ANS: 3REF: 061901aiiNAT: S.IC.B.3TOP: Analysis of Data

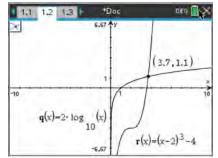
167 ANS: 4 $\frac{x^2 - 4x}{2x} = \frac{x(x-4)}{2x} = \frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{x}{2} - 2 \frac{x-1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{x-1-3}{2} = \frac{x-4}{2}$ REF: 011921aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 **TOP:** Rational Expressions **KEY:** factoring 168 ANS: 1 4 1.1 RAD I normCdf(130, @,100,15) 0.02275 REF: 081919aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: percent 169 ANS: 4 REF: 081824aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 170 ANS: 2 (1) $0.4 \cdot 0.3 \neq 0.2$, (2) $0.8 \cdot 0.25 = 0.2$, (3) P(A|B) = P(A) = 0.2, (4) $0.2 \neq 0.15 \cdot 0.05$

 $0.2 \neq 0.2 \cdot 0.2$

REF: 011912aii TOP: Probability of Compound Events NAT: S.CP.A.2 171 ANS: 2 u = x + 2 $u^2 + 4u + 3$ (u+3)(u+1)(x+2+3)(x+2+1)(x+5)(x+3)REF: 081901aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power 172 ANS: 1 $8^{\frac{x}{2}} \cdot 8^{\frac{x}{3}} = 8^{\frac{5x}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{8^{5x}}$ REF: 082419aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 173 ANS: 2 $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 8$ $x = \frac{1}{2}y + 8$ 2x = y + 16y = 2x - 16REF: 081806aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 **TOP:** Inverse of Functions

KEY: linear

174 ANS: 2



REF: 082417aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 175 ANS: 2 9.82±2(1.4)

REF: 012411aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: draw conclusions

176 ANS: 2

177

$$3x^{2} - 4x + 2 = 2x - 3 \quad x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{(-6)^{2} - 4(3)(5)}}{2(3)} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{-24}}{6} = \frac{6 \pm 2i\sqrt{6}}{6} = 1 \pm \frac{i\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

3x² - 6x + 5 = 0
REF: 062410aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics
ANS: 2

$$x^{2} - 24 = x - 12 \quad y = -3 - 12 = -15$$
$$x^{2} - x - 12 = 0$$
$$(x - 4)(x + 3) = 0$$
$$x = 4, -3$$

REF: 062404aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 178 ANS: 2 f(x) = f(-x) $x^2 - 4 = (-x)^2 - 4$ $x^2 - 4 = x^2 - 4$ REF: 061806aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions

179 ANS: 4

$$(x-y)^{2} = x^{2} - 2xy + y^{2} (x+y)^{3} = x^{3} + 3x^{2}y + 3xy^{2} + y^{3}$$

REF: 061902aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

If
$$\cos \theta = \frac{7}{25}$$
, $\sin \theta = \pm \frac{24}{25}$, and $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{-\frac{24}{25}}{\frac{7}{25}} = -\frac{24}{7}$

REF: 081811aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 181 ANS: 1

```
3x-1 \over 3x+1 \overline{\right)9x^2+0x-2}
            9x^2 + 3x
                -3x-2
                -3x - 1
                    - 1
     REF: 081910aii
                          NAT: A.APR.D.6
                                               TOP: Rational Expressions
     KEY: division
182 ANS: 3
                          REF: 061906aii
                                               NAT: F.LE.A.2
                                                                    TOP: Families of Functions
183 ANS: 4
     There is no x-intercept.
     REF: 011823aii
                          NAT: F.IF.C.7
                                               TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions
184 ANS: 1
                          REF: 081903aii
                                               NAT: F.LE.A.2
                                                                    TOP: Families of Functions
185 ANS: 4
     A(t) = 150((1.02)^{\frac{1}{7}})^{7t} \approx 150(1.00283)^{7t}
     REF: 062415aii
                          NAT: A.SSE.B.3
                                               TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
186 ANS: 3
     x^{2} + (2x)^{2} = 5  y = 2x = \pm 2
      x^{2} + 4x^{2} = 5
           5x^2 = 5
             x = \pm 1
     REF: 081916aii
                       NAT: A.REI.C.7
                                               TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems
```

187 ANS: 2 $(x-1)^2 = 2x+6$ -1 is extraneous. $x^2 - 2x + 1 = 2x + 6$ $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$ (x-5)(x+1) = 0

x = 5, -1

REF: 082411aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals

 $6 - (3x - 2i)(3x - 2i) = 6 - \left(9x^2 - 12xi + 4i^2\right) = 6 - 9x^2 + 12xi + 4 = -9x^2 + 12xi + 10$

REF: 061915aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 189 ANS: 2 $0.254 \pm 2(0.060) \rightarrow (0.134, 0.374)$

REF: 061913aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 190 ANS: 3 6x + 8y - 10z = -54 6x + 8y - 10z = -54 6x + 9y - 3z = -9 10y - 7z = -12 6x + 9y - 3z = -9 6x + 9y - 3z = -9 6x - y + 4z = 3 y + 7z = 45 6x - y + 4z = 3 y + 7z = 45 10y - 7z = -12 11y = 33y = 3

REF: 082421aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

191 ANS: 1 $(2x-3)^2 = 4x^2 - 12x + 9 (x-2)^3 = (x-2)(x-2)^2 = (x-2)(x^2 - 4x + 4)$ s = 4 s = -4 and 4

REF: 062405aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 192 ANS: 3

 $P = 210x^{\frac{4}{3}}y^{\frac{7}{3}} = 210x^{\frac{3}{3}}x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^{\frac{6}{3}}y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 210x \cdot x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^{2}y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 210xy^{2}\sqrt[3]{xy}$

REF: 012413aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 193 ANS: 4 The vertex is (2,2) and p = 3. 3+2=5

REF: 081823aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

$$y = 278(0.5)^{\frac{1}{1.8}} \approx 0.271$$

18

REF: 011920aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 195 ANS: 3

$$x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(3)(7)}}{2(3)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-80}}{6} = \frac{-2 \pm i\sqrt{16}\sqrt{5}}{6} = -\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2i\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

REF: 081809aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

196 ANS: 4 r(r-4)

$$\frac{x(x-4)}{(x+3)(x-4)} + \frac{2(x+3)}{(x-4)(x+3)} = \frac{2x+27}{(x-4)(x+3)} -3 \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$x^{2} - 4x + 2x + 6 = 2x + 27$$

$$x^{2} - 2x + 6 = 2x + 27$$

$$x^{2} - 4x - 21 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x = 7, -3$$

REF:082405aiiNAT:A.REI.A.2TOP:Solving Rationals197ANS:4REF:061907aiiNAT:A.APR.B.2TOP:Remainder and Factor Theorems198ANS:4

$$\frac{6x^{3} - 8x^{2} + 16x - 31}{x + 2) 6x^{4} + 4x^{3} + 0x^{2} + x + 200}$$

$$\frac{6x^{4} + 12x^{3}}{-8x^{3} + 0x^{2}}$$

$$-8x^{3} - 16x^{2}$$

$$16x^{2} + x$$

$$\underline{16x^{2} + 32x}$$

$$-31x + 200$$

$$\underline{-31x - 62}$$

$$262$$

REF: 082407aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

199 ANS: 3

| *Doc | RAD 🔲 🗙 |
|--|----------------------------------|
| $\frac{a}{105} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{a}{5000}\right)$ | Done |
| | 0.013699 |
| | |
| <u>)</u> | 0.009133 |
| | |
| | |
| | $\ln\left(\frac{a}{5000}\right)$ |

REF: 081922aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 200 ANS: 1 TOP: Rate of Change

 $x^{4} + x$

 $x(x^3 + 1)$

 $x(x+1)(x^2-x+1)$

 $(x+1)(x^3 - x^2 + x)$

REF: 082404aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 201 ANS: 1

2) linear, 3) quadratic, 4) cubic

REF: 061920aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Families of Functions

202 ANS: 4

Since the terminal side of θ passes through (-3,-4), $\cos \theta < 0$ and $\sin \theta < 0$. $\cos \theta < 0 \rightarrow \sec \theta < 0$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \rightarrow \frac{-}{-} = +$$

REF: 082420aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions KEY: extension to reals 203 ANS: 2 REF: 081802aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data 204 ANS: 4 $\ln e^{0.3x} = \ln \frac{5918}{87}$

$$\ln \frac{5918}{87}$$

$$x = \frac{187}{0.3}$$

REF: 081801aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations KEY: without common base

205 ANS: 4 $3x - (-2x + 14) = 16 \ 3(6) - 4z = 2$ -4z = -165x = 30x = 6z = 4REF: 011803aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 **TOP:** Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables 206 ANS: 1 $50(1.19^{\frac{1}{12}})^{12t} \approx 50(1.015)^{12t}$ REF: 012424aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 207 ANS: 2 $y = x^3 - 3$ $x = y^3 - 3$ $x + 3 = y^3$ $\sqrt[3]{x+3} = y$ REF: 012419aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: cubic 208 ANS: 4 $5i(2x+3i) - x\sqrt{-9} = 10xi + 15i^2 - 3xi = -15 + 7xi$ TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers REF: 082415aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 209 ANS: 2 4 7.1 > Doi -RAD normCdf(-9.8999,4.37,4.3,0.05) 0.274253 NAT: S.ID.A.4 REF: 061817aii **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: probability 210 ANS: 2 REF: 081908aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 211 ANS: 4 **TOP:** Series REF: 012423aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 KEY: geometric

$$x - \frac{4}{x - 1} = 2 \qquad x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2}$$
$$x(x - 1) - 4 = 2(x - 1)$$
$$x^2 - x - 4 = 2x - 2$$
$$x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$$

r

REF: 011812aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

213 ANS: 2

$$x = \frac{y}{y+2}$$
$$xy + 2x = y$$
$$xy - y = -2x$$
$$y(x-1) = -2x$$
$$y = \frac{-2x}{x-1}$$

REF: 081924aii NAT: F.BF.B.4

NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions

KEY: rational 214 ANS: 3

$$y = x^{3} - 2$$

$$x = y^{3} - 2$$

$$x + 2 = y^{3}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x+2} = y$$

REF: 061815aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: cubic

215 ANS: 4

$$6(2^{x+4}) = 36$$

$$\ln 2^{x+4} = \ln 6$$

$$(x+4) \ln 2 = \ln 6$$

$$x+4 = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 4$$

REF: 082408aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 KEY: without common base **TOP:** Exponential Equations

216 ANS: 4

$$(x^{6}y^{4} - 9)(x^{4} - 16)$$

 $(x^{3}y^{2} + 3)(x^{3}y^{2} - 3)(x^{2} + 4)(x^{2} - 4)$

REF: 081814aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

217 ANS: 1

The zeros of the polynomial are at -b, and c. The sketch of a polynomial of degree 3 with a negative leading coefficient should have end behavior showing as x goes to negative infinity, f(x) goes to positive infinity. The multiplicities of the roots are correctly represented in the graph.

REF:spr1501aiiNAT:A.APR.B.3TOP:Graphing Polynomial FunctionsKEY:bimodalgraph218ANS:3REF:061720aiiNAT:F.BF.A.2TOP:Sequences

KEY: function notation

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

REF: 081611aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

220 ANS: 1

| 12 1.3 Doc- | PAD 🚺 |
|----------------------|----------|
| normCdf(0,3.7,4,0.2) | 0.066807 |
| 1 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

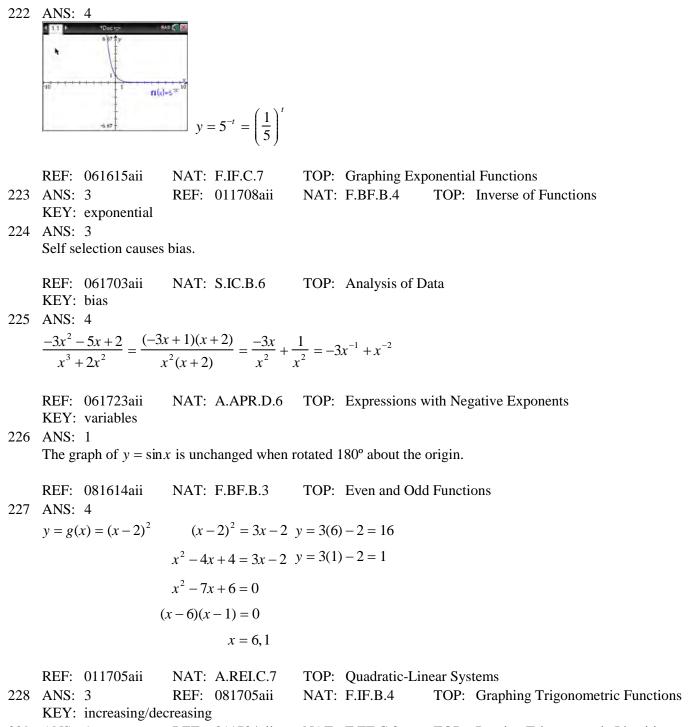
REF: 081711aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 KEY: percent

TOP: Normal Distributions

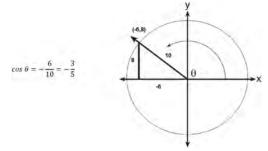
221 ANS: 1

 $\frac{3x^{2} + 4x - 1}{2x + 3} \underbrace{\frac{3x^{2} + 4x - 1}{6x^{3} + 17x^{2} + 10x + 2}}_{\begin{array}{r} \underline{6x^{3} + 9x^{2}}\\ 8x^{2} + 10x \\ \underline{8x^{2} + 12x}\\ -2x + 2 \\ \underline{-2x - 3}\\ 5\end{array}$

| REF: | fall1503aii | NAT: A.APR.D.6 | TOP: | Rational Expressions |
|------|-------------|----------------|------|-----------------------------|
| KEY: | division | | | |



229 ANS: 1 REF: 011704aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Proving Trigonometric Identities KEY: basic



REF: 061617aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 KEY: extension to reals

231 ANS: 4

$$x(x+7)\left[\frac{3x+25}{x+7} - 5 = \frac{3}{x}\right]$$

$$x(3x+25) - 5x(x+7) = 3(x+7)$$

$$3x^{2} + 25x - 5x^{2} - 35x = 3x + 21$$

$$2x^{2} + 13x + 21 = 0$$

$$(2x+7)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{2}, -3$$

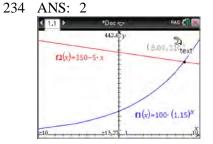
REF: fall1501aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 KEY: rational solutions

REF: 011701aii

REF: 061620aii

TOP: Solving Rationals

NAT: F.IF.B.4 NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions



| | REF: 011716aii | NAT: A.REI.D.11 | TOP: Other Systems | | |
|-----|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------------------|
| 235 | ANS: 2 | REF: 081717aii | NAT: S.IC.B.3 | TOP: | Analysis of Data |
| 236 | ANS: 3 | REF: 081724aii | NAT: F.IF.A.3 | TOP: | Sequences |

KEY: recursive

232 ANS: 2

233 ANS: 2

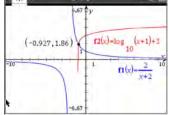
237 ANS: 3 Since x + 4 is a factor of p(x), there is no remainder.

REF: 081621aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems

The scenario represents a decreasing geometric sequence with a common ratio of 0.80.

REF: 061610aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 **TOP:** Sequences **KEY:** recursive 239 ANS: 4 REF: 081718aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: amplitude 240 ANS: 4 🖉 🕂 Scratchpad 🗢 $f1(x) = -3 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}(x-4)\right) + 7$ As the range is [4,10], the midline is $y = \frac{4+10}{2} = 7$. REF: fall1506aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed 241 ANS: 3 $2d(d^3 + 3d^2 - 9d - 27)$ $2d(d^2(d+3) - 9(d+3))$ $2d(d^2 - 9)(d + 3)$ 2d(d+3)(d-3)(d+3) $2d(d+3)^2(d-3)$ REF: 081615aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping 242 ANS: 4 $(1) \frac{B(60) - B(10)}{60 - 10} \approx 28\% \quad (2) \frac{B(69) - B(19)}{69 - 19} \approx 33\% \quad (3) \frac{B(72) - B(36)}{72 - 36} \approx 38\% \quad (4) \frac{B(73) - B(60)}{73 - 60} \approx 46\%$ NAT: F.IF.B.6 REF: 011721aii TOP: Rate of Change 243 ANS: 3 The pattern suggests an exponential pattern, not linear or sinusoidal. A 4% growth rate is accurate, while a 43% growth rate is not. NAT: S.ID.B.6 REF: 011713aii TOP: Regression KEY: choose model 244 ANS: 3 $\log_{0.8}\left(\frac{V}{17000}\right) = t \qquad \qquad \frac{17,000(0.8)^3 - 17,000(0.8)^1}{3 - 1} \approx -2450$ $0.8^t = \frac{V}{17000}$ $V = 17000(0.8)^{t}$ REF: 081709aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 4

245 ANS: 4 $496 \pm 2(115)$ NAT: S.ID.A.4 REF: 011718aii **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: interval 246 ANS: 2 $ME = \left(z\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) = \left(1.96\sqrt{\frac{(0.55)(0.45)}{900}}\right) \approx 0.03 \text{ or } \frac{1}{\sqrt{900}} \approx 0.03$ REF: 081612aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data 247 ANS: 2 $x = -\frac{3}{4}y + 2$ -4x = 3y - 8-4x + 8 = 3y $-\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3} = y$ REF: 061616aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 **TOP:** Inverse of Functions KEY: linear 248 ANS: 2 1.1 >



REF: 011712aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

$$2x^{2} - 3x + 7$$

$$2x + 3 \overline{\smash{\big)}} 4x^{3} + 0x^{2} + 5x + 10$$

$$4x^{3} + 6x^{2}$$

$$- 6x^{2} + 5x$$

$$-6x^{2} - 9x$$

$$14x + 10$$

$$14x + 21$$

$$- 11$$

REF: 061614aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

250 ANS: 2

Combining (1) and (3):
$$-6c = -18$$
 Combining (1) and (2): $5a + 3c = -1$ Using (3): $-(-2) - 5b - 5(3) = 2$
 $c = 3$
 $5a + 3(3) = -1$
 $2 - 5b - 15 = 2$
 $5a = -10$
 $b = -3$
 $a = -2$

REF: 081623aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

251 ANS: 1

1) let y = x + 2, then $y^2 + 2y - 8$ (y+4)(y-2) (x+2+4)(x+2-2) (x+6)x

REF: 081715aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: multivariable

252 ANS: 4

The maximum volume of p(x) = -(x+2)(x-10)(x-14) is about 56, at x = 12.1

REF: 081712aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 253 ANS: 4

The vertex is (2,-1) and p = 2. $y = -\frac{1}{4(2)}(x-2)^2 - 1$

| | REF: | 081619aii | NAT: | G.GPE.A.2 | TOP: | Graphing Qua | adratic I | Functions |
|-----|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------------|-----------|------------------|
| 254 | ANS: | 3 | REF: | 061710aii | NAT: | S.IC.A.2 | TOP: | Analysis of Data |

255 ANS: 3
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{73.83}} \approx 0.990656$$

REF: 081710aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 256 ANS: 1

A reference triangle can be sketched using the coordinates (-4,3) in the second quadrant to find the value of $\sin \theta$.

3 5 B

REF: spr1503aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions KEY: extension to reals
257 ANS: 2

 $x = \frac{y+1}{y-2}$ xy - 2x = y+1xy - y = 2x + 1y(x-1) = 2x + 1 $y = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$

| | REF: 081714aii | NAT: F.BF.B.4 | TOP: Inverse of Fun | actions |
|-----|----------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | KEY: rational | | | |
| 258 | ANS: 4 | REF: 061601aii | NAT: N.RN.A.2 | TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents |
| | KEY: variables | | | |
| 259 | ANS: 1 | REF: 081722aii | NAT: S.IC.B.6 | TOP: Analysis of Data |
| | KEY: draw conclusion | ions | | |

260 ANS: 2



REF: 081603aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

261ANS: 2REF: 011720aiiNAT: A.APR.B.2TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems262ANS: 1

The probability of rain equals the probability of rain, given that Sean pitches.

REF: 061611aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability

263 ANS: 4 period = $\frac{2\pi}{B}$ $\frac{1}{60} = \frac{2\pi}{B}$ $B = 120\pi$

REF: 061624aii NAT: F.TF.B.5 TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions 264 ANS: 1 $(x+3)^2 + (2x-4)^2 = 8$ $h^2 - 4ac$

$$(x+3) + (2x-4) = 8 \qquad b - 4ac$$
$$x^{2} + 6x + 9 + 4x^{2} - 16x + 16 = 8 \quad 100 - 4(5)(17) < 0$$
$$5x^{2} - 10x + 17 = 0$$

REF: 081719aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 265 ANS: 3

 $0.75^{\frac{1}{10}} \approx .9716$

REF: 061713aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 266 ANS: 1

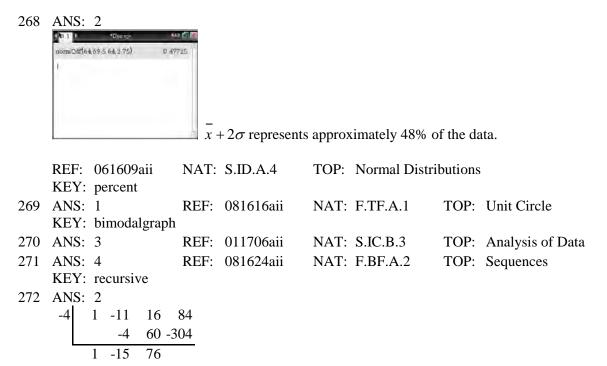
$$\frac{2(x-4)}{(x+3)(x-4)} + \frac{3(x+3)}{(x-4)(x+3)} = \frac{2x-2}{x^2-x-12}$$
$$2x-8+3x+9 = 2x-2$$
$$3x = -3$$
$$x = -1$$

REF: 011717aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

267 ANS: 4

If 1 - i is one solution, the other is 1 + i. (x - (1 - i))(x - (1 + i)) = 0 $x^{2} - x - ix - x + ix + (1 - i^{2}) = 0$ $x^{2} - 2x + 2 = 0$

REF: 081601aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Complex Conjugate Root Theorem



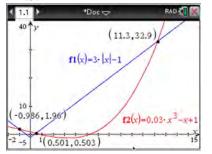
Since there is a remainder when the cubic is divided by x + 4, this binomial is not a factor.

REF: 081720aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 273 ANS: 1 08

$$P(28) = 5(2)^{\frac{98}{28}} \approx 56$$

REF: 011702aii NAT: F.LE.A.2

274 ANS: 2



TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

REF: 061705aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 275 ANS: 4 REF: 081707aii KEY: bimodalgraph

TOP: Other Systems NAT: F.TF.A.2 **TOP:** Reference Angles 276 ANS: 3 $\sqrt{56-x} = x$ -8 is extraneous. $56 - x = x^2$ $0 = x^2 + x - 56$ 0 = (x+8)(x-7)x = 7REF: 061605aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals **KEY:** extraneous solutions 277 ANS: 3 REF: 061722aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Rationals 278 ANS: 1 REF: 061701aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 279 ANS: 2 $\sqrt{x+14} = \sqrt{2x+5} + 1$ $\sqrt{22+14} - \sqrt{2(22)+5} = 1$ $x + 14 = 2x + 5 + 2\sqrt{2x + 5} + 1$ $6 - 7 \neq 1$ $-x+8=2\sqrt{2x+5}$ $x^{2} - 16x + 64 = 8x + 20$ $x^{2} - 24x + 44 = 0$ (x-22)(x-2) = 0*x* = 2,22 REF: 081704aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals KEY: advanced 280 ANS: 3 $x^{2} + 2x + 1 = -5 + 1$ $(x+1)^2 = -4$ $x + 1 = \pm 2i$ $x = -1 \pm 2i$ REF: 081703aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 **TOP:** Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square 281 ANS: 3 The graph shows three real zeros, and has end behavior matching the given end behavior. REF: 061604aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions

KEY: bimodalgraph

282 ANS: 3 $\frac{1}{J} = \frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$ $\frac{1}{J} = \frac{W - F}{FW}$ $J = \frac{FW}{W - F}$

REF: 081617aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals

KEY: rational solutions 283 ANS: 3

 $(m-2)^{2}(m+3) = (m^{2} - 4m + 4)(m+3) = m^{3} + 3m^{2} - 4m^{2} - 12m + 4m + 12 = m^{3} - m^{2} - 8m + 12$

REF: 081605aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials

KEY: factoring by grouping

284 ANS: 1

$$\frac{A}{P} = e^{rt}$$

 $0.42 = e^{rt}$

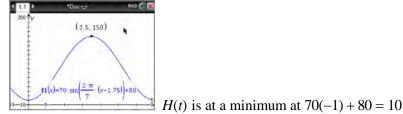
 $\ln 0.42 = \ln e^{rt}$ $-0.87 \approx rt$

REF: 011723aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 285 ANS: 4

 $k^{4} - 4k^{2} + 8k^{3} - 32k + 12k^{2} - 48$ $k^{2}(k^{2} - 4) + 8k(k^{2} - 4) + 12(k^{2} - 4)$ $(k^{2} - 4)(k^{2} + 8k + 12)$ (k + 2)(k - 2)(k + 6)(k + 2)

REF: fall1505aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping

286 ANS: 3



REF: 061613aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

KEY: maximum/minimum

287 ANS: 4 REF: 061706aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

288 ANS: 2 $(2-yi)(2-yi) = 4-4yi + y^2i^2 = -y^2 - 4yi + 4$ REF: 061603aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 289 ANS: 4 $4(x^2 - 6x + 9) + 4(y^2 + 18y + 81) = 76 + 36 + 324$ $4(x-3)^2 + 4(y+9)^2 = 436$

REF: 061619aii NAT: G.GPE.A.1 TOP: Equations of Circles

KEY: completing the square

290 ANS: 1

The car lost approximately 19% of its value each year.

REF: 081613aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 291 ANS: 1 $2r^2 + r + 5$

$$2x^{2} + x + 5$$

$$2x - 1 \overline{\smash{\big)}} 4x^{3} + 0x^{2} + 9x - 5$$

$$4x^{3} - 2x^{2}$$

$$2x^{2} + 9x$$

$$2x^{2} - x$$

$$10x - 5$$

$$10x - 5$$

REF: 081713aii KEY: division 292 ANS: 1 $x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$ (x+4)(x-2) = 0x = -4,2

REF: 081701aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Undefined Rationals

293 ANS: 4 Scratchpad 🤝 RAD 2.05, 14.2) -1.11.4.6 21.5 3.94. -3.83 REF: 061622aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 294 ANS: 2 REF: 011709aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 295 ANS: 1 $\frac{157}{25+47+157}$ REF: 081607aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 296 ANS: 1 (1) $\frac{9-0}{2-1} = 9$ (2) $\frac{17-0}{3.5-1} = 6.8$ (3) $\frac{0-0}{5-1} = 0$ (4) $\frac{17-5}{3.5-1} \approx 6.3$ REF: 011724aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 297 ANS: 3 $\frac{f(7) - f(-7)}{7 - 7} = \frac{2^{-0.25(7)} \bullet \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(7)\right) - 2^{-0.25(-7)} \bullet \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}(-7)\right)}{14} \approx -0.26$ REF: 061721aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 298 ANS: 1 2 1 Since there is no remainder when the quartic is divided by x - 2, this binomial is a factor. REF: 061711aii TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems NAT: A.APR.B.2 299 ANS: 4 $(x + y)^{3} = x^{3} + 3x^{2}y + 3xy^{2} + y^{3} \neq x^{3} + 3xy + y^{3}$ REF: 081620aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 300 ANS: 2 The 2010 population is 110 million.

REF: 061718aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions

$$\cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{5}\right)^2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{25}{25} - \frac{2}{25}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{23}}{5}$$

REF: 061712aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 302 ANS: 3

$$-2\left(-\frac{1}{2}x^{2} = -6x + 20\right)$$

$$x^{2} - 12x = -40$$

$$x^{2} - 12x + 36 = -40 + 36$$

$$(x - 6)^{2} = -4$$

$$x - 6 = \pm 2i$$

$$x = 6 \pm 2i$$

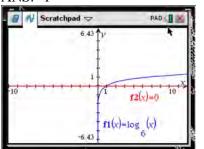
REF: fall1504aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

303 ANS: 3 KEY: recursive
304 ANS: 1 305 ANS: 2
REF: 061623aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 NAT: F.BF.A.2 NAT: F.TF.B.5 TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions

$$\frac{212}{1334} \approx .16 \ ME = \left(z\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) = \left(1.96\sqrt{\frac{(0.16)(0.84)}{1334}}\right) \approx 0.02 \text{ or } \frac{1}{\sqrt{1334}} \approx .027$$

REF: 081716aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data 306 ANS: 2 REF: 081610aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: increasing/decreasing 307 ANS: 4 REF: 061716aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables 308 ANS: 1 REF: 081609aii NAT: F.BF.B.6 TOP: Sigma Notation KEY: represent

309 ANS: 1



NAT: F.IF.C.7

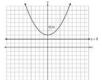
REF: 061618aii

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

310 ANS: 1 $d = 18; r = \pm \frac{5}{4}$

REF: 011714aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: explicit 311 ANS: 3 REF: 011710aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 312 ANS: 1 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(2)}}{2(2)} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-7}}{4} = -\frac{3}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{7}}{4}$

REF: 061612aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula
313 ANS: 4



A parabola with a focus of (0,4) and a directrix of y = 2 is sketched as follows: By inspection, it is determined that the vertex of the parabola is (0,3). It is also evident that the distance, p, between the vertex and the focus is 1. It is possible to use the formula $(x - h)^2 = 4p(y - k)$ to derive the equation of the parabola as follows: $(x - 0)^2 = 4(1)(y - 3)$

$$x^{2} = 4y - 12$$
$$x^{2} + 12 = 4y$$
$$\frac{x^{2}}{4} + 3 = y$$

or A point (x, y) on the parabola must be the same distance from the focus as it is from the directrix. For any such point (x, y), the distance to the focus is $\sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-4)^2}$ and the distance to the directrix is y-2. Setting this equal leads to: $x^2 + y^2 - 8y + 16 = y^2 - 4y + 4$

$$x^2 + 16 = 4y + 4$$
$$\frac{x^2}{4} + 3 = y$$

REF: spr1502aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 314 ANS: 3

 $-33t^2 + 360t = 700 + 5t$

 $-33t^{2} + 355t - 700 = 0$ $t = \frac{-355 \pm \sqrt{355^{2} - 4(-33)(-700)}}{2(-33)} \approx 3.8$

REF: 081606aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

315 ANS: 4

$$4x^2 = -98$$

 $x^2 = -\frac{98}{4}$
 $x^2 = -\frac{49}{2}$
 $x = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{49}{2}} = \pm \frac{7i}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \pm \frac{7i\sqrt{2}}{2}$

REF: 061707aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | taking square roots

316 ANS: 4

| | Bar Harbor | Phoenix | |
|---------|------------|---------|--|
| Minimum | 31.386 | 66.491 | |
| Midline | 55.3 | 86.729 | |
| Maximum | 79.214 | 106.967 | |
| Range | 47.828 | 40.476 | |

REF: 061715aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 KEY: maximum/minimum TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

317 ANS: 4

$$\left(\frac{-54x^9}{y^4}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{(2\cdot-27)^{\frac{2}{3}}x^{\frac{18}{3}}}{y^{\frac{8}{3}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}\cdot9x^6}{y^2\cdot y^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{9x^6\sqrt[3]{4}}{y^2\sqrt[3]{y^2}}$$

REF: 081723aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

318 ANS: 3

(3) repeats 3 times over 2π .

REF: 011722aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: recognize | bimodalgraph

319 ANS: 2

The vertex of the parabola is (0,0). The distance, *p*, between the vertex and the focus or the vertex and the directrix is 1. $y = \frac{-1}{4p} (x - h)^2 + k$

$$y = \frac{-1}{4(1)} (x - 0)^{2} + 0$$
$$y = -\frac{1}{4} x^{2}$$

REF: 081706aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

320 ANS: 2 $x(30 - 0.01x) - (0.15x^{3} + 0.01x^{2} + 2x + 120) = 30x - 0.01x^{2} - 0.15x^{3} - 0.01x^{2} - 2x - 120$ $=-0.15x^{3}-0.02x^{2}+28x-120$ REF: 061709aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Operations with Functions 321 ANS: 3 $d = 10\log\frac{6.3 \times 10^{-3}}{1.0 \times 10^{-12}} \approx 98$ REF: 011715aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Logarithmic Expressions 322 ANS: 3 REF: 061602aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Modeling Rationals 323 ANS: 2 NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series REF: 061724aii KEY: geometric 324 ANS: 2 h(x) does not have a y-intercept. REF: 011719aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions 325 ANS: 4 $x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(6)(29)}}{2(6)} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{-632}}{12} = \frac{8 \pm i\sqrt{4}\sqrt{158}}{12} = \frac{2}{3} \pm \frac{1}{6}i\sqrt{158}$ REF: 011711aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 **TOP:** Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula 326 ANS: 2 The events are independent because $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$. $0.125 = 0.5 \cdot 0.25$ If P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B) = 0.25 + 0.5 - .125 = 0.625, then the events are not mutually exclusive because P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) $0.625 \neq 0.5 + 0.25$ REF: 061714aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 327 ANS: 1 (2) is not recursive REF: 081608aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 328 ANS: 4 $S_n = \frac{32 - 32(.8)^{12}}{1 - 8} \approx 149$ REF: 081721aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric

329 ANS: 2 $\left(m^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = m^{-\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{m^5}}$ REF: 011707aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables 330 ANS: 4 $m^{5} + m^{3} - 6m = m(m^{4} + m^{2} - 6) = m(m^{2} + 3)(m^{2} - 2)$ NAT: A.SSE.A.2 REF: 011703aii **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power 331 ANS: 1 $8(2^{x+3}) = 48$ $2^{x+3} = 6$ $(x+3)\ln 2 = \ln 6$ $x + 3 = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2}$ $x = \frac{\ln 6}{\ln 2} - 3$

REF: 061702aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations KEY: without common base

332 ANS: 1

$$\frac{2x}{x-2}\left(\frac{x}{x}\right) - \frac{11}{x}\left(\frac{x-2}{x-2}\right) = \frac{8}{x^2 - 2x}$$
$$2x^2 - 11x + 22 = 8$$
$$2x^2 - 11x + 14 = 0$$
$$(2x - 7)(x - 2) = 0$$
$$x = \frac{7}{2}, 2$$

REF: 061719aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 333 ANS: 3

 $1.0525^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.00427$

| | REF: | 061621aii | NAT: | F.BF.A.1 | TOP: | Modeling Exp | ponentia | al Functions |
|-----|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------------|----------|------------------|
| 334 | ANS: | 3 | REF: | 061607aii | NAT: | S.IC.A.2 | TOP: | Analysis of Data |

335 ANS: 2 $6xi^{3}(-4xi+5) = -24x^{2}i^{4} + 30xi^{3} = -24x^{2}(1) + 30x(-1) = -24x^{2} - 30xi$

REF: 061704aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

336 ANS: 3

f(x) = -f(x), so f(x) is odd. $g(-x) \neq g(x)$, so g(x) is not even. $g(-x) \neq -g(x)$, so g(x) is not odd. h(-x) = h(x), so h(x) is even.

REF: fall1502aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions

337 ANS: 3



REF: 081604aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions

KEY: probability

338 ANS: 3

 $(3k-2i)^2 = 9k^2 - 12ki + 4i^2 = 9k^2 - 12ki - 4$

| | REF: 081702aii | NAT: N.CN.A.2 | TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers |
|-----|----------------|----------------|---|
| 339 | ANS: 4 | REF: 081622aii | NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions |
| 240 | A N (C 1 | | |

340 ANS: 1

$$x^{4} - 4x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 36x = 0$$

$$x^{3}(x - 4) - 9x(x - 4) = 0$$

$$(x^{3} - 9x)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x(x^{2} - 9)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x(x + 3)(x - 3)(x - 4) = 0$$

 $x = 0, \pm 3, 4$

| | REF: 061606aii | NAT: A.APR.B.3 | TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations |
|-----|----------------|----------------|--|
| 341 | ANS: 4 | REF: 081708aii | NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations |
| 342 | ANS: 1 | | |

II. Ninth graders drive to school less often; III.Students know little about adults; IV. Calculus students love math!

REF: 081602aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: bias

343 ANS: 3 REF: 081618aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive
344 ANS: 4

The vertex is (1,0) and p = 2. $y = \frac{1}{4(2)} (x-1)^2 + 0$

REF: 061717aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

Algebra II Multiple Choice Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

345 ANS: 4 REF: 012314aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data 346 ANS: 4 1) $d(2) = 2; 2) d(1) = 12; 3) d(9) \approx 11; 4) d(-1) = 2$ NAT: F.IF.B.4 REF: 062220aii **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions 347 ANS: 2 f(x) = f(-x) $x^{2} + 1 = (-x)^{2} + 1$ $x^{2} + 1 = x^{2} + 1$ REF: 082323aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 348 ANS: 4 REF: 062215aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 349 ANS: 3 $(x+a)^{2} + 5(x+a) + 4$ let u = x + a $u^{2} + 5u + 4$ (u+4)(u+1)(x+a+4)(x+a+1)REF: 012006aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: multivariable 350 ANS: 4 $(x^{2} - y^{2}) + (2xy)^{2} = x^{2} + 4x^{2}y^{2} - y^{2}$ $(x-y) + (x^{2} - xy + y^{2}) = x^{2} + x - y - xy + y^{2}$ $(x-y)(x-y)(x^{2}+y^{2}) = (x^{2}-2xy+y^{2})(x^{2}+y^{2}) = x^{4}-2x^{3}y+x^{2}y^{2}+x^{2}y^{2}-2xy^{3}+y^{4}$ REF: 062322aii **TOP:** Polynomial Identities NAT: A.APR.C.4 351 ANS: 4 REF: 082220aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions 352 ANS: 4 REF: 012008aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 353 ANS: 2 $.43 \pm 2(0.05)$ contains about 95% of the data. REF: 062317aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data 354 ANS: 1 REF: 062318aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 355 ANS: 1 0.5 ≈ 0.000178 REF: 082224aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

356ANS: 2
KEY: amplitudeREF: 082203aiiNAT: F.IF.C.7TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions
KEY: amplitude357ANS: 1
2000
$$\left(1 + \frac{032}{12}\right)^{1/2} \approx 2000(1.003)^{1/2}$$
TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions358ANS: 1
KEY: representREF: 012004aiiNAT: F.BF.A.1
REF: 012016aiiTOP: Sigma Notation
KEY: represent360ANS: 4
KEF: 012016aiiNAT: S.IC.B.3
NAT: F.IF.B.4TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions
KEY: increasing/decreasing361ANS: 3
sin²A + $\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}\right)^2 = 1$ Since $\tan A < 0$, $\sin A = -\frac{2}{3}$ $\sin^2 A + \frac{5}{9} = \frac{9}{9}$
 $\sin^2 A = \frac{4}{9}$
 $\sin^2 A = \frac{4}{9}$ TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions362ANS: 1
 $\log 3^{3+4} = \log 28$ TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions362ANS: 1
 $\log 3^{3+4} = \log 28$ TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions363AFSin A = $\pm \frac{2}{3}$ TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions364AFSin A = ± 2 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions362ANS: 1
 $\log 3^{3+4} = \log 28$ K
 $4 + 4 = \frac{\log 28}{\log 3}$
 $x = \log_2 28 - 4$ 363ANS: 2
 1 I) 1 real, mult. 2; 3) not a quadratic; 4) not a function.364ANS: 2
 1 I) 1 real, mult. 2; 3) not a quadratic; 4) not a function.

KEY: determine nature of roots

Since the distance from the focus to the directrix is 2, p = 1 and the vertex of the parabola is (0,5).

$$y = \frac{1}{4p} (x - h)^{2} + k$$
$$y = \frac{1}{4(1)} (x - 0)^{2} + 5$$
$$y = \frac{1}{4} x^{2} + 5$$
$$y - 5 = \frac{1}{4} x^{2}$$
$$4(y - 5) = x^{2}$$

REF: 062323aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 365 ANS: 3

 $e^{\left(-\frac{3}{0.6}\right)} \approx 0.006738$

REF: 062315aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 366 ANS: 1

$$\left(1.03^{\frac{1}{12}}\right)^{12t} \approx 1.00247^{12t}$$

REF: 062224aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 367 ANS: 2 2x + 4y - 2z = 2 -x - 3y + 2z = 0 x + y = 2 3 + 2y - z = 1 2y - z = -2

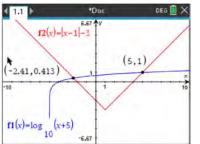
 $\frac{-x - 3y + 2z = 0}{x + y = 2} \quad \frac{4x - 8y + 2z = 20}{5x - 5y = 20} \quad \frac{x - y = 4}{2x = 6} \quad \frac{6 - 4y + z = 10}{2y - z = -2} \quad \frac{2(-1) - z = -2}{z = 0}$ $x - y = 4 \qquad x = 3 \quad \frac{-4y + z = 4}{-2y = 2}$ y = -1

REF: 062208aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables 368 ANS: 1 $\frac{x(x^2 - 9)}{-(x^2 - 9)} = -x$ REF: 012023aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring 369 ANS: 3 REF: 012015aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data 370 ANS: 1 $7-3i+x^2-4xi+4i^2-4i-2x^2=7-7i-x^2-4xi-4=3-x^2-4xi-7i=(3-x^2)-(4x+7)i$ REF: 012022aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 371 ANS: 2 .962¹⁰ ≈.679 REF: 082311aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 372 ANS: 3 $x = \frac{1}{2}y+2$

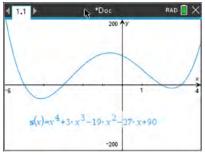
$$2x = y + 4$$
$$y = 2x - 4$$

REF: 012315aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear





REF: 012317aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 374 ANS: 4

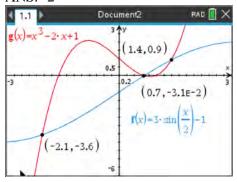


$$s(x) = x^{4} - 9x^{2} + 3x^{3} - 27x - 10x^{2} + 90$$

= $x^{2}(x^{2} - 9) + 3x(x^{2} - 9) - 10(x^{2} - 9)$
= $(x^{2} + 3x - 10)(x^{2} - 9)$
= $(x + 5)(x - 2)(x + 3)(x - 3)$

REF: 062303aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations

375 ANS: 3 $S_{20} = \frac{-2 - (-2)(-3)^{20}}{1 - (-3)} = 1,743,392,200$ REF: 012306aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 376 ANS: 2 $a\sqrt[5]{a^4} = a^{\frac{5}{5}} \cdot a^{\frac{4}{5}} = a^{\frac{9}{5}}$ REF: 062306aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 377 ANS: 4 $\frac{13}{13+11} = \frac{13}{24}$ REF: 012011aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 378 ANS: 1 2) $(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) \neq (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 - y^2);$ 3) $x^6 + y^6 \neq (x^3 + y^3)^2;$ 4) $\frac{x^6 + y^6}{x^2 + y^2} \neq x^6 + y^6 - (x^2 + y^2)$ REF: 082219aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities 379 ANS: 1 $\frac{N(6) - N(0)}{6 - 0} \approx -8.93$ REF: 012012aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 380 ANS: 2



REF: 012021aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 381 ANS: 1

501 Arrs. 1 $50(.9)^t = 25$

 $t \approx 6.57$

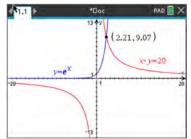
REF: 082317aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Decay

382 ANS: 1 $\sqrt[4]{81x^8y^6} = 81^{\frac{1}{4}}x^{\frac{8}{4}}y^{\frac{6}{4}} = 3x^2y^{\frac{3}{2}}$ REF: 012001aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents **KEY**: variables 383 ANS: 2 REF: 012321aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 **TOP:** Sequences KEY: recursive 384 ANS: 1 $\frac{-12}{16} = \frac{9}{-12} = \frac{-6.75}{9}$ REF: 012017aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences KEY: difference or ratio 385 ANS: 3 REF: 012002aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Operations with Functions 386 ANS: 4 REF: 082318aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 387 ANS: 2 REF: 082313aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: percent 388 ANS: 1 The vertical distance from the directrix to the vertex, p, is 2. The vertical distance from the vertex to the focus must also be 2. REF: 062213aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 **TOP:** Graphing Quadratic Functions 389 ANS: 4 REF: 062216aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data 390 ANS: 4 I. $\left(\frac{y}{x^3}\right)^{-1} = \frac{x^3}{y}$; II. $\sqrt[3]{x^9}(y^{-1}) = \frac{x^{\frac{9}{3}}}{y} = \frac{x^3}{y}$; III. $\frac{x^6\sqrt[4]{y^8}}{x^3y^3} = \frac{x^3y^{\frac{8}{4}}}{y^3} = \frac{x^3}{y}$ REF: 062320aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 391 ANS: 3 REF: 082201aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: draw conclusions 392 ANS: 2 $1 = \frac{2\pi}{k}$ $k = 2\pi$ REF: 012313aii TOP: Modeling Trigonometric Functions NAT: F.TF.B.5

$$5x^{2} - 4x + 2 = 0 \quad \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{(-4)^{2} - 4(5)(2)}}{2(5)} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{-24}}{10} = \frac{4 \pm 2i\sqrt{6}}{10} = \frac{2 \pm i\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

REF: 012020aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

396 ANS: 1



REF: 082210aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 **TOP:** Other Systems 397 ANS: 2 REF: 062222aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 **TOP:** Comparing Functions 398 ANS: 4 $(x-2i)(x-2i) = x^{2} - 4xi + 4i^{2} = x^{2} - 4xi - 4$ REF: 082202aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 399 ANS: 1 $\frac{20}{14+20+6} = \frac{1}{2}$ REF: 082303aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 400 ANS: 3 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions REF: 012005aii NAT: F.IF.B.4

401 ANS: 3

$$y = -6x + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = -6y + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x - \frac{1}{2} = -6y$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) = y$$

REF: 062217aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 KEY: linear

TOP: Inverse of Functions

402 ANS: 2

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 - 3x + 5 \\
x + 3 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x + 5} \\
 \underline{2x^3 + 6x^2} \\
 - 3x^2 - 4x \\
 \underline{-3x^2 - 4x} \\
 5x + 5 \\
 \underline{5x + 15} \\
 -10 \\
 \end{array}$$

REF: 082302aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division 403 ANS: 1 1) A(20) > 0; 2) $.5 \times .5 = .25$; 3) true; 4) $A(7) \approx 9.9$ REF: 082211aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 404 ANS: 4 45% + 31% - 58% = 18%

REF: 082307aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule

$$\frac{4}{k^2 - 8k + 12} = \frac{k(k-6) + (k-2)}{k^2 - 8k + 12} \quad k = 6 \text{ is extraneous}$$
$$4 = k^2 - 6k + k - 2$$
$$0 = k^2 - 5k - 6$$
$$0 = (k-6)(k+1)$$
$$k = 6, -1$$

REF: 082218aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 406 ANS: 1 -2 1 -1 -11 5 30

Since there is no remainder when the quartic is divided by x + 2, this binomial is a factor.

REF: 082320aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 407 ANS: 1 $x^2 - 4x + 4 = -13 + 4$

-4x + 4 = -13 + $(x - 2)^{2} = -9$ $x - 2 = \pm 3i$ $x = 2 \pm 3i$

REF: 062312aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

408 ANS: 3

$$x = -\frac{2y}{5} + 4 \qquad y = -\frac{5}{2}(6) + 10 = -5$$

$$5x = -2y + 20$$

$$2y = -5x + 20$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 10$$

REF: 082223aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear

409 ANS: 2 REF: 082308aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Using the Discriminant KEY: determine nature of roots

410 ANS: 2

1)
$$\frac{29860 - 629}{1910 - 1850} \approx 487$$
; 2) $\frac{790390 - 494290}{2010 - 1990} \approx 14805$; 3) $\frac{251808 - 132459}{1970 - 1950} \approx 5967$; 4) $\frac{251808 - 14575}{1970 - 1890} \approx 2965$

REF: 062301aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

411 ANS: 3
$$\frac{-2}{\sqrt{5^2 - 2^2}} = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{21}}$$

REF: 082312aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 412 ANS: 1 $\left(\sqrt[3]{212}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{421}\right)$ $\sqrt[3]{213}$ 2 $\sqrt[3]{2}$

$$\left(a\sqrt[3]{2b^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[3]{4a^2b}\right) = a\sqrt[3]{8a^2b^3} = 2ab\sqrt[3]{a^2}$$

REF: 082213aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Radicals KEY: with variables, index > 2

413 ANS: 4

The distance between the focus and directrix is 1 - 3 = 4. *p* is half this distance, or 2. The vertex of the parabola is (4,-1). Since the directrix is above the focus, the parabola faces downward. $y = -\frac{1}{4p}(x-h)^2 + k$

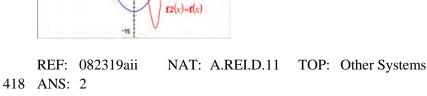
$$y = -\frac{1}{4(2)} (x - 4)^{2} - 1$$
$$y + 1 = -\frac{1}{8} (x - 4)^{2}$$

REF: 012322aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

414 ANS: 3

To determine student opinion, survey the widest range of students.

| | REF: 062202aii KEY: bias | NAT: S.IC.B.6 | TOP: Analysis of D | Data | |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| 415 | ANS: 2 | REF: 082222aii | NAT: A.CED.A.1 | TOP: | Modeling Rationals |
| 416 | ANS: 3 | REF: 062205aii | NAT: F.BF.B.3 | TOP: | Transformations with Functions |
| 417 | ANS: 2 | | | | |
| | Caratchpad | DEG 🛛 🗙 | | | |
| | f1(x)=g(x) | | | | |



 $\frac{x^2 + 3x}{x^2 + 5x + 6} = \frac{x(x+3)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$

REF: 082215aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring

$$x + y + z = 9 \quad 4 - y - z = -1 \quad 4 - 6 + z = 9$$

$$x - y - z = -1 \quad 4 - y + z = 21 \qquad z = 11$$

$$2x = 8 \quad -y - z = -5$$

$$x = 4 \quad -y + z = 17$$

$$-2y = 12$$

$$y = -6$$

REF: 012018aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

420 ANS: 2

$$p(x) = 4^x, q(x) = \left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^x, r(x) = 5.29^x, s(x) = 2^x$$

REF: 012304aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions 421 ANS: 3 $(6 + i)^2 = 27 - 26i$

$$(6-ki)^{2} = 27 - 36i$$
$$36 - 12ki + k^{2}i^{2} = 27 - 36i$$
$$9 - k^{2} - 12ki = -36i$$

Set real part equal to real part: $9 - k^2 = 0$ Set imaginary part equal to imaginary part: -12ki = -36i $k = \pm 3$ $\frac{-12ki}{-12i} = \frac{-36i}{-12i}$ k = 3

REF: 012308aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 422 ANS: 2

$$2x^{3} + x^{2} - 18x - 9$$

$$x^{2}(2x + 1) - 9(2x + 1)$$

$$(x^{2} - 9)(2x + 1)$$

$$(x + 3)(x - 3)(2x + 1)$$
REF: 082206aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems
423 ANS: 2 REF: 062219aii NAT: F.TF.A.1 TOP: Unit Circle

424 ANS: 4 $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x = \frac{1}{4}x - 8$ $b^2 - 4ac$ $2x^2 + 8x = x - 32$ $7^2 - 4(2)(32) < 0$ $2x^2 + 7x + 32 = 0$

REF: 012310aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 425 ANS: 4

 $\frac{15000}{12000} = \frac{12000e^{.025t}}{12000}$ $1.25 = e^{.025t}$ $\ln 1.25 = \ln e^{.025t}$ $\ln 1.25 = .025t$ $\frac{\ln 1.25}{.025} = t$

REF: 082209aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 426 ANS: 2

$$\sqrt{(-2)^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{13}; \ \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{-3}{\sqrt{13}}}{\frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}}} = \frac{3}{2}$$

REF: 062304aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions KEY: extension to reals

427 ANS: 4

$$\frac{x^2+6}{x^2+4} = \frac{x^2+4}{x^2+4} + \frac{2}{x^2+4} = 1 + \frac{2}{x^2+4}$$

REF:082321aiiNAT:A.APR.D.7TOP:Addition and Subtraction of Rationals428ANS:3 $y = 1.77(1.18)^x$ $y(41) \approx 1,850,950$ REF:062314aiiNAT:S.ID.B.6TOP:RegressionKEY:exponential429ANS:4REF:082301aiiNAT:S.IC.B.6TOP:Analysis of DataKEY:bias

430 ANS: 3 REF: 012003aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

$$M = \frac{45000 \left(\frac{6.75\%}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{6.75\%}{12}\right)^{5 \times 12}}{\left(1 + \frac{6.75\%}{12}\right)^{5 \times 12} - 1} \approx 885.76$$

REF: 082316aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions 432 ANS: 4

Translate the parent log function 2 to the right and reflect over the *x*-axis.

NAT: F.IF.C.7 REF: 082207aii **TOP:** Graphing Logarithmic Functions 433 ANS: 1 $1.0325^{\frac{1}{12}} \approx 1.0027$ REF: 012323aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 434 ANS: 2 $\frac{x^2 + 12}{x^2 + 3} = \frac{x^2 + 3}{x^2 + 3} + \frac{9}{x^2 + 3} = 1 + \frac{9}{x^2 + 3}$ REF: 062218aii NAT: A.APR.D.7 TOP: Addition and Subtraction of Rationals 435 ANS: 2 40 - (20 + 22 - 15) = 13REF: 062204aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 **TOP:** Addition Rule 436 ANS: 2 $x^2 = 3x + 40$. x = -5 is an extraneous solution. $x^2 - 3x - 40 = 0$ (x-8)(x+5) = 0x = 8, -5REF: 012010aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions 437 ANS: 4 REF: 012014aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 438 ANS: 2 The mass of the carbon-14 is decreasing by half every 5715 years. REF: 062211aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions

$$\log 2^{t} = \log \sqrt{10} \quad 2) \frac{\log \sqrt{10}}{\log 2} = \log_{2} \sqrt{10}, \quad 1) \log_{2} \sqrt{10} = \log_{2} 10^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \log_{2} 10, \quad 3) \log_{4} 10 = \frac{\log_{2} 10}{\log_{2} 4} = \frac{1}{2} \log_{2} 10$$

$$t \log 2 = \log \sqrt{10}$$

$$t = \frac{\log \sqrt{10}}{\log 2}$$

REF: 012009aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations KEY: without common base

440 ANS: 3

 $\frac{x+2}{x} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{2x^2 + 6}{3x} \quad 0 \text{ is extraneous.}$ $\frac{x^2 + 3x + 6}{3x} = \frac{2x^2 + 6}{3x}$ $x^2 + 3x + 6 = 2x^2 + 6$ $x^2 - 3x = 0$ x(x-3) = 0x = 0,3

REF: 012309aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Rationals 441 ANS: 4 (1) and (3) are not recursive REF: 012013aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 442 ANS: 4 $\frac{m(c)}{g(c)} = \frac{c+1}{1-c^2} = \frac{c+1}{(1+c)(1-c)} = \frac{1}{1-c}$ REF: 061608aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 443 ANS: 4 $g(x): \frac{10-6}{4-2} = 2 t(x): \frac{3-5}{4-2} = 4$ REF: 062212ai NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 444 ANS: 4 1) is a correct formula, but not recursive REF: 082216aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 445 ANS: 4 $f(0) = 4\sin(2(0)) = 0; \ g(0) = 3(0)^4 + 2(0)^3 + 7 = 7; \ h(0) = 5e^{2(0)} + 3 = 8; \ j(0) = 6\log_2(3(0) + 4) = 12$ REF: 082310aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 **TOP:** Comparing Functions

446ANS: 1REF: 062201aiiNAT: N.RN.A.2TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents447ANS: 1

The product of the roots equals $(3+i)(3-i) = 9 - i^2 = 10 = \frac{c}{a}$. OR

$$(x - (3 + i))(x - (3 - i)) = 0$$

$$(x - 3 - i)(x - 3 + i) = 0$$

$$((x - 3) - i)((x - 3) + i) = 0$$

$$(x - 3)^{2} - i^{2} = 0$$

$$x^{2} - 6x + 9 + 1 = 0$$

$$x^{2} - 6x + 10 = 0$$

REF: 082208aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Complex Conjugate Root Theorem 448 ANS: 2

 $B(t) = 750 \left(1.16^{\frac{1}{12}} \right)^{12t} \approx 750(1.012)^{12t} \quad B(t) = 750 \left(1 + \frac{0.16}{12} \right)^{12t}$ is wrong, because the growth is an annual rate

that is not compounded monthly.

REF: spr1504aii NAT: A.SSE.B.3 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 449 ANS: 4 $x^3 - x^2yi - xy^2 + x^2yi - xy^2i^2 - y^3i = x^3 - xy^2 - xy^2(-1) - y^3i = x^3 - y^3i$

REF: 062223aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 450 ANS: 3 $x^2 - 6x + 9 - (x^2 + 6x + 9) = -12x$

REF: 062210aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 451 ANS: 1

$$\ln e^{x+2} = \ln \frac{7}{5}$$
$$(x+2)\ln e = \ln \frac{7}{5}$$
$$x = -2 + \ln \frac{7}{5}$$

REF: 062207aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations KEY: without common base

452 ANS: 1 $\frac{(x+3)(x+2)}{(x-5)(x+2)} + \frac{6(x-5)}{(x+2)(x-5)} = \frac{6+10x}{(x-5)(x+2)}$ 5 is extraneous. $x^2 + 5x + 6 + 6x - 30 = 10x + 6$ $x^{2} + x - 30 = 0$ (x+6)(x-5) = 0x = -6, 5

REF: 062319aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 453 ANS: 3

$$M = \frac{240000 \left(\frac{4.5\%}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{4.5\%}{12}\right)^{15 \times 12}}{\left(1 + \frac{4.5\%}{12}\right)^{15 \times 12} - 1} \approx 1835.98$$

REF: 062209aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions 454 ANS: 3 $3i(ai-6i^2) = 3ai^2 - 18i^3 = -3a + 18i$

REF: 062307aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 455 ANS: 3 x = 12y - 4x + 4 = 12y

$$\frac{x+4}{12} = y$$

REF: 082304aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear

456 ANS: 3

$$\frac{x^{\frac{1}{5}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}} = x^{\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{2}} = x^{-\frac{3}{10}} = \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3}{10}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[10]{x^3}}$$

| | REF: | 012312aii | NAT: | N.RN.A.2 | TOP: | Radicals and | Rationa | l Exponents |
|-----|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------------|---------|---------------------|
| 457 | ANS: | 4 | REF: | 062309aii | NAT: | F.IF.C.9 | TOP: | Comparing Functions |

458 ANS: 2
4300
$$e^{0.07x} = 5123$$

 $\ln e^{0.07x} = \ln \frac{5123}{4300}$
 $0.07x = \ln \frac{5123}{4300}$
 $x = \frac{\ln \frac{5123}{4300}}{0.07}$
 $x \approx 2.5$

REF: 012302aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 KEY: without common base

TOP: Exponential Equations

459 ANS: 4

| 0.008601 |
|----------|
| 07009001 |
| 0.021208 |
| 0.029809 |
| |
| |

REF: 062316aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: percent

460 ANS: 2

 $(x^{2}+3)^{2}-2(x^{2}+3)-24$ let $u = x^{2}+3$ $u^2 - 2u - 24$ (u-6)(u+4) $(x^{2}+3-6)(x^{2}+3+4)$ REF: 062310aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

461 ANS: 2 REF: 062206aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 462 ANS: 1 2 5....6

$$u = x + 2 \qquad u^{2} - 5u + 6$$

(u - 3)(u - 2)
(x + 2 - 3)(x + 2 - 2)
(x - 1)x

NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials REF: 012301aii KEY: higher power

463 ANS: 3 $\sqrt{3x+18} = x$ -3 is extraneous. $3x + 18 = x^2$ $x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$ (x-6)(x+3) = 0x = 6, -3REF: 082315aii **TOP:** Solving Radicals NAT: A.REI.A.2 **KEY:** extraneous solutions 464 ANS: 2 1) $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \infty$; 3) quartic polynomial; 4) three real roots REF: 012318aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 465 ANS: 2 -23(1) + 56 = 33; -23(-1) + 56 = 79REF: 062305aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 466 ANS: 1 REF: 062308aii 467 ANS: 3 a = 105, 0 < b < 1REF: 082314aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 468 ANS: 2 1.1 DEG 🚺 🗙 *Doc ٠ (-2,0) 1 (0.0) (3.0) r(x)=x4-x3-51x2 -6.67 REF: 012316aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 469 ANS: 4 1) -1 is also a zero. 2) $x^{2}(x-a) + 16(x-a) = (x^{2} + 16)(x-a) a$ is the only zero. 3) -a is the only zero. 4) $x^{2}(x-a) - 9(x-a) = (x^{2} - 9)(x-a).$ REF: 012019aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Solving Polynomial Equations 470 ANS: 4 REF: 082205aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Unit Circle NAT: S.ID.A.4 471 ANS: 1 REF: 062214aii **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: predict

$$\frac{x^{3} - 2x^{2} - x + 6}{x + 2} \frac{x^{4} + 0x^{3} - 5x^{2} + 4x + 14}{x^{4} + 2x^{3}} - 2x^{3} - 5x^{2} + 4x + 14}$$

$$\frac{x^{4} + 2x^{3}}{-2x^{3} - 5x^{2}} - 2x^{3} - 5x^{2} - x^{2} + 4x + 14$$

$$\frac{-2x^{3} - 4x^{2}}{-x^{2} + 4x} - x^{2} - 2x + 4x + 14$$

$$\frac{-x^{2} - 2x}{6x + 14} - 2x^{2} + 4x + 14$$

$$\frac{-x^{2} - 2x}{6x + 14} - 2x^{2} + 4x + 14$$

2

REF: 012305aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division ANS: 2

473 ANS: 2 $a_2 = 8 + \log_{2+1} 1 = 8 + 0 = 8$

$$a_3 = 8 + \log_{3+1} 2 = 8 + \frac{1}{2} = 8.5$$

REF: 062221aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 474 ANS: 3

between 000 and 449, inclusive $\rightarrow \frac{450}{1000} = 45\%$

REF: 012024aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data 475 ANS: 3 $x = \frac{2}{3}y + \frac{1}{6}$ 6x = 4y + 1 4y = 6x - 1 $y = \frac{6}{4}x - \frac{1}{4}$ REF: 062321aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 TOP: Inverse of Functions KEY: linear 476 ANS: 4 $2 \times 0.035 = 0.07$ REF: 012319aii NAT: S.IC.B.4 TOP: Analysis of Data

477 ANS: 3

$$\begin{array}{c} 2x+1\\ x+2\\ 2x^{2}+4x\\ x+8\\ x+2\\ 6\\ \end{array}$$
REF: 012007aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions
KEY: division
478 ANS: 3 REF: 062302aii NAT: A.SE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials
479 ANS: 4 REF: 012303aii NAT: F.LE.B.5 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions
480 ANS: 3 The distance from the vertex to the focus, *p*, is 4. Since the focus is below the vertex, *p* is negative.

$$y = -\frac{1}{4(4)}(x-2)^{2} + 1$$
REF: 082212aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions
481 ANS: 2 REF: 062324aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series
KEY: geometric
482 ANS: 3 REF: 082214aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions
483 ANS: 1

$$\begin{array}{c} 2x^{2}+x-6\\ x+3\\ 2x^{3}+7x^{2}-3x-25\\ \hline -6x-25\\ -6x-25\\ \hline -6x-18\\ -7\\ \end{array}$$
REF: 062203aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions
KEY: division
484 ANS: 2 REF: 012311ai NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

$$\begin{array}{r} x^{2} + 2x + 4 \\
x - 2 \overline{\smash{\big)}} x^{3} - 0x^{2} + 0x - 2 \\
 \underline{x^{3} - 2x^{2}} \\
 2x^{2} + 0x \\
 \underline{2x^{2} - 4x} \\
 4x - 2 \\
 \underline{4x - 8} \\
 6
 \end{array}$$

REF: 082217aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division 486 ANS: 3 $95.4x - 6x^2 - (0.18x^3 + 0.02x^2 + 4x + 180)$ NAT: F.BF.A.1 REF: 082322aii **TOP:** Operations with Functions REF: 082309aii 487 ANS: 1 NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 488 ANS: 4 $y = -(x-1)^2 + 5$ 3+y=4 $4-x = -x^2 + 2x - 1 + 5$ y = 1 $x^2 - 3x = 0$ x(x-3) = 0x = 0, 3REF: 082305aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 489 ANS: 3 x + y + z = 2 x - 2y - z = -4 2x - y = -2 x + 2 + z = 2 x + z = 0 0 + 2 + z = 2 $x - 2y - z = -4 \quad x - 9y + z = -18 \quad 2x - 11y = -22 \quad x - 2(2) - z = -4 \quad \underline{x - z = 0} \qquad z = 0$ 2x = 02x - y = -2 2x - 11y = -22 10y = 20x = 0y = 2

REF: 062311aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

ID: A

490 ANS: 2

$$2x^4 - x^3 - 16x + 8 = 0$$

 $x^3(2x - 1) - 8(2x - 1) = 0$
 $(x^3 - 8)(2x - 1) = 0$
 $x = 2, \frac{1}{2}$

REF: 012307aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems

Algebra II 2 Point Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

491 ANS: $F(t) = 169.136(.971)^{t}$ REF: 062232aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: exponential 492 ANS: $\frac{103}{110+103} = \frac{103}{213}$ REF: 061825aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 493 ANS: $(x^{2} + y^{2})^{2} = (x^{2} - y^{2})^{2} + (2xy)^{2}$ $x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} = x^{4} - 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} + 4x^{2}y^{2}$ $x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4} = x^{4} + 2x^{2}y^{2} + y^{4}$ NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities REF: 081727aii 494 ANS: $x^{2} + (x - 28)^{2} = 400$ y = 12 - 28 = -16 y = 16 - 28 = -12 $x^{2} + x^{2} - 56x + 784 = 400$ $2x^2 - 56x + 384 = 0$ $x^2 - 28x + 192 = 0$ (x-16)(x-12) = 0x = 12, 16REF: 081831aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 495 ANS: $\left(x^2-6\right)\left(x^2+2\right)$ REF: 081825aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: higher power 496 ANS: (4-3i)(5+2yi-5+2yi)(4 - 3i)(4yi) $16yi - 12yi^2$ 12y + 16yiREF: spr1506aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

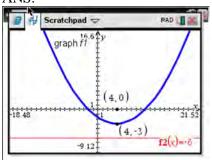
Applying the commutative property, $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$ can be rewritten as $\left(3^2\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$ or $9^{\frac{1}{5}}$. A fractional exponent can be

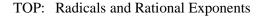
rewritten as a radical with the denominator as the index, or $9^{\frac{1}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{9}$.

REF: 081626aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 498 ANS:

$$\frac{x \cdot x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} = \frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}} \cdot x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{x^{\frac{10}{6}}} = x^{\frac{5}{6}}$$

REF: 082331aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 499 ANS:





The vertex of the parabola is (4,-3). The *x*-coordinate of the focus and the vertex is the same. Since the distance from the vertex to the directrix is 3, the distance from the vertex to the focus is 3, so the *y*-coordinate of the focus is 0. The coordinates of the focus are (4,0).

REF: 061630aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 500 ANS:

Based on these data, the two events do not appear to be independent. $P(F) = \frac{106}{200} = 0.53$, while

 $P(F|T) = \frac{54}{90} = 0.6$, $P(F|R) = \frac{25}{65} = 0.39$, and $P(F|C) = \frac{27}{45} = 0.6$. The probability of being female are not the same as the conditional probabilities. This suggests that the events are not independent.

REF: fall1508aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 501 ANS:

 $0 < e^{\frac{\left(\ln \frac{1}{2}\right)}{1590}} < 1, \text{ so } M(t) \text{ represents decay.}$ REF: 011728aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

$$\frac{3}{n} = \frac{2}{n^2} \quad 0 \text{ is an extraneous solution.}$$
$$3n^2 = 2n$$
$$3n^2 - 2n = 0$$
$$n(3n - 2) = 0$$
$$n = 0, \frac{2}{3}$$

REF: 062227aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 503 ANS:

 $(1-i)(1-i)(1-i) = (1-2i+i^2)(1-i) = -2i(1-i) = -2i + 2i^2 = -2 - 2i$

REF: 011725aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 504 ANS:

4% 8.75 = $1.25(1+r)^{49}$ or 8.75 = $1.25e^{49r}$

 $7 = (1+r)^{49} \qquad \ln 7 = \ln e^{49r}$ $r + 1 = \sqrt[49]{7} \qquad \ln 7 = 49r$ $r \approx .04 \qquad r = \frac{\ln 7}{49}$ $r \approx .04$

REF: 081730aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 505 ANS:

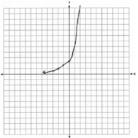
$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{-7}{25}}{\frac{-24}{25}} \cos \theta = \frac{-24}{25}$$

REF: 061928aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 506 ANS:

Randomly assign participants to two groups. One group uses the toothpaste with ingredient X and the other group uses the toothpaste without ingredient X.

REF: 061626aii NAT: S.IC.B.3 TOP: Analysis of Data





REF: 082425aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

508 ANS:

p is the distance from the focus to the vertex: 8-7=1. *p* is the distance from the directrix to the vertex: 1=7-d. y=6

d = 6

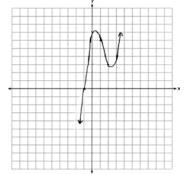
REF: 082330aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions 509 ANS:

Based on these data, the two events do not appear to be independent. $P(J) = \frac{145}{277} = 0.52$, while

 $P(J|D) = \frac{58}{139} = 0.42$. The probability of being a junior is not the same as the conditional probability of being a junior, given the junior drives to school.

REF: 062431aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

510 ANS:



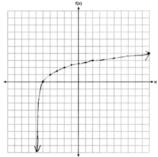
REF: 012032aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 511 ANS:

 $\pi < \theta < 2\pi \rightarrow$ Quadrant III or IV θ must be in Quadrant IV, where tan θ is negative.

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \rightarrow \text{Quadrant I or IV}$$

REF: 012332aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Finding the Terminal Side of an Angle





| 513 | REF: 061927aii ANS: | NAT: F.IF.C.7 | TOP: | Graphing Logarithmic Functions |
|-----|--|--|---------|---|
| | $\sqrt[3]{x} \bullet \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}} \bullet x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $=x^{\frac{2}{6}} \bullet x^{\frac{3}{6}} = x^{\frac{5}{6}}$ | | |
| 514 | REF: 061731aii KEY: with variables ANS: $\frac{p(x)}{x-1} = x^2 + 7 + \frac{5}{x-1}$ | | TOP: | Operations with Radicals |
| | $p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 7x - x^2 + 7$ | -7+5 | | |
| | $p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 7x - x^2 + 7$ | - 2 | | |
| 515 | REF: 061930aii KEY: division ANS: | NAT: A.APR.D.6 | TOP: | Rational Expressions |
| 010 | $x^{2}(4x-1) + 4(4x-1)$ | $) = (x^2 + 4)(4x - 1)$ | | |
| 516 | REF: 061727aii KEY: factoring by g ANS: | NAT: A.SSE.A.2 grouping | TOP: | Factoring Polynomials |
| | $\frac{2\pi}{\frac{2\pi}{5}} = 5$ The wheel | rotates every 5 minutes | 8. | |
| 517 | REF: 062429aii KEY: period ANS: | NAT: F.IF.C.7 | TOP: | Graphing Trigonometric Functions |
| 517 | | a that of the antire stud | lant ha | by but the first period computer science al |

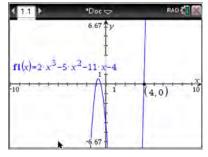
The opinion sought is that of the entire student body, but the first period computer science class may not be representative of the entire student body.

REF: 062427aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: bias

250(1) + 2450 = 2700 The maximum lung capacity of a person is 2700 mL.

REF: 081928aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 519 ANS:

 $f(4) = 2(4)^3 - 5(4)^2 - 11(4) - 4 = 128 - 80 - 44 - 4 = 0$ Any method that demonstrates 4 is a zero of f(x) confirms



that x - 4 is a factor, as suggested by the Remainder Theorem.

REF: spr1507aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 520 ANS:

 $xi(-6i)^2 = xi(36i^2) = 36xi^3 = -36xi$

REF: 081627aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 521 ANS:

Since there is no remainder when the cubic is divided by x + 3, this binomial is a factor.

REF: 082426aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 522 ANS:

 $e^{0.0532} > 1$, so P(t) is increasing.

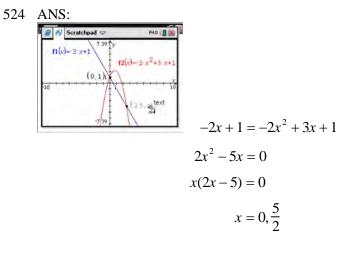
REF: 062327aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

523 ANS:

 $a_1 = 4$

 $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$

REF: 081931aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive



NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems REF: fall1507aii 525 ANS: 2(-1) + 5 = 3

REF: 082429aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions 526 ANS:

 $C(t) = 130(0.5)^{\frac{5.5}{5.5}}$

REF: 082430aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 527 ANS:

 $P(S \cap M) = P(S) + P(M) - P(S \cup M) = \frac{649}{1376} + \frac{433}{1376} - \frac{974}{1376} = \frac{108}{1376}$

REF: 061629aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule

528 ANS:

Self selection is a cause of bias because people with more free time are more likely to respond.

NAT: S.IC.B.6 REF: 061828aii TOP: Analysis of Data

NAT: N.RN.A.2

KEY: bias

529 ANS:

_

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3y^4}} = \frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{5}{3}}}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}y} = \frac{x^{\frac{8}{12}}y^{\frac{20}{12}}}{x^{\frac{9}{12}}y^{\frac{12}{12}}} = x^{-\frac{1}{12}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

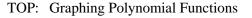
8

REF: 011925aii **KEY**: variables

530 ANS: $a_1 = 4$ $a_8 = 639$ $a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 1$ REF: 081729aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 531 ANS: $3x + 7 = x^2 - 2x + 1$ -1 is extraneous. $0 = x^2 - 5x - 6$ 0 = (x - 6)(x + 1)x = 6, -1REF: 062326aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals **KEY:** extraneous solutions 532 ANS: $\frac{B(11) - B(8)}{11 - 8} \approx -10.1$ The average monthly high temperature decreases 10.1° each month from August to November. REF: 011930aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 533 ANS: No. $0.499 \pm 2(0.049) \rightarrow 0.401 - 0.597$. Since 0.43 falls within this interval, Robin's coin is likely not unfair. REF: 061932aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 534 ANS: The denominator of the rational exponent represents the index of a root, and the numerator of the rational exponent represents the power of the base. $\left(\sqrt{9}\right)^5 = 243$ REF: 081926aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 535 ANS:

REF: 011831aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7



536 ANS: $\frac{10.1 - 2}{2} - \frac{2.5 - 0.1}{2} = 6.05 - 1.3 = 4.75$ REF: 081930aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: amplitude 537 ANS: $3(x^3 + 4x^2 - x - 4) = 0$ $(x^{2}(x+4) - (x+4)) = 0$ $(x^2 - 1)(x + 4) = 0$ $x = \pm 1, -4$ REF: 012325aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations 538 ANS: $\ln e^{1.5t} = \ln \frac{16}{3.8}$ $1.5t = \ln \frac{16}{3.8}$

$$t = \frac{\ln \frac{16}{3.8}}{1.5} \approx .96$$

REF: 062426aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Equations KEY: without common base

539 ANS:

 $3x - 2x^{2}i + 6i - 4xi^{2} + 2x^{2}i = 3x + 6i + 4x = 7x + 6i$

REF: 062425aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 540 ANS:

 $\frac{9}{6} = 1.5 \ a_1 = 6$ $a_n = 1.5 \cdot a_{n-1}$

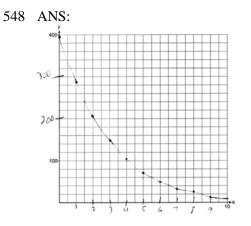
REF: 061931aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 541 ANS:

 $(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3$ No. Erin's shortcut only works if a = 0, b = 0 or a = -b. $a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 = a^3 + b^3$ $3ab^2 + 3a^2b = 0$ 3ab(b+a) = 0 a = 0, b = 0, a = -b

REF: 011927aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

The denominator of the rational exponent represents the index of a root, and the 4th root of 81 is 3 and 3³ is 27.

REF: 011832aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 543 ANS: $2x^{4} - 10x^{3} + 3x^{2} - 15x = x(2x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 3x - 15) = x(2x^{2}(x - 5) + 3(x - 5)) = x(2x^{2} + 3)(x - 5)$ REF: 082427aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials 544 ANS: $S_{10} = \frac{15 - 15(1.03)^{10}}{1 - 1.03} \approx 171.958$ REF: 011929aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 545 ANS: $A = Pe^{rt}$ $135000 = 100000e^{5r}$ $1.35 = e^{5r}$ $\ln 1.35 = \ln e^{5r}$ $\ln 1.35 = 5r$ $.06 \approx r \text{ or } 6\%$ REF: 061632aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 **TOP:** Exponential Growth 546 ANS: No, because $P(F / CR) \neq P(F)$ $\frac{36}{42+36} \neq \frac{17+37+36+15}{39+17+42+12+17+37+36+15}$ $\frac{36}{78} \neq \frac{105}{215}$ $\frac{6}{13} \neq \frac{21}{43}$ REF: 082231aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 547 ANS: $\frac{V(7) - V(2)}{7 - 2} \approx 48$ REF: 012427aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change



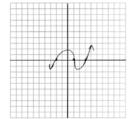
REF: 061729aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions 549 ANS:

$$j(-x) = (-x)^4 - 3(-x)^2 - 4 = x^2 - 3x^2 - 4$$
 Since $j(x) = j(-x)$, the function is even.

REF: 081731aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 550 ANS: r(2) = 0, $r(2)^2 = 5(2) + 6$

$$g(3) = 0; \qquad 0 = 3^{3} + a(3)^{2} - 5(3) + 6$$
$$0 = 27 + 9a - 15 + 6$$
$$-18 = 9a$$
$$a = -2$$

REF: 062328aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 551 ANS:



REF: 011729aii

NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

$$x = (y-3)^{3} + 1$$
$$x-1 = (y-3)^{3}$$
$$\sqrt[3]{x-1} = y-3$$
$$\sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3 = y$$
$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1} + 3$$

REF: fall1509aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 KEY: cubic TOP: Inverse of Functions

553 ANS:

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2x^{\frac{2}{2}}} = x^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{x}$$

KEY: variables

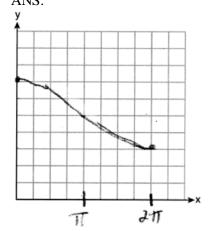
REF: 081826aii NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

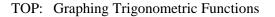
554 ANS:

q has the smaller minimum value for the domain [-2,2]. h's minimum is -1(2(-1)+1) and q's minimum is -8.

REF: 011830aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions 555 ANS:



REF: 062231aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 KEY: graph



556 ANS:

Translation 3 units right and 4 units up

REF: 012027aii NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions

$$\left(2xi^3 - 3y\right)^2 = 4x^2i^6 - 12xyi^3 + 9y^2 = -4x^2 + 12xyi + 9y^2$$

REF: 012431aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 558 ANS:

Pick random names from a list of all students and ask each one his method.

REF: 062325aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: bias

559 ANS:

$$(x^{3} + 2x - 1)(x^{2} + 7) - 3(x^{4} - 5x)$$

$$x^{5} + 7x^{3} + 2x^{3} + 14x - x^{2} - 7 - 3x^{4} + 15x$$

$$x^{5} - 3x^{4} + 9x^{3} - x^{2} + 29x - 7$$

REF: 012330aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions 560 ANS:

AINS:

REF: 082428aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions 561 ANS:

$$\left(\frac{\frac{17}{8}}{\frac{y}{8}}\right)^{-4} = y^n \quad n = -\frac{7}{2}$$
$$\left(\frac{y}{8}\right)^{-4} = y^n$$
$$y^{-\frac{7}{2}} = y^n$$

REF: 082228aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Expressions with Negative Exponents KEY: variables

562 ANS: $\frac{306.25 - 156.25}{70 - 50} = \frac{150}{20} = 7.5$ Between 50-70 mph, each additional mph in speed requires 7.5 more feet to stop. REF: 081631aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 563 ANS: Light wave C. The periods for A, B, and C are 280, 220 and 320. REF: 012030aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: period 564 ANS: No, because a 180° rotation of f about the origin does not map f onto itself. REF: 062432aii NAT: F.BF.B.3 TOP: Even and Odd Functions 565 ANS: $0.133696 \times 9256 \approx 1237$ NAT: S.ID.A.4 REF: 082230aii **TOP:** Normal Distributions KEY: predict 566 ANS: $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(1)(11)}}{2(1)} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-35}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{35}}{2}$ REF: 082432aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 **TOP:** Solving Quadratics 567 ANS: About 38% $\left(\frac{475}{1250}\right)$ of high school juniors in the population will choose a four-year college. REF: 012432aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data **KEY:** draw conclusions 568 ANS: No. $0.852 \pm 2(0.029) \rightarrow 0.794 - 0.91$. 0.88 falls within this interval. REF: 062332aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 569 ANS: $\frac{63}{189} = \frac{1}{3} a_1 = 189$ $a_n = \frac{1}{3}a_{n-1}$

TOP: Sequences

KEY: recursive

REF: 062329aii

NAT: F.BF.A.2

570 ANS:

$$\frac{8x - 3(x + 5)}{x(x + 5)} = 5$$

$$8x - 3x - 15 = 5x^{2} + 25x$$

$$0 = 5x^{2} + 20x + 15$$

$$0 = x^{2} + 4x + 3$$

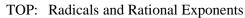
$$0 = (x + 3)(x + 1)$$

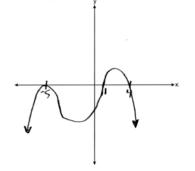
$$x = -3, -1$$

REF: 062430aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 571 ANS:

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{y^2}}\right)y^4 = \frac{y^{\frac{12}{3}}}{y^{\frac{2}{3}}} = y^{\frac{10}{3}} \qquad n = \frac{10}{3}$$

REF: 012428aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: 1 572 ANS:

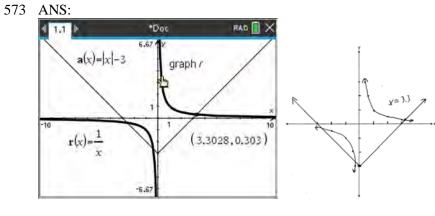




REF: 062428aii

aii NAT: F.IF.C.7

TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions



REF: 081932aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

$$\cos A = \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}$$
$$-3 = \frac{\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}}{\sin A}$$
$$\sin A = \frac{3}{-3\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

REF: 082229aii NAT: F.TF.C.8

575 ANS:



REF: 012328aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 KEY: percent **TOP:** Normal Distributions

TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions

576 ANS:

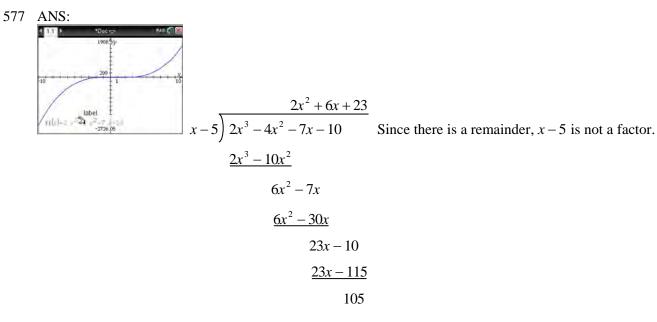
$$a^{x+1} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$$
$$x+1 = \frac{2}{3}$$
$$x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

REF: 012326aii

NAT: N.RN.A.2

TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents

ID: A



REF: 061627aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 578 ANS:

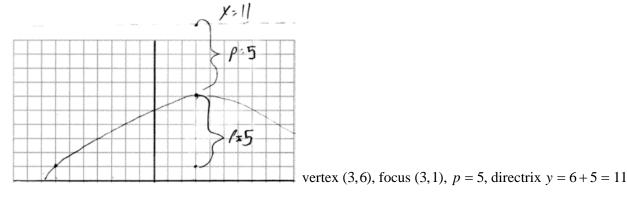
 $B(t) = 100(2)^{\frac{1}{30}}$

REF: 012031aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 **TOP:** Modeling Exponential Functions 579 ANS:

 $-x(2x^3 - x^2 - 18x + 9)$ $-x(x^{2}(2x-1)-9(2x-1))$ $-x(x^2-9)(2x-1)$ -x(x+3)(x-3)(2x-1)

REF: 062228aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping

580 ANS:



NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions REF: 012028aii

$$r = \frac{360}{300} = 1.2 \quad S_n = \frac{300 - 300(1.2)^n}{1 - 1.2} \quad S_{10} = \frac{300 - 300(1.2)^{10}}{1 - 1.2} \approx 7787.6$$

REF: 012029aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 582 ANS:

 $\frac{55}{t} = \frac{65}{t+3}$ 65t = 55t + 165 10t = 165 t = 16.5t + 3 = 19.5

REF: 082431aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Modeling Rationals 583 ANS:

$$-6(x+3)\left(\frac{-3}{x+3} - \frac{x}{6} + 1 = 0\right)$$

$$18 + x(x+3) - 6(x+3) = 0$$

$$18 + x^{2} + 3x - 6x - 18 = 0$$

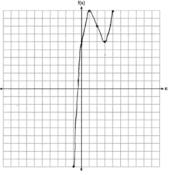
$$x^{2} - 3x = 0$$

$$x(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 0, 3$$

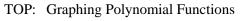
REF: 081829aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

584 ANS:



REF: 061826aii NA





585 ANS: $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ A and B are independent since $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$ $0.8 = 0.6 + 0.5 - P(A \cap B)$ $0.3 = 0.6 \cdot 0.5$ $P(A \cap B) = 0.3$ 0.3 = 0.3REF: 081632aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule 586 ANS: $\frac{p(8) - p(4)}{8 - 4} \approx 48.78$ REF: 081827aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 587 ANS: Amplitude, because the height of the graph shows the volume of the air. REF: 081625aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: mixed 588 ANS: $a_1 = 12$ $a_n = a_{n-1} + 6$ REF: 012430aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 589 ANS: REF: 081732aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 **TOP:** Graphing Polynomial Functions 590 ANS: Yes. P(Bl) = P(Bl|Gl) $0.14 + 0.26 = \frac{.14}{.35}$.4 = .4REF: 062229aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 **TOP:** Conditional Probability 591 ANS:

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(3)(8)}}{2(3)} = -\frac{5}{6} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{71}}{6}$$

REF: 082327aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

$$a_1 = 3$$
 $a_2 = 7$ $a_3 = 15$ $a_4 = 31$; No, because there is no common ratio: $\frac{7}{3} \neq \frac{15}{7}$

REF: 061830aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive 593 ANS:

$$\frac{x^2(2x+1) - 9(2x+1)}{x(3-x)} = \frac{(x^2 - 9)(2x+1)}{x(3-x)} = \frac{(x+3)(x-3)(2x+1)}{x(3-x)} = \frac{(x+3)(2x+1)}{-x}$$

REF: 062331ai NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: factoring

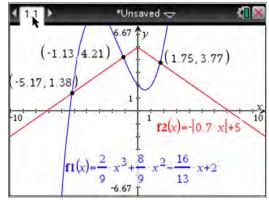
594 ANS:

 $\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = \frac{x^3+8}{x^3+8} + \frac{1}{x^3+8}$ $\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = \frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8}$

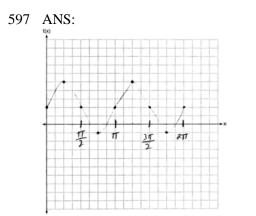
REF: 061631aii NAT: A.APR.D.7 TOP: Addition and Subtraction of Rationals 595 ANS:

```
(5xi^3 - 4i)^2 = (-5xi - 4i)^2 = 25x^2i^2 + 40xi^2 + 16i^2 = -25x^2 - 40x - 16
```

REF: 082329aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 596 ANS:



REF: fall1510aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems



REF: 081830aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 **TOP:** Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

598 ANS:

 $2(0.042) = 0.084 \approx 0.08$ The percent of users making in-app purchases will be within 8% of 35%.

REF: 081832aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data NS:

 $x^{3} - 2x^{2} - 9x + 18 = x^{2}(x - 2) - 9(x - 2) = (x^{2} - 9)(x - 2) = (x + 3)(x - 3)(x - 2)$

TOP: Factoring Polynomials REF: 082226aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2

KEY: factoring by grouping

600 ANS:

 $\frac{P(10.5) - P(0)}{10.5 - 0} \approx 10.76$ fruit flies per day

REF: 082332aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

601 ANS:

 $2x^3 - 3x^2 - 18x + 27$

 $x^{2}(2x-3) - 9(2x-3)$

```
(x^2 - 9)(2x - 3)
```

$$(x+3)(x-3)(2x-3)$$

REF: 082325aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 **TOP:** Factoring Polynomials

602 ANS:

Since there are six flavors, each flavor can be assigned a number, 1-6. Use the simulation to see the number of times the same number is rolled 4 times in a row.

REF: 081728aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 603 ANS: $\sqrt{4x+1} = 11-x$ 20 is extraneous. $4x+1 = 121-22x+x^2$ $0 = x^2 - 26x + 120$ 0 = (x-6)(x-20)x = 6,20

REF: 082227aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

604 ANS:

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(2)(8)}}{2(2)} = -\frac{5}{4} \pm \frac{i\sqrt{39}}{4}$$

REF: 061827aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics KEY: complex solutions | quadratic formula

605 ANS:

 $0 = \log_{10}(x-4)$ The x-intercept of h is (2,0). f has the larger value.

 $10^{0} = x - 4$ 1 = x - 4x = 5

REF: 081630aii NAT: F.IF.C.9 TOP: Comparing Functions

606 ANS:

 $D = 1.223(2.652)^A$

REF: 011826aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: exponential

607 ANS:

Using a 95% level of confidence, $x \pm 2$ standard deviations sets the usual wait time as 150-302 seconds. 360 seconds is unusual.

REF: 081629aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: draw conclusions

608 ANS: $\frac{7}{2x} - \frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{7x+7-4x}{2x^2+2x} = \frac{1}{4}$ $2x^2+2x = 12x+28$ $x^2 - 5x - 14 = 0$ (x-7)(x+2) = 0 x = 7, -2

REF: 061926aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

609 ANS:

$$\ln e^{0.49x} = \ln 7.5$$

0.49x = \ln 7.5
$$x = \frac{\ln 7.5}{0.49} \approx 4.112$$

REF: 062330aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 KEY: without common base TOP: Exponential Equations

610 ANS:

 $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{36}$

REF: 012327aii NAT: S.CP.A.2 TOP: Probability of Compound Events 611 ANS: 11.1 RAD Doc $f_1(x) = \sqrt{x-5} + x$ (6.7) (2(x)=7 $\sqrt{x-5} = -x+7$ $\sqrt{x-5} = -9+7 = -2$ is extraneous. -2.67 $x-5 = x^2 - 14x + 49$ $0 = x^2 - 15x + 54$ 0 = (x - 6)(x - 9)x = 6, 9

REF: spr1508aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

612 ANS: $\sqrt{x-4} = -x+6$ $\sqrt{x-4} = -8+6 = -2$ is extraneous. $x-4 = x^2 - 12x + 36$ $0 = x^2 - 13x + 40$ 0 = (x-8)(x-5)x = 5, 8

REF: 061730aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

613 ANS:

 $y = 2.459(1.616)^x$

REF: 012329aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: exponential 614 ANS:

$$t^{2} + \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^{2} = 1 \qquad -\frac{\sqrt{33}}{7}$$
$$t^{2} + \frac{16}{49} = \frac{49}{49}$$
$$t^{2} = \frac{33}{49}$$
$$t = \frac{\pm\sqrt{33}}{7}$$

REF: 011931aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Unit Circle 615 ANS:

$$M = \frac{(152500 - 15250) \left(\frac{.036}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{.036}{12}\right)^{360}}{\left(1 + \frac{.036}{12}\right)^{360} - 1} \approx 624$$

REF: 061831aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions 616 ANS: $1200 \cdot 0.784 \approx 941$

REF: 081828aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: predict

617 ANS:

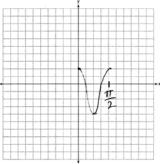
$$-\frac{1}{2}i^{3}(3i-4) - 3i^{2} = -\frac{3}{2}i^{4} + 2i^{3} - 3i^{2} = -\frac{3}{2} - 2i + 3 = \frac{3}{2} - 2i$$

REF: 081927aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers

618 ANS:

$$x^{3} + 4x^{2} - 9x - 36 = x^{2}(x+4) - 9(x+4) = (x^{2} - 9)(x+4) = (x+3)(x-3)(x+4)$$

REF: 012425aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials 619 ANS:



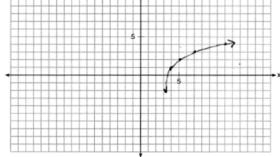
REF: 061628aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

620 ANS:

622 ANS:

$$\left(p^{2}n^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{8}\sqrt{p^{5}n^{4}} = \left(p^{16}n^{4}\right)p^{2}n^{2}\sqrt{p} = p^{18}n^{6}\sqrt{p}$$

REF: 012025aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 621 ANS:



REF: 011932aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

REF: 061832aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions KEY: extension to reals

$$2x^{2} - 7x + 4 = 11 - 2x \quad y = 11 - 2\left(\frac{7}{2}\right) = 4 \quad \left\{ \left(\frac{7}{2}, 4\right), (-1, 13) \right\}$$
$$2x^{2} - 5x - 7 = 0 \qquad \qquad y = 11 - 2(-1) = 13$$
$$(2x - 7)(x + 1) = 0 \qquad \qquad x = \frac{7}{2}, -1$$

REF: 082232aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 624 ANS:



REF: 012429aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: percent

625 ANS:

$$\sqrt[3]{81} = \sqrt[3]{3^4} = 3^{\frac{4}{3}} \quad a = \frac{4}{3}$$

4

REF: 062230aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

626 ANS:

 $\frac{165+66-33}{825} = \frac{198}{825}$

REF: 081925aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule

627 ANS:

The expression is of the form $y^2 - 5y - 6$ or (y - 6)(y + 1). Let $y = 4x^2 + 5x$: $(4x^2 + 5x - 6)(4x^2 + 5x + 1)$ (4x - 3)(x + 2)(4x + 1)(x + 1)REF: fall1512aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: a>1 628 ANS: period is $\frac{2}{3}$. The wheel rotates once every $\frac{2}{3}$ second.

REF: 061728aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: period

 $P(-2) = 60 \quad Q(-2) = 0 \quad (x+2) \text{ is a factor of } Q(x) \text{ since } Q(-2) = 0.$

REF: 081929aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 630 ANS:

$$20e^{.03t} = 30e^{.03t}$$
$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}e^{.05t}}{e^{.05t}} = \frac{e^{.03t}}{e^{.05t}}$$
$$\ln \frac{2}{3} = \ln e^{-.02t}$$
$$\ln \frac{2}{3} = -.02t \ln e$$
$$\frac{\ln \frac{2}{3}}{-.02} = t$$

$$20.3 \approx t$$

REF: 011829aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 631 ANS:

$$P(W/D) = \frac{P(W^{\wedge}D)}{P(D)} = \frac{.4}{.5} = .8$$

REF: 081726aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability 632 ANS:



REF: 011926aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

633 ANS:

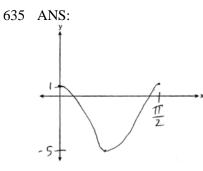
sample: pails of oranges; population: truckload of oranges. It is likely that about 5% of all the oranges are unsatisfactory.

REF: 011726aii NAT: S.IC.B.6 TOP: Analysis of Data KEY: draw conclusions

634 ANS:

A student is more likely to jog if both siblings jog. 1 jogs: $\frac{416}{2239} \approx 0.19$. both jog: $\frac{400}{1780} \approx 0.22$

REF: 061732aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability



REF: 082328aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

636 ANS:

 $i^2 = -1$, and not 1; 10 + 10i

REF: 011825aii NAT: N.CN.A.2 TOP: Operations with Complex Numbers 637 ANS:

$$\sin^2 \theta + (-0.7)^2 = 1$$
 Since θ is in Quadrant II, $\sin \theta = \sqrt{.51}$ and $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\sqrt{.51}}{-0.7} \approx -1.02$
$$\sin^2 \theta = .51$$

$$\sin \theta = \pm \sqrt{.51}$$

REF: 081628aii NAT: F.TF.C.8 TOP: Determining Trigonometric Functions 638 ANS:

REF: 061725aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 639 ANS:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2a^{2} + 5a + 2 \\
3a - 2 \overline{\smash{\big)}} 6a^{3} + 11a^{2} - 4a - 9} \\
2a^{2} + 5a + 2 - \frac{5}{3a - 2} \\
\underline{6a^{3} - 4a^{2}} \\
15a^{2} - 4a \\
\underline{15a^{2} - 4a} \\
\underline{6a - 9} \\
\underline{6a - 4} \\
-5 \end{array}$$

REF: 061829aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 13 \\ x - 2 \overline{\smash{\big)}} 3x^2 + 7x - 20 \\ 3x^2 - 6x \\ 13x - 20 \\ \underline{13x - 26} \\ 6 \end{array}$$

REF: 011732aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

641 ANS:

Let x equal the first integer and x + 1 equal the next. $(x + 1)^2 - x^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1 - x^2 = 2x + 1$. 2x + 1 is an odd integer.

REF: fall1511aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities

642 ANS:

No, because $P(M / R) \neq P(M)$

$$\frac{70}{180} \neq \frac{230}{490}$$
$$0.38 \neq 0.47$$

REF: 011731aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability

643 ANS:

 $\frac{13.9-9.4}{4-1} = 1.5$ The average rate of change in the number of hours of daylight from January 1-April 1 is 1.5.

REF: 061925aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

 $P(A+B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A) = 0.8 \cdot 0.85 = 0.68$

REF: 011928aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability 645 ANS:

 $x^4 - 5x^2 + 4$

$$(x^2 - 4)(x^2 - 1)$$

(x+2)(x-2)(x+1)(x-1)

REF: 012331aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials 646 ANS:

$$3x^{3} + x^{2} + 3xy + y = x^{2}(3x+1) + y(3x+1) = (x^{2} + y)(3x+1)$$

REF: 011828aii NAT: A.SSE.A.2 TOP: Factoring Polynomials KEY: factoring by grouping

 $m(3) = 3^3 - 3^2 - 5(3) - 3 = 27 - 9 - 15 - 3 = 0$ Since m(3) = 0, there is no remainder when m(x) is divided by x - 3, and so x - 3 is a factor.

REF: 012026aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 648 ANS:

 $x^{2} + 8x - 5 = 8x - 4$ $x^{2} - 1 = 0$ $x = \pm 1$

REF: 082326aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 649 ANS:

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{t_b}; \ \frac{24t_b}{8} + \frac{24t_b}{6} = \frac{24t_b}{t_b}$$
$$3t_b + 4t_b = 24$$
$$t_b = \frac{24}{7} \approx 3.4$$

REF: 011827aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 650 ANS:

Rewrite $\frac{4}{3}$ as $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$, using the power of a power rule.

REF: 081725aii NAT: N.RN.A.1 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents 651 ANS:

 $\left(x^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)^{\frac{6}{5}} = \left(y^{\frac{5}{6}}\right)^{\frac{6}{5}}$ $x^{2} = y$

REF: 011730aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

652 ANS:

| 1.1 1 | •Doc 🗢 🔤 | HAD 🕅 🌃 |
|-------------|------------|----------|
| normCdf(0,S | .25,8,0,5) | 0.691462 |
| 6 | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | 13 |

REF: 061726aii NAT: S.ID.A.4 TOP: Normal Distributions KEY: percent

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3x}$$
$$\frac{3 - x}{3x} = -\frac{1}{3x}$$
$$3 - x = -1$$
$$x = 4$$

REF: 061625aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

654 ANS:

 $\frac{60-20}{4-2} = \frac{40}{2} = 20$

REF: 082225aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

655 ANS:

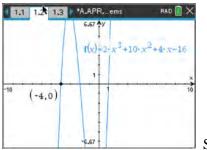
 $S_5 = \frac{6 - 6(.8)^5}{1 - .8} \approx 20.17$

REF: 062226aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 656 ANS:

 $b^2 - 4ac = (-4)^2 - 4(1)(13) = 16 - 52 = -36$ imaginary

REF: 062225aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Using the Discriminant KEY: determine nature of roots

657 ANS:



Since -4 is a zero, x + 4 is a factor.

REF: 012426aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 658 ANS:

 $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$, and $\sin \theta$ on a unit circle represents the *y* value of a point on the unit circle. Since $y = \sin \theta$, $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{y}$.

REF: 011727aii NAT: F.TF.A.2 TOP: Reciprocal Trigonometric Relationships

659 ANS: $\frac{x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} = x^{y}$ $x^{\frac{4}{3}} = x^{y}$ $\frac{4}{3} = y$

REF: spr1505aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: numbers

660 ANS:

No.
$$\left(\sqrt[7]{x^2}\right)\left(\sqrt[5]{x^3}\right) = x^{\frac{2}{7}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{5}} = x^{\frac{31}{35}} = \sqrt[35]{x^{31}}$$

REF: 061929aii NAT: N.RN.A.2 TOP: Radicals and Rational Exponents KEY: variables

Algebra II 4 Point Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

661 ANS:

$$P(F|L) = \frac{12}{27}$$
 $P(F) = \frac{22}{45}$ Since $P(F|L) \neq P(F)$, the events are not independent.

REF: 061936aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 662 ANS:

 $\frac{1200}{1200 + 2016} \approx .373$. Yes, because $\frac{1600}{4288} \approx .373$ also.

REF: 062334aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 663 ANS: $(-4)^2 + ((-6) - 1)^2 - 0 - 7 - (-6) - (-7) + (-2)$

$$(x-4)^{2} + ((x-6)-1)^{2} = 9 7 - y = 6 4 - y = 6 (7,1), (4,-2)$$

$$x^{2} - 8x + 16 + x^{2} - 14x + 49 - 9 = 0 1 = y -2 = y$$

$$2x^{2} - 22x + 56 = 0$$

$$x^{2} - 11x + 28 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 7,4$$

REF: 082436aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 664 ANS:

 $S_n = \frac{33000 - 33000(1.04)^n}{1 - 1.04} \quad S_{15} = \frac{33000 - 33000(1.04)^{15}}{1 - 1.04} \approx 660778.39$

REF: 061634aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 665 ANS:

U(10)

 $\frac{H(10) - H(2)}{10 - 2} \approx 11524$ From 2014-2018, the median house price increased \$11524 per year on average.

REF: 062434aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

666 ANS:

 $\frac{B(10) - B(6)}{10 - 6} \approx -3.88$. The average monthly high temperature decreases about 4° each month from June and October.

REF: 012336aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change

667 ANS:

 $2 = e^{0.0375t}$

 $t \approx 18.5$

REF: 081835aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth

1

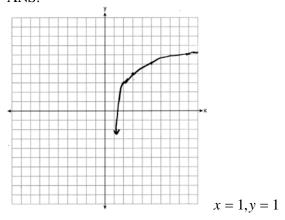
Some of the students who did not drink energy drinks read faster than those who did drink energy drinks.

17.7 - 19.1 = -1.4 Differences of -1.4 and less occur $\frac{25}{232}$ or about 10% of the time, so the difference is not unusual.

REF: 081636aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 669 ANS:

 $y = 101.523(.883)^{x} \quad 29 = 101.523(.883)^{x}$ $\frac{29}{101.523} = (.883)^{x}$ $\log \frac{29}{101.523} = x \log(.883)$ $\frac{\log \frac{29}{101.523}}{\log(.883)} = x$ $x \approx 10.07$

REF: 012036aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 670 ANS:



TOP: Regression KEY: exponential

671 ANS:

REF: 062436aii

TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions

$$(2x^{2} + x - 3) \bullet (x - 1) - [(2x^{2} + x - 3) + (x - 1))$$
$$(2x^{3} - 2x^{2} + x^{2} - x - 3x + 3) - (2x^{2} + 2x - 4)$$
$$2x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 6x + 7$$

NAT: F.IF.C.7

REF: 011833aii NAT: F.BF.A.1 TOP: Operations with Functions

$$7 = 20(0.5)^{\frac{1}{8.02}}$$
$$\log 0.35 = \log 0.5^{\frac{t}{8.02}}$$
$$\log 0.35 = \frac{t \log 0.5}{8.02}$$
$$\frac{8.02 \log 0.35}{\log 0.5} = t$$
$$t \approx 12$$

REF: 081634aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay

673 ANS:

 $f(x) = x^{2}(x+4)(x-3); g(x) = (x+2)^{2}(x+6)(x-1)$

t

NAT: F.BF.B.3 **TOP:** Transformations with Functions REF: 011836aii

674 ANS:

Yes. The margin of error from this simulation indicates that 95% of the observations fall within ± 0.12 of the simulated proportion, 0.25. The margin of error can be estimated by multiplying the standard deviation, shown to

be 0.06 in the dotplot, by 2, or applying the estimated standard error formula, $\left(\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) or \left(\sqrt{\frac{(0.25)(0.75)}{50}}\right)$

and multiplying by 2. The interval 0.25 ± 0.12 includes plausible values for the true proportion of people who prefer Stephen's new product. The company has evidence that the population proportion could be at least 25%. As seen in the dotplot, it can be expected to obtain a sample proportion of 0.18 (9 out of 50) or less several times, even when the population proportion is 0.25, due to sampling variability. Given this information, the results of the survey do not provide enough evidence to suggest that the true proportion is not at least 0.25, so the development of the product should continue at this time.

REF: spr1512aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 675 ANS:

$$\sqrt{49 - 10x} = 2x - 5 \qquad -\frac{3}{2} \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$49 - 10x = 4x^2 - 20x + 25$$

$$0 = 4x^2 - 10x - 24$$

$$0 = 2x^2 - 5x - 12$$

$$0 = (2x + 3)(x - 4)$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{2}, 4$$

REF: 012333aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 **TOP:** Solving Radicals **KEY:** extraneous solutions

676 ANS:

$$0 = 6(-5)^{3} + b(-5)^{2} - 52(-5) + 15 \quad z(x) = 6x^{3} + 19x^{2} - 52x + 15$$

$$0 = -750 + 25b + 260 + 15$$

$$475 = 25b$$

$$19 = b$$

$$-5 \boxed{ \begin{array}{c} 6 & 19 & -52 & 15 \\ \hline & -30 & 55 & 15 \\ \hline & 6 & -11 & 3 & 0 \end{array}}$$

$$6x^{2} - 11x + 3 = 0$$

$$(2x - 3)(3x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -5$$

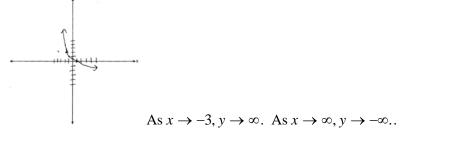
REF: fall1515aii NAT: A.APR.B.3 TOP: Solving Polynomial Equations 677 ANS:

| < 1.1 > | 1Doc 🗢 | RAD 📢 🖻 🖻 |
|----------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1000 y | 1 | |
| r1(x)=72 | 0 | |
| | (275 | 202,720) |
| | r2(x)-120000-0 | 0.004 (1.004) [×] |
| | (1. | 004) [×] -1 |
| | | |
| | | 50 |

$$720 = \frac{120000 \left(\frac{.048}{12}\right) \left(1 + \frac{.048}{12}\right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{.048}{12}\right)^n - 1} \quad \frac{275.2}{12} \approx 23 \text{ years}$$

$$720(1.004)^{n} - 720 = 480(1.004)^{n}$$
$$240(1.004)^{n} = 720$$
$$1.004^{n} = 3$$
$$n \log 1.004 = \log 3$$
$$n \approx 275.2 \text{ months}$$

REF: spr1509aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth 678 ANS:



679 ANS: $\frac{f(4) - f(-2)}{4 - 2} = \frac{80 - 1.25}{6} = 13.125 \ g(x) \text{ has a greater rate of change}$ $\frac{g(4) - g(-2)}{4 - 2} = \frac{179 - 49}{6} = 38$

REF: 061636aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 680 ANS:

$$100 = 325 + (68 - 325)e^{-2k} \quad T = 325 - 257e^{-0.066(7)} \approx 163$$
$$-225 = -257e^{-2k} \quad T = 325 - 257e^{-0.066(7)} \approx 163$$
$$k = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{-225}{-257}\right)}{-2}$$
$$k \approx 0.066$$

REF: fall1513aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 681 ANS:

 $x^{2} + (2x - 5)^{2} = 25 \quad y + 5 = 2(0) \quad y + 5 = 2(4) \quad (0, -5), (4, 3)$ $x^{2} + 4x^{2} - 20x + 25 = 25 \qquad y = -5 \qquad y = 3$ $5x^{2} - 20x = 0$ 5x(x - 4) = 0x = 0, 4

REF: 062236aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 682 ANS:

$$A(t) = 4000 \left(1 + \frac{2.4\%}{12}\right)^{12t} \quad B(t) = 3500 \left(1 + \frac{4\%}{4}\right)^{4t} \quad 8.4, \text{ the value of } t \text{ for which } A(t) = B(t)$$

REF: 012435aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

683 ANS:

Jillian's plan, because distance increases by one mile each week. $a_1 = 10$ $a_n = n + 12$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 1$$

REF: 011734aii NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences KEY: recursive

$$\frac{3x^{2} + 8x + 34}{3x^{3} - 4x^{2} + 2x - 1} = 3x^{2} + 8x + 34 + \frac{135}{x - 4} \quad x = 4 \text{ is not a root of } f(x) \text{ because } \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \text{ has a remainder.}$$

$$\frac{3x^{3} - 12x^{2}}{8x^{2} + 2x}$$

$$\frac{8x^{2} - 32x}{34x - 1}$$

$$\frac{34x - 136}{135}$$

REF: 082235aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

685 ANS:

 $a_n = x^{n-1}(x+1) \ x^{n-1} = 0 \ x+1 = 0$ x = 0x = -1

NAT: F.IF.A.3 TOP: Sequences REF: spr1511aii KEY: recursive

686 ANS:

 $0.602 \pm 2 \cdot 0.066 = 0.47 - 0.73$. Since 0.50 falls within the 95% interval, this supports the concern there may be an even split.

REF: 061635aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 687 ANS:

$$s(t) = 200(0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}} \qquad \frac{1}{10} = (0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$$
$$\log \frac{1}{10} = \log(0.5)^{\frac{t}{15}}$$
$$-1 = \frac{t \cdot \log(0.5)}{15}$$
$$t = \frac{-15}{\log(0.5)} \approx 50$$

REF: 061934aii

NAT: F.LE.A.4

TOP: Exponential Decay

$$3\sqrt{x} - 2x = -5$$

$$3\sqrt{x} = 2x - 5$$

$$9x = 4x^{2} - 20x + 25$$

$$4x^{2} - 29x + 25 = 0$$

$$(4x - 25)(x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{25}{4}, 1$$

REF: 011936aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

689 ANS:

 $6x - 3y + 2z = -10 \quad x + 3y + 5z = 45 \quad 4x + 10z = 62 \quad 4x + 4(7) = 20 \quad 6(-2) - 3y + 2(7) = -10$ $-2x + 3y + 8z = 72 \quad 6x - 3y + 2z = -10 \quad 4x + 4z = 20 \quad 4x = -8 \quad -3y = -12$ $4x + 10z = 62 \quad 7x + 7z = 35 \quad 6z = 42 \quad x = -2 \quad y = 4$ $4x + 4z = 20 \quad z = 7$

REF: spr1510aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

690 ANS:

 $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, and no, since 0.10 clearly falls within 95% of 0.20.

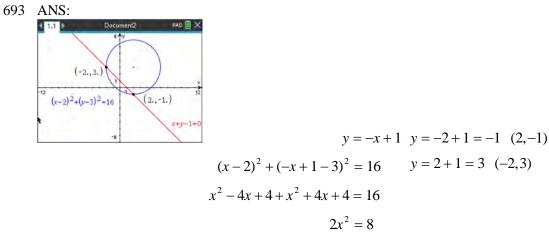
REF: 012334aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 691 ANS:

China: $\frac{P(120) - P(50)}{120 - 50} \approx 13.5$ India: $\frac{1380 - 376.3}{120 - 50} \approx 14.3$ India

REF: 082433aii NAT: F.IF.B.6 TOP: Rate of Change 692 ANS:

 $2x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 11x - 7 = 2x^{3} + hx^{2} + 3x - 8x^{2} - 4hx - 12 + k \quad h = -2$ $-2x^{2} + 8x + 5 = hx^{2} - 4hx + k \qquad k = 5$

REF: 011733aii NAT: A.APR.C.4 TOP: Polynomial Identities



$$x = -2, 2$$

REF: 012035aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 694 ANS:

 $N(t) = 950e^{0.0475t}$ The base is *e* because growth is continuous. $N\left(\frac{36}{24}\right) \approx 1020$

REF: 081933aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions 695 ANS:

$$\frac{x-2}{(x-6)(x-2)} + \frac{x(x-6)}{(x-6)(x-2)} = \frac{4}{(x-6)(x-2)}.$$
 6 is extraneous.
$$x-2+x^2-6x = 4$$
$$x^2-5x-6=0$$
$$(x-6)(x+1) = 0$$
$$x = 6,-1$$

REF: 082334aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals 696 ANS:

$$\left(\sqrt{2x-7}\right)^2 = (5-x)^2 \qquad \sqrt{2(4)-7} + 4 = 5 \quad \sqrt{2(8)-7} + 8 = 5$$
$$2x-7 = 25 - 10x + x^2 \qquad \sqrt{1} = 1 \qquad \sqrt{9} \neq -3$$
$$0 = x^2 - 12x + 32$$
$$0 = (x-8)(x-4)$$
$$x = 4,8$$

REF: 081635aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

S= 0.5 0.1 0.4 0.3 I = 0.7 0.2

This scenario can be modeled with a Venn Diagram: \Box

Since

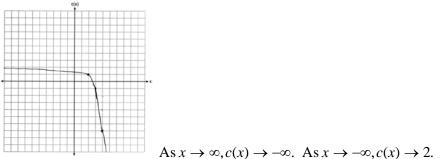
 $P(S \cup I)_c = 0.2$, $P(S \cup I) = 0.8$. Then, $P(S \cap I) = P(S) + P(I) - P(S \cup I)$ If S and I are independent, then the

= 0.5 + 0.7 - 0.8

= 0.4

Product Rule must be satisfied. However, $(0.5)(0.7) \neq 0.4$. Therefore, salary and insurance have not been treated independently.

REF: spr1513aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule 698 ANS:



REF: 012335aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Exponential Functions 699 ANS:

 $P(P/K) = \frac{P(P^{K})}{P(K)} = \frac{1.9}{2.3} \approx 82.6\%$ A key club member has an 82.6% probability of being enrolled in AP Physics.

REF: 011735aii NAT: S.CP.A.3 TOP: Conditional Probability 700 ANS:

$$\frac{x^{3} + 4}{x + 2} \frac{x^{3} + 4}{x^{4} + 2x^{3} + 4x - 10} x^{3} + 4 - \frac{18}{x + 2}$$
. No, because there is a remainder.
$$\frac{x^{4} + 2x^{3}}{4x - 10}$$
$$\frac{4x + 8}{-18}$$

REF: 011934aii NAT: A.APR.D.6 TOP: Rational Expressions KEY: division

701 ANS:

 $0.01 \pm 2 \cdot 0.38 = -0.75 - 0.77$. No, since 0.6 falls within the 95% interval.

REF: 082336aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

$$a+4b+6c = 23 \qquad a+2b+c = 2 \qquad 8b+3c = 16 \quad 2b+5(4) = 21 \quad a+4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)+6(4) = 23$$

$$\frac{a+2b+c=2}{2b+5c = 21} \qquad \frac{-a+6b+2c = 14}{8b+3c = 16} \qquad \frac{8b+20c = 84}{17c = 68} \qquad 2b = 1 \qquad a+2+24 = 23$$

$$c=4 \qquad b=\frac{1}{2} \qquad a=-3$$

REF: 011933aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

703 ANS:

 $2x + 4y - 3z = 12 \qquad 2x + 4y - 3z = 12 \qquad 8x + z = -6 \qquad 32x + 4z = -24 \qquad 8(-1) + z = -6 \qquad -(-1) + y - 3(2) = 0$ $2(3x - 2y + 2z = -9) \qquad 6x - 4y + 4z = -18 \qquad 2x - 8z = -18 \qquad \underline{x - 4z = -9} \qquad z = 2 \qquad y = 5$ $4(-x + y - 3z = 0) \qquad -4x + 4y - 12z = 0 \qquad 33x = -33$ x = -1

REF: 082335aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems

KEY: three variables

704 ANS:

23-18=5, $x \pm 2\sigma = -3.07 - 3.13$, Yes, a difference of 5 or more occurred three times out of a thousand, which is statistically significant.

REF: 061834aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 705 ANS:

 $29.101 \pm 2 \cdot 0.934 = 27.23 - 30.97$. Yes, since 30 falls within the 95% interval.

REF: 011935aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 706 ANS:

$$t = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{67}{9.81}} \approx 16.4 \ 9.6 = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{9.81}}$$

 $L \approx 22.9$

REF: 062234aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: context

707 ANS:

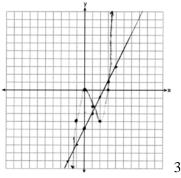
$$C(t) = 63000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0255}{12}\right)^{12t} \quad 63000 \left(1 + \frac{0.0255}{12}\right)^{12t} = 100000$$
$$12t \log(1.002125) = \log \frac{100}{63}$$
$$t \approx 18.14$$

REF: 061835aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth

$$2x - 6 = 2\sqrt{x - 1} \quad 2 \text{ is extraneous.}$$
$$4x^{2} - 24x + 36 = 4(x - 1)$$
$$x^{2} - 6x + 9 = x - 1$$
$$x^{2} - 7x + 10 = 0$$
$$(x - 5)(x - 2) = 0$$
$$x = 2.5$$

REF: 012434aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

709 ANS:



REF: 062233aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

710 ANS:

 $\frac{6.25 - 2.25}{21 - 5} = \frac{4}{16} = \$.25 \text{ fine per day. } 2.25 - 5(.25) = \$1 \text{ replacement fee. } a_n = 1.25 + (n - 1)(.25). a_{60} = \16

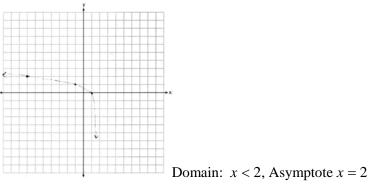
REF: 081734aii NAT: F.BF.A.2 TOP: Sequences KEY: explicit

711 ANS:

$$M = 172600 \bullet \frac{0.00305(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15}}{(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15} - 1} \approx 1247 \qquad 1100 = (172600 - x) \bullet \frac{0.00305(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15}}{(1+0.00305)^{12 \cdot 15} - 1} \\ 1100 \approx (172600 - x) \bullet (0.007228) \\ 152193 \approx 172600 - x \\ 20407 \approx x$$

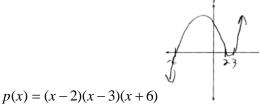
REF: 061734aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions





REF: 012034aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 713 ANS: $0.506 \pm 2 \cdot 0.078 = 0.35 - 0.66$. The 32.5% value falls below the 95% confidence level.

REF: 061736aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data 714 ANS:



REF: 062333aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 715 ANS:

normcdf(510, 540, 480, 24) = 0.0994 $z = \frac{510 - 480}{24} = 1.25$ $1.25 = \frac{x - 510}{20}$ $2.5 = \frac{x - 510}{20}$ 535-560 $z = \frac{540 - 480}{24} = 2.5$ x = 535 x = 560

REF: fall1516aii NAT: S.ID.A.4

KEY: probability

716 ANS:

The mean difference between the students' final grades in group 1 and group 2 is -3.64. This value indicates that students who met with a tutor had a mean final grade of 3.64 points less than students who used an on-line subscription. One can infer whether this difference is due to the differences in intervention or due to which students were assigned to each group by using a simulation to rerandomize the students' final grades many (500) times. If the observed difference -3.64 is the result of the assignment of students to groups alone, then a difference of -3.64 or less should be observed fairly regularly in the simulation output. However, a difference of -3 or less occurs in only about 2% of the rerandomizations. Therefore, it is quite unlikely that the assignment to groups alone accounts for the difference; rather, it is likely that the difference between the interventions themselves accounts for the difference between the two groups' mean final grades.

TOP: Normal Distributions

REF: fall1514aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

 $\frac{3+42}{1500} = 3\%$ $\frac{3}{3+12} = 20\%$ No, because a person is more likely to be allergic milk if he is also allergic to nuts.

REF: 012433aii NAT: S.CP.A.4 TOP: Conditional Probability 718 ANS:

 $.651 \pm 2 \cdot .034 = .58 - .72$. No, since .61 (122/200) falls within the 95% interval.

REF: 062235aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

719 ANS:

 $0.301 \pm 2(0.058) \rightarrow 0.185 - 0.417 \quad \frac{14}{60} \approx 0.23$. It is not unusual because 0.23 falls within this interval.

REF: 081935aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

720 ANS:

 $.819 \pm 2 \cdot .053 = .713 - .925$. Since .70 does not fall within the 95% interval.

REF: 082236aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

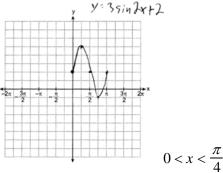
721 ANS:

 $P(x) = 500(0.97)^x$; 18; The number of palm trees and flamingos will be equal in 18 years.

 $F(x) = 200e^{0.02x}$

REF: 062336aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems

722 ANS:



REF: 012436aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

723 ANS:

 $a_n = 100(.8)^{n-1}$ $S_{20} = \frac{100 - 100(.8)^{20}}{1 - .8} \approx 494$ No, because $494 > 40 \times 12$.

REF: 012033aii NAT: A.SSE.B.4 TOP: Series KEY: geometric 724 ANS:

 $.795 \pm 2 \cdot .085 = .625 - .965$. Yes, as it is plausible at least .625 of the customers will purchase both.

REF: 062435aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

REF: 061733aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

726 ANS:

 $6x - 16y + 4z = -120 \quad 6x - 21y - 15z = -93 \quad 6x - 16y + 4z = -120 \quad 6 + z = 3 \quad -6x + 2(6) - 4(-3) = 36$ $6x - 21y - 15z = -93 \quad -6x + 2y - 4z = 36 \quad -6x + 2y - 4z = 36 \quad z = -3 \quad -6x + 24 = 36$ $-6x + 2y - 4z = 36 \quad -19y - 19z = -57 \quad -14y = -84 \quad -6x = 12$ $y + z = 3 \quad y = 6 \quad x = -2$

REF: 062433aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

727 ANS:

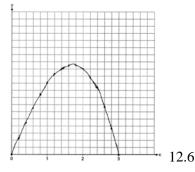
 $138.905 \pm 2 \cdot 7.95 = 123 - 155$. No, since 125 (50% of 250) falls within the 95% interval.

REF: 011835aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data

728 ANS:

$$16x^{4} - 81 = (4x^{2} + 9)(4x^{2} - 9) = (4x^{2} + 9)(2x + 3)(2x - 3).$$
 No, because $\pm \frac{3i}{2}$ are roots.

REF: 061933aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 729 ANS:



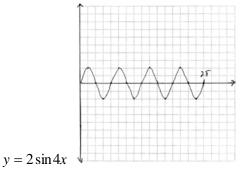
REF: 082234aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 730 ANS:

$$20000 = PMT \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{0.00625} \right) 21000 - x = 300 \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{0.00625} \right)$$
$$PMT \approx 400.76 \qquad x \approx 6028$$

REF: 011736aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Evaluating Exponential Expressions

a)
$$p(t) = 11000(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}$$
; b) $\frac{1000000}{11000} = \frac{11000(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}}{11000}$
 $\log \frac{1000}{11} = \log 2^{\frac{t}{20}}$
 $\log \frac{1000}{11} = \frac{t \cdot \log 2}{20}$
 $\frac{20 \log \frac{1000}{11}}{\log 2} = t$
 $t \approx 130.13$

REF: 082233aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Growth 732 ANS:



REF: 081934aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

733 ANS:

 $42.029 \pm 2 \cdot 3.105 \approx 35.82 - 48.24$. Yes, since 49.8 falls outside the 95% interval.

REF: 082434aii NAT: S.IC.A.2 TOP: Analysis of Data 734 ANS:

 $\sqrt{6-2x} + x = 2x + 30 - 9 \qquad \sqrt{6-2(-29)} \neq -29 + 21, \text{ so } -29 \text{ is extraneous.}$ $\sqrt{6-2x} = x + 21 \qquad \sqrt{64} \neq -8$ $6 - 2x = x^2 + 42x + 441$ $x^2 + 44x + 435 = 0$ (x + 29)(x + 15) = 0 x = -29, -15

REF: 061833aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: extraneous solutions

$$4x + 6y - 8z = -2 \ 4x + 6y - 8z = -2 \ 4x - 8y + 20z = 12 \ z + 2 = 3z - 4 \ y = 3 + 2 \ -4x + 5 + 3 = 16$$

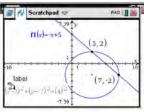
$$4x - 8y + 20z = 12 \ -4x + y + z = 16 \ 7y - 7z = 14 \ -7y + 21z = 28 \ z = 3 \ x = -2$$

$$y - z = 2 \ y - 3z = -4$$

$$y = z + 2 \ y = 3z - 4$$

REF: 081833aii NAT: A.REI.C.6 TOP: Solving Linear Systems KEY: three variables

736 ANS:



$$y = -x + 5 \quad y = -7 + 5 = -2$$

$$(x - 3)^{2} + (-x + 5 + 2)^{2} = 16 \qquad y = -3 + 5 = 2$$

$$x^{2} - 6x + 9 + x^{2} - 14x + 49 = 16$$

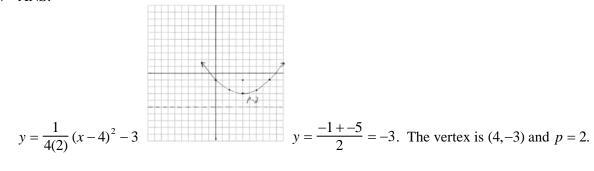
$$2x^{2} - 20x + 42 = 0$$

$$x^{2} - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$(x - 7)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$x = 7,3$$

REF: 061633aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems 737 ANS:



REF: 061935aii NAT: G.GPE.A.2 TOP: Graphing Quadratic Functions

$$y = 4.168(3.981)^{x}.$$

$$100 = 4.168(3.981)^{x}$$

$$\log \frac{100}{4.168} = \log(3.981)^{x}$$

$$\log \frac{100}{4.168} = x \log(3.981)$$

$$\frac{\log \frac{100}{4.168}}{\log(3.981)} = x$$

$$x \approx 2.25$$

REF: 081736aii NAT: S.ID.B.6 TOP: Regression KEY: exponential 739 ANS: y

$$0 = x^{2}(x+1) - 4(x+1)$$

$$0 = (x^{2} - 4)(x+1)$$

$$0 = (x+2)(x-2)(x+1)$$

$$x = -2, -1, 2$$

REF: 081633aii 740 ANS:

NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

$$\frac{3p}{p-5} = \frac{p+2}{p+3}$$
$$3p^2 + 9p = p^2 - 3p - 10$$
$$2p^2 + 12p + 10 = 0$$
$$p^2 + 6p + 5 = 0$$
$$(p+5)(p+1) = 0$$
$$p = -5, -1$$

NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals REF: 081733aii KEY: rational solutions

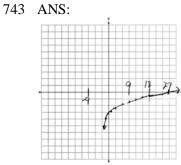
$$\frac{47}{108} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{116}{459} - P(M \text{ and } J); \text{ No, because } \frac{31}{459} \neq \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{116}{459}$$
$$P(M \text{ and } J) = \frac{31}{459}$$

REF: 011834aii NAT: S.CP.B.7 TOP: Addition Rule 742 ANS:

742 ANS.

 $\frac{h(2) - h(1)}{2 - 1} = -12, \ h(t) = 0 \text{ at } t \approx 2.2, 3.8, \text{ using a graphing calculator to find where } h(t) = 0.$

REF: 061836aii NAT: F.IF.B.4 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions

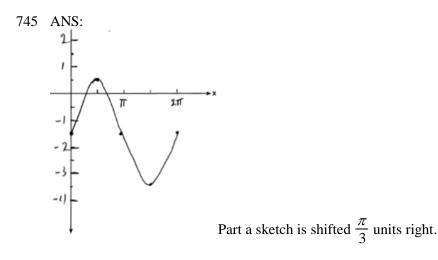


As $x \to -3$, $y \to -\infty$. As $x \to \infty$, $y \to \infty$.

REF: 061735aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Logarithmic Functions 744 ANS:

No, because $f(-x) = 2^{-x}$ g(x) = f(x) + 5 $2^{-x} \neq 2^{x}$ g(x) = f(x) + 5 $y = 2^{x} + 5$ $\log(x - 5) = \log 2^{y}$ $\frac{\log(x - 5)}{\log 2} = \frac{y \log 2}{\log 2}$ $\frac{\log(x - 5)}{\log 2} = h(x)$

REF: 082435aii NAT: F.BF.B.4 KEY: exponential TOP: Inverse of Functions



REF: 081735aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph ANS:

$$j(-1) = 2(-1)^{4} - (-1)^{3} - 35(-1)^{2} + 16(-1) + 48 = 2 + 1 - 35 - 16 + 48 = 0; x + 1 \text{ is a factor of } j(x);$$

$$2x^{3} - 3x^{2} - 32x + 48 = 0$$

$$x^{2}(2x - 3) - 16(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$\left(x^{2} - 16\right)(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$x = \pm 4, \frac{3}{2}$$

REF: 081834aii NAT: A.APR.B.2 TOP: Remainder and Factor Theorems 747 ANS:

 $x^2 - 6x = -17$ The solution is imaginary because the parabola and line do not intersect.

$$x^{2}-6x+9 = -17+9$$
$$(x-3)^{2} = -8$$
$$x-3 = \pm 2i\sqrt{2}$$
$$x = 3 \pm 2i\sqrt{2}$$

REF: 081936aii NAT: A.REI.B.4 TOP: Solving Quadratics

KEY: complex solutions | completing the square

748 ANS:

John found the means of the scores of the two rooms and subtracted the means. The mean score for the classical room was 7 higher than the rap room (82-75). Yes, there is less than a 5% chance this difference occurring due to random chance. It is likely the difference was due to the music.

REF: 081836aii NAT: S.IC.B.5 TOP: Analysis of Data

And:

$$(x-2)^{2} + (-2x+7-3)^{2} = 20 \quad y = -2(0) + 7 = 7 \quad (0,7), (4,-1)$$

$$(x-2)^{2} + (-2x+4)^{2} = 20 \quad y = -2(4) + 7 = -1$$

$$x^{2} - 4x + 4 + 4x^{2} - 16x + 16 = 20$$

$$5x^{2} - 20x = 0$$

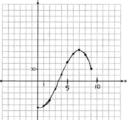
$$5x(x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 0, 4$$

REF: 062335aii NAT: A.REI.C.7 TOP: Quadratic-Linear Systems

Algebra II 6 Point Regents Exam Questions Answer Section

750 ANS:



is first greater than 0. (7,78) If 7000 sweatshirts are sold, the profit is \$78,000. 3,549, because that is when p(x)

REF: 012437aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions 751 ANS:

antibiotic
$$n(0) = \frac{0+1}{0+5} + \frac{18}{0^2 + 8(0) + 15} = \frac{3}{15} + \frac{18}{15} = \frac{21}{15}$$

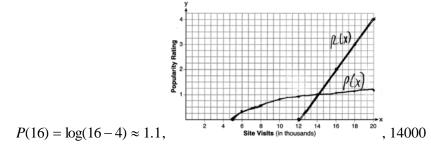
 $a(0) = \frac{9}{0+3} = 3$
 $\frac{(t+1)(t+3)}{(t+5)(t+3)} + \frac{18}{(t+3)(t+5)} = \frac{9(t+5)}{(t+3)(t+5)}$
 $t^2 + 4t + 3 + 18 = 9t + 45$
 $t^2 - 5t - 24 = 0$
 $(t-8)(t+3) = 0$
 $t = 8$

REF: 012037aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Rationals KEY: rational solutions

752 ANS:

$$A(t) = 8000 \left(1 + \frac{.042}{4}\right)^{4t} \quad A(18) = 16970.900 \quad 24000 = 8000e^{.039t}$$
$$B(18) = \frac{16142.274}{828.63} \quad \ln 3 = \ln e^{.039t}$$
$$t \approx 28.2$$

REF: 082337aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth



REF: 061837aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 754 ANS:

$$100 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \log \frac{100}{140} = \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{5}{h}} \qquad 40 = 140 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$
$$\log \frac{5}{7} = \frac{5}{h} \log \frac{1}{2} \qquad \log \frac{2}{7} = \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{10.3002}}$$
$$h = \frac{5 \log \frac{1}{2}}{\log \frac{5}{7}} \approx 10.3002 \qquad \log \frac{2}{7} = \frac{t \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{10.3002}$$
$$t = \frac{10.3002 \log \frac{2}{7}}{\log \frac{1}{2}} \approx 18.6$$

REF: 061737aii NAT: F.LE.A.4 TOP: Exponential Decay 755 ANS:

$$0 = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6 \ 2\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) - 6 < 0, \text{ so } \frac{9}{4} \text{ is extraneous.}$$

$$2t - 6 = \sqrt{t}$$

$$4t^2 - 24t + 36 = t$$

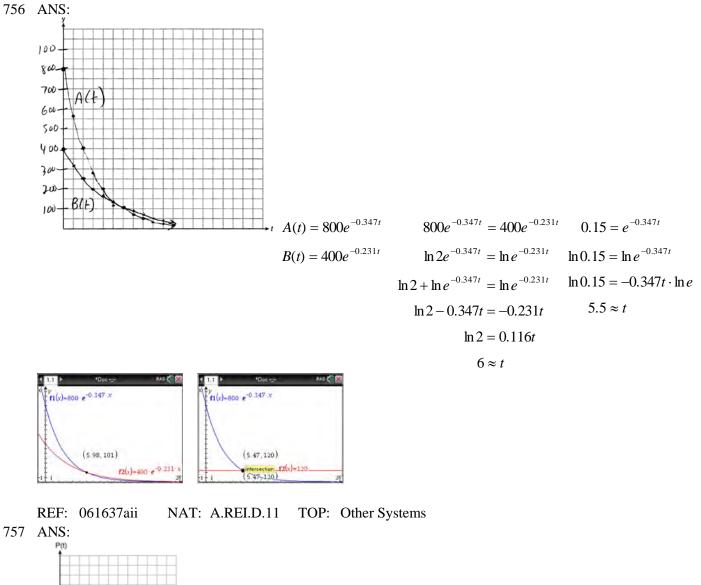
$$4t^2 - 25t + 36 = 0$$

$$(4t - 9)(t - 4) = 0$$

$$t = \frac{9}{4}, 4$$

$$(\sqrt{1} - 2(1) + 6) - (\sqrt{3} - 2(3) + 6) = 5 - \sqrt{3} \approx 3.268 \ 327 \text{ mph}$$

REF: 011737aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: context



The period of *P* is $\frac{2}{3}$, which means the patient's blood pressure reaches a high every $\frac{2}{3}$ second and a low every $\frac{2}{3}$ second. The patient's blood pressure is high because 144 over 96 is greater than 120 over 80.

REF: 011837aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

 $B = 1.69\sqrt{30 + 4.45} - 3.49 \approx 6$, which is a steady breeze. $15 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49$

$$18.49 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{18.49}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\left(\frac{18.49}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$

$$s = \left(\frac{18.49}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$

$$s \approx 115$$

$$9.5 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49 \qquad 10.49 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} - 3.49 \quad 55-64$$

$$12.99 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45} \qquad 13.98 = 1.69\sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\frac{12.99}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45} \qquad \frac{13.98}{1.69} = \sqrt{s + 4.45}$$

$$\left(\frac{12.99}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45 \qquad \left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 = s + 4.45$$

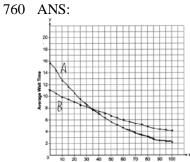
$$s = \left(\frac{12.99}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45 \qquad s = \left(\frac{13.98}{1.69}\right)^2 - 4.45$$

$$s \approx 55 \qquad s \approx 64$$

REF: 081937aii NAT: A.REI.A.2 TOP: Solving Radicals KEY: context

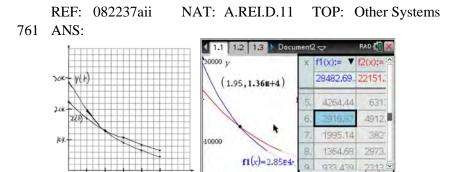
759 ANS:

 $A(t) = 100(0.5)^{\frac{t}{63}}, \text{ where } t \text{ is time in years, and } A(t) \text{ is the amount of titanium-44 left after } t \text{ years.}$ $\frac{A(10) - A(0)}{10 - 0} = \frac{89.58132 - 100}{10} = -1.041868 \text{ The estimated mass at } t = 40 \text{ is } 100 - 40(-1.041868) \approx 58.3. \text{ The}$ actual mass is $A(40) = 100(0.5)^{\frac{40}{63}} \approx 64.3976.$ The estimated mass is less than the actual mass. REF: fall1517aii NAT: F.LE.A.2 TOP: Modeling Exponential Functions



2 3

 $O_{\text{Number of Customer Service Representatives}}^{\circ} 35; B(100) - A(100) \approx 2$, which represents the difference of the average wait time when there are 100 CSRs between the plans.



At 1.95 years, the value of the car equals the loan

balance. Zach can cancel the policy after 6 years.

REF: 081737aii NAT: A.REI.D.11 TOP: Other Systems 762 ANS:

$$A(t) = 1200 \left(1 + \frac{6.4\%}{4}\right)^{4t}$$
 Barnyard because $A(10) \approx 2264.28$

$$B(18) = 2264.43$$
 ln 3 = ln e^{6.35% t}
ln 3 = 0.635t

$$\frac{\ln 3}{0.635} = \frac{0.635t}{0.635}$$

$$t \approx 17.3$$

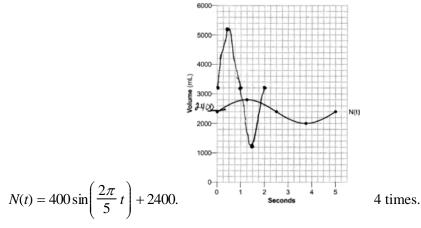
2916.87444383

REF: 082437aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth 763 ANS:

 $112 = 73 + (237 - 73)e^{-1.5k} \quad T(2.5) = 73 + (237 - 73)e^{(-.958)(2.5)} \approx 88 \quad 80 = 73 + (237 - 73)e^{-.958t}$ $k \approx .958 \qquad t \approx 3.3$

REF: 062437aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Decay

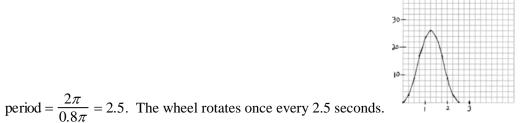
5



REF: 062337aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 KEY: graph 765 ANS:



TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions



No, because the maximum

of f(t) = 26.

REF: 061937aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph

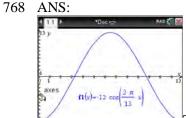
766 ANS:

$$T = (400 - 75)e^{-0.0735t} + 75, \ 325e^{-0.0735(5)} + 75 \approx 300, \ 270 = (450 - 75)e^{-8t} + 75, \ 325e^{-0.0735t} + 75 = 375e^{-0.0817t} + 75$$
$$r \approx 0.0817 \qquad t \approx 17$$

REF: 012337aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Decay 767 ANS:

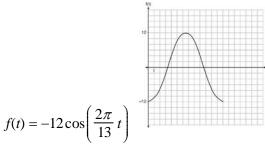
$$A = 5000(1.045)^{n} \qquad 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4(6)} - 5000(1.045)^{6} \approx 6578.87 - 6511.30 \approx 67.57 \quad 10000 = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{.046}{4}\right)^{4n}$$
$$2 = 1.0115^{4n}$$
$$\log 2 = 4n \cdot \log 1.0115$$
$$n = \frac{\log 2}{4 \log 1.0115}$$
$$n \approx 15.2$$

REF: 081637aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth



The amplitude, 12, can be interpreted from the situation, since the water level has a minimum of -12 and a maximum of 12. The value of *A* is -12 since at 8:30 it is low tide. The period of the function is 13 hours, and is expressed in the function through the parameter *B*. By experimentation with

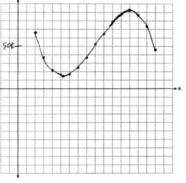
technology or using the relation $P = \frac{2\pi}{B}$ (where P is the period), it is determined that $B = \frac{2\pi}{13}$.



 $P(x) = R(x) - C(x) = -330x^3 + 9000x^2 - 67000x + 167000$

In order to answer the question about when to fish, the student must interpret the function and determine which choice, 7:30 pm or 10:30 pm, is on an increasing interval. Since the function is increasing from t = 13 to t = 19.5 (which corresponds to 9:30 pm to 4:00 am), 10:30 is the appropriate choice.

REF: spr1514aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Trigonometric Functions KEY: graph 769 ANS:

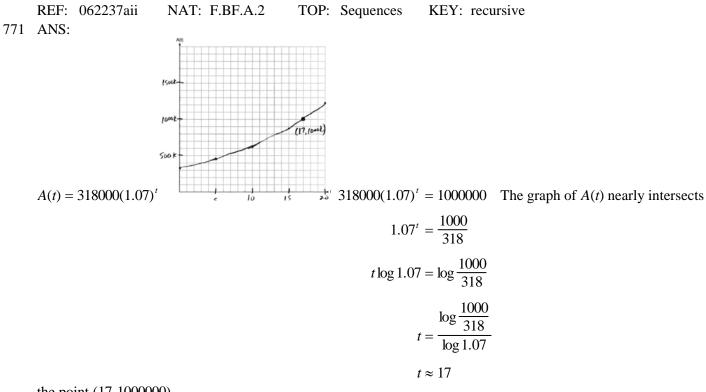


Least profitable at year

5 because there is a minimum in P(x). Most profitable at year 13 because there is a maximum in P(x).

REF: 081837aii NAT: F.IF.C.7 TOP: Graphing Polynomial Functions

1.5%;
$$P(t) = 92.2(1.015)^{t}$$
; $\frac{300}{92.2} = (1.015)^{t}$
 $\log \frac{300}{92.2} = t \log(1.015)$
 $\frac{\log \frac{300}{92.2}}{\log(1.015)} = t$
 $t \approx 79$



the point (17, 100000).

REF: 011937aii NAT: A.CED.A.1 TOP: Exponential Growth