JEFFERSON MATH PROJECT REGENTS BY TOPIC

All 476 NY Math B Regents Exam Questions from June 2001 to August 2005 Sorted by Topic (Answer Key)

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Dear Sir

I have to acknologe the reciept of your favor of May 14. in which you mention that you have finished the 6. first books of Éuclid, plane trigonometry, surveying & algebra and ask whether I think a further pursuit of that branch of science would be useful to you. there are some propositions in the latter books of Éuclid, & some of Archimedes, which are useful, & I have no doubt you have been made acquainted with them. trigonometry, so far as this, is most valuable to every man, there is scarcely a day in which he will not resort to it for some of the purposes of common life. the science of calculation also is indispensible as far as the extraction of the square & cube roots; Algebra as far as the quadratic equation & the use of logarithms are often of value in ordinary cases: but all beyond these is but a luxury; a delicious luxury indeed; but not to be indulged in by one who is to have a profession to follow for his subsistence. in this light I view the conic sections, curves of the higher orders, perhaps even spherical trigonometry, Algebraical operations beyond the 2d dimension, and fluxions. Letter from Thomas Jefferson to William G. Munford, Monticello, June 18, 1799.

ALGEBRA

ALGEDKA				
TOPIC	<u>KEYWORDS</u>	# of ?s	PG	
NUMBERS, OPERATIONS & PROPERTIES	Properties of Integers, Imaginary Numbers, Complex Numbers, Summations		1	
GRAPHS & STATISTICS	Relating Graphs to Events, Central Tendency, Standard Deviation, Line of Best Fit, Analyzing Statistical Data, Normal Distributions	31	3	
PROBABILITY	Normal Probability, Binomial Probability	17	9	
RATE	Speed	3	11	
FUNCTIONS	Modeling Relationships, Graphing Functions, Defining Functions, Compositions of Functions, Operations with Functions, Inverse of Functions	36	11	
LINEAR SYSTEMS	Writing Linear Systems, Break Even	4	16	
INEQUALITIES	Absolute Value Inequalities, Quadratic Inequalities	16	17	
QUADRATICS	Graphing Quadratics, Minimum and Maximum of Quadratics, Systems with Quadratics, Quadratic Formula, Using the Discriminant	35	20	
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RADICALS	Rationalizing Denominators, Properties of Radicals, Solving Radicals, Exponents as Radicals		31	
RATIONALS	Operations with Rationals, Solving Rationals, Rational Functions, Rational Expressions, Complex Fractions, Inverse Variation	42	33	
	GEOMETRY			
ANGLES Unit Circle, Radian Measure, Trigonometric Identities, Inverse Trigonometric Ratios, Solving Trigonometric Equations, Trigonometric Graphs		62	37	
TRIANGLES	TRIANGLESPerimeter and Area of Triangles, Triangle Inequalities, Using Trigonometry to Solve Triangle Inequalities, Basic Trigonometric Ratios, Using Trigonometry to Find Area, Law of Cosines, Law of Sines, Vectors, Triangle Proofs		45	
OTHER POLYGONS	Perimeter and Area of Other Polygons, Other Polygon Proofs		51	
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SOLIDS	Volume	1	60	
TRANSFORMATIONS	Translations, Dilations, Reflections, Isometries, Rotations, Compositions of Transformations	23	60	

NUMBERS, OPERATIONS & PROPERTIES

PROPERTIES OF INTEGERS

 Tom scored 23 points in a basketball game. He attempted 15 field goals and 6 free throws. If each successful field goal is 2 points and each successful free throw is 1 point, is it possible he successfully made all 6 of his free throws? Justify your answer.

IMAGINARY NUMBERS

2. Expressed in simplest form, $i^{16} + i^6 - 2i^5 + i^{13}$ is equivalent to

[A] 1 [B] -i [C] -1 [D] i

- 3. When simplified, $i^{27} + i^{34}$ is equal to
 - [A] i [B] i^{61} [C] i-1 [D] -i-1
- 4. What is the value of i⁹⁹ i³?
 [A] 1 [B] i⁹⁶ [C] 0 [D] -i
- 5. What is the sum of $\sqrt{-2}$ and $\sqrt{-18}$? [A] $2i\sqrt{5}$ [B] $5i\sqrt{2}$
 - [C] 6*i* [D] $4i\sqrt{2}$
- 6. The expression $i^0 \cdot i^1 \cdot i^2 \cdot i^3 \cdot i^4$ is equal to [A] 1 [B] -i [C] -1 [D] i
- 7. The expression $\frac{i^{16}}{i^3}$ is equivalent to [A] -*i* [B] 1 [C] -1 [D] *i*

COMPLEX NUMBERS

- 8. Express $\sqrt{-48} + 3.5 + \sqrt{25} + \sqrt{-27}$ in simplest a + bi form.
- 9. What is the sum of $2 \sqrt{-4}$ and $-3 + \sqrt{-16}$ expressed in simplest a + bi form?
 - [A] -1+12i [B] -1+2i
 - [C] -14+i [D] $-1+i\sqrt{20}$
- 10. What is the product of $5+\sqrt{-36}$ and $1-\sqrt{-49}$, expressed in simplest a + bi form?
 - [A] 47 29i [B] 47 + 41i
 - [C] 5 71i [D] -37 + 41i
- 11. When expressed as a monomial in terms of *i*, $2\sqrt{-32}-5\sqrt{-8}$ is equivalent to [A] $2i\sqrt{2}$ [B] $18i\sqrt{2}$ [C] $2\sqrt{2i}$ [D] $-2i\sqrt{2}$
- 12. The expression $(-1+i)^3$ is equivalent to
 - [A] -1 i [B] -2 2i[C] 2 + 2i [D] -3i
- 13. If $f(x) = x^3 2x^2$, then f(i) is equivalent to [A] 2 + i [B] 2 - i [C] -2 - i [D] -2 + i
- 14. The expression $\frac{2+i}{3+i}$ is equivalent to

[A]
$$\frac{7+i}{10}$$
 [B] $\frac{6+i}{8}$

[C]
$$\frac{6+5i}{8}$$
 [D] $\frac{7-5i}{10}$

- 15. What is the value of x in the equation $\sqrt{5-2x} = 3i$? [A] -2 [B] 7 [C] 1 [D] 4
- 16. Melissa and Joe are playing a game with complex numbers. If Melissa has a score of 5-4i and Joe has a score of 3+2i, what is their total score?

[A] 8 - 2 <i>i</i>	[B] $8 + 2i$
[C] 8 - 6 <i>i</i>	[D] 8+6 <i>i</i>

- 17. Show that the product of a + bi and its conjugate is a real number.
- 18. In an electrical circuit, the voltage, *E*, in volts, the current, *I*, in amps, and the opposition to the flow of current, called impedance, *Z*, in ohms, are related by the equation E = IZ. A circuit has a current of (3 + i) amps and an impedance of (-2 + i) ohms. Determine the voltage in a + bi form.
- 19. The relationship between voltage, *E*, current, *I*, and resistance, *Z*, is given by the equation E = IZ. If a circuit has a current I = 3+2i and a resistance Z = 2-i, what is the voltage of this circuit?

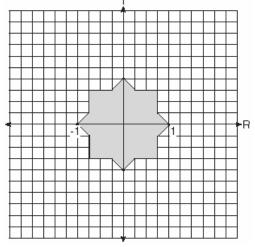
[A] 8 + i [B] 4 + i [C] 4 - i [D] 8 + 7i

20. Impedance measures the opposition of an electrical circuit to the flow of electricity. The total impedance in a particular circuit is given by

the formula $Z_T = \frac{Z_1 Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2}$. What is the total impedance of a circuit, Z_T , if $Z_1 = 1 + 2i$ and $Z_2 = 1 - 2i$?

[A] 0 [B]
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$
 [C] $\frac{5}{2}$ [D] 1

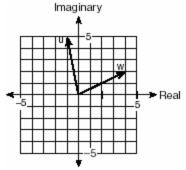
21. Fractal geometry uses the complex number plane to draw diagrams, such as the one shown in the accompanying graph.



Which number is *not* included in the shaded area?

[A] -0.5 - 0.5 <i>i</i>	[B] -0.9 - 0.9 <i>i</i>
[C] -0.5 <i>i</i>	[D] -0.9

22. Two complex numbers are graphed below.



What is the sum of *w* and *u*, expressed in standard complex number form?

[A] $3 + 7i$	[B] $7 + 3i$
[C] -5 + 3 <i>i</i>	[D] 5 + 7 <i>i</i>

SUMMATIONS

23. What is the value of $\sum_{m=1}^{3} (2m+1)^{m-1}$? [A] 57 [B] 55 [C] 15 [D] 245

24. What is the value of
$$\sum_{m=2}^{5} (m^2 - 1)$$
?
[A] 50 [B] 58 [C] 54 [D] 53

- 25. Evaluate: $2\sum_{n=1}^{5}(2n-1)$
- 26. Evaluate: $\sum_{n=1}^{5} (n^2 + n)$
- The projected total annual profits, in dollars, for the Nutyme Clothing Company from 2002 to 2004 can be approximated by the model

 $\sum_{n=0}^{2} (13,567n + 294)$, where n is the year and n = 0 represents 2002. Use this model to find

the company's projected total annual profits, in dollars, for the period 2002 to 2004.

28. A ball is dropped from a height of 8 feet and allowed to bounce. Each time the ball bounces, it bounces back to half its previous height. The vertical distance the ball travels, d, is given by the

formula $d = 8 + 16\sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}$, where n is the

number of bounces. Based on this formula, what is the total vertical distance that the ball has traveled after four bounces?

[A] 23.0 ft	[B] 15.0 ft
[C] 8.9 ft	[D] 22.0 ft

- 29. If ${}_{n}C_{r}$ represents the number of combinations of *n* items taken *r* at a time, what is the value of $\sum_{r=1}^{3} {}_{4}C_{r}$?
 - [A] 4 [B] 24 [C] 14 [D] 6

30. The value of $\sum_{r=2}^{4} {}_{5}C_{r}$ is [A] 5 [B] 10 [C] 45 [D] 25

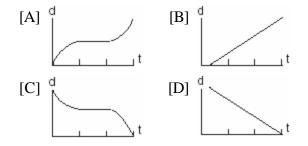
31. Evaluate:
$$\sum_{k=0}^{3} 3\cos k \boldsymbol{p} + 1 \int$$

32. What is the value of
$$\sum_{b=0}^{3} (2-(b)i)$$
?
[A] 2-6*i* [B] 8-5*i* [C] 8-6*i* [D] 2-5*i*

GRAPHS & STATISTICS

RELATING GRAPHS TO EVENTS

33. A bug travels up a tree, from the ground, over a 30-second interval. It travels fast at first and then slows down. It stops for 10 seconds, then proceeds slowly, speeding up as it goes. Which sketch best illustrates the bug's distance (*d*) from the ground over the 30-second interval (*t*)?



CENTRAL TENDENCY

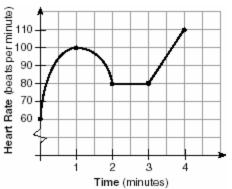
34. Two social studies classes took the same current events examination that was scored on the basis of 100 points. Mr. Wong's class had a median score of 78 and a range of 4 points, while Ms. Rizzo's class had a median score of 78 and a range of 22 points. Explain how these classes could have the same median score while having very different ranges.

35. What is the mean of the data in the accompanying table?

Scores (X _i)	Frequency (f)
25	3
20	2
11	5
10	4
[A] 14.5	[B] 15 [C] 11

36. The accompanying graph shows the heart rate, in beats per minute, of a jogger during a 4-minute interval.

[D] 16



What is the range of the jogger's heart rate during this interval?

[A] 1-4	[B] 60-110
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[C] 0-110 [D] 0-4

STANDARD DEVIATION

37. On a nationwide examination, the Adams School had a mean score of 875 and a standard deviation of 12. The Boswell School had a mean score of 855 and a standard deviation of 20. In which school was there greater consistency in the scores? Explain how you arrived at your answer.

38. An electronics company produces a headphone set that can be adjusted to accommodate different-sized heads. Research into the distance between the top of people's heads and the top of their ears produced the following data, in inches: 4.5, 4.8, 6.2, 5.5, 5.6, 5.4, 5.8, 6.0, 5.8, 6.2, 4.6, 5.0, 5.4, 5.8
The company decides to design their headphones to accommodate three standard deviations from

to accommodate three standard deviations from the mean. Find, to the *nearest tenth*, the mean, the standard deviation, and the range of distances that must be accommodated.

- 39. Jean's scores on five mathematics tests were 98, 97, 99, 98, and 96. Her scores on five English tests were 78, 84, 95, 72, and 79. Which statement is true about the standard deviations for the scores?
 - [A] The standard deviations for both sets of scores are equal.
 - [B] The standard deviation for the English scores is greater than the standard deviation for the math scores.
 - [C] The standard deviation for the math scores is greater than the standard deviation for the English scores.
 - [D] More information is needed to determine the relationship between the standard deviations.

LINE OF BEST FIT

40. The 1999 win-loss statistics for the American League East baseball teams on a particular date is shown in the accompanying chart.

	W	L
New York	52	34
Boston	49	39
Toronto	47	43
Tampa Bay	39	49
Baltimore	36	51

Find the mean for the number of wins, \overline{W} , and the mean for the number of losses, \overline{L} , and determine if the point (\overline{W} , \overline{L}) is a point on the line of best fit. Justify your answer.

41. A real estate agent plans to compare the price of a cottage, *y*, in a town on the seashore to the number of blocks, *x*, the cottage is from the beach. The accompanying table shows a random sample of sales and location data.Write a linear regression equation that relates the price of a cottage to its distance from the beach.

Use the equation to predict the price of a cottage, to the *nearest dollar*, located three blocks from the beach.

Number of Blocks from the Beach (x)	Price of a Cottage (y)
5	\$132,000
0	\$310,000
4	\$204,000
2	\$238,000
1	\$275,000
7	\$60,800

42. The availability of leaded gasoline in New York State is decreasing, as shown in the accompanying table.

Year	1984	1988	1992	1996	2000
Gallons Available (in thousands)	150	124	104	76	50

Determine a linear relationship for x (years) versus y (gallons available), based on the data given. The data should be entered using the year and gallons available (in thousands), such as (1984,150).

If this relationship continues, determine the number of gallons of leaded gasoline available in New York State in the year 2005.

If this relationship continues, during what year will leaded gasoline first become unavailable in New York State?

43. The accompanying table illustrates the number of movie theaters showing a popular film and the film's weekly gross earnings, in millions of dollars.

 Number of Theaters (x)
 443
 455
 493
 530
 569
 657
 723
 1.064

 Gross Earnings (y)
 2.57
 2.65
 3.73
 4.05
 4.76
 4.76
 5.15
 9.35

Write the linear regression equation for this set of data, rounding values to *five decimal places*. Using this linear regression equation, find the approximate gross earnings, in millions of dollars, generated by 610 theaters. Round your answer to *two decimal places*.

Find the minimum number of theaters that would generate at least 7.65 million dollars in gross earnings in one week. 44. In a mathematics class of ten students, the teacher wanted to determine how a homework grade influenced a student's performance on the subsequent test. The homework grade and subsequent test grade for each student are given in the accompanying table.

Homework Grade	Test Grade (y)
94	98
95	94
92	95
87	89
82	85
80	78
75	73
65	67
50	45
20	40

a Give the equation of the linear regression line for this set of data.

b A new student comes to the class and earns a homework grade of 78. Based on the equation in part *a*, what grade would the teacher predict the student would receive on the subsequent test, to the *nearest integer*?

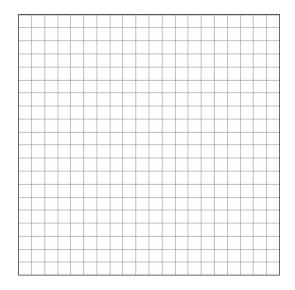
45. The table below shows the results of an experiment that relates the height at which a ball is dropped, *x*, to the height of its first bounce, *y*.

Drop Height (x) (cm)	Bounce Height (y) (cm)
100	26
90	23
80	21
70	18
60	16

Find \overline{x} , the mean of the drop heights.

Find \overline{y} , the mean of the bounce heights. Find the linear regression equation that best fits the data.

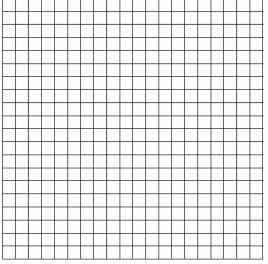
Show that (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) is a point on the line of regression. [The use of the grid is optional.]



46. Two different tests were designed to measure understanding of a topic. The two tests were given to ten students with the following results:

Test x	75	78	88	92	95	67	58	72	74	81
Test y	81	73	85	-88	89	73	66	75	70	78

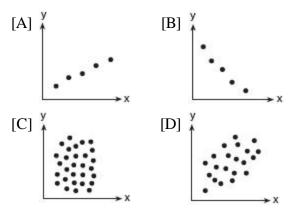
Construct a scatter plot for these scores, and then write an equation for the line of best fit (round slope and intercept to the *nearest hundredth*).



Find the correlation coefficient. Predict the score, to the *nearest integer*, on test *y* for a student who scored 87 on test *x*.

ANALYZING STATISTICAL DATA

47. Which scatter diagram shows the strongest positive correlation?



48. The relationship of a woman's shoe size and length of a woman's foot, in inches, is given in the accompanying table.

Woman's Shoe Size	5	6	7	8
Foot Length (in)	9.00	9.25	9.50	9.75

The linear correlation coefficient for this relationship is

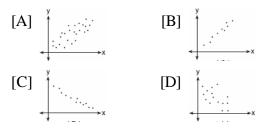
[A] 1 [B] 0 [C] 0.5 [D] -1

49. A linear regression equation of best fit between a student's attendance and the degree of success in school is h = 0.5x + 68.5. The correlation coefficient, *r*, for these data would be

[A] $r = 0$	[B] -1 < r < 0
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[C] r = -1 [D] 0 < r < 1

50. Which graph represents data used in a linear regression that produces a correlation coefficient closest to -1?



NORMAL DISTRIBUTIONS

- 51. In a certain school district, the ages of all new teachers hired during the last 5 years are normally distributed. Within this curve, 95.4% of the ages, centered about the mean, are between 24.6 and 37.4 years. Find the mean age and the standard deviation of the data.
- 52. Professor Bartrich has 184 students in her mathematics class. The scores on the final examination are normally distributed and have a mean of 72.3 and a standard deviation of 8.9. How many students in the class can be expected to receive a score between 82 and 90?

53. In a New York City high school, a survey revealed the mean amount of cola consumed each week was 12 bottles and the standard deviation was 2.8 bottles. Assuming the survey represents a normal distribution, how many bottles of cola per week will approximately 68.2% of the students drink?

[A] 6.4 to 12 [B] 6.4 to 17.6

- [C] 9.2 to 14.8 [D] 12 to 20.4
- 54. The amount of ketchup dispensed from a machine at Hamburger Palace is normally distributed with a mean of 0.9 ounce and a standard deviation of 0.1 ounce. If the machine is used 500 times, approximately how many times will it be expected to dispense 1 or more ounces of ketchup?

[A] 16 [B] 80 [C] 5 [D] 100

55. The amount of juice dispensed from a machine is normally distributed with a mean of 10.50 ounces and a standard deviation of 0.75 ounce. Which interval represents the amount of juice dispensed about 68.2% of the time?

[A] 9.75-11.25	[B] 9.00-12.00
[C] 10.50-11.25	[D] 9.75-10.50

56. The mean of a normally distributed set of data is 56, and the standard deviation is 5. In which interval do approximately 95.4% of all cases lie?

[A] 46-66	[B] 56-71
[A] 40-00	[D] 30-/1

[C] 46-56	[D]	51-61
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- 57. Twenty high school students took an examination and received the following scores:
 70, 60, 75, 68, 85, 86, 78, 72, 82, 88, 88, 73, 74, 79, 86, 82, 90, 92, 93, 73
 Determine what percent of the students scored within one standard deviation of the mean. Do the results of the examination approximate a normal distribution? Justify your answer.
- 58. The national mean for verbal scores on an exam was 428 and the standard deviation was 113. Approximately what percent of those taking this test had verbal scores between 315 and 541?

[A] 68.2%	[B] 52.8%
[C] 26.4%	[D] 38.2%

59. Battery lifetime is normally distributed for large samples. The mean lifetime is 500 days and the standard deviation is 61 days. Approximately what percent of batteries have lifetimes *longer than* 561 days?

[A] 16% [B] 84% [C] 68% [D] 34%

60. From 1984 to 1995, the winning scores for a golf tournament were 276, 279, 279, 277, 278, 278, 280, 282, 285, 272, 279, and 278. Using the standard deviation for the sample, S_x, find the percent of these winning scores that fall within one standard deviation of the mean.

- 61. On a standardized test, the distribution of scores is normal, the mean of the scores is 75, and the standard deviation is 5.8. If a student scored 83, the student's score ranks
 - [A] between the 75th percentile and the 84th percentile
 - [B] below the 75th percentile
 - [C] between the 84th percentile and the 97th percentile
 - [D] above the 97th percentile
- 62. The mean score on a normally distributed exam is 42 with a standard deviation of 12.1. Which score would be expected to occur less than 5% of the time?
 - [A] 25 [B] 67 [C] 32 [D] 60
- 63. Mrs. Ramírez is a real estate broker. Last month, the sale prices of homes in her area approximated a normal distribution with a mean of \$150,000 and a standard deviation of \$25,000.

A house had a sale price of \$175,000. What is the percentile rank of its sale price, to the *nearest whole number*? Explain what that percentile means.

Mrs. Ramírez told a customer that most of the houses sold last month had selling prices between \$125,000 and \$175,000. Explain why she is correct.

PROBABILITY

NORMAL PROBABILITY

64. A set of normally distributed student test scores has a mean of 80 and a standard deviation of 4. Determine the probability that a randomly selected score will be between 74 and 82.

- 65. The amount of time that a teenager plays video games in any given week is normally distributed. If a teenager plays video games an average of 15 hours per week, with a standard deviation of 3 hours, what is the probability of a teenager playing video games between 15 and 18 hours a week?
- 66. A shoe manufacturer collected data regarding men's shoe sizes and found that the distribution of sizes exactly fits the normal curve. If the mean shoe size is 11 and the standard deviation is 1.5, find:

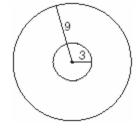
a the probability that a man's shoe size is greater than or equal to 11

b the probability that a man's shoe size is greater than or equal to 12.5

$$c \ \frac{P(size \ge 12.5)}{P(size \ge 8)}$$

BINOMIAL PROBABILITY

- 67. At a certain intersection, the light for eastbound traffic is red for 15 seconds, yellow for 5 seconds, and green for 30 seconds. Find, to the *nearest tenth*, the probability that out of the next eight eastbound cars that arrive randomly at the light, exactly three will be stopped by a red light.
- 68. As shown in the accompanying diagram, a circular target with a radius of 9 inches has a bull's-eye that has a radius of 3 inches. If five arrows randomly hit the target, what is the probability that *at least* four hit the bull's-eye?



- 69. Team *A* and team *B* are playing in a league. They will play each other five times. If the probability that team *A* wins a game is $\frac{1}{3}$, what is the probability that team *A* will win *at least* three of the five games?
- 70. After studying a couple's family history, a doctor determines that the probability of any child born to this couple having a gene for disease *X* is 1 out of 4. If the couple has three children, what is the probability that *exactly* two of the children have the gene for disease *X*?
- 71. Which fraction represents the probability of obtaining *exactly* eight heads in ten tosses of a fair coin?

[A]
$$\frac{180}{1,024}$$
 [B] $\frac{90}{1,024}$
[C] $\frac{45}{1,024}$ [D] $\frac{64}{1,024}$

72. The probability that Kyla will score above a 90 on a mathematics test is $\frac{4}{5}$. What is the probability that she will score above a 90 on

three of the four tests this quarter? [A] $\frac{3}{4} \left[\frac{4}{51} \right]^{1} \left[\frac{1}{55} \right]^{3}$ [B] $_{4}C_{3} \left[\frac{4}{51} \right]^{1} \left[\frac{1}{55} \right]^{3}$ [C] $\frac{3}{4} \left[\frac{4}{51} \right]^{3} \left[\frac{1}{55} \right]^{1}$ [D] $_{4}C_{3} \left[\frac{4}{55} \right]^{3} \left[\frac{1}{55} \right]^{1}$

73. On any given day, the probability that the entire Watson family eats dinner together is $\frac{2}{5}$. Find the probability that, during any 7-day period, the Watsons eat dinner together *at least* six times.

- 74. When Joe bowls, he can get a strike (knock down all the pins) 60% of the time. How many times more likely is it for Joe to bowl *at least* three strikes out of four tries as it is for him to bowl zero strikes out of four tries? Round your answer to the *nearest whole number*.
- 75. A board game has a spinner on a circle that has five equal sectors, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively. If a player has four spins, find the probability that the player spins an even number *no more than* two times on those four spins.
- 76. The Hiking Club plans to go camping in a State park where the probability of rain on any given day is 0.7. Which expression can be used to find the probability that it will rain on *exactly* three of the seven days they are there?

[A] $_{4}C_{3}(0.7)^{3}(0.7)^{4}$ [B] $_{4}C_{3}(0.4)^{4}(0.3)^{3}$ [C] $_{7}C_{3}(0.3)^{3}(0.7)^{4}$ [D] $_{7}C_{3}(0.7)^{3}(0.3)^{4}$

- 77. Tim Parker, a star baseball player, hits one home run for every ten times he is at bat. If Parker goes to bat five times during tonight's game, what is the probability that he will hit *at least* four home runs?
- 78. If the probability that it will rain on any given day this week is 60%, find the probability it will rain *exactly* 3 out of 7 days this week.
- 79. The probability that a planted watermelon seed will sprout is $\frac{3}{4}$. If Peyton plants seven seeds from a slice of watermelon, find, to the *nearest ten thousandth*, the probability that *at least* five will sprout.

80. The Coolidge family's favorite television channels are 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, and 13. If the Coolidge family selects a favorite channel at random to view each night, what is the probability that they choose *exactly* three even-numbered channels in five nights? Express your answer as a fraction or as a decimal rounded to *four decimal places*.

RATE

SPEED

81. On a trip, a student drove 40 miles per hour for 2 hours and then drove 30 miles per hour for 3 hours. What is the student's average rate of speed, in miles per hour, for the whole trip?

[A] 37 [B] 36 [C] 35 [D] 34

- 82. On her first trip, Sari biked 24 miles in *T* hours. The following week Sari biked 32 miles in *T* hours. Determine the ratio of her average speed on her second trip to her average speed on her first trip.
 - [A] $\frac{3}{4}$ [B] $\frac{4}{3}$ [C] $\frac{2}{3}$ [D] $\frac{3}{2}$
- 83. If Jamar can run $\frac{3}{5}$ of a mile in 2 minutes 30 seconds, what is his rate in miles per minute?
 - [A] $\frac{4}{5}$ [B] $3\frac{1}{10}$ [C] $4\frac{1}{6}$ [D] $\frac{6}{25}$

FUNCTIONS

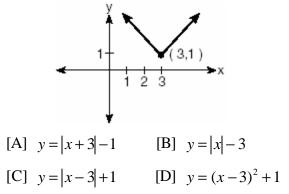
MODELING RELATIONSHIPS

84. A store advertises that during its Labor Day sale \$15 will be deducted from every purchase over \$100. In addition, after the deduction is taken, the store offers an early-bird discount of 20% to any person who makes a purchase before 10 a.m. If Hakeem makes a purchase of *x* dollars, *x*>100, at 8 a.m., what, in terms of *x*, is the cost of Hakeem's purchase?

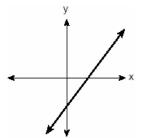
[A] 0.85 <i>x</i> - 20	[B] 0.80 <i>x</i> - 12
[C] 0.20x - 15	[D] 0.20x - 3

GRAPHING FUNCTIONS

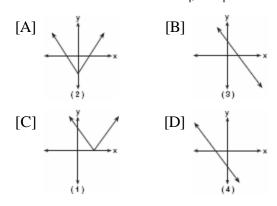
- 85. Given the function y = f(x), such that the entire graph of the function lies above the *x*-axis. Explain why the equation f(x) = 0 has no real solutions.
- 86. Which equation is represented by the accompanying graph?



87. The graph below represents f(x).



Which graph best represents |f(x)|?

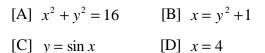


DEFINING FUNCTIONS

88. Which relation is *not* a function?

[A] y = 2x + 4 [B] x = 3y - 2

- [C] $y = x^2 4x + 3$ [D] $x = y^2 + 2x 3$
- 89. Which relation is a function?



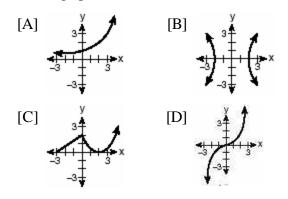
90. Which equation represents a function?

[A] $x^2 + y^2 = 4$	[B] $y = x^2 - 3x - 4$
[C] $x = y^2 - 6x + 8$	[D] $4y^2 = 36 - 9x^2$

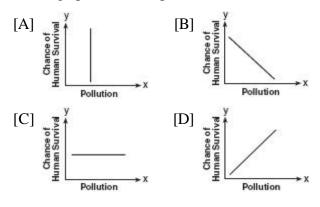
- 91. Which set of ordered pairs is not a function?
 - $[A] \{(4,1), (5,1), (6,1), (7,1)\}$ $[B] \{(0,0), (1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}$ $[C] \{(3,1), (2,1), (1,2), (3,2)\}$ $[D] \{(1,2), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6)\}$
- 92. Which relation is a function?

$[A] \ x^2 + y^2 = 7$	[B] $x = 7$
[C] $xy = 7$	[D] $x^2 - y^2 = 7$

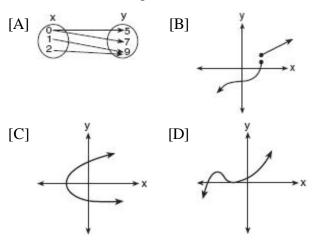
93. Which graph is *not* a function?



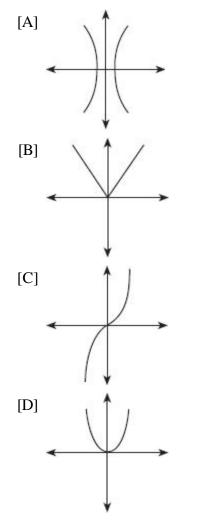
94. Which graph does not represent a function of x?



95. Which diagram represents a relation in which each member of the domain corresponds to only one member of its range?



96. Which diagram represents a one-to-one function?



COMPOSITIONS OF FUNCTIONS

97. If $f(x) = 5x^2$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{2x}$, what is the value of $(f \circ g)(8)$

- 98. If $f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$ and $g(x) = 8x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$, find $(f \circ g)(x)$ and $(f \circ g)(27)$.
- 99. If $f(x) = 2^x 1$ and $g(x) = x^2 1$, determine the value of $(f \circ g)(3)$.
- 100. If f(x) = -2x + 7 and $g(x) = x^2 2$, then f(g(3)) is equal to [A] -7 [B] -1 [C] -3 [D] 7
- 101. If f and g are two functions defined by f(x) = 3x + 5 and $g(x) = x^2 + 1$, then g(f(x)) is [A] $3x^2 + 8$ [B] $9x^2 + 30x + 26$ [C] $9x^2 + 26$ [D] $x^2 + 3x + 6$
- 102. If $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+3}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, then $(g \circ f)(x)$ is equal to

[A]
$$\frac{x+3}{2}$$
 [B] $\frac{2x}{1+3x}$

[C]
$$\frac{x+3}{2x}$$
 [D] $\frac{1+3x}{2x}$

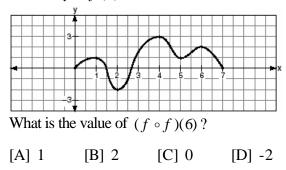
103. If f(x) = x + 1 and $g(x) = x^2 - 1$, the expression $(g \circ f)(x)$ equals 0 when x is equal to

[A] -2, only	[B] 0, only
[C] 0 and -2	[D] 1 and -1

104. If $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4$ and g(x) = x - 3, which number satisfies $f(x) = (f \circ g)(x)$?

[A] 4 [B]
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 [C] $\frac{3}{2}$ [D] 5

105. The accompanying graph is a sketch of the function y = f(x) over the interval $0 \le x \le 7$.



106. A certain drug raises a patient's heart rate, h ||x||, in beats per minute, according to the function h ||x|| = 70 + 0.2x, where x is the bloodstream drug level, in milligrams. The level of the drug in the patient's bloodstream is a function of time, t, in hours, according to the formula

g[t] = 300[0.8]'. Find the value of h(g)[4], the patient's heart rate in beats per minute, to the *nearest whole number*.

OPERATIONS WITH FUNCTIONS

107. The revenue, R(x), from selling x units of a product is represented by the equation R(x) = 35x, while the total cost, C(x), of making x units of the product is represented by the equation C(x) = 20x + 500. The total profit, P(x), is represented by the equation P(x) = R(x) - C(x). For the values of R(x)and C(x) given above, what is P(x)?

[A] 10x + 100 [B] 15x - 500

[C] 15x + 500 [D] 15x

108. The cost (*C*) of selling x calculators in a store is modeled by the equation

 $C = \frac{3,200,000}{x} + 60,000$. The store profit (P)

for these sales is modeled by the equation P = 500x. What is the minimum number of calculators that have to be sold for profit to be greater than cost?

109. A company calculates its profit by finding the difference between revenue and cost. The cost function of producing *x* hammers is C(x) = 4x + 170. If each hammer is sold for \$10, the revenue function for selling *x* hammers is R(x) = 10x. How many hammers must be sold to make a

How many hammers must be sold to make a profit?

How many hammers must be sold to make a profit of \$100?

INVERSE OF FUNCTIONS

110. If a function is defined by the equation y = 3x + 2, which equation defines the inverse of this function?

[A]
$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$$
 [B] $y = -3x - 2$
[C] $y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{2}$ [D] $x = \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{1}{2}$

111. A function is defined by the equation y = 5x - 5. Which equation defines the inverse of this function?

[A]
$$x = \frac{1}{5y-5}$$
 [B] $y = 5x+5$
[C] $y = \frac{1}{5x-5}$ [D] $x = 5y-5$

112. A function is defined by the equation

 $y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$. Which equation defines the inverse of this function?

[A]
$$y = 2x - \frac{3}{2}$$
 [B] $y = 2x + \frac{3}{2}$

- [C] y = 2x + 3 [D] y = 2x 3
- 113. Given: $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = 2^x$ a The inverse of g is a function, but the inverse of f is not a function. Explain why this statement is true.

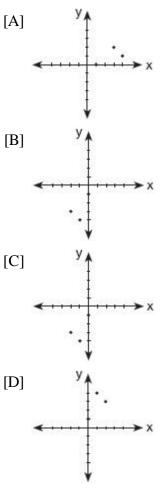
b Find $g^{-1}(f(3))$ to the *nearest tenth*.

114. If the point (*a*, *b*) lies on the graph y = f(x), the graph of $y = f^{-1}(x)$ must contain point

[A] (b,a) [B] (a,0)

$$[C] (-a,-b) [D] (0,b)$$

115. Which graph represents the inverse of $f(x) = \{(0,1), (1,4), (2,3)\}$?

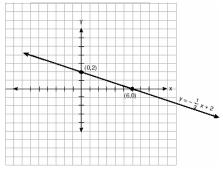


116. The accompanying diagram shows the graph of

the line whose equation is $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$.

On the same set of axes, sketch the graph of the inverse of this function.

State the coordinates of a point on the inverse function.



117. Draw $f(x) = 2x^2$ and $f^{-1}(x)$ in the interval $0 \le x \le 2$ on the accompanying set of axes. State the coordinates of the points of intersection.

118. What is the inverse of the function $y = \log_4 x$?

[A] $y^4 = x$	[B]	4 ^y	= x
---------------	-----	----------------	-----

- [C] $4^x = y$ [D] $x^4 = y$
- 119. The inverse of a function is a logarithmic function in the form $y = \log_b x$. Which equation represents the original function?

 $[C] \quad by = x \qquad [D] \quad y = bx$

LINEAR SYSTEMS

WRITING LINEAR SYSTEMS

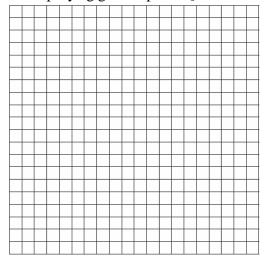
120. At the local video rental store, José rents two movies and three games for a total of \$15.50. At the same time, Meg rents three movies and one game for a total of \$12.05. How much money is needed to rent a combination of one game and one movie? 121. The cost of a long-distance telephone call is determined by a flat fee for the first 5 minutes and a fixed amount for each additional minute. If a 15-minute telephone call costs \$3.25 and a 23minute call costs \$5.17, find the cost of a 30minute call.

BREAK EVEN

122. A cellular telephone company has two plans. Plan *A* charges \$11 a month and \$0.21 per minute. Plan *B* charges \$20 a month and \$0.10 per minute. After how much time, to the *nearest minute*, will the cost of plan *A* be equal to the cost of plan *B*?

[A] 81 hr 8 min	[B] 81 hr 48 min
[C] 1 hr 36 min	[D] 1 hr 22 m

123. Island Rent-a-Car charges a car rental fee of \$40 plus \$5 per hour or fraction of an hour. Wayne's Wheels charges a car rental fee of \$25 plus \$7.50 per hour or fraction of an hour. Under what conditions does it cost *less* to rent from Island Rent-a-Car? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



INEQUALITIES

ABSOLUTE VALUE INEQUALITIES

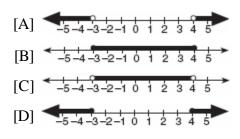
- 124. Which equation states that the temperature, *t*, in a room is less than 3° from 68° ?
 - $[A] \ |68 t| < 3 \qquad \qquad [B] \ |3 + t| < 68$
 - $[C] \ |3 t| < 68 \qquad \qquad [D] \ |68 + t| < 3$
- 125. The solution set of |3x+2| < 1 contains
 - [A] both positive and negative real numbers
 - [B] only positive real numbers
 - [C] only negative real numbers
 - [D] no real numbers
- 126. What is the solution set of the inequality $|3-2x| \ge 4$?

[A]
$$\{x | \frac{7}{2} \le x \le -\frac{1}{2}\}$$

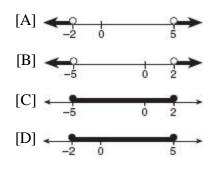
[B] $\{x | x \le -\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } x \ge \frac{7}{2}\}$
[C] $\{x | -\frac{1}{2} \le x \le \frac{7}{2}\}$
[D] $\{x | x \le \frac{7}{2} \text{ or } x \ge \frac{1}{2}\}$

- 127. What is the solution of the inequality $|x+3| \le 5$?
 - [A] $-8 \le x \le 2$ [B] $x \le -8$ or $x \ge 2$ [C] $x \le -2$ or $x \ge 8$ [D] $-2 \le x \le 8$
- 128. The solution of |2x-3| < 5 is
 - [A] x < -1 or x > 4 [B] x > -1[C] x < 4 [D] -1 < x < 4

129. Which graph represents the solution set of |2x-1| < 7?



130. Which graph represents the solution set for the expression |2x+3| > 7?



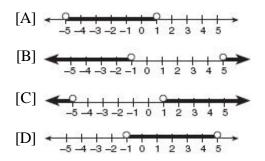
- 131. The inequality $|15C 24| \le 30$ represents the range of monthly average temperatures, *C*, in degrees Celsius, for Toledo, Ohio. Solve for *C*.
- 132. A depth finder shows that the water in a certain place is 620 feet deep. The difference between *d*, the actual depth of the water, and the reading is |d 620| and must be less than or equal to 0.05*d*. Find the minimum and maximum values of *d*, to the *nearest tenth of a foot*.
- 133. The heights, h, of the students in the chorus at Central Middle School satisfy the inequality

 $\left|\frac{h-57.5}{2}\right| \le 3.25$, when *h* is measured *in inches*.

Determine the interval in which these heights lie and express your answer to the *nearest tenth of a foot*. [Only an algebraic solution can receive full credit.]

QUADRATIC INEQUALITIES

- 134. When a baseball is hit by a batter, the height of the ball, h(t), at time t, $t \ge 0$, is determined by the equation $h(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 4$. For which interval of time is the height of the ball greater than or equal to 52 feet?
- 135. Which graph represents the solution set of the inequality $x^2 4x 5 < 0$?



136. Which graph represents the solution set of $x^2 - x - 12 < 0$?

$$[A] \xrightarrow[-4-3-2-1]{0} \stackrel{1}{1} \stackrel{2}{2} \stackrel{3}{3} \stackrel{4}{4}$$

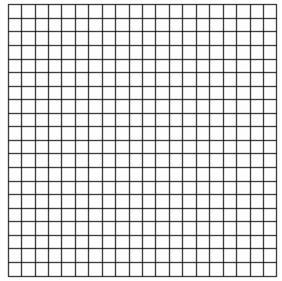
$$[B] \xrightarrow[-4-3-2-1]{0} \stackrel{1}{1} \stackrel{2}{2} \stackrel{3}{3} \stackrel{4}{4}$$

$$[C] \xrightarrow[-4-3-2-1]{0} \stackrel{1}{1} \stackrel{2}{2} \stackrel{3}{3} \stackrel{4}{4}$$

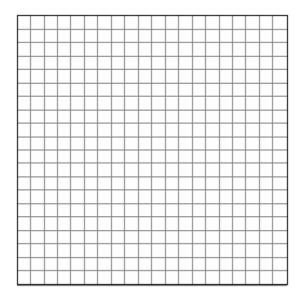
$$[D] \xrightarrow{(-4-3-2-1){0}} \stackrel{1}{1} \stackrel{2}{2} \stackrel{3}{3} \stackrel{4}{4}$$

137. The profit, *P*, for manufacturing a wireless device is given by the equation

 $P = -10x^2 + 750x - 9,000$, where x is the selling price, in dollars, for each wireless device. What range of selling prices allows the manufacturer to make a profit on this wireless device? [The use of the grid is optional.]

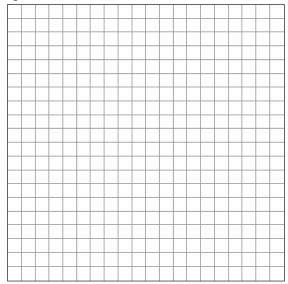


138. The height of a projectile is modeled by the equation $y = -2x^2 + 38x + 10$, where *x* is time, in seconds, and *y* is height, in feet. During what interval of time, to the *nearest tenth of a second*, is the projectile *at least* 125 feet above ground? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



139. The profit a coat manufacturer makes each day is modeled by the equation

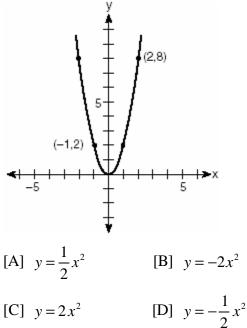
 $P(x) = -x^2 + 120x - 2000$, where *P* is the profit and *x* is the price for each coat sold. For what values of *x* does the company make a profit? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



QUADRATICS

GRAPHING QUADRATICS

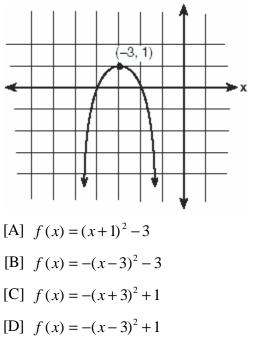
140. Which quadratic function is shown in the accompanying graph?



- 141. What is the equation of a parabola that goes through points (0,1), (-1,6), and (2,3)?
 - [A] $y = x^{2} + 1$ [B] $y = 2x^{2} + 1$ [C] $y = 2x^{2} - 3x + 1$ [D] $y = x^{2} - 3x + 1$
- 142. For which quadratic equation is the axis of symmetry x = 3?
 - [A] $y = -x^2 + 3x + 5$ [B] $y = x^2 + 6x + 3$

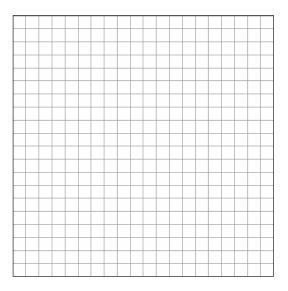
[C]
$$y = x^2 + x + 3$$
 [D] $y = -x^2 + 6x + 2$

143. Which equation represents the parabola shown in the accompanying graph?



144. An acorn falls from the branch of a tree to the ground 25 feet below. The distance, *S*, the acorn is from the ground as it falls is represented by the equation $S(t) = -16t^2 + 25$, where *t* represents time, in seconds. Sketch a graph of this situation on the accompanying grid.

Calculate, to the *nearest hundredth of a second*, the time the acorn will take to reach the ground.



- 145. A ball is thrown straight up at an initial velocity of 54 feet per second. The height of the ball *t* seconds after it is thrown is given by the formula $h(t) = 54t 12t^2$. How many seconds after the ball is thrown will it return to the ground?
 - [A] 4.5 [B] 6 [C] 4 [D] 9.2

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM OF QUADRATICS

- 146. An archer shoots an arrow into the air such that its height at any time, *t*, is given by the function $h(t) = -16t^2 + kt + 3$. If the maximum height of the arrow occurs at time t = 4, what is the value of *k*?
 - [A] 8 [B] 64 [C] 4 [D] 128
- 147. What is the turning point, or vertex, of the parabola whose equation is $y = 3x^2 + 6x 1$?

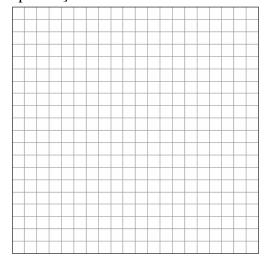
[A] (-3,8)	[B] (3,44)
[C] (-l,-4)	[D] (1,8)

- 148. The height of an object, h(t), is determined by the formula $h(t) = -16t^2 + 256t$, where *t* is time, in seconds. Will the object reach a maximum or a minimum? Explain or show your reasoning.
- 149. Vanessa throws a tennis ball in the air. The function $h(t) = -16t^2 + 45t + 7$ represents the distance, in feet, that the ball is from the ground at any time *t*. At what time, to the *nearest tenth* of a second, is the ball at its maximum height?
- 150. When a current, *I*, flows through a given electrical circuit, the power, *W*, of the circuit can be determined by the formula $W = 120I - 12I^2$. What amount of current, *I*, supplies the maximum power, *W*?

151. A baseball player throws a ball from the outfield toward home plate. The ball's height above the ground is modeled by the equation

 $y = -16x^2 + 48x + 6$ where y represents height, in feet, and x represents time, in seconds. The ball is initially thrown from a height of 6 feet. How many seconds after the ball is thrown will it again be 6 feet above the ground?

What is the maximum height, in feet, that the ball reaches? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



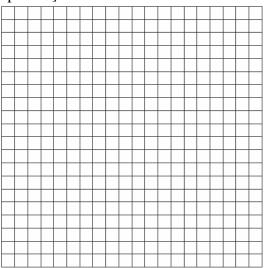
- 152. The height, *h*, in feet, a ball will reach when thrown in the air is a function of time, *t*, in seconds, given by the equation $h(t) = -16t^2 + 30t + 6$. Find, to the *nearest tenth*, the maximum height, in feet, the ball will reach.
- 153. The equation $W = 120I 12I^2$ represents the power (*W*), in watts, of a 120-volt circuit having a resistance of 12 ohms when a current (*I*) is flowing through the circuit. What is the maximum power, in watts, that can be delivered in this circuit?

154. A rock is thrown vertically from the ground with a velocity of 24 meters per second, and it reaches a height of $2 + 24t - 4.9t^2$ after *t* seconds. How many seconds after the rock is thrown will it reach maximum height, and what is the maximum height the rock will reach, in meters? How many seconds after the rock is thrown will it hit the ground? Round your answers to the *nearest hundredth*. [Only an algebraic or graphic solution will be accepted.]

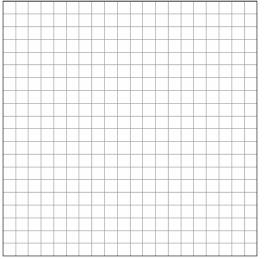
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SYSTEMS WITH QUADRATICS

155. A pelican flying in the air over water drops a crab from a height of 30 feet. The distance the crab is from the water as it falls can be represented by the function $h(t) = -16t^2 + 30$, where *t* is time, in seconds. To catch the crab as it falls, a gull flies along a path represented by the function g(t) = -8t + 15. Can the gull catch the crab before the crab hits the water? Justify your answer. [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



156. The price of a stock, A(x), over a 12-month period decreased and then increased according to the equation $A(x) = 0.75x^2 - 6x + 20$, where *x* equals the number of months. The price of another stock, B(x), increased according to the equation B(x) = 2.75x + 150 over the same 12month period. Graph and label both equations on the accompanying grid. State all prices, to the *nearest dollar*, when both stock values were the same.



QUADRATIC FORMULA

- 157. If the sum of the roots of $x^2 + 3x 5$ is added to the product of its roots, the result is
 - [A] -15 [B] -8 [C] -2 [D] 15
- 158. Express, in simplest a + bi form, the roots of the equation $x^2 + 5 = 4x$.
- 159. Solve for x in simplest a + bi form: $x^2 + 8x + 25 = 0$

USING THE DISCRIMINANT

160. Jacob is solving a quadratic equation. He executes a program on his graphing calculator and sees that the roots are real, rational, and unequal. This information indicates to Jacob that the discriminant is

[A] a perfect square	[B] not a perfect square
[C] zero	[D] negative

- 161. The roots of the equation $x^2 3x 2 = 0$ are
 - [A] real, rational, and unequal
 - [B] real, irrational, and unequal
 - [C] real, rational, and equal [D] imaginary
- 162. The roots of a quadratic equation are real, rational, and equal when the discriminant is

[A] 2 [B] 0 [C] 4 [D] -2

163. Which equation has imaginary roots?

- [A] $x^2 2 = 0$ [B] $x^2 1 = 0$ [C] $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ [D] $x^2 - x - 1 = 0$
- 164. The roots of the equation $ax^2 + 4x = -2$ are real, rational, and equal when *a* has a value of

[A] 2 [B] 4 [C] 1 [D] 3

- 165. In the equation $ax^2 + 6x 9 = 0$, imaginary roots will be generated if
 - [A] -1 < a < 1 [B] a > -1, only

[C]
$$a < 1$$
, only [D] $a < -1$

166. The equation $2x^2 + 8x + n = 0$ has imaginary roots when *n* is equal to

[A] 6 [B] 8 [C] 10 [D] 4

- 167. The roots of the equation $2x^2 8x 4 = 0$ are
 - [A] imaginary
 - [B] real, rational, and unequal
 - [C] real, irrational, and unequal
 - [D] real, rational, and equal
- 168. The roots of the equation $2x^2 x = 4$ are
 - [A] real, rational, and equal [B] imaginary
 - [C] real, rational, and unequal
 - [D] real and irrational
- 169. Which statement must be true if a parabola represented by the equation $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ does not intersect the x-axis?
 - [A] $b^2 4ac > 0$, and $b^2 4ac$ is a perfect square.
 - [B] $b^2 4ac < 0$ [C] $b^2 4ac = 0$
 - [D] $b^2 4ac > 0$, and $b^2 4ac$ is not a perfect square.
- 170. For which positive value of *m* will the equation $4x^2 + mx + 9 = 0$ have roots that are real, equal, and rational?
 - [A] 9 [B] 12 [C] 4 [D] 3
- 171. If the roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are real, rational, and equal, what is true about the graph of the function $y = ax^2 + bx + c$?
 - [A] It lies entirely above the *x*-axis.
 - [B] It is tangent to the *x*-axis.
 - [C] It lies entirely below the *x*-axis.
 - [D] It intersects the *x*-axis in two distinct points.
- 172. Find all values of k such that the equation $3x^2 - 2x + k = 0$ has imaginary roots.

- 173. If 2 + 3i is one root of a quadratic equation with real coefficients, what is the sum of the roots of the equation?
- 174. Which equation has imaginary roots?
 - [A] x(x + 6) = -10 [B] x(5 x) = -3[C] (2x + 1)(x - 3) [D] x(5 + x) = 8

POWERS

ZERO AND NEGATIVE POWERS

- 175. If $f(x) = 4x^0 + (4x)^{-1}$, what is the value of f(4)?
 - [A] 0 [B] $4\frac{1}{16}$ [C] $1\frac{1}{16}$ [D] -12

OPERATIONS WITH POWERS

- 176. The product of (5ab) and $(-2a^2b)^3$ is
 - [A] $-30a^{6}b^{4}$ [B] $-40a^{6}b^{4}$ [C] $-40a^{7}b^{4}$ [D] $-30a^{7}b^{4}$
- 177. The expression $\frac{(b^{2n+1})^3}{b^n \cdot b^{4n+3}}$ is equivalent to
 - [A] b^{-3n+1} [B] b^n [C] b^{-3n} [D] $\frac{b^n}{2}$

SCIENTIFIC NOTATION

178. Two objects are 2.4×10^{20} centimeters apart. A message from one object travels to the other at a rate of 1.2×10^5 centimeters per second. How many seconds does it take the message to travel from one object to the other?

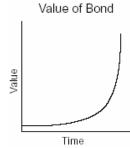
[A]	2.0×10^{15}	[B]	2.88×10^{25}
[C]	1.2×10^{15}	[D]	2.0×10^{4}

EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

179. Which equation models the data in the accompanying table?

1 2	\mathcal{O}							
Time in hours, <i>x</i> Population, <i>y</i>	0	1	2	З	4	5	6	
Population, y	5	10	20	40	80	160	320	
[A] $y = 2^{4}$	x			[]	B]	<i>y</i> =	2x	+5
[C] y = 2.	x			[]	D]	<i>y</i> =	5(2	<i>x</i>)

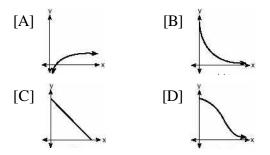
- 180. What is the domain of $f(x) = 2^x$?
 - [A] all integers [B] $x \le 0$ [C] all real numbers [D] $x \ge 0$
- 181. The accompanying graph represents the value of a bond over time.



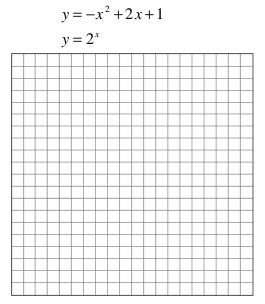
Which type of function does this graph best model?

- [A] quadratic [B] trigonometric
- [C] exponential [D] logarithmic
- 182. On January 1, 1999, the price of gasoline was \$1.39 per gallon. If the price of gasoline increased by 0.5% per month, what was the cost of one gallon of gasoline, to the *nearest cent*, on January 1 one year later?
- 183. A used car was purchased in July 1999 for \$11,900. If the car depreciates 13% of its value each year, what is the value of the car, to the *nearest hundred dollars*, in July 2002?

184. The strength of a medication over time is represented by the equation $y = 200(1.5)^{-x}$, where *x* represents the number of hours since the medication was taken and *y* represents the number of micrograms per millimeter left in the blood. Which graph best represents this relationship?



185. On the accompanying grid, solve the following system of equations graphically:



186. The graphs of the equations $y = 2^x$ and y = -2x + a intersect in Quadrant I for which values of *a*?

[A] $0 < a < 1$	[B] <i>a</i> < 1
[C] a > 1	[D] $a \ge 1$

EXPONENTIAL REGRESSION EQUATIONS

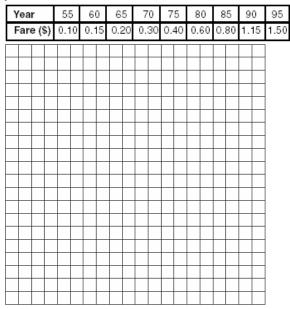
187. A box containing 1,000 coins is shaken, and the coins are emptied onto a table. Only the coins that land heads up are returned to the box, and then the process is repeated. The accompanying table shows the number of trials and the number of coins returned to the box after each trial.

Trial	0	1	3	4	6
Coins Returned	1,000	610	220	132	45

Write an exponential regression equation, rounding the calculated values to the *nearest ten-thousandth*.

Use the equation to predict how many coins would be returned to the box after the eighth trial.

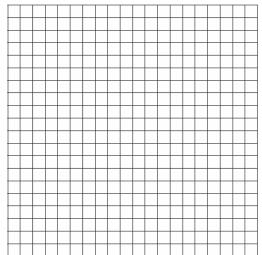
188. The table below, created in 1996, shows a history of transit fares from 1955 to 1995. On the accompanying grid, construct a scatter plot where the independent variable is years. State the exponential regression equation with the coefficient and base rounded to the *nearest thousandth*. Using this equation, determine the prediction that should have been made for the year 1998, to the *nearest cent*.



189. The breaking strength, *y*, in tons, of steel cable with diameter *d*, in inches, is given in the table below.

d (in)	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	1.75
у (tons)	9.85	21.80	38.30	59.20	84.40	114.00

On the accompanying grid, make a scatter plot of these data. Write the exponential regression equation, expressing the regression coefficients to the *nearest tenth*.



190. The accompanying table shows the average salary of baseball players since 1984. Using the data in the table, create a scatter plot on the grid and state the exponential regression equation with the coefficient and base rounded to the *nearest hundredth*.

Using your written regression equation, estimate the salary of a baseball player in the year 2005, to the *nearest thousand dollars*.

Numbers of Years Since 1984	Average Salary (thousands of dollars)
0	290
1	320
2	400
3	495
4	600
5	700
6	820
7	1,000
8	1,250
9	1,580

Baseball Players' Salaries

PROPERTIES OF LOGARITHMS

191. If $\log_b x = y$, then x equals

[A]
$$\frac{y}{b}$$
 [B] $y \cdot b$ [C] b^y [D] y^b

192. For which value of x is $y = \log x$ undefined?

[A]
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 [B] 0 [C] 1.483 [D] **p**

- 193. The expression $\log_3(8-x)$ is defined for all values of x such that
 - [A] x > 8 [B] $x \le 8$ [C] $x \ge 8$ [D] x < 8
- 194. If log 5 = a, then log 250 can be expressed as
 [A] 25a
 [B] 50a
 [C] 2a + 1
 [D] 10 + 2a
- 195. Which expression is *not* equivalent to $\log_b 36$?
 - [A] $2\log_b 6$ [B] $6\log_b 2$ [C] $\log_b 9 + \log_b 4$ [D] $\log_b 72 - \log_b 2$
- 196. If $\log a = 2$ and $\log b = 3$, what is the numerical value of $\log \frac{\sqrt{a}}{b^3}$? [A] -8 [B] 8 [C] 25 [D] -25
- 197. If $\log x = a$, $\log y = b$, and $\log z = c$, then $\log \frac{x^2 y}{\sqrt{z}}$ is equivalent to [A] $2a + b - \frac{1}{2}c$ [B] $42a + b + \frac{1}{2}c$ [C] $2ab - \frac{1}{2}c$ [D] $a^2 + b - \frac{1}{2}c$

198. The expression $\log 10^{x+2} - \log 10^x$ is equivalent to

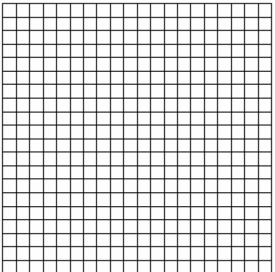
[A] 2 [B]
$$-2$$
 [C] 100 [D] $\frac{1}{100}$

199. If
$$\log a = x$$
 and $\log b = y$, what is $\log a\sqrt{b}$?

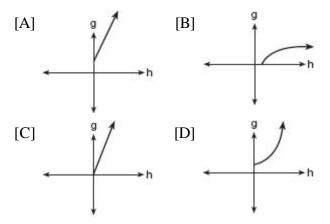
[A]
$$x+2y$$
 [B] $x+\frac{y}{2}$
[C] $2x+2y$ [D] $\frac{x+y}{2}$

GRAPHING LOGARITHMIC FUNCTIONS

200. A hotel finds that its total annual revenue and the number of rooms occupied daily by guests can best be modeled by the function $R = 3\log(n^2 + 10n), n > 0$, where *R* is the total annual revenue, in millions of dollars, and *n* is the number of rooms occupied daily by guests. The hotel needs an annual revenue of \$12 million to be profitable. Graph the function on the accompanying grid over the interval $0 < n \le 100$. Calculate the minimum number of rooms that must be occupied daily to be profitable.



201. The cells of a particular organism increase logarithmically. If *g* represents cell growth and *h* represents time, in hours, which graph best represents the growth pattern of the cells of this organism?



LOGARITHMIC EQUATIONS

202. If $\log k = c \log v + \log p$, k equals

$[A] v^{c} p$	[B] $v^{c} + p$
$[C] (vp)^{c}$	[D] $cv + p$

- 203. Solve for x: $\log_4(x^2 + 3x) \log_4(x+5) = 1$
- 204. In the equation $\log_x 4 + \log_x 9 = 2$, x is equal to [A] 6 [B] $\sqrt{13}$ [C] 18 [D] 6.5
- 205. If $\log_5 x = 2$, what is the value of \sqrt{x} ?
 - [A] 5 [B] 25 [C] $2^{\frac{2}{5}}$ [D] $\sqrt{5}$
- 206. The relationship between the relative size of an earthquake, *S*, and the measure of the earthquake on the Richter scale, *R*, is given by the equation $\log S = R$. If an earthquake measured 3.2 on the Richter scale, what was its relative size to the *nearest hundredth*?

- 207. The magnitude (*R*) of an earthquake is related to its intensity (*I*) by $R = \log(\frac{I}{T})$, where *T* is the threshold below which the earthquake is not noticed. If the intensity is doubled, its magnitude can be represented by
 - [A] $\log 2 + \log I \log T$
 - [B] $2 \log I \log T$
 - [C] $2(\log I \log T)$ [D] $\log I \log T$
- 208. The scientists in a laboratory company raise amebas to sell to schools for use in biology classes. They know that one ameba divides into two amebas every hour and that the formula $t = \log_2 N$ can be used to determine how long in hours, *t*, it takes to produce a certain number of amebas, *N*. Determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long it takes to produce 10,000 amebas if they start with one ameba.

EXPONENTIAL EQUATIONS

- 209. Solve for x: $x^{-3} = \frac{27}{64}$
- 210. What is the value of x in the equation $81^{x+2} = 27^{5x+4}$?

[A] $-\frac{3}{2}$ [B] $-\frac{4}{11}$ [C] $\frac{4}{11}$ [D] $-\frac{2}{11}$

- 211. The growth of bacteria in a dish is modeled by the function $f(t) = 2^{\frac{t}{3}}$. For which value of t is f(t) = 32?
 - [A] 8 [B] 16 [C] 15 [D] 2
- 212. Solve algebraically for *x*: $27^{2x+1} = 9^{4x}$

213. Determine the value of *x* and *y* if $2^{y} = 8^{x}$ and $3^{y} = 3^{x+4}$. [A] x = 6, y = 2 [B] x = y

[C] x = 2, y = 6 [D] x = -2, y = -6

- 214. Solve for *m*: $3^{m+1} 5 = 22$
- 215. The Franklins inherited \$3,500, which they want to invest for their child's future college expenses. If they invest it at 8.25% with interest compounded monthly, determine the value of the account, in dollars, after 5 years. Use the formula $A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^m$, where A = value of the investment after *t* years, P = principal invested, r= annual interest rate, and n = number of times compounded per year.
- 216. Depreciation (the decline in cash value) on a car can be determined by the formula $V = C(1-r)^t$, where *V* is the value of the car after *t* years, *C* is the original cost, and *r* is the rate of depreciation. If a car's cost, when new, is \$15,000, the rate of depreciation is 30%, and the value of the car now is \$3,000, how old is the car to the *nearest tenth of a year*?
- 217. The amount *A*, in milligrams, of a 10-milligram dose of a drug remaining in the body after *t* hours is given by the formula $A = 10(0.8)^t$. Find, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, how long it takes for half of the drug dose to be left in the body.

218. Growth of a certain strain of bacteria is modeled by the equation $G = A(2.7)^{0.584t}$, where:

G = final number of bacteria

- A = initial number of bacteria
- t = time (in hours)

In approximately how many hours will 4 bacteria first increase to 2,500 bacteria? Round your answer to the *nearest hour*.

219. The equation for radioactive decay is

 $p = (05)^{\frac{t}{H}}$, where *p* is the part of a substance with half-life *H* remaining radioactive after a period of time, *t*.

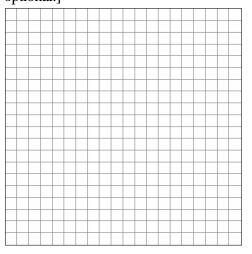
A given substance has a half-life of 6,000 years. After *t* years, one-fifth of the original sample remains radioactive. Find *t*, to the *nearest thousand years*.

220. An archaeologist can determine the approximate age of certain ancient specimens by measuring the amount of carbon-14, a radioactive substance, contained in the specimen. The formula used to determine the age of a specimen

is $A = A_0 2^{\frac{-t}{5760}}$, where *A* is the amount of carbon-14 that a specimen contains, A_0 is the original amount of carbon-14, *t* is time, in years, and 5760 is the half-life of carbon-14. A specimen that originally contained 120 milligrams of carbon-14 now contains 100 milligrams of this substance. What is the age of the specimen, to the *nearest hundred years*? 221. An amount of *P* dollars is deposited in an account paying an annual interest rate *r* (as a decimal) compounded *n* times per year. After *t* years, the amount of money in the account, in

dollars, is given by the equation $A = P(1 + \frac{r}{r})^{nt}$.

Rachel deposited \$1,000 at 2.8% annual interest, compounded monthly. In how many years, to the *nearest tenth of a year*, will she have \$2,500 in the account? [The use of the grid is optional.]



222. Sean invests \$10,000 at an annual rate of 5% compounded continuously, according to the formula $A = Pe^{rt}$, where *A* is the amount, *P* is the principal, e = 2.718, *r* is the rate of interest, and *t* is time, in years. Determine, to the *nearest dollar*, the amount of money he will have after 2 years. Determine how many years, to the *nearest year*, it will take for his initial investment to double.

BINOMIAL EXPANSIONS

223. What is the *last* term in the expansion of $(x+2y)^5$?

[A] y^5 [B] $32y^5$ [C] $2y^5$ [D] $10y^5$

- 224. What is the middle term in the expansion of $(x+y)^4$?
 - [A] $6x^2y^2$ [B] x^2y^2 [C] $4x^2y^2$ [D] $2x^2y^2$
- 225. What is the third term in the expansion of $\left\|\cos x + 3\right\|^{5}$? [A] $90\cos^{3} x$ [B] $270\cos^{2} x$
 - [C] $90\cos^2 x$ [D] $60\cos^3 x$

RADICALS

RATIONALIZING DENOMINATORS

- 226. Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{4}{3+\sqrt{2}}$?
 - [A] $\frac{12+4\sqrt{2}}{11}$ [B] $\frac{12+4\sqrt{2}}{7}$ [C] $\frac{12-4\sqrt{2}}{7}$ [D] $\frac{12-4\sqrt{2}}{11}$
- 227. Which expression is equal to $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$?
 - [A] $\frac{1-4\sqrt{3}}{7}$ [B] $\frac{7+4\sqrt{3}}{7}$
 - [C] $7 + 4\sqrt{3}$ [D] $1 4\sqrt{3}$
- 228. The expression $\frac{7}{2-\sqrt{3}}$ is equivalent to [A] $14-7\sqrt{3}$ [B] $14+7\sqrt{3}$ [C] $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{7}$ [D] $\frac{14+\sqrt{3}}{7}$

229. The expression $\frac{11}{\sqrt{3}-5}$ is equivalent to

[A]
$$\frac{-\sqrt{3}-5}{2}$$
 [B] $\frac{-\sqrt{3}+5}{2}$
[C] $\frac{\sqrt{3}+5}{2}$ [D] $\frac{\sqrt{3}-5}{2}$

230. The expression
$$\frac{7}{3-\sqrt{2}}$$
 is equivalent to

[A]
$$3+\sqrt{2}$$
 [B] $3-\sqrt{2}$
[C] $\frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{7}$ [D] $\frac{21+\sqrt{2}}{7}$

231. The expression
$$\frac{1}{5-\sqrt{13}}$$
 is equivalent to
[A] $\frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{-8}$ [B] $\frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{12}$
[C] $\frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{-12}$ [D] $\frac{5+\sqrt{13}}{8}$

232. Which expression represents the sum of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}?$ [A] $\frac{2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{2}}{6}$ [B] $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ [C] $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{3}$ [D] $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{2}$

PROPERTIES OF RADICALS

- 233. What is the domain of $h(x) = \sqrt{x^2 4x 5}$?
 - [A] $\{x | x \ge 1 \text{ or } x \le -5\}$ [B] $\{x | x \ge 5 \text{ or } x \le -1\}$ [C] $\{x | -1 \le x \le 5\}$ [D] $\{x | -5 \le x \le 1\}$

Math B Regents Exam Questions by Topic

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234. Which statement is true for all real number values of x?

$[A] \sqrt{x^2} = x $	[B] $ x - 1 > (x - 1)$
[C] x - 1 > 0	[D] $\sqrt{x^2} = x$

235. What is the axis of symmetry of the graph of the equation $x = y^2$?

[A] y-axis	[B] x -axis
[C] line $y = -x$	[D] line $y = x$

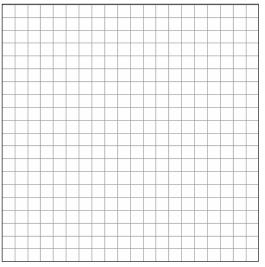
SOLVING RADICALS

- 236. The path of a rocket is represented by the equation $y = \sqrt{25 x^2}$. The path of a missile designed to intersect the path of the rocket is represented by the equation $x = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{y}$. The value of *x* at the point of intersection is 3. What is the corresponding value of *y*?
 - [A] 4 [B] -4 [C] -2 [D] 2
- 237. The solution set of the equation $\sqrt{x+6} = x$ is [A] { } [B] {3} [C] {-2,3} [D] {-2}
- 238. What is the solution set of the equation $x = 2\sqrt{2x-3}$? [A] { } [B] {2} [C] {2,6} [D] {6}
- 239. Solve algebraically: $\sqrt{x+5} + 1 = x$
- 240. What is the solution set of the equation $\sqrt{9x+10} = x$ [A] {10} [B] {10, -1}
 - $[C] \{-1\}$ $[D] \{9\}$

- 241. Solve for all values of q that satisfy the equation $\sqrt{3q+7} = q+3.$
- 242. A wrecking ball suspended from a chain is a type of pendulum. The relationship between the rate of speed of the ball, R, the mass of the ball, m, the length of the chain, L, and the force, F, is

 $R = 2\mathbf{p}\sqrt{\frac{mL}{F}}$. Determine the force, *F*, to the *nearest hundredth*, when L = 12, m = 50, and R = 0.6.

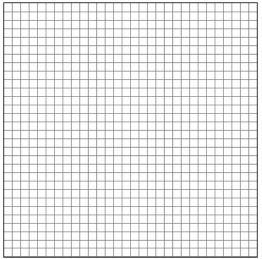
- 243. The lateral surface area of a right circular cone, *s*, is represented by the equation $s = \mathbf{p} r \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$, where *r* is the radius of the circular base and *h* is the height of the cone. If the lateral surface area of a large funnel is 236.64 square centimeters and its radius is 4.75 centimeters, find its height, to the *nearest hundredth of a centimeter*.
- 244. The equation $V = 20\sqrt{C+273}$ relates speed of sound, *V*, in meters per second, to air temperature, *C*, in degrees Celsius. What is the temperature, in degrees Celsius, when the speed of sound is 320 meters per second? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]



245. The number of people, *y*, involved in recycling in a community is modeled by the function

 $y = 90\sqrt{3x} + 400$, where x is the number of months the recycling plant has been open. Construct a table of values, sketch the function on the grid, and find the number of people involved in recycling exactly 3 months after the plant opened.

After how many months will 940 people be involved in recycling?



EXPONENTS AS RADICALS

246. The value of
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3^0 \\ 27^{\frac{2}{3}} \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$
 is
[A] $-\frac{1}{9}$ [B] $\frac{1}{9}$ [C] -9 [D] 9

247. The expression $\frac{3^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3^{-\frac{2}{3}}}$ is equivalent to

[A]
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}$$
 [B] 1 [C] 3 [D] $\sqrt{3}$

248. If x is a positive integer, $4x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ is equivalent to [A] 2x [B] $4\sqrt{x}$ [C] $4\frac{1}{x}$ [D] $\frac{2}{x}$

249. The expression
$$b^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$
, $b > 0$, is equivalent to

- [A] $\frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{b})^2}$ [B] $(\sqrt[3]{b})^2$ [C] $\frac{1}{(\sqrt{b})^3}$ [D] $-(\sqrt{b})^3$
- 250. The expression $\sqrt[4]{16a^6b^4}$ is equivalent to
 - [A] $4a^{\frac{3}{2}}b$ [B] $2a^{\frac{3}{2}}b$ [C] $4a^{2}b$ [D] $2a^{2}b$
- 251. Find the value of $(x+2)^0 + (x+1)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ when x = 7.

252. If
$$(a^x)|_3^2 = \frac{1}{a^2}$$
, what is the value of x?
[A] -1 [B] 2 [C] -3 [D] 1

253. Meteorologists can determine how long a storm lasts by using the function $t(d) = 0.07d^{\frac{3}{2}}$, where *d* is the diameter of the storm, in miles, and *t* is the time, in hours. If the storm lasts 4.75 hours, find its diameter, to the *nearest tenth of a mile*.

RATIONALS

OPERATIONS WITH RATIONALS

254. What is the sum of $\frac{3}{x-3}$ and $\frac{x}{3-x}$?

[A] 1 [B]
$$\frac{x+3}{x-3}$$
 [C] -1 [D] 0

255. What is the sum of
$$(y-5) + \frac{3}{y+2}$$
?
[A] $\frac{y^2 - 7}{y+2}$ [B] $\frac{y^2 - 3y - 7}{y+2}$
[C] $y-5$ [D] $\frac{y-2}{y+2}$

256. Express in simplest form: $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+3}$

257. A rectangular prism has a length of

$$\frac{2x^2 + 2x - 24}{4x^2 + x}$$
, a width of $\frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 4}$, and a
height of $\frac{8x^2 + 2x}{x^2 - 9}$. For all values of x for

which it is defined, express, in terms of x, the volume of the prism in simplest form.

- 258. If the length of a rectangular garden is
 - represented by $\frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^2 + 2x 15}$ and its width is represented by $\frac{2x-6}{2x+4}$, which expression represents the area of the garden?
 - [A] x + 5 [B] x

[C]
$$\frac{x}{x+5}$$
 [D] $\frac{x^2+2x}{2(x+5)}$

259. Express in simplest form:

$$\frac{4x+8}{x+1} \cdot \frac{2-x}{3x-15} \div \frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-8x-10}$$

SOLVING RATIONALS

260. A rectangle is said to have a golden ratio when $\frac{w}{h} = \frac{h}{w-h}$, where *w* represents width and *h* represents height. When *w* = 3, between which two consecutive integers will *h* lie?

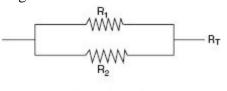
- 261. What is the solution set of the equation $\frac{x}{x-4} - \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{28}{x^2 - x - 12}?$ [A] {-6} [B] {4,-6} [C] {4} [D] { }
- 262. Solve for *x* and express your answer in simplest radical form:

$$\frac{4}{x} - \frac{3}{x+1} = 7$$

- 263. Solve for all values of x: $\frac{9}{x} + \frac{9}{x-2} = 12$
- 264. Working by herself, Mary requires 16 minutes more than Antoine to solve a mathematics problem. Working together, Mary and Antoine can solve the problem in 6 minutes. If this situation is represented by the equation

 $\frac{6}{t} + \frac{6}{t+16} = 1$, where *t* represents the number of minutes Antoine works alone to solve the problem, how many minutes will it take Antoine to solve the problem if he works by himself?

265. Electrical circuits can be connected in series, one after another, or in parallel circuits that branch off a main line. If circuits are hooked up in parallel, the reciprocal of the total resistance in the series is found by adding the reciprocals of each resistance, as shown in the accompanying diagram.



 $\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} = \frac{1}{R_T}$ If $R_1 = x$, $R_2 = x + 3$, and the total resistance, R_T , is 2.25 ohms, find the positive value of R_1 to the *nearest tenth of an ohm*.

RATIONAL FUNCTIONS

266. What is the domain of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 9}?$$

- [A] all real numbers except 3
- [B] all real numbers except 0
- [C] all real numbers except 3 and -3
- [D] all real numbers

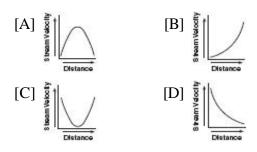
267. What is the domain of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{x^2 - 49}?$$

- [A] $\{x \mid x \in \text{ real numbers, } x \neq 7\}$
- [B] { $x \mid x \in$ real numbers, $x \neq \pm 7$ }
- [C] $\{x \mid x \in \text{real numbers}\}$
- [D] $\{x \mid x \in \text{ real numbers, } x \neq 0\}$

268. If
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-4}}$$
, the domain of $f(x)$ is
[A] $x > 2$ [B] $x = 2$

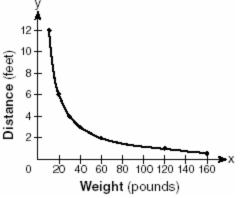
- [C] $x \ge 2$ [D] x < 2
- 269. Which graph represents an inverse variation between stream velocity and the distance from the center of the stream?



- Page 35
- 270. Which function is symmetrical with respect to the origin?

[A]
$$y = 5^{x}$$
 [B] $y = \sqrt{x+5}$
[C] $y = |5-x|$ [D] $y = -\frac{5}{x}$

271. The accompanying graph shows the relationship between a person's weight and the distance that the person must sit from the center of a seesaw to make it balanced.



Which equation best represents this graph?

[A] $y = \frac{120}{x}$ [B] $y = 2\log x$

[C]
$$y = -120x$$
 [D] $y = 12x^2$

RATIONAL EXPRESSIONS

- 272. Written in simplest form, the expression $\frac{x^2y^2-9}{3-xy}$ is equivalent to [A] -1 [B] $\frac{1}{3+xy}$ [C] 3+xy [D] -(3+xy)
- 273. Express the following rational expression in simplest form:

$$\frac{9-x^2}{10x^2-28x-6}$$

274. For all values of x for which the expression is

defined,
$$\frac{2x+x^2}{x^2+5x+6}$$
 is equivalent to

[A]
$$\frac{x}{x+2}$$
 [B] $\frac{1}{x+3}$
[C] $\frac{1}{x+2}$ [D] $\frac{x}{x+3}$

275. Written in simplest form, the expression $\frac{x^2 - 9x}{45x - 5x^2}$ is equivalent to

[A] 5 [B]
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 [C] $-\frac{1}{5}$ [D] -5

COMPLEX FRACTIONS

276. The expression
$$\frac{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}}{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}}$$
 is equivalent to
[A] ab [B] $a - b$
[C] $\frac{a - b}{ab}$ [D] $a + b$

277. The fraction
$$\frac{\frac{x}{y} + x}{\frac{1}{y} + 1}$$
 is equivalent to

[A] x [B] 2x [C]
$$\frac{x^2 y}{1+y}$$
 [D] $\frac{2xy}{1+y}$

278. In simplest form,
$$\frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{y^2}}{\frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{x}}$$
 is equal to
[A] $y - x$ [B] $x - y$
[C] $\frac{x - y}{xy}$ [D] $\frac{y - x}{xy}$

279. Express in simplest form:
$$\frac{\frac{x}{4} - \frac{4}{x}}{1 - \frac{4}{x}}$$

280. The expression
$$\frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}}{\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{y^2}}$$
 is equivalent to

[A]
$$y-x$$
 [B] $\frac{xy}{x-y}$
[C] $\frac{y-x}{xy}$ [D] $\frac{xy}{y-x}$

281. Which expression is equivalent to the complex

fraction
$$\frac{\frac{x}{x+2}}{1-\frac{x}{x+2}}$$
?
[A] $\frac{2}{x}$ [B] $\frac{2x}{x+2}$ [C] $\frac{2x}{x^2+4}$ [D] $\frac{x}{2}$

282. When simplified, the complex fraction

$$\frac{1+\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}-x}, x \neq 0$$
, is equivalent to
[A] -1 [B] 1 [C] $\frac{1}{1-x}$ [D] $\frac{1}{x-1}$

283. Express in simplest form:
$$\frac{\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{s}}{\frac{r^2}{s^2} - 1}$$

284. In a science experiment, when resistor *A* and resistor *B* are connected in a parallel circuit, the

total resistance is
$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{A} + \frac{1}{B}}$$
. This complex fraction

is equivalent to

[A]
$$\frac{AB}{A+B}$$
 [B] $A+B$ [C] AB [D] 1

INVERSE VARIATION

- 285. Explain how a person can determine if a set of data represents inverse variation and give an example using a table of values.
- 286. If *R* varies inversely as *S*, when *S* is doubled, *R* is multiplied by

[A] $\frac{1}{4}$	[B] 2	[C] $\frac{1}{2}$	[D] 4
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- 287. The price per person to rent a limousine for a prom varies inversely as the number of passengers. If five people rent the limousine, the cost is \$70 each. How many people are renting the limousine when the cost *per couple* is \$87.50?
- 288. To balance a seesaw, the distance, in feet, a person is from the fulcrum is inversely proportional to the person's weight, in pounds. Bill, who weighs 150 pounds, is sitting 4 feet away from the fulcrum. If Dan weighs 120 pounds, how far from the fulcrum should he sit to balance the seesaw?

[A] 4.5 ft [B] 5 ft [C] 3 ft [D] 3.5 ft

289. For a rectangular garden with a fixed area, the length of the garden varies inversely with the width. Which equation represents this situation for an area of 36 square units?

[A]
$$x + y = 36$$

[B] $x - y = 36$
[C] $y = 36x$
[D] $y = \frac{36}{x}$

- 290. When air is pumped into an automobile tire, the pressure is inversely proportional to the volume. If the pressure is 35 pounds when the volume is 120 cubic inches, what is the pressure, in pounds, when the volume is 140 cubic inches?
- 291. A pulley that has a diameter of 8 inches is belted to a pulley that has a diameter of 12 inches. The 8-inch-diameter pulley is running at 1,548 revolutions per minute. If the speeds of the pulleys vary inversely to their diameters, how many revolutions per minute does the larger pulley make?
- 292. Boyle's Law states that the pressure of compressed gas is inversely proportional to its volume. The pressure of a certain sample of a gas is 16 kilopascals when its volume is 1,800 liters. What is the pressure, in kilopascals, when its volume is 900 liters?
- 293. The speed of a laundry truck varies inversely with the time it takes to reach its destination. If the truck takes 3 hours to reach its destination traveling at a constant speed of 50 miles per hour, how long will it take to reach the same location when it travels at a constant speed of 60 miles per hour?

[A]
$$2\frac{1}{3}$$
 hours
[B] $2\frac{2}{3}$ hours
[C] $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours
[D] 2 hours

- 294. In a given rectangle, the length varies inversely as the width. If the length is doubled, the width will
 - [A] be multiplied by 2[B] be divided by 2[C] remain the same[D] increase by 2
- 295. Camisha is paying a band \$330 to play at her graduation party. The amount each member earns, *d*, varies inversely as the number of members who play, *n*. The graph of the equation that represents the relationship between *d* and *n* is an example of
 - [A] a hyperbola[B] a line[C] a parabola[D] an ellipse

ANGLES

UNIT CIRCLE

296. If q is a positive acute angle and $\sin q = a$, which expression represents $\cos q$ in terms of *a*?

[A]
$$\sqrt{1-a^2}$$
 [B] $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2}}$
[C] \sqrt{a} [D] $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$

- 297. If q is an angle in standard position and its terminal side passes through the point $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$ on a unit circle, a possible value of q is [A] 150° [B] 60° [C] 30° [D] 120°
- 298. If $\sin q > 0$ and $\sec q < 0$, in which quadrant does the terminal side of angle q lie?
 - [A] I [B] IV [C] II [D] III

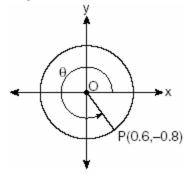
299. If the tangent of an angle is negative and its secant is positive, in which quadrant does the angle terminate?

[A] III [B] I [C] II [D] IV

300. Which angle is coterminal with an angle of 125°?

[A] -125°	[B] 425°
[C] -235°	[D] 235°

301. In the accompanying diagram, point P[0.6,-0.8] is on unit circle *O*. What is the value of q, to the *nearest degree*?



302. If q is an obtuse angle and $\sin q = b$, then it can be concluded that

in2 q < b

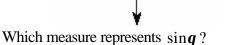
- [C] $\tan q > b$ [D] $\cos q > b$
- 303. Is $\frac{1}{2}\sin 2x$ the same expression as $\sin x$? Justify your answer.
- 304. If sinq is negative and cosq is negative, in which quadrant does the terminal side of q lie?
 [A] III [B] II [C] I [D] IV
- 305. Expressed as a function of a positive acute angle, sin (-230°) is equal to

[A] -sin 50°	[B] sin 50°
[C] -cos 50°	[D] cos 50°

306. In the accompanying diagram, \overline{PR} is tangent to circle *O* at *R*, $\overline{QS} \perp \overline{OR}$, and $\overline{PR} \perp \overline{OR}$.

(0,1)

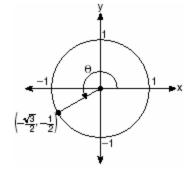
(0, -1)





307. In the accompanying diagram of a unit circle, the ordered pair $\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$ represents the point

where the terminal side of q intersects the unit circle.



What is $m \angle q$?

[A] 240 [B] 210 [C] 233 [D] 225

- 308. Two straight roads intersect at an angle whose measure is 125°. Which expression is equivalent to the cosine of this angle?
 - [A] $-\cos 55^{\circ}$ [B] $\cos 55^{\circ}$
 - [C] $\cos 35^{\circ}$ [D] $-\cos 35^{\circ}$

RADIAN MEASURE

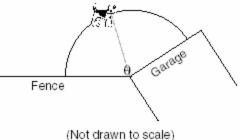
309. Through how many radians does the minute hand of a clock turn in 24 minutes?

[A] 0.4 p	[B] 0.8 p
[C] 0.2 p	[D] 0.6 p

310. A wedge-shaped piece is cut from a circular pizza. The radius of the pizza is 6 inches. The rounded edge of the crust of the piece measures 4.2 inches. To the *nearest tenth*, the angle of the pointed end of the piece of pizza, in radians, is

[A] 1.4 [B] 7.0 [C] 25.2 [D] 0.7

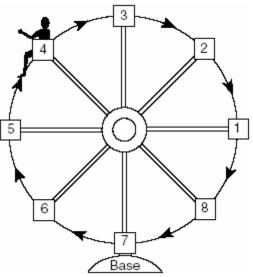
- 311. An art student wants to make a string collage by connecting six equally spaced points on the circumference of a circle to its center with string. What would be the radian measure of the angle between two adjacent pieces of string, in simplest form?
- 312. An arc of a circle that is 6 centimeters in length intercepts a central angle of 1.5 radians. Find the number of centimeters in the radius of the circle.
- 313. A dog has a 20-foot leash attached to the corner where a garage and a fence meet, as shown in the accompanying diagram. When the dog pulls the leash tight and walks from the fence to the garage, the arc the leash makes is 55.8 feet.



What is the measure of angle q between the garage and the fence, in radians?

[A] 3.14 [B] 2.79 [C] 0.36 [D] 160

314. Kristine is riding in car 4 of the Ferris wheel represented in the accompanying diagram. The Ferris wheel is rotating in the direction indicated by the arrows. The eight cars are equally spaced around the circular wheel. Express, in radians, the measure of the *smallest* angle through which she will travel to reach the bottom of the Ferris wheel.



TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES

315. The expression $\frac{\tan q}{\sec q}$ is equivalent to

$$[A] \frac{\cos^2 \boldsymbol{q}}{\sin \boldsymbol{q}} \qquad [B] \sin \boldsymbol{q}$$

- [C] $\frac{\sin q}{\cos^2 q}$ [D] $\cos q$
- 316. The expression $\frac{\sec q}{\csc q}$ is equivalent to
 - [A] $\frac{\sin q}{\cos q}$ [B] $\cos q$
 - [C] $\frac{\cos q}{\sin q}$ [D] $\sin q$

- 317. The expression $\frac{2\cos q}{\sin 2q}$ is equivalent to [A] sec q [B] sin q[C] cot q [D] csc q
- 318. A crate weighing w pounds sits on a ramp positioned at an angle of q with the horizontal. The forces acting on this crate are modeled by the equation $Mw\cos q = w\sin q$, where M is the coefficient of friction. What is an expression for M in terms of q?

$[A] M = \csc \boldsymbol{q}$	[B] $M = \cot \boldsymbol{q}$

- [C] $M = \sec q$ [D] $M = \tan q$
- 319. Express in simplest terms: $\frac{2-2\sin^2 x}{\cos x}$

INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC RATIOS

- 320. If the sine of an angle is $\frac{3}{5}$ and the angle is *not* in Quadrant I, what is the value of the cosine of the angle?
- 321. If $\sin x = \frac{4}{5}$, where $0^\circ < x < 90^\circ$, find the value of $\cos (x + 180^\circ)$.
- 322. If $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$, $\tan B = \frac{5}{12}$, and angles A and B are in Quadrant I, what is the value of $\sin(A+B)$?

[A]
$$\frac{63}{65}$$
 [B] $-\frac{63}{65}$ [C] $-\frac{33}{65}$ [D] $\frac{33}{65}$

323. If *A* is a positive acute angle and $\sin A = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$, what is $\cos 2A$?

[A]
$$-\frac{1}{9}$$
 [B] $\frac{1}{3}$ [C] $-\frac{1}{3}$ [D] $\frac{1}{9}$

324. If $\sin x = \frac{12}{13}$, $\cos y = \frac{3}{5}$, and x and y are acute angles, the value of $\cos(x - y)$ is

[A]
$$-\frac{14}{65}$$
 [B] $\frac{21}{65}$ [C] $-\frac{33}{65}$ [D] $\frac{63}{65}$

325. If x is an acute angle and $\sin x = \frac{12}{13}$, then $\cos 2x$ equals

[A]
$$\frac{119}{169}$$
 [B] $-\frac{25}{169}$
[C] $-\frac{119}{169}$ [D] $\frac{25}{169}$

326. If **q** is an acute angle such that $\sin q = \frac{5}{13}$, what is the value of $\sin 2q$?

[A]
$$\frac{60}{169}$$
 [B] $\frac{120}{169}$ [C] $\frac{10}{26}$ [D] $\frac{12}{13}$

327. If $\sin q = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$, then $\cos 2q$ equals [A] $\frac{1}{3}$ [B] $\frac{1}{9}$ [C] $-\frac{1}{3}$ [D] $-\frac{1}{9}$

328. If *A* and *B* are positive acute angles, $\sin A = \frac{5}{13}$,

and
$$\cos B = \frac{4}{5}$$
, what is the value of
 $\sin |A + B|$?
[A] $-\frac{16}{65}$ [B] $\frac{33}{65}$ [C] $\frac{56}{65}$ [D] $\frac{63}{65}$

SOLVING TRIGONOMETRIC EQUATIONS

329. On a monitor, the graphs of two impulses are recorded on the same screen, where $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$. The impulses are given by the following equations:

$$y = 2\sin^2 x$$
$$y = 1 - \sin x$$

Find all values of *x*, in degrees, for which the two impulses meet in the interval $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$. [Only an algebraic solution will be accepted.]

- 330. If $|\sec x 2| = 0$, then x terminates in
 - [A] Quadrants I and IV, only
 - [B] Quadrant I, only
 - [C] Quadrants I and II, only
 - [D] Quadrants I, II, III, and IV

331. If
$$\sin 6A = \cos 9A$$
, then $m \angle A$ is equal to

- [A] 6 [B] 36 [C] $1\frac{1}{2}$ [D] 54
- 332. What value of x in the interval $0^{\circ} \le x \le 180^{\circ}$ satisfies the equation $\sqrt{3} \tan x + 1 = 0$? [A] 150° [B] 30° [C] 60° [D] -30°
- 333. The expression $\cos 40^{\circ} \cos 10^{\circ} + \sin 40^{\circ} \sin 10^{\circ}$ is equivalent to
 - [A] $\sin 30^{\circ}$ [B] $\sin 50^{\circ}$
 - [C] $\cos 30^{\circ}$ [D] $\cos 50^{\circ}$
- 334. What is a positive value of *x* for which $9^{-\cos x} = \frac{1}{3}$? [A] 90° [B] 30° [C] 45° [D] 60°

- 335. Navigators aboard ships and airplanes use nautical miles to measure distance. The length of a nautical mile varies with latitude. The length of a nautical mile, *L*, in feet, on the latitude line *q* is given by the formula $L = 6,077 - 31\cos 2q$. Find, to the *nearest degree*, the angle $q, 0 \le q \le 90^\circ$, at which the length of a nautical mile is approximately 6,076 feet.
- 336. Solve algebraically for all values of q in the interval $0^{\circ} \le q \le 360^{\circ}$ that satisfy the equation $\frac{\sin^2 q}{1 + \cos q} = 1.$
- 337. Solve the following equation algebraically for all values of q in the interval $0^{\circ} \le x \le 180^{\circ}$. $2 \sin q - 1 = 0$
- 338. In the interval $0^{\circ} \le A \le 360^{\circ}$, solve for all values of *A* in the equation $\cos 2A = -3\sin A 1$.
- 339. Find, to the *nearest degree*, all values of q in the interval $0^{\circ} < q < 360^{\circ}$ that satisfy the equation $3\cos 2q + \sin q 1 = 0$.

TRIGONOMETRIC GRAPHS

340. A modulated laser heats a diamond. Its variable temperature, in degrees Celsius, is given by $f(t) = T \sin at$. What is the period of the curve?

[A]
$$\frac{1}{a}$$
 [B] $\frac{2\mathbf{p}}{a}$ [C] $\frac{2a\mathbf{p}}{a}$ [D] $|T|$

341. What is the period of the function $y = 5 \sin 3x$?

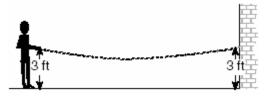
[A]
$$\frac{2p}{3}$$
 [B] $\frac{2p}{5}$ [C] 3 [D] 5

- 342. The brightness of the star MIRA over time is given by the equation $y = 2 \sin \frac{p}{4}x + 6$, where *x* represents time and *y* represents brightness. What is the period of this function, in radian measure?
- 343. A monitor displays the graph $y = 3 \sin 5x$. What will be the amplitude after a dilation of 2?
 - [A] 10 [B] 5 [C] 6 [D] 7
- 344. What is the amplitude of the function $y = \frac{2}{3}\sin 4x$? [A] 3p [B] $\frac{p}{2}$ [C] $\frac{2}{3}$ [D] 4
- 345. The path traveled by a roller coaster is modeled by the equation $y = 27 \sin 13x + 30$. What is the maximum altitude of the roller coaster?

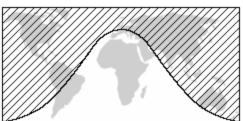
[A] 13 [B] 57 [C] 27 [D] 30

- 346. A certain radio wave travels in a path represented by the equation $y = 5 \sin 2x$. What is the period of this wave?
 - [A] **p** [B] 2 [C] 2**p** [D] 5

347. A student attaches one end of a rope to a wall at a fixed point 3 feet above the ground, as shown in the accompanying diagram, and moves the other end of the rope up and down, producing a wave described by the equation $y = a \sin bx + c$. The range of the rope's height above the ground is between 1 and 5 feet. The period of the wave is 4p. Write the equation that represents this wave.



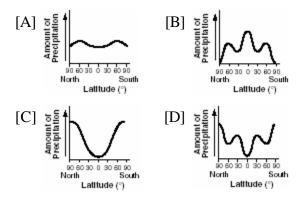
348. The shaded portion of the accompanying map indicates areas of night, and the unshaded portion indicates areas of daylight at a particular moment in time.



Which type of function best represents the curve that divides the area of night from the area of daylight?

- [A] tangent [B] cosine
- [C] quadratic
- [D] logarithmic

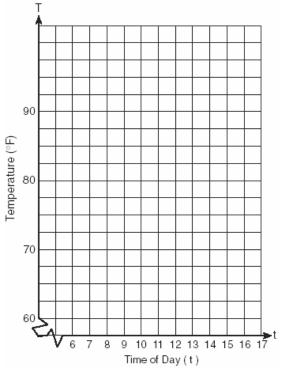
349. The graphs below show the average annual precipitation received at different latitudes on Earth. Which graph is a translated cosine curve?



350. A building's temperature, *T*, varies with time of day, *t*, during the course of 1 day, as follows:

 $T = 8\cos t + 78$

The air-conditioning operates when $T \ge 80^{\circ} F$. Graph this function for $6 \le t < 17$ and determine, to the *nearest tenth of an hour*, the amount of time in 1 day that the air-conditioning is on in the building.

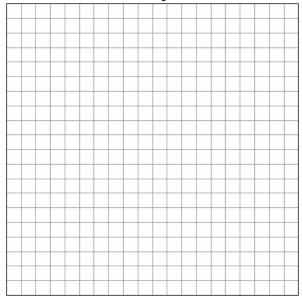


351. A pair of figure skaters graphed part of their routine on a grid. The male skater's path is

represented by the equation $m(x) = 3\sin\frac{1}{2}x$,

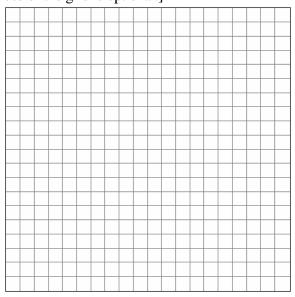
and the female skater's path is represented by the equation $f(x) = -2\cos x$. On the

accompanying grid, sketch both paths and state how many times the paths of the skaters intersect between x = 0 and x = 4p.



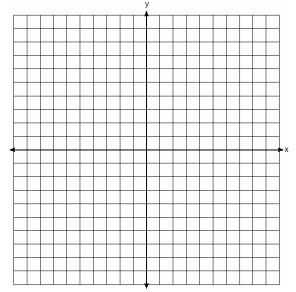
352. The tide at a boat dock can be modeled by the

equation $y = -2\cos(\frac{p}{6}t) + 8$, where *t* is the number of hours past noon and *y* is the height of the tide, in feet. For how many hours between *t* = 0 and *t* = 12 is the tide at least 7 feet? [The use of the grid is optional.]



353. On the accompanying set of axes, graph the equations $y = 4 \cos x$ and y = 2 in the domain $-\mathbf{p} \le x \le \mathbf{p}$. Express, in terms of \mathbf{p} , the interval for which

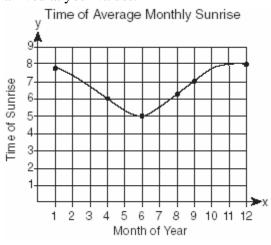
 $4\cos x \ge 2.$



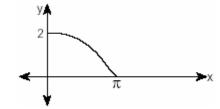
- 354. Which type of symmetry does the equation $y = \cos x$ have?
 - [A] line symmetry with respect to the *x*-axis
 - [B] point symmetry with respect to $(\frac{p}{2}, 0)$
 - [C] point symmetry with respect to the origin
 - [D] line symmetry with respect to y = x
- 355. An object that weighs 2 pounds is suspended in a liquid. When the object is depressed 3 feet from its equilibrium point, it will oscillate according to the formula $x = 3\cos(8t)$, where *t* is the number of seconds after the object is released. How many seconds are in the period of oscillation?

[A]
$$\frac{p}{4}$$
 [B] $2p$ [C] 3 [D] p

356. The times of average monthly sunrise, as shown in the accompanying diagram, over the course of a 12-month interval can be modeled by the equation $y = A\cos(Bx) + D$. Determine the values of *A*, *B*, and *D*, and explain how you arrived at your values.



357. The accompanying diagram shows a section of a sound wave as displayed on an oscilloscope.



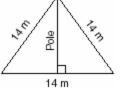
Which equation could represent this graph?

[A]
$$y = \frac{1}{2}\sin\frac{p}{2}x$$
 [B] $y = 2\sin\frac{x}{2}$
[C] $y = \frac{1}{2}\cos 2x$ [D] $y = 2\cos\frac{x}{2}$

TRIANGLES

PERIMETER AND AREA OF TRIANGLES

358. The accompanying diagram shows two cables of equal length supporting a pole. Both cables are 14 meters long, and they are anchored to points in the ground that are 14 meters apart.



What is the exact height of the pole, in meters?

[A] 14 [B] $7\sqrt{2}$ [C] 7 [D] $7\sqrt{3}$

359. A garden in the shape of an equilateral triangle has sides whose lengths are 10 meters. What is the area of the garden?

[A]
$$50\sqrt{3} m^2$$
 [B] $50 m^2$

[C]
$$25\sqrt{3} m^2$$
 [D] $25 m^2$

TRIANGLE INEQUALITIES

- 360. A box contains one 2-inch rod, one 3-inch rod, one 4-inch rod, and one 5-inch rod. What is the maximum number of different triangles that can be made using these rods as sides?
 - [A] 3 [B] 2 [C] 1 [D] 4

<u>USING TRIGONOMETRY TO SOLVE</u> TRIANGLE INEQUALITIES

- 361. An architect commissions a contractor to produce a triangular window. The architect describes the window as $\triangle ABC$, where $m \angle A = 50$, BC = 10 inches, and AB = 12 inches. How many distinct triangles can the contractor construct using these dimensions?
 - [A] 2 [B] 0 [C] more than 2 [D] 1
- 362. Sam is designing a triangular piece for a metal sculpture. He tells Martha that two of the sides of the piece are 40 inches and 15 inches, and the angle opposite the 40-inch side measures 120°. Martha decides to sketch the piece that Sam described. How many different triangles can she sketch that match Sam's description?
 - [A] 3 [B] 0 [C] 2 [D] 1
- 363. How many distinct triangles can be formed if $m \angle A = 30$, side b = 12, and side a = 8?
 - [A] 0 [B] 2 [C] 3 [D] 1
- 364. A landscape designer is designing a triangular garden with two sides that are 4 feet and 6 feet, respectively. The angle opposite the 4-foot side is 30°. How many distinct triangular gardens can the designer make using these measurements?

- 365. Main Street and Central Avenue intersect, making an angle measuring 34°. Angela lives at the intersection of the two roads, and Caitlin lives on Central Avenue 10 miles from the intersection. If Leticia lives 7 miles from Caitlin, which conclusion is valid?
 - [A] Leticia cannot live on Main Street.
 - [B] Leticia can live at one of two locations on Main Street.
 - [C] Leticia can live at one of three locations on Main Street.
 - [D] Leticia can live at only one location on Main Street.
- 366. In $\triangle ABC$, if AC = 12, BC = 11, and $m \angle A = 30$, angle C could be
 - [A] either an obtuse angle or an acute angle
 - [B] a right angle, only
 - [C] an acute angle, only
 - [D] an obtuse angle, only
- 367. What is the total number of distinct triangles that can be constructed if AC = 13, BC = 8, and $m \angle A = 36$?
 - [A] 0 [B] 1 [C] 2 [D] 3

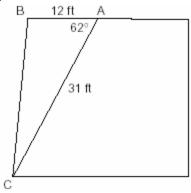
BASIC TRIGONOMETRIC RATIOS

368. At Mogul's Ski Resort, the beginner's slope is inclined at an angle of 12.3°, while the advanced slope is inclined at an angle of 26.4°. If Rudy skis 1,000 meters down the advanced slope while Valerie skis the same distance on the beginner's slope, how much longer was the horizontal distance that Valerie covered?

[A] 895.7 m	[B] 81.3 m
[C] 231.6 m	[D] 977.0 m

USING TRIGONOMETRY TO FIND AREA

- 369. Gregory wants to build a garden in the shape of an isosceles triangle with one of the congruent sides equal to 12 yards. If the area of his garden will be 55 square yards, find, to the *nearest tenth of a degree*, the *three* angles of the triangle.
- 370. The accompanying diagram shows the floor plan for a kitchen. The owners plan to carpet all of the kitchen except the "work space," which is represented by scalene triangle *ABC*. Find the area of this work space to the *nearest tenth of a square foot*.

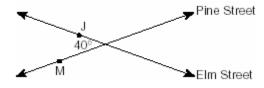


- 371. Two sides of a triangular-shaped pool measure 16 feet and 21 feet, and the included angle measures 58°. What is the area, to the *nearest tenth of a square foot*, of a nylon cover that would exactly cover the surface of the pool?
- 372. The triangular top of a table has two sides of 14 inches and 16 inches, and the angle between the sides is 30°. Find the area of the tabletop, in square inches.

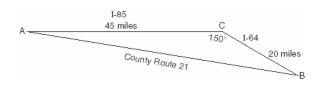
373. A landscape architect is designing a triangular garden to fit in the corner of a lot. The corner of the lot forms an angle of 70°, and the sides of the garden including this angle are to be 11 feet and 13 feet, respectively. Find, to the *nearest integer*, the number of square feet in the area of the garden.

LAW OF COSINES

- 374. A ship at sea is 70 miles from one radio transmitter and 130 miles from another. The angle between the signals sent to the ship by the transmitters is 117.4°. Find the distance between the two transmitters, to the *nearest mile*.
- 375. A wooden frame is to be constructed in the form of an isosceles trapezoid, with diagonals acting as braces to strengthen the frame. The sides of the frame each measure 5.30 feet, and the longer base measures 12.70 feet. If the angles between the sides and the longer base each measure 68.4° , find the length of one brace to the *nearest tenth of a foot*.
- 376. Two straight roads, Elm Street and Pine Street, intersect creating a 40° angle, as shown in the accompanying diagram. John's house (*J*) is on Elm Street and is 3.2 miles from the point of intersection. Mary's house (*M*) is on Pine Street and is 5.6 miles from the intersection. Find, to the *nearest tenth of a mile*, the direct distance between the two houses.



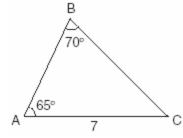
377. Kieran is traveling from city *A* to city *B*. As the accompanying map indicates, Kieran could drive directly from *A* to *B* along County Route 21 at an average speed of 55 miles per hour or travel on the interstates, 45 miles along I-85 and 20 miles along I-64. The two interstates intersect at an angle of 150° at *C* and have a speed limit of 65 miles per hour. How much time will Kieran save by traveling along the interstates at an average speed of 65 miles per hour?



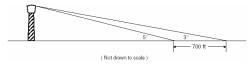
- 378. To measure the distance through a mountain for a proposed tunnel, surveyors chose points *A* and *B* at each end of the proposed tunnel and a point *C* near the mountain. They determined that AC = 3,800 meters, BC = 2,900 meters, and $m \angle ACB = 110$. Draw a diagram to illustrate this situation and find the length of the tunnel, to the *nearest meter*.
- 379. A surveyor is mapping a triangular plot of land. He measures two of the sides and the angle formed by these two sides and finds that the lengths are 400 yards and 200 yards and the included angle is 50°.
 What is the measure of the third side of the plot of land, to the *nearest yard*? What is the area of this plot of land, to the *nearest square yard*?
- 380. A farmer has determined that a crop of strawberries yields a yearly profit of \$1.50 per square yard. If strawberries are planted on a triangular piece of land whose sides are 50 yards, 75 yards, and 100 yards, how much profit, to the *nearest hundred dollars*, would the farmer expect to make from this piece of land during the next harvest?

LAW OF SINES

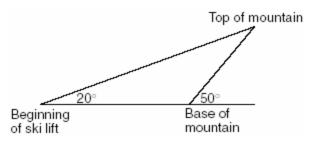
381. In the accompanying diagram of $\triangle ABC$, $m \angle A = 65$, $m \angle B = 70$, and the side opposite vertex *B* is 7. Find the length of the side opposite vertex *A*, and find the area of $\triangle ABC$.



- 382. Carmen and Jamal are standing 5,280 feet apart on a straight, horizontal road. They observe a hot-air balloon between them directly above the road. The angle of elevation from Carmen is 60° and from Jamal is 75°. Draw a diagram to illustrate this situation and find the height of the balloon to the *nearest foot*.
- 383. A ship captain at sea uses a sextant to sight an angle of elevation of 37° to the top of a lighthouse. After the ship travels 250 feet directly toward the lighthouse, another sighting is made, and the new angle of elevation is 50°. The ship's charts show that there are dangerous rocks 100 feet from the base of the lighthouse. Find, to the *nearest foot*, how close to the rocks the ship is at the time of the second sighting.
- 384. While sailing a boat offshore, Donna sees a lighthouse and calculates that the angle of elevation to the top of the lighthouse is 3°, as shown in the accompanying diagram. When she sails her boat 700 feet closer to the lighthouse, she finds that the angle of elevation is now 5°. How tall, to the *nearest tenth of a foot*, is the lighthouse?

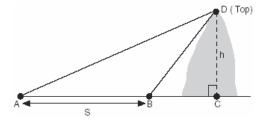


- 385. A sign 46 feet high is placed on top of an office building. From a point on the sidewalk level with the base of the building, the angle of elevation to the top of the sign and the angle of elevation to the bottom of the sign are 40° and 32°, respectively. Sketch a diagram to represent the building, the sign, and the two angles, and find the height of the building to the *nearest foot*.
- 386. A ski lift begins at ground level 0.75 mile from the base of a mountain whose face has a 50° angle of elevation, as shown in the accompanying diagram. The ski lift ascends in a straight line at an angle of 20°. Find the length of the ski lift from the beginning of the ski lift to the top of the mountain, to the *nearest hundredth of a mile*.



387. A ship at sea heads directly toward a cliff on the shoreline. The accompanying diagram shows the top of the cliff, *D*, sighted from two locations, *A* and *B*, separated by distance *S*. If $m \angle DAC = 30$, $m \angle DBC = 45$, and S = 30

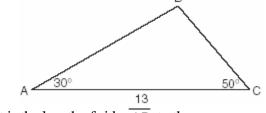
feet, what is the height of the cliff, to the *nearest foot*?



388. In $\triangle ABC$, $m \angle A = 33$, a = 12, and b = 15. What is $m \angle B$ to the *nearest degree*?

[A] 41 [B] 44 [C] 43 [D] 48

389. In the accompanying diagram of $\triangle ABC$, $m \angle A = 30, m \angle A = 30$, and AC = 13.



What is the length of side \overline{AB} to the *nearest tenth*?

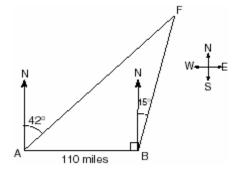
[A] 6.6 [B] 10.1 [C] 12.0 [D] 11.5

390. In $\triangle ABC$, a = 19, c = 10, and $m \angle A = 111$. Which statement can be used to find the value of $\angle C$?

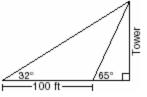
[A]
$$\sin C = \frac{10\sin 69^{\circ}}{19}$$

[B] $\sin C = \frac{10\sin 21^{\circ}}{19}$
[C] $\sin C = \frac{19\sin 69^{\circ}}{10}$ [D] $\sin C = \frac{10}{19}$

391. As shown in the accompanying diagram, two tracking stations, *A* and *B*, are on an east-west line 110 miles apart. A forest fire is located at *F*, on a bearing 42° northeast of station *A* and 15° northeast of station *B*. How far, to the *nearest mile*, is the fire from station *A*?



392. The accompanying diagram shows the plans for a cell-phone tower that is to be built near a busy highway. Find the height of the tower, to the *nearest foot*.

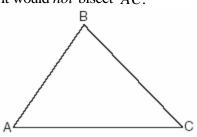


VECTORS

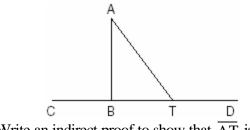
- 393. Two tow trucks try to pull a car out of a ditch. One tow truck applies a force of 1,500 pounds while the other truck applies a force of 2,000 pounds. The resultant force is 3,000 pounds. Find the angle between the two applied forces, rounded to the *nearest degree*.
- 394. One force of 20 pounds and one force of 15 pounds act on a body at the same point so that the resultant force is 19 pounds. Find, to the *nearest degree*, the angle between the two original forces.
- 395. Two equal forces act on a body at an angle of 80°. If the resultant force is 100 newtons, find the value of one of the two equal forces, to the *nearest hundredth of a newton*.

TRIANGLE PROOFS

396. In the accompanying diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is *not* isosceles. Prove that if altitude \overline{BD} were drawn, it would *not* bisect \overline{AC} .



397. Given: $\triangle ABT$, \overline{CBTD} , and $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{CD}$



Write an indirect proof to show that \overline{AT} is *not* perpendicular to \overline{CD} .

398. In the accompanying diagram of $\triangle ABC$,

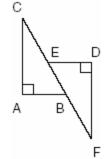
$$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}, \ \overline{BD} = \frac{1}{3} \overline{BA}, \text{ and } \overline{CE} = \frac{1}{3} \overline{CA}.$$

Triangle *EBC* can be proved congruent to triangle *DCB* by

$[A] SAS \cong SAS$	$[B] SSS \cong SSS$
[C] ASA ≅ ASA	[D] HL ≃ HL

399. In the accompanying diagram, $\overline{CA} \perp \overline{AB}$,

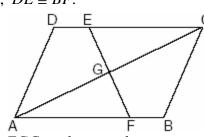
 $\overline{ED} \perp \overline{DF}, \overline{ED} \parallel \overline{AB}, \overline{CB} \cong \overline{BF}, \overline{AB} \cong \overline{ED}$ and $m \angle CAB = m \angle FDE = 90$.



Which statement would *not* be used to prove $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$?

$[A] AAS \cong AAS$	$[B] SSS \cong SSS$
$[C] HL \cong HL$	$[D] SAS \cong SAS$

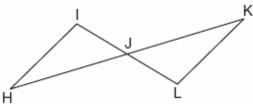
400. In the accompanying diagram of parallelogram $ABCD, \ \overline{DE} \cong \overline{BF}.$



Triangle EGC can be proved congruent to triangle FGA by

$[A] AAS \cong AAS$	$[B] SSA \cong SSA$
$[C] HL \cong HL$	$[D] AAA \cong AAA$

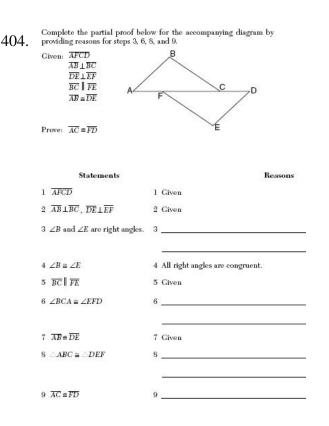
401. In the accompanying diagram, \overline{HK} bisects \overline{IL} and $\angle H \cong \angle K$.



What is the most direct method of proof that could be used to prove $\Delta HIJ \cong \Delta KLJ$?

- $[A] ASA \cong ASA \qquad [B] HL \cong HL$
- $[C] SAS \cong SAS \qquad [D] AAS \cong AAS$
- 402. Which condition does *not* prove that two triangles are congruent?

- $[C] SAS \cong SAS \qquad [D] SSA \cong SSA$
- 403. Which statements could be used to prove that $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle A'B'C'$ are congruent?
 - [A] $\angle A \cong \angle A', \ \overline{AC} \cong \overline{A'C'}, \ \text{and} \ \overline{BC} \cong \overline{B'C'}$
 - [B] $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{A'B'}, \ \overline{BC} \cong \overline{B'C'}, \ \text{and} \ \angle A \cong \angle A'$
 - [C] $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{A'B'}$, $\angle A \cong \angle A'$, and $\angle C \cong \angle C'$
 - [D] $\angle A \cong \angle A', \angle B \cong \angle B', \text{ and } \angle C \cong \angle C'$



OTHER POLYGONS

PERIMETER AND AREA OF OTHER POLYGONS

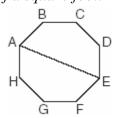
405. A homeowner wants to increase the size of a rectangular deck that now measures 15 feet by 20 feet, but building code laws state that a homeowner cannot have a deck larger than 900 square feet. If the length and the width are to be increased by the same amount, find, to the *nearest tenth*, the maximum number of feet that the length of the deck may be increased in size legally.

- 406. Chad had a garden that was in the shape of a rectangle. Its length was twice its width. He decided to make a new garden that was 2 feet longer and 2 feet wider than his first garden. If x represents the original width of the garden, which expression represents the difference between the area of his new garden and the area of the original garden?
 - [A] $2x^2$ [B] $x^2 + 3x + 2$ [C] 6x + 4 [D] 8
- 407. A small, open-top packing box, similar to a shoebox without a lid, is three times as long as it is wide, and half as high as it is long. Each square inch of the bottom of the box costs \$0.008 to produce, while each square inch of any side costs \$0.003 to produce.
 Write a function for the cost of the box described

Write a function for the cost of the box described above.

Using this function, determine the dimensions of a box that would cost \$0.69 to produce.

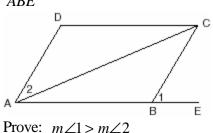
408. A picnic table in the shape of a regular octagon is shown in the accompanying diagram. If the length of \overline{AE} is 6 feet, find the length of one side of the table to the *nearest tenth of a foot*, and find the area of the table's surface to the *nearest tenth of a square foot*.



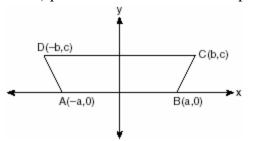
OTHER POLYGON PROOFS

409. Prove that the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other.

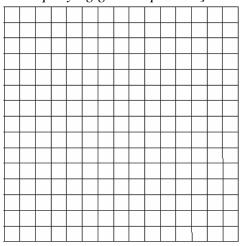
410. Given: parallelogram *ABCD*, diagonal \overline{AC} , and \overline{ABE}



411. In the accompanying diagram of *ABCD*, where $a \neq b$, prove *ABCD* is an isosceles trapezoid.



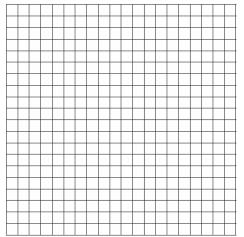
412. Given: *A*(1,6), *B*(7,9), *C*(13,6), and *D*(3,1) Prove: *ABCD* is a trapezoid. [*The use of the accompanying grid is optional*.]



413. Quadrilateral *KATE* has vertices K(1,5), A(4,7), T(7,3), and E(1,-1).

a Prove that *KATE* is a trapezoid. [The use of the grid is optional.]

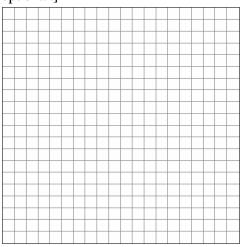
b Prove that *KATE* is *not* an isosceles trapezoid.



414. The coordinates of quadrilateral *ABCD* are A(-1,-5), B(8,2), C(11,13), and D(2,6). Using coordinate geometry, prove that quadrilateral *ABCD* is a rhombus. [The use of the grid is optional.]

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415. The coordinates of quadrilateral *JKLM* are J(1, -2), K(13, 4), L(6, 8), and M(-2, 4). Prove that quadrilateral *JKLM* is a trapezoid but not an isosceles trapezoid. [The use of the grid is optional.]



416. Jim is experimenting with a new drawing program on his computer. He created quadrilateral *TEAM* with coordinates T(-2,3), E(-5,-4), A(2,-1), and M(5,6). Jim believes that he has created a rhombus but not a square. Prove that Jim is correct. [The use of the grid is optional.]

CONICS

CIRCUMFERENCE AND AREA

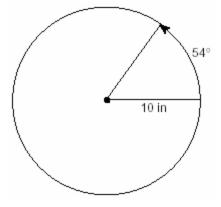
417. Every time the pedals go through a 360° rotation on a certain bicycle, the tires rotate three times. If the tires are 24 inches in diameter, what is the minimum number of complete rotations of the pedals needed for the bicycle to travel at least 1 mile?

[A] 12 [B] 561 [C] 5,280 [D] 281

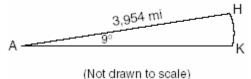
418. Ileana buys a large circular pizza that is divided into eight equal slices. She measures along the outer edge of the crust from one piece and finds it to be $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. What is the diameter of the pizza to the *nearest inch*?

[A] 7 [B] 4 [C] 8 [D] 14

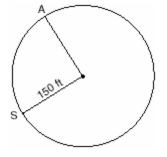
419. A ball is rolling in a circular path that has a radius of 10 inches, as shown in the accompanying diagram. What distance has the ball rolled when the subtended arc is 54°? Express your answer to the *nearest hundredth of an inch*.



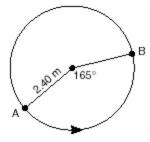
420. Cities *H* and *K* are located on the same line of longitude and the difference in the latitude of these cities is 9°, as shown in the accompanying diagram. If Earth's radius is 3,954 miles, how many miles north of city *K* is city *H* along arc *HK*? Round your answer to the *nearest tenth of a mile*.



421. Kathy and Tami are at point *A* on a circular track that has a radius of 150 feet, as shown in the accompanying diagram. They run counterclockwise along the track from *A* to *S*, a distance of 247 feet. Find, to the *nearest degree*, the measure of minor arc *AS*.



422. The accompanying diagram shows the path of a cart traveling on a circular track of radius 2.40 meters. The cart starts at point *A* and stops at point *B*, moving in a counterclockwise direction. What is the length of minor arc *AB*, over which the cart traveled, to the *nearest tenth of a meter*?



- 423. The circumference of a circular plot of land is increased by 10%. What is the best estimate of the total percentage that the area of the plot increased?
 - [A] 21% [B] 31% [C] 10% [D] 25%

EQUATIONS OF CIRCLES

- 424. The center of a circular sunflower with a diameter of 4 centimeters is (-2,1). Which equation represents the sunflower?
 - [A] $(x-2)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 2$
 - [B] $(x-2)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 4$
 - [C] $(x+2)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 4$
 - $[D] (x+2)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 2$
- 425. What is the equation of a circle with center [-3,1[] and radius 7?

[A]
$$(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 49$$

[B]
$$(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 7$$

[C]
$$(x+3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 7$$

[D]
$$(x+3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 49$$

426. A circle has the equation

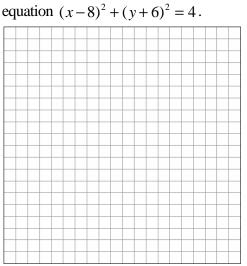
 $(x+1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 16$. What are the coordinates of its center and the length of its radius?

[A] (-1,3) and 16	[B] (-1,3) and 4
[C] (1,-3) and 4	[D] (1,-3) and 16

427. What are the coordinates of the center of the circle represented by the equation

$$bx + 3b^{2} + by - 4b^{2} = 25?$$
[A] (-3,4)
[B] (3,4)
[C] (-3,-4)
[D] (3,-4)

428. For a carnival game, John is painting two circles, V and M, on a square dartboard. a On the accompanying grid, draw and label circle V, represented by the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 25$, and circle M, represented by the



b A point, (x, y), is randomly selected such that $-10 \le x \le 10$ and $-10 \le y \le 10$. What is the probability that point (x, y) lies outside both circle *V* and circle *M*?

EQUATIONS OF ELLIPSES

429. A commercial artist plans to include an ellipse in a design and wants the length of the horizontal axis to equal 10 and the length of the vertical axis to equal 6. Which equation could represent this ellipse?

[A]
$$3y = 20x^2$$
 [B] $9x^2 - 25y^2 = 225$
[C] $9x^2 + 25y^2 = 225$

$$[D] \quad x^2 + y^2 = 100$$

- 430. Which equation, when graphed on a Cartesian coordinate plane, would best represent an elliptical racetrack?
 - [A] 3x + 10y = 288,000

[B]
$$30xy = 288,000$$

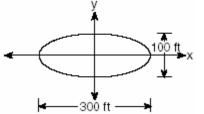
$$[C] 3x^2 + 10y^2 = 288,000$$

$$[D] \quad 3x^2 - 10y^2 = 288,000$$

431. An object orbiting a planet travels in a path represented by the equation

 $3(y+1)^2 + 5(x+4)^2 = 15$. In which type of pattern does the object travel?

- [A] ellipse [B] parabola
- [C] hyperbola [D] circle
- 432. The accompanying diagram represents the elliptical path of a ride at an amusement park.



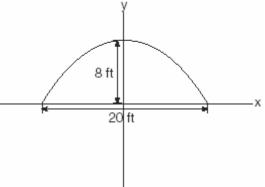
Which equation represents this path?

[A] $\frac{x^2}{150^2} - \frac{y^2}{50^2} = 1$ [B] $x^2 + y^2 = 300$

$$[C] \quad y = x^2 + 100x + 300$$

$$[D] \ \frac{x^2}{150^2} + \frac{y^2}{50^2} = 1$$

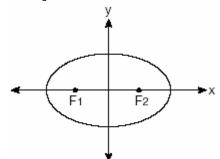
433. An architect is designing a building to include an arch in the shape of a semi-ellipse (half an ellipse), such that the width of the arch is 20 feet and the height of the arch is 8 feet, as shown in the accompanying diagram.



Which equation models this arch?

[A]
$$\frac{x^2}{400} + \frac{y^2}{64} = 1$$
 [B] $\frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{100} = 1$
[C] $\frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{400} = 1$ [D] $\frac{x^2}{100} + \frac{y^2}{64} = 1$

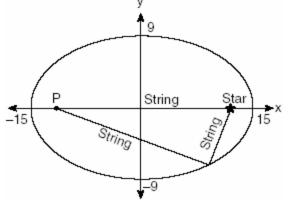
434. The accompanying diagram shows the elliptical orbit of a planet. The foci of the elliptical orbit are F_1 and F_2 .



If *a*, *b*, and *c* are all positive and $a \neq b \neq c$, which equation could represent the path of the planet?

[A]
$$y = ax^{2} + c^{2}$$
 [B] $x^{2} + y^{2} = c^{2}$
[C] $ax^{2} - by^{2} = c^{2}$ [D] $ax^{2} + by^{2} = c^{2}$

435. The accompanying diagram shows the construction of a model of an elliptical orbit of a planet traveling around a star. Point *P* and the center of the star represent the foci of the orbit.

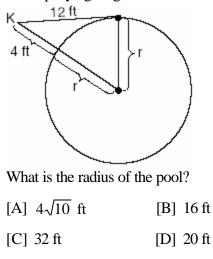


Which equation could represent the relation shown?

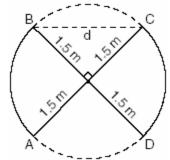
[A]
$$\frac{x^2}{15} - \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$
 [B] $\frac{x^2}{15} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$
[C] $\frac{x^2}{225} + \frac{y^2}{81} = 1$ [D] $\frac{x^2}{81} + \frac{y^2}{225} = 1$

CHORDS, SECANTS AND TANGENTS

436. Kimi wants to determine the radius of a circular pool without getting wet. She is located at point *K*, which is 4 feet from the pool and 12 feet from the point of tangency, as shown in the accompanying diagram.



437. An overhead view of a revolving door is shown in the accompanying diagram. Each panel is 1.5 meters wide.



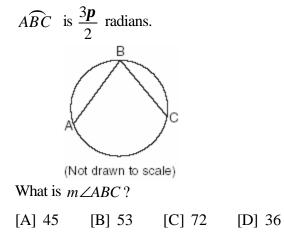
What is the approximate width of d, the opening from B to C?

[A] 2.12 m	[B] 3.00 m
[C] 1.50 m	[D] 1.73 m

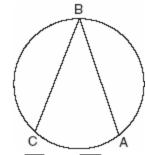
- 438. A toy truck is located within a circular play area. Alex and Dominic are sitting on opposite endpoints of a chord that contains the truck. Alex is 4 feet from the truck, and Dominic is 3 feet from the truck. Meira and Tamara are sitting on opposite endpoints of another chord containing the truck. Meira is 8 feet from the truck. How many feet, to the *nearest tenth of a foot*, is Tamara from the truck? Draw a diagram to support your answer.
- 439. A regular hexagon is inscribed in a circle. What is the ratio of the length of a side of the hexagon to the minor arc that it intercepts?

[A]
$$\frac{p}{6}$$
 [B] $\frac{3}{p}$ [C] $\frac{3}{6}$ [D] $\frac{6}{p}$

440. In the accompanying diagram, the length of

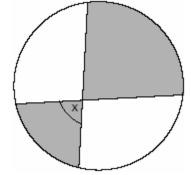


441. The new corporate logo created by the design engineers at Magic Motors is shown in the accompanying diagram.



If chords \overline{BA} and \overline{BC} are congruent and $\widehat{mBC} = 140$, what is $m \angle B$? [A] 80 [B] 40 [C] 140 [D] 280

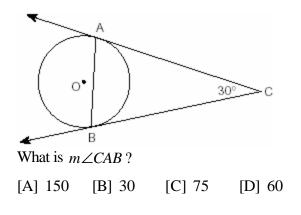
442. The accompanying diagram shows a child's spin toy that is constructed from two chords intersecting in a circle. The curved edge of the larger shaded section is one-quarter of the circumference of the circle, and the curved edge of the smaller shaded section is one-fifth of the circumference of the circle.



What is the measure of angle x?

[A] 40° [B] 108° [C] 81° [D] 72°

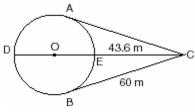
443. The accompanying diagram represents circular pond *O* with docks located at points *A* and *B*. From a cabin located at *C*, two sightings are taken that determine an angle of 30° for tangents \overrightarrow{CA} and \overrightarrow{CB} .



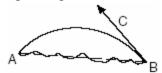
444. An architect is designing a park with an entrance represented by point *C* and a circular garden with center *O*, as shown in the accompanying diagram. The architect plans to connect three points on the circumference of the garden, *A*, *B*, and *D*, to the park entrance, *C*, with walkways so that walkways \overline{CA} and \overline{CB} are tangent to the garden, walkway \overline{DOEC} is a path through the center of the garden, $\widehat{mAEB} = 3:2$, BC= 60 meters, and EC = 43.6 meters. Find the measure of the angle between walkways

Find the measure of the angle between walkways \overline{CA} and \overline{CB} .

Find the diameter of the circular garden, to the *nearest meter*.



445. A small fragment of something brittle, such as pottery, is called a shard. The accompanying diagram represents the outline of a shard from a small round plate that was found at an archaeological dig.



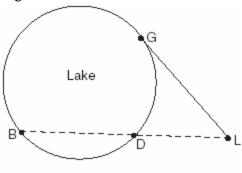
If \overrightarrow{BC} is a tangent to \widehat{AC} at *B* and

 $m \angle ABC = 45$, what is the measure of AC, the outside edge of the shard?

[A] 90° [B] 45° [C] 135° [D] 225°

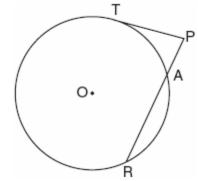
446. Point *P* lies outside circle *O*, which has a diameter of \overline{AOC} . The angle formed by tangent \overline{PA} and secant \overline{PBC} measures 30°. Sketch the conditions given above and find the number of degrees in the measure of minor arc *CB*.

447. In the accompanying diagram, cabins B and G are located on the shore of a circular lake, and cabin L is located near the lake. Point D is a dock on the lake shore and is collinear with cabins B and L. The road between cabins G and L is 8 miles long and is tangent to the lake. The path between cabin L and dock D is 4 miles long.



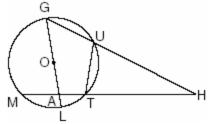
(Not drawn to scale) What is the length, in miles, of \overline{BD} ? [A] 12 [B] 8 [C] 24 [D] 4

448. The accompanying diagram shows a circular machine part that has rods \overline{PT} and \overline{PAR} attached at points *T*, *A*, and *R*, which are located on the circle; $\widehat{mTA} : \widehat{mAR} : \widehat{mRT} = 1:3:5$; RA = 12 centimeters; and PA = 5 centimeters.

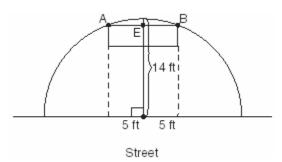


Find the measure of $\angle P$, in degrees, and find the length of rod \overline{PT} , to the *nearest tenth of a centimeter*.

449. Given circle *O* with diameter \overline{GOAL} ; secants \overline{HUG} and \overline{HTAM} intersect at point *H*; $\widehat{mGM} : \widehat{mML} : \widehat{mLT} = 7:3:2;$ and chord $\overline{GU} \cong$ chord \overline{UT} . Find the ratio of $m \angle UGL$ to $m \angle H$.

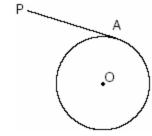


450. The accompanying diagram shows a semicircular arch over a street that has a radius of 14 feet. A banner is attached to the arch at points *A* and *B*, such that AE = EB = 5 feet. How many feet above the ground are these points of attachment for the banner?

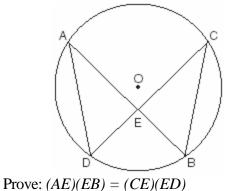


CIRCLE PROOFS

451. In the accompanying diagram of circle O, \overline{PA} is drawn tangent to the circle at A. Place B on \overline{PA} anywhere between P and A and draw \overline{OA} , \overline{OP} , and \overline{OB} . Prove that \overline{OB} is not perpendicular to \overline{PA} .



452. Given: chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} of circle *O* intersect at *E*, an interior point of circle O; chords \overline{AD} and \overline{CB} are drawn.



SOLIDS

VOLUME

453. A rectangular piece of cardboard is to be formed into an uncovered box. The piece of cardboard is 2 centimeters longer than it is wide. A square that measures 3 centimeters on a side is cut from each corner. When the sides are turned up to form the box, its volume is 765 cubic centimeters. Find the dimensions, in centimeters, of the original piece of cardboard.

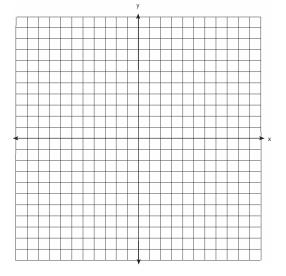
TRANSFORMATIONS

TRANSLATIONS

454. The image of the origin under a certain translation is the point (2,-6). The image of point (-3,-2) under the same translation is the point

[A] (-1,-8)	[B] $(-\frac{3}{2},\frac{1}{3})$
[C] (-6,12)	[D] (-5,4)

455. Two parabolic arches are to be built. The equation of the first arch can be expressed as $y = -x^2 + 9$, with a range of $0 \le y \le 9$, and the second arch is created by the transformation $T_{7,0}$. On the accompanying set of axes, graph the equations of the two arches. Graph the line of symmetry formed by the parabola and its transformation and label it with the proper equation.

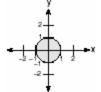


DILATIONS

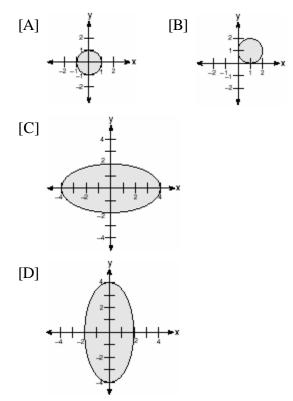
456. In which quadrant would the image of point (5,-3) fall after a dilation using a factor of -3?

[A] III	[B] I	[C] II	[D] IV
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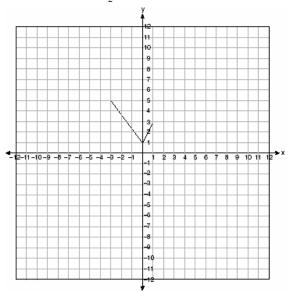
457. In the accompanying graph, the shaded region represents set *A* of all points (x, y) such that $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$. The transformation *T* maps point (x, y) to point (2x, 4y).



Which graph shows the mapping of set A by the transformation T?



458. The graph of the function g(x) is shown on the accompanying set of axes. On the same set of axes, sketch the image of g(x) under the transformation D_2 .



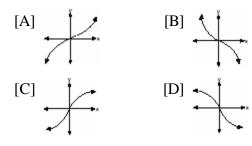
REFLECTIONS

- 459. What are the coordinates of point *P*, the image of point (3,-4) after a reflection in the line y = x?
 - [A] (4,-3) [B] (-3,4)
 - [C] (3,4) [D] (-4,3)

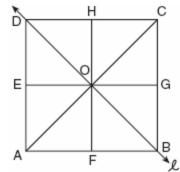
460. The graph below represents f(x).



Which graph best represents f(-x)?



461. In the accompanying diagram of square *ABCD*, *F* is the midpoint of \overline{AB} , *G* is the midpoint of \overline{BC} , *H* is the midpoint of \overline{CD} , and *E* is the midpoint of \overline{DA} .



Find the image of $\triangle EOA$ after it is reflected in line ℓ .

Is this isometry direct or opposite? Explain your answer.

ISOMETRIES

462. Which transformation is *not* an isometry?

[A] D_2 [B] $T_{3,6}$ [C] $r_{y=x}$ [D] $R_{0,90^\circ}$

- 463. Which transformation is *not* an isometry?
 - [A] line reflection [B] dilation
 - [C] translation [D] rotation
- 464. Which transformation is a direct isometry?

[A] $T_{2,5}$ [B] D_{-2} [C] D_{2} [D] r_{y-axis}

- 465. Which transformation is an opposite isometry?
 - [A] rotation of 90° [B] line reflection
 - [C] dilation [D] translation

- 466. Which transformation is an example of an opposite isometry?
 - $[A] (x,y) \rightarrow (x+3,y-6)$
 - $[B] (x,y) \to (y,x)$
 - $[C] (x,y) \to (y,-x) \qquad [D] (x,y) \to (3x,3y)$
- 467. Which transformation does *not* preserve orientation?
 - [A] reflection in the *y*-axis [B] dilation
 - [C] rotation [D] translation

ROTATIONS

- 468. Point *P'* is the image of point *P*(-3,4) after a translation defined by $T_{(7,-1)}$. Which other transformation on *P* would also produce *P'*?
 - [A] r_{y-axis} [B] $R_{90^{\circ}}$
 - [C] $R_{-90^{\circ}}$ [D] $r_{y=-x}$

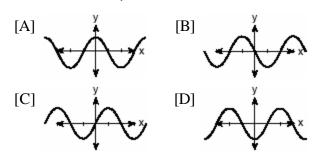
COMPOSITIONS OF TRANSFORMATIONS

- 469. If the coordinates of point *A* are (-2,3), what is the image of *A* under $r_{y-axis} \circ D_3$?
 - [A] (9,-6) [B] (-6,-9)
 - [C] (5,6) [D] (6,9)
- 470. What is the image of point (1,1) under $r_{x-axis} \circ R_{0,90^{\circ}}$?

[A] (1,1)	[B] (1,-1)
	$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{D} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{I}, \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix}$

[C] (-1,1) [D] (-1,-1)

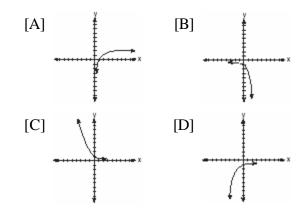
471. If $f(x) = \cos x$, which graph represents f(x) under the composition $r_{y-axis} \circ r_{x-axis}$?



472. The graph of f(x) is shown in the accompanying diagram.



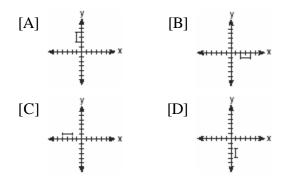
Which graph represents $f(x)_{r_{x-axis}\circ r_{y-axis}}$?



473. The accompanying graph represents the figure $\left[\right]$.



Which graph represents $\int after a transformation defined by <math>r_{v=x} \circ R_{90^{\circ}}$?



474. a On the accompanying grid, graph the equation $2y = 2x^2 - 4$ in the interval $-3 \le x \le 3$ and label it *a*.

b On the same grid, sketch the image of *a* under $T_{5,-2} \circ r_{x-axis}$ and label it *b*.

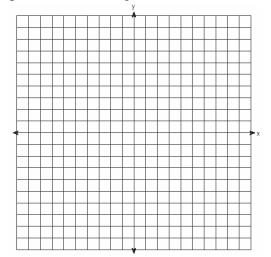
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475. Graph and label the following equations, *a* and *b*, on the accompanying set of coordinate axes.

$$a: y = x^{2}$$

 $b: y = -(x-4)^{2} + 3$

Describe the composition of transformations performed on a to get b.



476. On the accompanying grid, graph and label \overline{AB} , where *A* is (0,5) and *B* is (2,0). Under the transformation $r_{x-axis} \circ r_{y-axis}(\overline{AB})$, *A* maps to *A*" and *B* maps to *B*". Graph and label $\overline{A''B''}$. What single transformation would map \overline{AB} to $\overline{A''B''}$?

